

The Democratic Times.

Official Paper for Jackson, Josephine & Lake
FRIDAY.....JUNE 30, 1876.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:

SAMUEL J. TILDEN,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

THOS. A. HENDRICKS,
OF INDIANA.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS:

W. B. LASWELL.....Of Grant
HENRY KLIPPEL.....Of Jackson
E. A. CRONIN.....Of Multnomah

FOR CONGRESS:

LA FAYETTE LANE
OF DOUGLAS.

OUR PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE.

The following dispatch was received from the St. Louis yesterday:
St. Louis, June 29, 1876.
Hon. H. Klippel-Tilden nominated for President and Hendricks for Vice President. Platform strong. Success undoubted.

Endorsement of Grant's Administration.

The seventeenth section of the platform adopted at the Cincinnati Convention is as follows:

The National Administration merits praise for its honorable work in the management of domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and his eminent services in war and peace.

This is indeed very cool and prudent! For what do the people owe gratitude to Grant during his seven years' Administration of our National affairs, and wherein does that Administration merit praise? Will some Radical paper please tell us that? The Republican party, when they endorsed that plank in their platform, did not remember the Credit Mobilier, the crooked whisky frauds, the land grant swindles, the Bismarck post-trader-ship frauds, the swindles in the Indian Department, postal frauds and scores of other great swindles which have everywhere characterized this administration as the most corrupt rule of a civilized people since the downfall of the Roman Empire.

Let us inquire why Grant was in favor of Hayes' nomination? First, he has been an uncompromising Republican and there never has been a measure of the Republican party that was too strong for him. When his party inflated the Supreme Court of the United States and made it subordinate to the other co-ordinate branches of the Government, he favored the measure. When the Republican party took issue with Sumner, Greeley and Chase, on the policy to be adopted toward the Southern States, he stood by his party. When Grant ordered the military to oust the conservative members of the Legislature, in the Louisiana embroglio, he stood by Grant. In short, there is not a man in the Union who is or has been so completely identified with modern Republicanism as R. B. Hayes.

No Enthusiasm.

When the Radical Convention first met it was proposed to nominate a candidate and then make a platform. Some one said that you could mount a man on horseback before you got a horse. The horse was provided, and a very rickety one at that, and the candidate was mounted thereon. Blaine was wounded in the house of his friends. If there had been any Democrats there it would have been called another assassination. The defeat of Blaine and Morton, says the Sonoma Democrat, sends the bloody shirt champions into Coventry, and will ensure a contest, not of sectional prejudice, but upon the real points at issue—economy and reform in the public service. There is a feeling of evident disappointment apparent in the Eastern and in Radical circles in this State at the nomination of Hayes. Whether they will be able to kindle an enthusiasm for their nominee remains to be seen.

Election in the Second District.

In the Second Judicial District Watson (Rep.) was elected Judge by 161 majority, and Hazard, (Dem.) Prosecuting Attorney by 62 majority.

PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES.

The nomination of Hon. Samuel J. Tilden will be hailed with joy and approval by the majority of the people of the United States, and the St. Louis Convention has done honor to its constituents and shown to the country, by its acts, that reform will be the watchword of the Democracy in this campaign. A man who has shown his ability to cleanse and purify the political atmosphere of New York as Tilden has, will not fail to bring about the much needed reform in national affairs. He is to-day the foremost man in the Union, and the people irrespective of party will confide in the nation's weal in his keeping for the next four years.

The difference between the Democratic and Republican Presidential nominees is marked and great. Hayes has been nominated by and through the influence of the Administration. He will be completely under its control, and, if elected, the vicious and dishonest policy of Grant & Co. will be continued and Hayes will be a mere patty man in the hands of the politicians who have and are at present disgracing the nation.

What is the outlook with Gov. Tilden in the Presidential chair? The past record of Tilden is a safeguard against corruption in high places. His administration has assailed the canal rings and every other corrupt official delinquency in New York. Offenders have been demoralized, exposed and punished, and to-day that State stands redeemed from the clutches of official plunderers, and taxes are now greatly reduced. This reformation has been brought about by the honest efforts of Gov. Tilden. This record is a guarantee to the people which they will accept irrespective of party affiliations. The real reform element of the Republican party will go for him, and he will be triumphantly elected next November.

Gov. Tilden is the peer of any statesman in the land, and his integrity and patriotism are unquestionable. His Administration (he is certain to be elected) will be the restoration of American liberty. It will be the means of restoring fraternal feelings between the States and make this Government a Union, cemented together by the mutual good will of the people of all sections. The days of political delinquency will be over; the civil service reform will not be an idle name, as it now is, but an absolute established fact; the country will be rid of the official plunderers and vampires that now infests every department of the Government, and a new era of prosperity will dawn upon this country. Our commerce will be promoted to its former greatness; it will energize every branch of industry in the country; our financial condition will be improved, and it will restore public credit and insure national prosperity.

