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T. A. DAVIS & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 71 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND, OREGON.

WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND a complete stock of

DRUGS. PERFUMERY and TOILET ARTICLES. PATENT MEDICINES, GLASSWARE, WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, OILS AND PAINTERS STOCK OF EVERY KIND. BLUE VITRIOL, LUBRICATING OILS, ETC. ETC.

Sole Agents for Oregon for the celebrated CARBOLIC SHEEP DIP, which kills Ticks, Lice and all parasites on sheep, and is a sure cure for scab-worm, scab and foot rot. Circular sent on application.

FURNITURE WARE-ROOM, Cor. Cal. & Oregon Sts., Jacksonville, Oregon.

DAVID LINN Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of furniture, consisting of BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS, TABLES, GUILD MOULDINGS, STANDS, SOFAS, LOUNGES, CHAIRS OF ALL KINDS, PARLOR & BEDROOM SUITS, ETC., ETC.

Also Doors, Sash and Blinds always on hand and made to order. Planning done on reasonable terms. Undertaking a specialty.

WILL JACKSON, Dentist, California Street, Jacksonville, Oregon.

EVERY OPERATION PERTAINING TO the jaw skillfully performed at reasonable rates. No more credit will be given after the first of January, 1876. I will take all kinds of produce. Office and residence on corner of California and Fifth streets, Jacksonville.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

B. F. HOLSCLAW, M. D., FURNISHING and FANCY GOODS. Kerbyville, Oregon. Dr. L. DANFORTH, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence on Fifth street, opposite and east of the M. E. Church. A. C. JONES, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW, JACKSONVILLE, OGN., Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office in Orth's building—up-stairs. G. H. AIKEN, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Jacksonville, Oregon. Office—One door west of the W. U. Telegraph office. J. A. CALLENDER, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, JACKSONVILLE, OREGON. Office at residence, on Fifth street, opposite the Court House. H. K. HANNA, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW, Jacksonville, Oregon. Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to all business left in my care. Office in Orth's Brick Building—upstairs. C. W. KAHLER, E. B. WATSON, KAHLER & WATSON, ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW, JACKSONVILLE, OREGON. Will practice in the Supreme, District and other Courts of this State. Office in Court House—upstairs. H. KELLY, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW, JACKSONVILLE, OREGON. Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to my care. Office opposite Court House. JAMES S. HOWARD, U. S. DEPUTY MINERAL SURVEYOR FOR JACKSON, Josephine and Curry counties, Oregon. Official surveys made and patents obtained at reasonable rates. Full copies of Mining Laws and Decisions at my office in Jacksonville, Oregon. THE CITY DRUG STORE, JACKSONVILLE. THE NEW FIRM OF KAHLER & Bro. have the largest and most complete assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES & CHEMICALS, Ever brought to Southern Oregon. Also the latest and finest styles of STATIONERY, And a great variety of PERFUMES and TOILET ARTICLES, including the best and cheapest assortment of COMMON and PERFUMED SOAPS in this market. Prescriptions carefully compounded. ROBERT KAHLER, Druggist.

FARMERS' HOTEL,

ORTH'S BUILDING, OREGON STREET, Jacksonville, Oregon.

Board and Lodging, \$5 per week; Board, 40 cents; Single meals, 37 1/2 cents; Lodging, 25 cents.

MRS. WILLIAMS TAKES THIS METHOD of informing the public that she is prepared to furnish board by the week, day or single meals, at reasonable terms. The table will constantly be supplied with the best the market affords. No Chinese employed, and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call and judge for yourselves. MRS. WILLIAMS, Jacksonville, Nov. 26, 1875.

JOHN L. CARTER & SON, PAINTERS.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO DO all kinds of Painting, including HOUSE PAINTING, SIGN PAINTING, ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, WAGON AND CARRIAGE PAINTING. ALL STYLES OF GRADING DONE. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

SEND 25c. to GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3,000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's

FURNISHING and FANCY GOODS

BOYS' and GIRLS' READY-MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS and SHOES,

GROCERIES, BEDSTEADS & CHAIRS,

CLOTHING,

LIQUORS, TOBACCO and CIGARS,

CROCKERY, ETC.,

At E. Jacob's New Store.

Orth's Brick Building, Jacksonville.

ALL OF THE ABOVE ARTICLES SOLD at the very lowest rates. If you don't believe me, call and ascertain prices for yourselves. No humbug! All kinds of produce and hides taken in exchange for goods. 42f.

"EXCELSIOR"

LIVERY STABLE

Oregon St., Jacksonville.

