L P Fisher

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OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

STATE OF OREGON.

U. S. Senators, J. H. Mitchell, J. N. Dolph; Congressman, B. Hermann; Governor, S. Pennoyer; Secretary of State, George W. McBride; State Treasurer, Geo. W. Webb; State Printer, F. C. Baker; Supt. Public Instruction, E. B. McElroy; Supreme Judges, W. P. Lord, Chief Justice W. W. Thayer, R. S. Strahan.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Comprising Jackson, Josephine, Lake and Klamath counties: Circuit Judge, L. R. Webster; District Attorney, W M Colvig.

JACKSON COUNTY.

Senator, A. C. Stanley; Representatives, J. T. Bowditch, R. A Miller; County Judge, E. DePeatt; Commissioners, Benj. Haymond, S. A. Carlton; Clerk, W. H. Parker; Sheriff, B. W. Dean; Treasurer, N. Fisher; Assessor, J. M Childers; School Superintendent, N. A. Jacobs; Surveyor, Jas. Jeffrey; Coroner, R. Pryce.

JOSEPHINE COUNTY.

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KLAMATH COUNTY.

Joint Senator, C. M. Cartwright of Wasco; Representative, R. McLean of Klamath; County Judge, G. W. Smith; Commissioners, J. L. Hanks, R. A. Emmitt; Clerk, W. C. Hale; Sheriff, M. D. Childers; Treasurer, G. T. Baldwin; Assessor, R. H. Hatton; School Superintendent John Uerling; Surveyor, R. S. Moore.

LAKE COUNTY.

Senator, C. M. Cartwright of Wasco; Representative, R. McLean of Klamath; County Judge, A. Fitts Commissioners, Geo. M. Jones, C. Loftus; Clerk, W. T. Boyd; Sheriff, A. J. Charlton; Treasurer A. McCallen; School Superintendent, A. H. Fisher; Assessor, O. L. Stanley.

MEETING OF COURTS, ETC.

The Supreme Court of Oregon meets at Salem, regular terms commencing on the first Mondays in March and October.

The Circuit Court for the First Judicial District sets in Jackson county on first Mondays in April, September and December. In Klamath county on second Monday in June and first Monday in November. In Lake county on the third Monday in May and the second Monday in October. In Josephine county on first Mondays in March and August.

For Jackson county the County, Probate and Commissioners' courts meet every month, commencing with the first Monday; for Josephine county, the first Monday in January, April, July and September; for Lake county, every alternate month, commencing the first Monday in January. For Klamath county the first Wednesday in March, June, September and November.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEDICAL.

Educational Department.

N. A. JACOBS, Editor.

Attend the district school meeting.

Has your school sufficient grounds?

School meeting on the 5th of March.

Vote for a competent man for clerk.

Are your grounds suitably improved?

What means of ventilation. Good or bad?

Are your blackboards in good condition?

Clerks, be careful with your annual report.

Be on hand at the annual school meeting.

Is your school supplied with suitable furniture?

Have you plenty of good wood for your school?

Do you expect to fix up the schoolhouse this spring?

Have you an ample supply of good water for your school?

Clerks must send in their reports before the 15th of March.

We don't desire to see a single district forfeit its school money.

Is there a wood-shed on the premises, and in what condition?

Don't send your report to us until after your annual school meeting.

If your annual reports are not correct we shall send them back to you.

Have you secured the services of a good teacher for your spring term?

Levy a tax and build a commodious school-building, if you need one.

The oldest in office of the directors present shall act as chairman of all meetings.

There are several fine school buildings in the county. There should be many more.

The clerks' reports must show how much State and county school funds received.

Is your school supplied with sufficient or insufficient apparatus, or wholly without any?

School meetings should be well attended, especially by the fathers of the rising generation.

Those old, broken-down desks have served you well and faithfully. Please get some new ones.

Clerks are entitled to a reasonable compensation for making the annual census report of their districts.

Nothing speaks more creditably for any community than good schools and neat and comfortable school-houses.

