EMOCRATIC TIMES.

ial Paper for Jackson, Josephine & Lake.

IDAY,.....DECEMBER 19, 1879.

Democratic State Central Committee.

A meeting of the Democratic State Central ommittee is hereby called to meet in the ty of Salem on the 8th day of January, 880. A full attendance is requested.

JOHN F. MILLER, Chairman.

SALEM, Ogn., Dec. 3, 1879.

BUCKNER, of Kentucky, is the deepest man in the lower branch of Congress for this session. He proposes to levy a tax upon the consumption of whisky, instead of its production.

ELIZA PINKSTON on the scaffold for the murder of her husband, and Eliza Pinkston, by false oaths, coached by John Sherman, helping to steal the Presidency, are two rare and radiant pictures.

BOSS KELLY is angry because Senator Bayard refused to accept an ovation at the hands of Tammany on his recent arrival from Europe. Mr. Bayard evidently does not relish being found in such doubtful company.

ONE of the effects of Democratic bulldozing in South Carolina is illustrated in the report of Governor Simpson, which shows that 122,463 white and colored children now attend the public schools of the State, against 40,000 pupils reported when carpet-bag rule obtained.

BEN. BUTLER advises the Massachusetts Republicans to stop complaining about the Confederate Brigadiers and elect Union Brigadiers to Congress. This is sound doctrine; but the trouble is that nearly all the Northern men who fought in the war with any distinction are Democrats.

REPUBLICAN organs are boasting that Secretary Thompson has a surplus of $1,500,000 from the last naval appropriation. We hope they will explain their reiterated charge that the Democratic House has been "starving the navy." It appears that too much money was appropriated to that Department.

O. N. DENNY, formerly a leading Republican politician of Oregon, has been promoted to the office of Consul-General at Shanghai, China, succeeding Bailey, who was removed on account of charges against him, made by Guerrilla Mosby, now in the employ of the Government. If partisan service is a standard of reward then Denny is clearly entitled to the sinecure he has obtained.

WADE HAMPTON struck a good-sized truth when in a speech at Abbeville he said; "One indiscreet fool in the South can, in a minute, undo the lengthy labor of a statesman." The simpletons at the South are generally led on by the Republicans knaves at the North, and it is they who are wildly sawing the air and fighting over the battles of the war that was settled fourteen years ago.

THE demand in Indiana for "colored farm hands" is perfectly frantic. One hundred more families have just arrived, and more are on their way. The Republican State Committee, says the St. Louis *Times*, is confident that before next June enough recruits will be secured to offset the Democratic majority in the State. With the prospect of Maine being Democratic the necessity of carrying Indiana is more apparent than ever.

EVERY seat in Congress is now occupied. The vacancy that existed in the New York delegation was filled in November by the election of Waldo Hutchin, Democrat, who succeeds a Republican, thus increasing the Democratic majority in the lower House to three over the Republicans and Greenbackers of every shade. But the death of Congressman Lay of Missouri has cut it down to two since then though his district will in all probability return a Democrat.

THE Atlanta *Constitution* thinks there are plenty of Democrats who can be elected if the party can be consolidated, thoroughly organized and put right in the course of the next six months. To this work all Democrats, whether in or out of power, should address themselves. We have made mistakes, but we have done nothing to forfeit public approval, if from now until next November we heed the lessons of the late elections and avoid the blunders upon which our enemies are counting.

THE road law of Oregon, as it stands on our statute books, is a failure in every particular. Long years of aggravating experience has clearly demonstrated this. The next Legislature will be called upon to remedy this crying evil and it is to be hoped that changes will be made that will give us better roads than we have been favored with for the past decade. We believe that it will be best to abolish road-work, collect the money and let the contract for making good roads to the lowest bidder.

THE MOOTED QUESTION.

The press of the country is busily engaged in President-making and threatens to usurp the functions of the national conventions as well as that of the log-rollers in Congress. Horatio Seymour is now favorably mentioned by Democrats, though Bayard has many friends, and the old veteran, Samuel J. Tilden, is not shelved by any means as yet. The Republican choice is between Grant, Blaine, Sherman and Washburne, in the order named.

Seymour would make a capital race, as also would Bayard; but, if Tilden thinks he can win, he will receive the Democratic nomination, for he is clearly entitled to it. The result of the recent election in New York presages what his constitutional enemies might do, however, and he is altogether too wise to accept the nomination for President if he cannot command the electoral vote of his native State. Therefore, there may be some truth in the rumor that he proposes withdrawing all claims on the Democracy in favor of some available man who can unite the party and lead it on to victory in 1880.

Mr. Tilden was cheated out of the fruits of a glorious victory and the people owe him a substantial vindication at the polls. But the political conscience of the country has become seared and those of his political opponents so free to do him justice after the consummation of the glaring fraud which placed Rutherford B. Hayes in the seat the voice of the freemen of the Union had declared Mr. Tilden should occupy, have fallen prey to the preconcerted plans of the Republican managers to destroy him, and instead have not even granted him immunity from the calumnies and slanders deliberately and with malice aforethought conceived by those who feared this great American statesman and his administration of governmental affairs.

In this the sleuth-hounds of Radicalism have been materially assisted by Mr. Tilden's enemies in his own party, who have developed unexpected strength in New York State and can make possible the success of the Republicans, as was demonstrated in the November elections. The leaders of this defection are especially incensed at Mr. Tilden for his action in crushing the Tammany, the Canal and other gigantic rings that flourished even more exuberantly during the gubernatorial administration of General Dix than did they under that of his Democratic predecessor, John T. Hoffman, and have lost no opportunity to work his political destruction. They have in a measure made the success of the Democracy, with Tilden as standard-bearer, doubtful and have forced upon it the alternative of displacing him from the high position he occupies in the hearts of the masses or, in renominating him, to risk defeat at the polls through their connivance with the enemy. But that gentleman, with the patriotism and self-abnegation that have ever characterized him, proposes relieving the party of all embarrassments by giving way to him who may be deemed a more unobjectionable and available candidate.