W. J. PLYMALE, PROPRIETOR.

HAVING JUST RECEIVED A NEW stock of Harness, Buggies and Carriages, I am now prepared to furnish my patrons and the public generally with as FINE TURNOUTS

As can be had on the Pacific Coast. Saddle horses hired to go to any part of the country. Animals BOUGHT and SOLD. Horses broke to work single or double. Horses boarded, and the best of care bestowed upon them while in my charge.

MY TERMS ARE REASONABLE. A liberal share of the public patronage is solicited. W. J. PLYMALE.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY, CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF THE HOLY NAMES

THE SCHOLASTIC YEAR OF THIS school will commence about the middle of August, and is divided in four sessions of eleven weeks each. The following are the terms: Board and tuition, per term, \$10.00; Red and Bedding, 4.00; Drawing and painting, 8.00; Piano, 15.00; Entrance fee, only once, 5.00.

SELECT DAY SCHOOL. Primary, per term, \$6.00; Junior, 8.00; Senior, 10.00. Pupils are received at any time, and their terms will be counted from the day of their entrance. For further particulars apply at the Academy. 29f.

TABLE ROCK SALOON, OREGON STREET,

WINTJEN & HELMS, Proprietors.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THIS WELL-known and popular resort would inform their friends and the public generally that a complete and first-class stock of the best brands of liquors, wines, cigars, ale and porter, etc., is constantly kept on hand. They will be pleased to have their friends "call and smile."

A Cabinet of Curiosities may also be found here. We would be pleased to have persons possessing curiosities and specimens bring them in, and we will place them in the Cabinet for inspection. WINTJEN & HELMS, Jacksonville, Aug. 5, 1874. 32f.

EAGLE SAMPLE ROOMS, CALIFORNIA STREET,

S. P. JONES, Proprietor.

NONE BUT THE CHOICEST AND BEST Wines, Brandies, Whiskies and Cigars kept. DRINKS, 12 1/2 CENTS.

NO CREDIT IN THE FUTURE—it don't pay. Families needing anything in our line can always be supplied with the purest and best to be found in the County. Give me a call, and you will be well satisfied.

New Boot and Shoe Store, CALIFORNIA STREET, Jacksonville, Oregon.

HAVING PERMANENTLY LOCATED in Jacksonville, the undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to do all kinds of work in the boot and shoe making line. Satisfaction guaranteed. M. CATON.

GENERAL NOTES AND NEWS.

The State Teacher's Institute will be held in Salem on the 23d, 24th and 25th of August.

The wood used by the mills on the Comstock lode in Nevada, for 1876, is estimated to cost over \$3,000,000.

Belknap and Babcock are said to be highly disgusted with the Democratic ticket. They naturally go for Hayes and Wheeler.

The I. O. G. T. Order in this State is in a flourishing condition; the present number of Lodges is 115, with a membership of 4,100.

Powerful—a team in Reading, Pa., that weighs 1407 1/2 pounds. They are brother and sister, named Powers. The boy weighs 600 and the girl 807 1/2.

Farmers of Richmond county, Wis., have built a wooden railway 16 miles long, at a cost of \$3,000 per mile. This secures them good roads to market.

Forty thousand office-holders have been added to the list since Grant came into office and the Republican Senate is making its chief fight against reductions of expenditures on the salaries of these officials.

If Hayes should be elected, he would keep in office the ninety odd thousand officeholders now living on the public treasury, and would be for giving them a life tenure of their places. How do the people relish the idea?

The German brewers of Cincinnati say that Governor Hayes may have made himself very popular with the temperance fanatics when he gave his check for \$500 to the "Crusaders," but he choked off the foreign vote and can never regain it.

Gen. Custer is said to have expressed his feelings of his terrible fate, but said "that government could not be persuaded into an appreciation of the formidable character and number of the savages, armed as they were with the best and latest improved rifles."

A sharp "bonanza war" is raging in the San Francisco dailies. The Chronicle contends that Consolidated Virginia and California are pinging out, and that Flood & O'Brien have been heavy sellers for months past. The Alta takes the other horn of the dilemma.

An exchange says that Gail Hamilton, Blaine's sister-in-law, thus expresses herself about the nominations: "The ticket is perfect except that they ought to have taken ex-Governor Straw, of New Hampshire, instead of Wheeler. The ticket would then have been Hayes and Straw."

During the former part of last week two of the Umatilla Reservation Indians were bit by rattlesnakes, but Dr. LaDow, by the use of fire-water, brought them through all right. Since they have found out the character of the remedy, there has been about six Indians a day bit by snakes.