Does your teacher take an educational periodical? Every progressive teacher knows the value of a good school journal.

In electing directors great care should be exercised. Choose those that are directly interested in the cause of education.

Every clerk of a school district, who is his own successor, shall give a new bond for the term for which he is re-elected.

Under the law the school directors can allow their clerks reasonable pay for their work in making the annual census reports.

We sent each district clerk two blank reports. One is to be kept on file in your office, and the other is to be sent to the county superintendent.

A good clerk is what every district ought to have. It is the duty of the voters of every district to select a person that is well qualified for the position.

The clerk's bonds shall be equal in amount to not less than double the probable amount of all school moneys that shall come into his hands as clerk.

The bond of the district clerk shall be presented to and accepted by the board of directors of his district within ten days from the date of his election or appointment.

Is your school sufficiently supplied with brooms, water-pails, cups, chalk, blackboard, maps, charts, globe, a teachers' table and other indispensable furniture?

Women who are widows and have children to educate, and taxable property in the district, and who have resided in the State six months and in the district thirty days, are entitled to vote at a school meeting.

Some clerks think they have to make two reports. One before the school meeting, and one afterwards. Such is not the case. You send but one report, and that after your annual school meeting.

That the district clerks should make their annual census report without any remuneration whatever from the districts is unfair and asking entirely too much of the clerks. Much time is necessarily employed in performing this labor, and we think that the clerks should be allowed a reasonable sum for their work. The amount of compensation is subject to the decision of the directors; but a just and equitable amount ought to be allowed to the clerk of every district.

HINTS TO SCHOOL OFFICERS.

Now that the time is drawing near for the school districts to hold their annual meetings, I desire to call the attention of the directors to the importance of complying literally with the new school law in everything relating thereto. "All regular and special school meetings must be convened by a written call signed by the president of the board and the district clerk, and the directors shall cause the clerk to post such written notices in three public places in the district, at least ten days before the day appointed for said meeting." This is necessary and must not be overlooked. Another important matter that the directors should look after and see that the law is complied with is this: See that your clerk has the annual census completed and submits the same for your inspection at the annual school meeting, on March 5th, 1888, and transmits a copy of his annual report to the superintendent after the school meeting, and not later than the 15th day of March, 1888. Directors should see that the clerk-elect furnishes a good and sufficient bond. It is the duty of the directors to examine and approve the same, if in their opinion it meets all the requirements. Under the law the clerk's bondsmen shall be other than the directors of the district. We would recommend that the new clerks make out their bonds at the school meeting, have the directors examine and approve them and send them along with the annual report to the Superintendent's office. By doing this much time will be saved, as the directors are all together and the clerk can easily get bondsmen from the voters present. Directors should remind the new clerks of this suggestion, and have it carried out. Each district has been supplied with a blank bond, and a blank for the directors' acceptance of the clerks' bond is printed thereon, and must, in all cases, be filled out by the directors, or the bond will be returned to the clerk. Sec. 54, sub-division 6, on page 32, of the school law reads as follows: "The bond of the clerk of each school district shall be equal in amount to not less than double the probable amount of all moneys that shall come into his hands as clerk of such district. The bond of a district clerk shall be presented to and accepted by the board of directors of his district within ten days from the date of his election or appointment as such district clerk, and which bond shall be filed with the county Superintendent within thirty days from the date of the election of the district clerk."

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The following deeds were recorded in the office of the County Clerk of Jackson county during the month of January, 1888:

P H Oviatt to L W Moore; land in sections 15, 21 and 16, township 40, s of r, 2 east. Consideration $2100.

State of Oregon to P H Oviatt; 160 acres in section 16, township 40, s of r, 2 east. $200.

P H Oviatt to L W Moore; Q C D to a certain water ditch and water right. $2.

O & T Co to M N Long; property in Ashland. $310.

Robert G Caldwell to J H Caton; 137.96 acres in sections 28 and 29, township 34, s of r, 1 west. $300.

