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OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

STATE OF OREGON. Governor, L. F. Grover; Secretary of State, S. F. Chadwick; State Treasurer, A. H. Brown; State Printer, M. V. Brown; Sup't of Public Instruction, L. L. Rowland. Includes lists for judicial districts, county judges, and town trustees.

SOCIETY NOTICES.

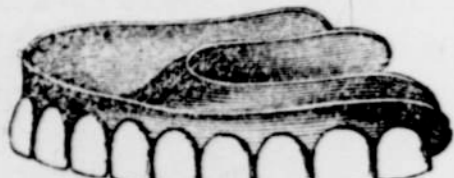
Jacksville Lodge No. 10, I. O. O. F. Holds its regular meetings every Saturday evening at the Odd Fellows' Hall. Oregonian Pechontas Tribe No. 1, Improved Order of Red Men, holds its stated councils at the Red Men's Hall. Warren Lodge No. 10, A. F. & A. M. Holds its regular communications on the Wednesday evenings or preceding the full moon.

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CALIFORNIA STREET, Jacksonville, Oregon.

HAVING PERMANENTLY LOCATED in Jacksonville, the undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to do all kinds of work in the boot and shoe making line.

The Democratic Times.

VOL. VI. JACKSONVILLE OREGON, THURSDAY, SEPT. 7, 1876. NO. 37.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

B. F. HOLSCLAW, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Kerbyville, Oregon. Dr. L. DANFORTH, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office and residence on Fifth street, opposite and east of the M. E. Church. A. C. JONES, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW, JACKSONVILLE, OGN., Will practice in all the Courts of the State.

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FINE TURNOUTS, As can be had on the Pacific Coast. Saddle horses hired to go to any part of the country.

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THE SCHOLASTIC YEAR of THIS school will commence about the end of August.

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THE PROPRIETORS of THIS WELL-known and popular resort would inform their friends and the public generally that a complete and first-class stock of the best brands of liquors, wines, cigars, ale and porter, etc., is constantly kept on hand.

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GENERAL NOTES AND NEWS.

Occident is reported to have recently trotted half a mile in 1:03. The Legislature meets on the second Monday in September, being the 11th day thereof.

Wm. A. Wheeler has begun to explain his record in relation to the railroad subsidy business. The only safety for the people lies in ousting the Republican party from power by the election of Samuel J. Tilden.

It will be a welcome change that we shall experience next March, when Grant, the nepotist, goes out of the White House, and Tilden, the reformer, moves in.

The Herald's Long Branch letter says President Grant has invited Gov. Hayes and wife to spend a few days with him at Long Branch, and Gov. Hayes has accepted.

Ike Young, the Radical candidate for Congress in the Fourth North Carolina District, says: "The only thing the Radicals have to do during the campaign is to lie like hell."

It is no wonder that wool is low. Last week there was a great sale of flannels, blankets, etc., in New York, and the prices telegraphed are said to be 25 per cent. below cost of manufacture.

The Republican journals are having a tough time with Uncle Samuel's letter, and Hendricks' is also too long. In the course of the next four years, says the Courier-Journal, they may become more accustomed to documents prepared by statesmen.

The Master of the National Grange estimates the total sum saved to Patrons through the various business agencies at \$25,000,000, and the secretary shows on his side that there were more Granges organized during the two months past than ever before.

The Frankfort Freeman reports that Governor Tilden is engaged to be married to an accomplished and beautiful lady, a native of Kentucky, at present residing in Alabama, and that they will probably fulfill their engagement before the ides of November have come and gone.

Flaxbrake Williams and wife are in San Francisco, and will shortly come to Oregon. He will not bring his "landaulet" with him. We understand the Republicans will make a strong effort to keep him out of the campaign, fully realizing the damage his appearance on the stump would do them.

It makes the editor of the New York Times hot to see the vile Democratic papers now copying the extracts from his paper of October 26, 1871: "Here we have—thanks to the labors of Samuel J. Tilden, full and complete evidence that Wm. M. Tweed differs only from a common thief in having stolen tens of thousands instead of tens of dollars."

It is said that New York will not go for Tilden. This is not so; yet we believe the thieving element in that State will vote against him. Dishonest men don't like Governor Tilden's kind. Oh, no; he made it too hot for Boss Tweed and his ring followers to be a friend to that class. He will also make it hot for the Republican thieves in Washington next March.