A war between Serbia and Turkey is prosecuted with vigor by both parties. Engagements are frequent with varying results, but the news of the week is somewhat favorable to the Servians. It is reported that a large force of Russian volunteers will soon join the Serbian forces in which case their success will be assured.

The report a few days since, that Col. Russell's stallion, "Smuggler," in his late trotting race in Philadelphia, against the sorrel gelding, "Judge Fullerton," had beaten "Goldsmith Maid's" fastest time, is erroneous; the latter's fastest time is 2:14, while that of "Smuggler" is 2:17. Fastest time for stallions was evidently meant.

An advertisement appears in a San Francisco paper calling for "three or four old gentlemen who went to school with Governor Hayes forty years ago." They will be wanted for campaign purposes and will be required to relate on the stump, "stories of marble and jack-knife trades in which young Hayes did not cheat his comrades."

The canned salmon of Oregon is sent to all parts of the world, but the largest part goes to England; 40,000,000 pounds of salmon were caught last year in the Columbia river, and no less than 16,000,000 pounds were canned for exportation. The season extends from April to August, and gives employment to a large number of persons.

Jarrett & Palmer's Fast Train made the following time from New York to San Francisco: To Philadelphia, 90 miles from Jersey City, one hour and 40 minutes; Harrisburg, 196 miles, 3 hours; Altoona, 327 miles, 7 hours; Pittsburg, 444 miles, 10 hours; Chicago, 913 miles, 20 hours; crossing the Mississippi river at Clinton, 23 1/2 hours; Omaha, 1,405 miles, 32 hours; Cheyenne, 1,932 miles, 40 hours; Ogden, 2,435 miles, 55 hours; San Francisco, 3,317 miles, 84 hours.

THOMAS ANDREW HENDRICKS.

Governor Hendricks, of Indiana, was born in Muskingum county, O., September 7, 1819. His father removed to Shelby county, Ind., when the subject of this sketch was only three years old. The fact that he was born in a neighboring State has not affected his popularity in Indiana, since many of the people are of the same stock, and Mr. Hendricks, growing up from childhood with the young commonwealth, became identified with all its interests—its prosperity and prejudices. No man in the State is now more generally favored, and certainly no one is less hated. His youth was not a season of hardship and he received a liberal education, graduating at Hanover College in 1841. He then studied law at Chambersburg, Pa., and was admitted to the bar at that place in 1843. He returned to Indiana immediately after and entered upon the practice of his profession. His success was rapid and well earned. There was always a charm about him that won him hosts of friends. He was pure in morals, and not merely upright in character, but solicitous to preserve himself from even the appearance of evil. He was careful in money matters and slowly accumulated his present moderate fortune, although his practice was often interrupted by political service and his expenses increased to meet the social requirements of official station. At the bar he was distinguished for learning, subtlety and eloquence. In comparing him as a lawyer with his rival, Morton, it is common to say that Hendricks was apt to be worsted before a jury and his rival had no chance before a judge.

In 1845 Mr. Hendricks was chosen a member of the State Legislature, and in 1850 he served in the State Constitutional Convention. During the next five years he represented the Indianapolis district in Congress, and for four years afterwards was Commissioner of the General Land Office. In the memorable campaign of 1860 he ran for Governor against Henry S. Lane and was defeated. Lane was chosen United States Senator immediately after his inauguration, and Oliver P. Morton succeeded to the Governorship. In 1862 Indiana elected a Democratic Legislature. Mr. Hendricks was then chosen Senator for the term ending in March, 1869. He served in the Committees on Claims, Public Buildings and Grounds, the Judiciary, Public Lands, and Naval Affairs. This was a period during which the Democratic party in the Senate was represented by a small minority. Nothing was possible save an able protest against the reconstruction measures. In the memorable episode of the President's impeachment he played an important part, and added greatly to his reputation as an able lawyer.

It is a sufficient proof of the ability and success of Mr. Hendricks in the Senate that towards the close of a single term he had placed himself among the foremost men of his party and became a prominent candidate for the Presidency. In the convention of 1868 he was brought forward, and at one time led all other candidates, receiving the solid vote of New York and the Northwest. Ohio, however, which had been compelled to abandon its own candidate, was determined to defeat all other Western men, and they accomplished their purpose. That year he was a second time a candidate for Governor and was defeated by his opponent, Conrad Baker, having a majority of only 961 votes. No one familiar with the politics of the State ever supposed, however, that Baker's majority was an honest one.