U S Patent to Joshua Caton; 160 acres in section 33, township 34, s of r, 1 west.

O & T Co to Geo S Walton; property in Medford. $275.

G W Howard to C B Carlisle; property in Medford. $300.

G W Howard to A E Woods; property in Medford. $75.

Geo M Boman to Amelia Rochester; an undivided half of land in section 3, township 39, s of r, 1 west. $400.

Thomas G Reames to May Dora Harbaugh; Q C D to property in Jacksonville. $1.

Thos Chavner to Thos F Fish; 160 acres in section 24, township 37, s of r, 1 west. $1050.

U S Patent to C C McClendon; 80 acres in section 6, township 36, s of r, 2 west.

Matilda Foster to Chas Nickell; Q C D to 160 acres in sections 6 and 7, township 35, s of r, 1 west. $150.

Lewis Orme to Hugh Sanders; 160 acres in sections 21, 22 and 27, township 37, s of r, 4 west. $900.

Levi Gartman to Rufus A Fellows; 120 acres in sections 9 and 10, township 35, s of r, 4 west. $1100.

U S Patent to C C McClendon; 200 acres in section 6, township 36, s of r, 2 west.

O & T Co to E F Walker; property in Ashland. $275.

U S Patent to Wm Bybee; 320 acres in sections 23 and 24, township 36, s of r, 2 west.

S M Broadsword to G L Walker and Chas F Crowell; 203.73 acres in sections 2 and 35, townships 38 and 39, s of r, 1 east. $2700.

C Magruder to P W Olwell; property in Central Point. $400.

O & T Co to C J Anderson; property in Ashland. $90.

O & T Co to Steven Currun; property in Ashland. $210.

O & T Co to W R Dickison; property in Medford. $300.

N S Drew to August Wulf; Q C D to a half interest in an irrigating ditch. $1.

C K Klum to James Helms; property in Talent. $350.

The Stearns heirs to Trustees of the Wagner creek cemetery; Q C D to 1.22 acres on Wagner creek. $5.

John D Brophy to Ira Emmett Reeson; 40 acres in section 27, township 37, s of r, 1 east. $100.

U S Patent to John D Brophy; 40 acres in section 27, township 37, s of r, 1 east.

U S Patent to Jos H Davis; 144.24 acres in section 28, township 37, s of r, 2 west.

U S Patent to Samuel Smith; 160 acres in sections 27, 28 and 33, township 37, s of r, 2 west.

U S Patent to Jos H Davis; 48.30 acres in section 4, township 38, s of r, 2 west.

U S Patent to James Helms and J H Davis; 48.30 acres in section 25, township 37, s of r, 2 west.

Jno W Short to S S Pentz; 13.86 acres in section 25, township 37, s of r, 2 west. $485.

David Payne to Louisa West; 84.12 acres of land near Phoenix. $3500.

I J Phipps to J G Grossman; property in Medford. $200.

C C Beekman to Geo Deitrick; Q C D to property in Medford. $130.

L L Whitney to Inlow and Ashpole; Q C D to property and an irrigating ditch near Eagle Point. $1000.

S F Morine to Fannie Fox; bond for a deed to property in Ashland. $590.

E Emery to James A Jonas; 50 acres in section 3, township 36, s of r, 1 west. $900.

State of Oregon to Kaspar Kubli; 40 acres in section 16, township 38, s of r, 4 west. $50.

Jacob Thompson to G F Billings; Q C D to property in Ashland. $1.

Rosa M Mulbrany to G S Butler; Q C D to an undivided share in the East Ashland water ditch. $50.

Rosa M Mulbrany to G S Butler; property in Ashland. $950.

W B Colton to W H Gilbert; property in Ashland. $550.

W P Benn to Thos F Fish; 240 acres in sections 17 and 20, township 37, s of r, 1 east. $2400.

R K Sutton to Abner Kent; 5 acres in township 39, s of r, 1 east. $900.