The Benton Democrat says of the approaching Senatorial election: "Southern Oregon will press the claims of Judge Prim, Eastern Oregon will present the name of James H. Slater, while in the Willamette valley may be found J. W. Nesmith, Judge Bonham, Judge Burnett and Gov. Grover; all men whose talents and characters entitle them to courteous consideration at the hands of the Legislature."

Another four mile and repeat running race is announced for October, in San Francisco, purse of \$10,000, free for mares and fillies exclusively, with inside stake of \$1,000 each: five to enter and three to start. This event is to be called the first California Oaks. Mares are to be sold at auction immediately after the race. It is also proposed to give the same kind of race annually. E. J. Baldwin, president; J. C. Bateman, vice president; J. C. Morrison, Jr., treasurer; Wm. Shear, secretary.

The Philadelphia Times, in an elaborate statistical article, puts down the worth of the centennial show as follows: Buildings \$5,949,000; contents \$97,342,350; total \$104,291,350. A large proportion of the exhibits are articles which, while having little or no intrinsic value, could not be purchased probably for all that the rest of the exhibition is worth, they being regarded as invaluable for their antiquity, the remembrances which they recall, or the rare occurrence of their kind. Such exhibits the above figures do not take into account.

WHERE DOES THE MONEY GO?

The public debt on the 1st of July, 1866, was in round numbers \$2,775,000,000. On the 1st of July 1872, it was \$2,250,000,000—being a reduction of \$525,000,000 in six years; an annual average of \$87,500,000.

On the 1st of July, 1876, if we may believe the now thoroughly discredited reports of the Secretary of the Treasury, this debt had been further reduced to \$2,100,000,000—a reduction in four years of \$150,000,000; an average of \$37,500,000 a year.

It will thus be seen that the average annual reduction has been reduced \$50,000,000. Under the ratio from 1866 to 1872 the entire debt would be paid off in twenty-four years; under the ratio of the last four years it will take fifty-six years to pay off the debt.

The increase in public expenditures has corresponded with the decrease in the payments upon the public debt. If the Republican party had kept down the expenses, as it promised to do in 1872, it could have applied \$120,000,000 more towards the payment of the public debt in the past four years. And this could have been done by simply maintaining the rate of expenditure when it assured the country it could be maintained when President Grant was elected the second time.

Two classes of debt were before the Republican party. It could have continued to pay off the interest bearing debt, in violation of law, or it could have used this \$120,000,000 as a fund from which to redeem the non-interest bearing debt. That is, it could have resumed specie payments long before this; for this extra expenditure of \$120,000,000, added to the coin in the treasury, would have more than sufficed for the purpose of redemption.

The Republican party has done neither of these things. It has neither purchased bonds and thus saved the interest, nor has it resumed specie payments, and thus removed the fearful evils of an irredeemable currency. Instead, it has recklessly squandered the public monies, leaving the debt to oppress us, and violating its promise to provide a specie-based currency.

Even this is not all. It demanded heavier appropriations for next year than have ever been called for before. Its cry is ever, "Give! Give! Give!" It cannot be satisfied. It cares neither for the burdens of debt, nor the consequences of a depreciated currency, nor the weight of taxation.

It might have further reduced the debt, or it might have resumed specie payments; or it might have reduced taxation. These three alternatives were before it. It took neither; but added millions to the expenditures.

It is time this profligate and reckless policy was hurled from power.—Albany Argus.

ADAPTABILITY TO BUSINESS.

It is curious to note how few men we know who are really adapted to their occupation, and how many who are bewailing their fate, that they have not been placed in some other occupation in life. It is one of the most perfect states of happiness to be engaged in a business that is at the same time a pleasure. Such, we would judge, must be the case in nearly all the professions, where a man can enter into his work with his whole heart, and enjoy it every day. But when one works against the will, and each day's labor is drudgery, and each release a relief from pain, oh, indeed is labor a penalty! That will be a model state of society where each is employed in the occupation that is delightful to him. Attentive labor and attractive education are the solutions of the greatest social problems.