After his retirement from the Senate in 1869 Mr. Hendricks returned to the practice of his profession in Indianapolis. In the year 1872 he was again nominated for Governor and elected, although the Republicans elected the rest of the State ticket and a majority of the Legislature. The personal popularity of Governor Hendricks carried him through. As his election to the U. S. Senate would leave the Governorship to the Republican Lieut. Governor he refused to be a candidate and Mr. McDonald was chosen.

In 1875 the popular branch of the Legislature was Democratic and the Senate Republican. The majority of the latter body, like that of the U. S. Senate at the present time, refused to pass the appropriation bills. The session expired by limitation on Saturday night and Monday morning the proclamation of Gov. Hendricks called an extra session. The Senate saw that further struggle would be a mistake and the appropriations were promptly passed.

Gov. Hendricks is of medium height, symmetrical form, erect, active, vigorous; eyes large and blue; massive forehead, plain complexion, and hair and side whiskers yet untouched with gray. His disposition is

as sunny as his complexion, and in social life he is a great favorite. To acquaintances he is affable and easy, to close friends warm and lovable, to political partisans courteous, but cautious. His habits are such that he found \$5,000 ample for his expenditures during his Senatorial term at Washington. He has always trusted to doing the work which he had in hand well as the highest recommendation in the long run before the people, and the many honors which have come to him justify the wisdom of his purpose.

Mr. Hendricks has a wife—an accomplished lady of great force of character—but no children.

HON. L. F. LANE.

The Presidential contest will divert, to a great extent, the usual fight on Congressmen to be elected this Fall. But the people of Oregon have an interest in the result of the election of the member; in fact, at no time since Oregon has been a State, has the necessity of electing the candidate, calculated to have an influence in the National Council, been more important. The Democracy, realizing the importance of retaining the Congressman who has had some experience, has re-nominated Hon. L. F. Lane, the present member. He has shown himself to be an active and energetic legislator, and has watched faithfully the interests of our State. His reelection would give him a standing in the Lower House and influence which would be felt in our young State. It is a notorious fact that a member who has only one term to serve, no matter how active and efficient he may be, says the Standard, can accomplish but little for the benefit of the people he represents. Those States which exert the greatest influence in Congress are the ones which re-elect their members from year to year, and it is a matter of congratulation to the people of this State that the Democracy has taken the initiatory step to secure a man whose experience of two years will not be thrown away.

Hon. L. F. Lane has made a member of which our State feels justly proud. He has attained a standing in Congress which may well be envied by older and more experienced members in that body, and his record for the past session has been such as to justify his endorsement by the people. In every instance he has given his support on the side of reform and economy and his re-election will be but a just recognition of his efforts in that direction. A vote for his opponent, would be construed into meaning a cessation in exposing the infamous corruption which has "honey-combed" the Federal Administration, and which has been upheld and sustained by the Radicals whenever elected, no matter what their professions were before the people. A vote against Lane is a vote for Radical corruption and going back to the practices of Radicalism which has been so prevalent for the past fifteen years. Let every reformer and well-wisher of this government cast his vote for L. F. Lane, and thus show that the people are in earnest when they demand reform in every department of our government.

VALUABLE FERTILIZERS.—Leached ashes have an especial value on sandy soils, and produce most effect on onions, potatoes, corn and the root crops. Unleached ashes have a most marked effect when applied broadcast over onions partly grown; for all garden crops they are valuable, potatoes, turnips, beets and peas deriving most benefit next to onions. Hen manure, when mixed with enough soil to work it fine, has special fitness for the onion crop, as it can be applied to the surface where wanted, and has no weed seeds. Lime is of most value on rich, old soils, its effect being to unlock and release fertility already in the soil, but inactive or insoluble. Hence, upon poor soil it may sometimes do more harm than good, but used upon rich, old garden soils, its use occasionally will produce astonishing results.

An officer who saw the fatal field where Custer fell, writes: "It is sickening to look at the bodies stripped. Here a hand gone, here a foot or a head, ghastly gashes cut in all parts of the body, eyes gouged out, noses and ears cut off and skulls crushed in. One sees at a distance a dead horse lying on the plain or near the river, and upon a near approach the gleaming white skin of a naked cavalry soldier, the body cut and mangled beyond description, is brought into view."

LEMON PIE.—Boil in one and a-half quarts of water the juice, pulp and grated peel of two lemons. When it boils, add three heaping tablespoons of flour, mixed smooth with cold water. Before it cools add two teaspoons of sugar, three well-beaten eggs, a piece of butter half the size of an egg, and a little salt. Bake with under and upper crusts.