GRANT'S TRIUMPH.

Let us inquire why Grant was in favor of Hayes' nomination? First, he has been an uncompromising Republican and there never has been a measure of the Republican party that was too strong for him. When his party inflated the Supreme Court of the United States and made it subordinate to the other co-ordinate branches of the Government, he favored the measure. When the Republican party took issue with Sumner, Greeley and Chase, on the policy to be adopted toward the Southern States, he stood by his party. When Grant ordered the military to oust the conservative members of the Legislature, in the Louisiana embroglio, he stood by Grant. In short, there is not a man in the Union who is or has been so completely identified with modern Republicanism as R. B. Hayes.

Blaine did not have the support of a single delegation that was under the control of Grant or his administration, and the result has shown that New York and Pennsylvania did take his scalp, and that it was understood at the outset.

Bristow, the choice of every unbiased Republican in the land, fared even worse than Blaine. Grant, Conkling and Morton would not stand to have a man of his reputation and record nominated. Had he been nominated, the days of speculations and official robbery would have been over. This the Republican leaders could not afford. A party that is held together by the cohesive power of public plunder could not trust such a man as Bristow. They could not make a tool of him, hence the order came from Washington: "Off with his head!"

WHERE THE ROBBING IS DONE.

To THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:
Having noticed in the Ashland Tidings an article referring generally upon the people of this county, charging them with lawless outrages upon the down-trodden Chinamen, it occurs that a few suggestions would not be out of place to the author of that article.

In the first place, the writer charges citizens of this county with robbing the Chinamen. That is true in one sense of the word, but not in the light intended to be conveyed in that article. If the writer will take the trouble to inform himself upon the laws of the United States and of this State, on the subject of mines, he will learn where the robbery comes in. The mining laws of the United States passed in 1836, and amended May 10, 1872, declares who shall possess and work the mines and purchase mineral land, and that none but citizens of the United States and foreigners who have declared their intention to become such, shall explore and work the mineral lands of the United States. Therefore, if a citizen, or one who has declared his intention to become such, is in occupancy of a mining claim, he has the right to extract the precious metals therefrom and it is his as long as he continues to work it in accordance with said laws and the local rules and regulations in vogue in the district where his claim is situated. His right is only possessory—liable, whenever the above conditions are not fully complied with, to lose his right to some other person qualified to hold said claim. Now, here comes in the robbery. This man, knowing that he has only a possessory right granted by the Government and that right only granted to certain qualified persons, turns around and disposes of what he has no positive right to do—his mining claim to a Chinaman who the Government says shall not work the mineral lands belonging to the United States, thus robbing these Chinamen. Why? Because the Chinaman has the money and sells him what he has not—the claim that the Government would not let him (the Chinaman) occupy and work.

The Constitution of this State, subdivision of article 15, says: "No Chinaman not a resident of this State at the adoption of this Constitution shall ever hold any real estate or mining claim or work any mining claims thereon." Yet we find Chinamen who have just arrived from their native soil holding and working mining claims, contrary to the laws of the United States and of this State, robbing and devastating our country by the loss of its precious metals away to China, leaving nothing behind but destruction in their path. Still we have in our midst a number of persons who are ready for a small reward to assist us and help them in robbing our country of all its material wealth it possesses. And you learn how to go up from this class of people whenever the rightful owners of those mineral lands presume to assert their rights.

Now, the fruits of all this is being harvested by the general pressure of hard times. The gold that should have been in farms, houses, orchards and gardens has been, and now is being, wasted to China, and we are now becoming poorer and our country looking more desolate every day. Let the writer of the article in the Tidings travel from Colfax along the Central Pacific Railroad through Dutch Flat and other mining camps and see the condition of the miners compared with ours. There you will find the miners and their families, with nice little cottages, vineyards, orchards, gardens and stock, which they are accumulating around them from the small surplus money that they save above their expenses, thus adding materially to the taxable property of the country while we here, through this robbing and shipping away process, are growing poorer, and taxes are increasing. We do not suppose of any person taking the law in their own hands to right this great evil, but with a mutual desire of all citizens it can be abated.

MORE ABOUT SWAMP LANDS.

SWAN LAKE, OGN., June 21, 1876.
TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:
My attention has been called to an article in the TIMES, dated Jacksonville, May 23d, replying to an article that appeared in the Oregonian of May 17th, written at Linkville, and signed "One of Many." The writer of the TIMES article says, positively, that the author of the Oregonian letter is one of the Applegate brothers, sailing under the non de plume of "One of Many," and although showing a disposition to twist "One of Many" for writing over a non de plume, discreetly signs himself "Reply."