Malinda Countryman to Kate G Fox; property in Ashland. $1100.

Benjamin Smith to James R Smith; 40 acres in section 7, township 38, s of r, 1 west. $250.

R K Sutton to Susan J Martin; property in Ashland. $475.

Rufus L Kimball to R K Sutton; property in Ashland. $450.

Susan J Martin to E DePeatt; property in Ashland. $575.

Benjamin Smith to Edward Close; 8 acres more, or less, in section 7, township 38, s of r, 1 west. $40.

Martha L Gillette to Susan J Martin; Q C D to property in Ashland. $1.

J D Fountain to Warren G. Holmes; an undivided half of property in Ashland. $2000.

State of Oregon to Chas Nickell; 200 acres in section 36, township 34, s of r, 2 west. $250.

J D Fountain to W G Holmes; 160 acres in sections 23 and 26, township 37, s of r, 1 east. $500.

J H Oatman to Lucia B Gere; 40 acres in section 16, township 38, s of r, 2 west. $1600.

W B Colton to Cora A Gilbert; property in Ashland. $175.

O & T Co to N Epperson; property in Ashland. $55.

A C Stanley to A S Moon; property in the town of Sam's valley. $25.

A S Moon to John Sisemore; property in the town of Sam's valley. 550 dols.

A C Stanley to John Sisemore; property in the new town of Sam's valley. 45 dols.

R H Brown to I B Williams, an undivided fourth of land in section 11, township 35, s of r, 1 east. 25 dols.

B W Dean sheriff, to Chas Nickell; 160 acres in sections 6 and 7, township 35, s of r, 1 west. 481 dols.

O & T Co to M L McCall; property in Ashland. $110.

O C Gunnison to J M Luark; property in Ashland. 1250 dols.

J R B Hutchins to Isaac Rhodes; 15 acres in section 6, township 39, s of r, 1 east. 600 dols.

Geo S Walton to Andrew Giffin; property in Medford. 1850 dols.

D P Mathews to C G Mathews; Q C D to an undivided third of donation land claim Nos. 40 and 44, township 35 and 36, s of r, 1 west.

D P Mathews to G B Mathews, Q C D to an undivided third of donation land Nos. 40 and 44, townships 35 and 36, s of r, 1 W.

A R Moomaw to L A Sackett, Q C D to property in Ashland. 1 dol.

O & T Co to S M Rhodes, property in Ashland. 210 dols.

H B Carter to A C Helm, 40 acres in section 15, township 39, s of r, 1 east. 2000 dols.

W T S Patton to A C Helm; land near Ashland. 4500 dols.

Chas Winters to Henry Wendt; property in Jacksonville. 400 dols.

Chas H Hoxie to J. P Hansen; bond for deed for 73.44 acres in section 31, township 37, s of r, 1 west. 3400 dols.

Samuel Coulter to the Rogue River Mining Co., property and mining land in the Blackwell district. 10,000 dols.

Jas M Luark to O & C R R Co, q c d to land for right of way. 1 dol.

A C Helm to O & C R R Co., q c d to land for right of way. 2 dols.

M Maule to C P Buck, 160 acres in section 20, township 37, s of r, 1 west. 2600 dols.

O & T Co to Carrie Lumsden, property in Ashland. 75 dols.

B W Dean, sheriff, to Catherine Boschey and George E Neuber, property in Jacksonville, and also property near Jacksonville. 360 dols.

Thos Smith to C B and C L Kingsbury, q c d to property in Ashland. 1 dol.

M L McCall to G W Stephenson, property in Ashland. 175 dols.

HAGGIN'S MAMMOTH STABLE.

J. B. Haggin, the California millionaire turfman, whose purchases during the past few years in the thoroughbred line have run away into the thousands, now has on his ranch in the Golden state one of the choicest lot of stallions and brood mares to be found in America. At almost his first venture he succeeded in carrying away a prize that Milton Young has spent thousands in trying to win, and thus far without success, the Kentucky derby, and though he achieved his victory with a horse bred in the Blue Grass State, that was by no means soothing to the feelings of the Southern turfmen. His orange and blue have been familiar colors on all the leading racetracks in the West, where he has met with more success than is usually meted out to newcomers on the turf.