And of such is American justice, and honor, and all those romantic qualities of mind and heart we read about but never—that is, hardly ever—see illustrated. Shades of Washington and Jefferson! what a burlesque upon those glorious attributes as ingrafted by you!

The TIMES, unlike many of its Democratic cotemporaries, is not inclined to allow the injustice that has been done, and by their assent is about to receive the finishing touches, to go by unnoticed. This journal is averse to truckling to Tammany Hall and its corrupt tenders and allowing them to pronounce the fiat that a certain man shall not be the Democratic candidate for President. We defy the marplots that would thus obliterate one of the shining lights of our party. And, should Samuel J. Tilden again become the standard-bearer of the "Old Guard," the acme of our partisan delight will have been reached when we can once more advocate his claims before a just people.

"Junius Brutus," C. J., Reviewed.

The individual who has found so much satisfaction in trying his cases in the columns of a subsidized personal organ published at Roseburg, (no legitimately conducted journal would recognize them) is being reviewed by the press in a manner rather forcible. We suppose he will appeal from its judgment to his Umpqua court, as he did before when the Supreme Court sat down on him. The Coos Bay *News*, whose editor is a lawyer, thus speaks of this modern Roman(?):

Some addle-pated nondescript, writing to a Roseburg paper, arraigns the Supreme Court for a decision in the Walker-Teal case, but somehow forgot himself long enough to confess that he knows nothing about law and less about the merits of the case in question. We incline to the opinion that the writer was itching to say something on the subject of an assumed attempt to "steal a Presidential elector in Oregon," and to ape some other irresponsible scribbler who had invented the phrase, "Patrick C. J."

Another Wagon Road Proposed.

It is said that R. D. Hume & Co., of Ellensburg, Curry county, propose building a wagon-road from that place to Henry Thornton's, 9 miles this side of Kerbyville, if the people of Jackson and Josephine counties will give them a subsidy of $10,000. This route is somewhat shorter than the one to Crescent City, the grade also being less, and a good trail traversing it for a considerable distance already. While the market contiguous to Ellensburg is not so extensive as is that at Crescent City, still the former place affords a better harbor than does the other. Mr. Hume estimates the cost of constructing the road at $20,000, one-half of which amount he agrees to furnish. He also guarantees to land freight for $3.50 a ton. These are fair propositions, which it will not be amiss to consider at the proper time; especially as Crescent City seems quite disinterested in the road question now being so thoroughly canvassed by the people of Southern Oregon. We do not advocate forcing a good thing on any one; and, if the residents of Del Norte county are so blind that they cannot see their own best interests, it behooves us to help ourselves independent of them and look elsewhere for an outlet.

A Republican Romance Demoralized.

Alex. H. Stephens, in a letter to the Augusta (Ga.) *Chronicle*, denies *in toto* the following romance now going the rounds of the Republican press:

"I have said, and I now repeat that the South might go further and fare worse than to take Grant. I have said that I entertained for him personally a very high regard and esteem. I have said, and now repeat, that I prefer him to Tilden for President. This is no change of opinion on my part. I am a Democrat of the straitest sect of the Jeffersonian school."

Republican organs and their tender, the telegraph, teem with misrepresentations, of which the above is but a poor sample. To what straits they are driven for capital is too often illustrated to their shame; but a large stake is in view and they are compelled to play desperately to make even a showing in 1880.

NEW THIS WEEK.

NOTICE.

ALL THOSE KNOWING THEMSELVES indebted to the undersigned are requested to call and settle the same and save cost. I went to see you at your request; now come and see me.

L. DANFORTH.

Jacksonville, Dec. 18, 1879.

SETTLE UP!

ALL THOSE KNOWING THEMSELVES indebted to Inlow of the Eagle Point Store, either by note or book account, must settle the same by January 1, 1880. All those notes and accounts not settled by that time will positively be placed in the hands of an officer of the law for forced collection.

H. T. INLOW.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION AND order of sale duly issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Josephine, on the 13th day of December, 1879, upon a judgment and decree of foreclosure in favor of W. B. Hay and against Isaac Cox, for the recovery of the sum of seven hundred and sixty-tine and sixty-three hundredths dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent. per month from the 1st day of November, 1879, and the further sum of sixty-one and forty-five hundredths dollars costs and disbursements, and to me directed and delivered, requiring me to sell the following described real property in the manner required by law, to satisfy the said sum of money due said W. B. Hay and the accruing costs; therefore, in pursuance of said requirements, I have levied upon and will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash in hand at the Court House door in the town of Kerbyville, Josephine county, Oregon, on

Monday, the 19th day of January, 1880.

at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, all the right, title and interest of said Isaac Cox in and to the following described tract of land, to-wit: The E. ½ of the N. E. ¼ and lots 4 and 5 in section 16, Township 35, South Range, 6 West, in Josephine county, Oregon.

JOHN TAYLOR,
Sheriff of Josephine county, Oregon.
Dated Kerbyville, December 15, 1879.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS!

THERE WILL BE A PUBLIC EXAMINation of applicants for Teachers' Certificates held at the District School House in Jacksonville on

Saturday, December 27, 1879

Teachers will please take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

J. D. FOUNTAIN,
County School Superintendent.