A LETTER to the Mercury from Pine Openings, on the O. C. M. wagon road, Lane county, dated Aug. 13th, states that frost occurred there the night before. Also, that two soldiers, giving their names as Sergeant Catlin and Private Little, stayed there the night of the 10th, stating that a short time before, two soldiers at Fort Klamath had killed the paymaster's clerk and robbed him of \$5,000, and that they were in pursuit of the murderers. As their statements conflicted the suspicion was entertained by the writer that they were "yarning," and that they were themselves the deserters from the Fort. They came on towards the Willamette from there.

SAID a pious Republican a few days ago to some of his party friends, when he returned from a two-weeks' trip in Massachusetts: "By George, I want you to understand that Tilden is going to carry Massachusetts, by Thomas Henry! I haven't seen anything but Tilden flags and Tilden men since I've been gone, by George!" And now the escape of Belknap will turn ten thousand Massachusetts Republicans from Hayes to Tilden. We think we may add, "By George!"—Troy Press.

THE following is the ruling of the National Grange on the question whether a change of occupation is a forfeiture of membership of the Grange: "A person who has lawfully become a member of the Order does not forfeit his membership by changing his occupation, if his conduct continues to be such as becomes a good Patron, and is not hostile to the interests and objects of the Order."

IN Texas they passed a law imposing a fine of \$100 for every oath used in hearing of a private dwelling, not before the Legislature adjourned they had to repeal the act, as it was found that nearly every mule in the State was rendered useless by it. One mule-driver ran in debt to the authorities \$89,000 before he could get his long-eared charges out of town.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE TIMES.



Advertisements will be inserted in the Times at the following rates: One square, one insertion, \$3.00; each subsequent one, 1.00. Legal advertisements inserted reasonably. A fair reduction from the above rates made to yearly and time advertisers. Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Job printing neatly and promptly executed, and at reasonable rates. COUNTY WARRANTS always taken per.

SCAB IN SHEEP.

The scab in sheep, which is commonly known as an eruptive affection of the skin, very highly contagious, and accompanied with almost incessant itching, is caused by minute insects like horse mites, but smaller, called acari, which are conveyed from one sheep to another, principally either by actual contact or by being left in locks of wool on trees or fences on which scabby sheep have rubbed, and with which clean sheep afterwards come in contact.

Although no indication is to be relied upon as conclusive evidence of scab, unless the insect which causes it, be demonstrated, the disease, according to the progress it has made, is always accompanied by one or more of the following symptoms, which should lead to its detection, viz:

Change of color in the fleece.—The wool on the back, shoulders, or rump appearing of a light color, from rubbing, or that on the shoulders looking black or dirty, from the sheep scratching with its hind feet.

Scratching or biting.—On watching sheep for a short time in which scab has existed for ten days or more, some of them will be observed to turn sharply round, and bite or scratch themselves very suddenly and keenly; much more so than when affected with grass seeds, which also cause sheep to bite and scratch, but in a slow and lazy manner.

Brook wool.—White tufts or locks of wool striking out from the fleece on the shoulders, back, ribs or rump. On the shoulders these are picked out by the hind feet; on back and ribs with the teeth; and on the rump by rubbing on trees and fences.

Changes in the skin.—The skin, especially on the shoulders and along the back, will be of a pale or bluish green tint, and will on these parts be gradually covered with pustules. The skin of the affected parts on being laid hold of, will feel thick and hard, and the wool knotty. Scabs of various sizes will be formed on the infected parts, caused by the fluid from the broken pimples drying and becoming hard. The points of the hams and flanks, as well as the shoulders and sores form on many parts of the body, which is gradually denuded of wool.

FIGHTING Joe Hooker sent the following letter to Governor Tilden: "My Dear Governor: I cannot refrain from offering you my sincere congratulations on your nomination to the exalted office of the Presidency of the United States. As a quiet observer of the political events of the nation I know of no one in my day that has afforded me so much satisfaction, and sincerely hope and believe that the wisdom shown by the selection at St. Louis will be fully ratified by the great mass of our people in November next. We require reforms in politics, religion and morals, and I am convinced that we will receive them generously at your hands. The whole Government of the nation has been corrupt, desperately corrupt, and the honor and glory of applying the antidote, I am convinced, will belong to you. If the fact of your nomination does not enhance the material values of the nation, I am sure your election will do it. Already I seem to breathe a new atmosphere, as is the case with every well-wisher of his country. Sincerely yours, J. HOOKER, Major-General.