Which one of the Applegate Bros. wrote that letter, and how did "Reply" ascertain? Did he think he was favored with a peculiar instinct that he knew things by intuition? I have to say that neither of us wrote the article in question, and neither of us ever heard of it until its appearance in the Oregonian. Where is the justification in this reckless use of names—this haphazard, bush-whacking mode of attack, when there was a way to ascertain positively who "One of Many" was?

"Reply" says one of the Applegate Bros. jumped 100 acres of swamp land in Langell valley. This is refreshingly cool! Jumped indeed! Years ago, before that valley was surveyed by M. Robertson and his associates, there, and after he had lived upon it several years and made valuable improvements he sold his "squatter's right"—the land being still unsurveyed—to J. D. Applegate, for \$600 in coin. Subsequently this land was surveyed and J. D. Applegate made declaratory statement on the numbers, and still later three forties of this pre-emption were selected by the Applegate Bros., and the 40 acres occupied by the house, was not even claimed by the State to be swamp land; the water on this 40 was not one inch deep, even. However, this is not the point. This land was taken prior to, and was occupied by J. D. Applegate at the time of selection by the State. The authorities agreed to not include it, together with other prior claims in Langell and Alkali valleys, in the lands then claimed by the State, only proposing to note the three forties in question so that the State might claim "lieu lands" from the General Government.

"Reply" style of making random statements is becoming disgustingly monotonous. We have the evidence to prove that the various and hence conflicting statements published in reference to the connection of the Applegate Bros. with the swamp land business are all incorrect. It is not my province to write a rejoinder for "One of Many," and I have, therefore, only alluded to matters in "Reply's" communications personal to Applegate Bros. Very respectfully, L. B. APPLAGATE.

The Bloody Shirt.

The N. Y. Herald says: "We know in advance that the Republican party, whomsoever it may nominate, will do its utmost to stir up the old feeling of hostility to the South, on which the party was organized. A cue will be given in the Cincinnati platform for reviving and inflaming the old sectional animosity. The fashion has already been set by black-naming the Democratic House as the Confederate Congress. We believe that this attempt to re-awaken sectional hostilities will prove futile; but it is none the less certain that it will be a main feature in the canvass on the Republican side." The writer of the above must have seen the manuscript copy of the Cincinnati platform, or at least the 15th and 16th planks, to have outlined it so truly.

BEHOLD THE STAGE.

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NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will shortly retire from business, and therefore request all persons indebted to them, by book account or note, to come forward without delay and settle up. SACHS BROS.

We will continue to sell the remainder of our stock of goods at reduced San Francisco cost. S. B.

Jacksonville June 1st, 1876.

SELLING OFF
FOR
COST AND FREIGHT!
THE UNDERSIGNED, DESIRING to close out business in Jacksonville, offers for sale at cost and freight for cash his complete and first-class stock of dry goods, dress goods, shawls, ribbons, ladies' and children's hose and shoes, gentlemen's furnishings, hats, groceries, crockery, lamps, baskets, spoons, knives and forks, tobacco and cigars, pipes, cutlery, stationery, toys, Yankee notions, and everything usually found in a first-class variety store.

My stock is fresh and of the best, and those desiring anything in my line should give me a call. Those knowing themselves indebted will please settle immediately. I mean business. BEN. SACHS. Jacksonville, July 1, 1876.

JOHN L. CARTER & SON, PAINTERS.
WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO DO all kinds of Painting, including HOUSE PAINTING, SIGN PAINTING, ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, WAGON AND CARRIAGE PAINTING. ALL STYLES OF BRANNING DONE. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

JACOB OLLEFER, MERCHANT TAILOR, California Street, Jacksonville, Oregon.

CLOTHES MADE TO ORDER AND SATISFACTION WARRANTED. Work done at reasonable rates. SEND 25c. to Geo. P. Rowley & Co., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3,000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising.

T. G. REAMES. E. R. REAMES.

REAMES BROS., (Successors to White & Martin.)

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, CALIFORNIA STREET, JACKSONVILLE. - - OREGON.

LOW PRICES WILL WIN

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKE PLEASURE in notifying their friend and the public generally that they have purchased the stock of White & Martin, and are now receiving and opening a very large, extensive and well-selected assortment of

STAPLE DRY-GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, California & Salem Coths and Blankets, Ready-Made Clothing, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Hats and Caps, LADIES, CHILDREN & MISSES SHOES.

We have also in connection with the above a very large and fine stock of choice

GROCERIES, GLASSWARE, QUEENS WARE, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, PAINTS, OILS, NAILS, WINDOW GLASS, CAST AND STEEL PLOWS, WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, ETC.

We are now ready to sell anything in our line at lowest cash prices. Persons wishing to buy goods will find it greatly to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined not to be undersold by any house in Jacksonville.