The announcement made by a journal, devoted to sports of turf, says the New York *Sun*, that Mr Haggin seriously contemplates sending a division of his great racing stable from the Pacific slope across the water to Australia, recalls the remarkable enterprise of the man whose name was almost unknown in turf circles four years ago. Last year he was one of the only three American turfmen whose winnings amounted to more than $100,000. The Dwyers led the trio with $161,397, Lucky Baldwin coming second with $112,527, Mr. Haggin having $101,752 to his credit. Mr. Haggin made his Rancho del Paso stock farm famous in 1886 by enormous purchases of thoroughbred yearlings at the spring sales in Kentucky and Tennessee, and by continuing his purchases in the vicinity of New York, including the Lorillard sale. During the season he bought sixty-one head, paying $6000 for a colt by King Alfonso, the entire lot averaging $1350 per head. He also invested in two and three-year-olds, all purchased with a view to organizing the greatest racing establishment in the world. For breeding purposes he bought a line of brood mares, paying $10,000 for Maud Hampton as leader of the matrons, and later on purchasing Miss Woodford, to reign as queen, with the $15,000 sire Darebin, from Australia, to keep her company. Since that time he has added many thoroughbreds to his stock, down to the late sale of Mr. Scott's race horses, at which he was a heavy buyer. Last year his racing string of sixty-one head was divided into three sections, and during the campaign he lost one horse. If Ben Ali and Hidalgo had held their form equal to Firenzi, the fast and game daughter of Glenelg, who contributed $24,380 to the earnings, the stable would have led all the others. Mr. Haggin's desire to take part in racing events across the Pacific was doubtless awakened by the recent victories of the Australian Peer, son of Darebin. He won the derby from a lot of three-year-olds above the average, and since he has defeated Dunlop, winner of the Melbourne cup, in a race of two and a half miles. Australian turfman say that he must be classed among the greatest horses of the decade. They regret that his sire was ever sold to go out of the country. Darebin won the blue ribbon of Victoria six years ago, and he can now boast that in his first year as a sire he begot a son who won the derby against the best field that ever ran for it. No matter where colts and fillies sired by Darebin may start, their racing career will be watched with extraordinary interest. With Garrison in the saddle, they should follow in the footsteps of the Australian Peer. The fact that Mr. Haggin has made seventy odd entries for the futurity of 1889 shows the present dimensions of his enormous stables.

NOT SWAMP LANDS.

Capt. A. W. Waters and Robert Ferrel, residents of Burns, Grant county, appeared before Governor Pennoyer at Salem Tuesday, in behalf of 240 residents of Harney valley, who forwarded a petition setting forth their views of the controversy regarding lands in that valley which have been declared swamp by current reports of Government Agent Elliot and State Agent Richmond to the State and to the Interior Department. Thousands of acres, comprising the greater portion of five or six townships, are involved in dispute, and these gentlemen claim that all has been re-homesteaded or pre-empted by actual settlers, and in many instances final proof has been made. They earnestly urged the Governor to delay the issuance of swamp-land patents by the government to the State, as such action would dispossess actual settlers of their lands and throw them ultimately into the hands of Devine and Todhunter, agents of a California corporation. The result of the interview was that Governor Pennoyer indited the following letter:

To the Honorable Commissioner of the General Land Office, Washington, D. C.—Sir: In a letter to you I requested a speedy issuance of patents to the State of Oregon to lands declared to be swamp by the agents of the Federal and State governments. I now feel constrained to ask you to delay the granting of such patents for a time. I am in receipt of petitions and affidavits of settlers in the Lakeview district which have a tendency to induce the belief that the agents have made errors in reporting lands as swamp which in reality were not such, and which reports would have the effect of depriving *bona fide* settlers under the United States land laws of their titles to their homes. As I have before stated to the department, the State of Oregon does not want title to one acre of land that is not swamp land, and the more especially so when such title would be in confllict with the claims and interest of *bona fide* settlers. Having it, therefore, strongly impressed upon me that there may be errors in the report of the agents above referred to, notwithstanding my hopes of a speedy adjustment, I would ask no further action be taken by your department in the matter at present. If a land office is created in Eastern Oregon, the parties interested in the land in question will be able to contest the same before the register and receiver without much expense, and the matter can thus be settled right, upon indubitable testimony, and it ought not to be settled at all until it is settled right.

Very respectfully,
SYLVESTER PENNOYER.

The Democratic Times.

ADVERTISING AND JOB WORK.

Advertisements will be inserted in the TIMES at the following rates:
Ten lines, one insertion........$2 50
" each subsequent insertion........ 1 00
☞ Legal advertisements inserted reasonably.
A fair reduction from the above rates made to yearly and time advertisers.

THE TIMES JOB OFFICE
is more complete by far than any other in Southern Oregon, and compares favorably with any in the State. Job Printing of every imaginable description done at San Francisco rates and in prompt and first-class manner.

MISREPRESENTATIONS.

Some people who you would suppose were at least reasonably well informed and equally honest in discussion, surprise us by the ignorance they display about the President's message, bearing upon free trade. These wiseacres declare that Cleveland insisted upon free trade, which is not true; but his position is the position boasted of by Republicans of highest rank, and now because Cleveland recommends reduction, as his predecessors have done, the howl goes up "free trade," "free trade," when the fact is, all of the more intelligent of both parties favor reduction, and only the ignorant and millionaires oppose the measure. But the reduction will come. Read what the President says in his message, and then be manly and take back what you said about his free-trade recommendations.

DEMANDED BY PARTY CONSIDERATIONS.

The question thus imperatively presented for solution should be approached in a spirit higher than partisanship, and considered in the light of that regard for patriotic duty which should characterize the action of those entrusted with the wealth of a confiding people. But the obligation to declared party policy and principle is not wanting to urge prompt and effective action. Both of the great political parties now represented in the government have, by repeated and authoritative declarations, condemned the condition of our laws, which permit the collection from the people of unnecessary revenue and have in the most solemn manner promised a reduction; and neither as citizens or partisans are our countrymen in a mood to condone the deliberate violations of these pledges.

Our progress toward a wise conclusion will not be improved by dwelling upon the theories of protection and free trade. This savors too much of bandying epithets. It is a condition that confronts us—not a theory. Relief from this condition may involve a slight reduction of the advantages which we award our home productions; but the entire withdrawal of such advantages should not be contemplated. The question of free trade is absolutely irrelevant, and the charges made in certain quarters that all efforts to relieve the people from unjust and unnecessary taxation are schemes from the so-called free traders, is mischievous and far removed from any consideration for the public good. The simple and plain duty which we owe the people is to reduce taxation to the necessary expenses of an economical operation of the government, and to restore to the business of the country the money which we hold in the treasury through the perversion of governmental powers. These things can and should be done with safety to all our industries without danger to the opportunity for remunerative labor which our workingmen need, and with benefit to them and all our people, by cheapening their means of subsistence and increasing the measure of their comforts.

THE NEW FISH COMMISSIONER.—McDonald, the new fish commissioner, is a firm friend of Oregon, and no doubt will not be wanting in his efforts to stock the streams of that state with all the fish that may be needed. Several of the distributing expeditions already made to the Pacific coast have been under his supervision. He will see that every man may have his own fish pond, and that even "Hen" Owens will have his swamp lands stocked with the finny tribes, even if those swamp lands, as claimed by the officials of the general land office, are located on the top of Mount Hood. McDonald has long been connected with the commission in a subordinate capacity, and fully understands its needs. He is the inventor of a remarkable fishway, to enable fishes to ascend rapids and falls against the strongest current.