Give us a call, and then judge for yourself as to our capacity to furnish goods as above. REAMES BROS. Jacksonville, Feb. 12, 1876.

HUNTERS' EMPORIUM!

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY STORE

ALWAYS ON HAND THE BEST STOCK of Patent and Home-made Rifle and Shot Guns, single and double; Revolvers of the latest patents; Pocket Pistols, neat, small and powerful; Derringers, the latest and best; also, the best Powder and Powder Flasks; Hunting and pocket knives of the best brands; all sorts of Shot and Pouches; Caps, Wads and everything in the Sportsman's line.

He will also keep a full line of SHELF HARDWARE, Nails and Rope of all kinds and sizes, Carpenters' and Wagon-Makers' Tools, a complete assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery, together with a full supply of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, etc.

The above goods are all of the best quality, and will be sold CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

New guns made to order, and repairing promptly done and in good style. All orders filled with dispatch. JOHN MILLER, Ashland, April 8, 1876.

THE ASHLAND IRON WORKS,

ASHLAND, OREGON, W. J. ZIMMERMAN & CO., Prop'rs.

MANUFACTURE AND BUILD ALL kinds of mill and mining machinery, castings, thimble skains, and irons, brass castings and Babbit metal, Balls, cast, Farming tools, engines, house fronts, stoves, sewing machines, blacksmith-work, and all work wherein iron, steel or brass is used, repaired. Parties desiring anything in our line will do well to give us a call before going elsewhere. All work done with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates. Bring on your old cast iron. ZIMMERMAN & CO. Ashland, April 8, 1876.

RAILROAD SALOON,

Cor. California and Oregon Sts., Jacksonville HENRY PAPE, Engineer.

THROUGH TICKETS, 12 1/2 CENTS.

CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS constantly on hand. The reading table is also supplied with Eastern periodicals and leading papers of the Coast.

Notice to Holders of Modoc War Bonds. Interest coupons Nos. 1, 2 and 3, January and July 1, 1875, and including January 1, 1876, will be paid on presentation at this office. A. H. BROWN, State Treasurer. Salem, May 15, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT

interest coupons Nos. 1, 2 and 3, January and July 1, 1875, and including January 1, 1876, will be paid on presentation at this office. A. H. BROWN, State Treasurer. Salem, May 15, 1876.

K. KUBLI,

Old Fellows' Building, Jacksonville, Oreg., DEALER & WORKER IN

TIN, SHEET IRON, COPPER, LEAD, etc.

Pumps, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, NAILS, A FIRST-CLASS STOCK OF STOVES, HARDWARE, TINWARE, POWDER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, Fuse and Caps, Wooden and Willow Ware, ROPE, NAILS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, GLASS, CUTLERY, WIRE, Shot, Brushes, Chains and Hose, ETC., ETC.

I have secured the services of a First-class Mechanic, and am prepared to do all repairing promptly and in superior style.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE, I am receiving and have constantly on hand a full and first-class stock of

Groceries, DRY GOODS, Gum Boats, TOBACCO, Ready-Made Clothing, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY, Etc., Etc.

Everything sold at reasonable rates. Give me a call. K. KUBLI. Jacksonville, Feb. 18, 1876.

THE SODA SPRINGS!

AND DRINK WITHOUT

Money and Without Price!

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE NOW KEEPING the Soda Springs House, and having repaired and refitted the same are now prepared to accommodate all that may favor us with a call. Prices to suit these hard times.

THE MARBLE BUSINESS Will still be a specialty. All orders in this line promptly filled in the best manner and at reasonable rates. Address, as usual. J. H. & A. H. RUSSELL, Ashland

NOTICE, STOCKMEN!

THE WELL-KNOWN VERMONT HORSE

PENINGER'S MIKE,

WILL STAND FOR MARES AT THE stable of the owner, J. A. Cardwell, near Jacksonville, during the season of 1876, commencing April 1st and ending July 1st, at the following rates: \$15 for each mare, in gold coin or its equivalent, payable at the time of service.

Mike is 12 years old, was sired by old Vermont, out of a thoroughbred Whip mare; he is a beautiful bay, 17 hands high, well formed, and weighs 1,600 pounds. He has sired more fine horses, according to the class of mares that have been bred to him, than any other horse in the world of his age, and he is without doubt the Favorite Horse here he is known.

I will furnish pasturage to those desiring it at 75 cents per week. I will not be responsible for any accidents or escapes. J. A. CARDWELL.

WANTED!

20,000 Lbs. of Old Cast Iron, DELIVERED AT THE FOUNDRY IN Ashland, for which we will pay the highest price.

Every farmer has more or less old castings about his premises, such as old stoves, plowshares and other articles. These they would do well to gather up, and bring them before the rain sets in.

We will also pay the highest price for old COPPER, BRASS and ZINC. J. M. McCALL & CO.