

THE CURRENCY BILL.

The President signed the currency bill reported from the Committee of Conference adopted by the respective Houses. The S. F. Bulletin gives the annexed abstract of its provisions:

This bill fixes the green-back circulation at \$92,000,000. In other words, it legalizes the emission of \$25,000,000 of the reserve by the Administration during the late panic. The bill makes no provisions in relation to the remaining \$18,000,000 of that fund. The presumption is that in case of another panic they may also be issued. We have here constructively an actual inflation of \$25,000,000 and a possible inflation of \$14,000,000. Another section of the bill provides for the redistribution of \$52,000,000 among the National Banks now held by States in excess of their quotas and including a few millions not called for at all. There is no inflation here, but there is constructively, in the provision repealing the clause in the existing law compelling the banks to keep a reserve. The arguments is that the bonds deposited by the banks are security enough. The amount that will be set free by this means was stated by Morton to be \$20,000,000. We have here also a constructive inflation to that amount. Of course all banks properly managed, keep a reserve whether the law of Congress compels them or not. A law of their business forces them to do so. But they can let it out now at times when there is no danger. Upon the whole, though there is some constructive inflation, the Currency bill does little more than recognize actual facts. Probably the President therefore could not do otherwise than sign it. The whole question by this Act is referred to the people for decision. The result of the congressional elections this Fall will determine whether we will have inflation or resumption.

Although Grant vetoed one inflation bill, the one he signed is substantially the same as the former. It is an undisputed fact that he will treat the time-honored usage of Washington, Jefferson, Jackson and other Presidents, in refusing a re-election after serving two terms, with contempt, and that he is laying his wares for a third. Logan, Morton and Butler were very angry over his veto and threatened to oppose his delectable schemes. To gain their support, he signs a substitute of the inflation bill, and tries to carry water on both shoulders, no doubt supposing that the people will support him nevertheless. We are of the opinion that he is grievously mistaken. The country has already too much of his administration and the corruption and inefficiency that festers under its sanction.

Local Option Defeated.

It appears from the California dispatches of last Saturday and Sunday that the elections in different cities and townships on the Local Option or Liquor License question, says the Bulletin, were of very exciting character, and that in most of the considerable places the Anti-License party were badly beaten. They carried a few unimportant towns. In San Jose the contest was particularly vigorous and somewhat turbulent. The License party achieved a decided victory. It is folly to try to enforce strict Prohibition. A License law of proper character and rightfully carried out is by far the best mode of dealing with the subject. Such a law is practicable and can be readily enforced. Prohibition will always lead to infraction, hypocrisy, and even greater intemperance, as instance after instance has proved in the New England States and elsewhere.

Adjournment of Congress.

Congress has adjourned. It has done almost nothing that it ought to have done and leaves the country in as bad a condition as when it began its session. Taxes have not been reduced, the enormous expenditures of the Government have not been cut down, the currency question is no nearer settlement than it was before, and whatever tariff tinkering has only been to make a bad matter worse. Nothing better, however, could be expected. This Congress was elected with Grant, says the Post, and was pledged to the existing order of things. We must have a new Congress, elected upon a different basis, before we can hope for any reform.

New Trial Granted.

R. Gibbons, who was found guilty for murder in the first degree for murdering policeman Schoppe, in Portland, was granted a new trial by Judge Upton. The defendant then withdrew his plea of not guilty, and pleaded guilty to homicide, whereupon he was sentenced to ninety-nine years imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

THE VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

Our attention has been called to some glaring misstatements by the Bulletin in speaking of the general vote on the State ticket. In its chronic malignity toward Gov. Grover, says the News, the Bulletin has devoted a great deal of space within the last few days in an attempt to make it appear that the Governor's vote was smaller than that of Dawne, and to establish therefrom some conclusions unfavorable to the former's popular standing with the people. In an article of a column and a half in length it stated that Dawne had received 'two hundred and fifty-seven more votes than Grover,' and that La Dow 'beat him (the Governor) over two hundred votes.' Stating these facts, it exclaimed, 'was ever such a damning condemnation put upon a political leader?' We have already made one answer to all this that we deem perfectly satisfactory. It may be further answered, however, in three short lines, as follows: 'Gov. Grover's total vote in the State is 9,722; La Dow's total vote is 9,642; Dawne's total vote is 9,690. From this it will be seen that Dawne did not receive more votes than Grover, notwithstanding the fact that Oglesby ran nearly a thousand votes behind his ticket, and that La Dow did not receive more votes than Grover. The simple statement of the fact is sufficient to convert the edifice which the Bulletin's rancor has so painstakingly employed itself in rearing, into an unsightly ruin.'

The gubernatorial Vote.

There is no official count of the vote in our State for Governor to be had until the meeting of the coming Legislature, says the Salem Record, as the official returns are all addressed to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and can only be opened by him. Enough is known, however, to show that the published reports are quite incorrect. In some instances the County Clerks have also included the vote for Governor in the general returns to the Secretary of State, and in other instances notes have been sent that officer, giving the vote for Governor, and from such sources H. H. Gilfray, Private Secretary of Governor Grover, has made up and kindly furnished us the following tabular statement which is exact enough to be considered as official:

Table with 4 columns: Name, Grover, Tolman, Campbell. Rows include Baker, Benton, Coon, Curry, Columbia, Clatsop, Clackamas, Douglas, Grant, Jackson, Josephine, Linn, Lane, Marion, Multnomah, Polk, Tillamook, Umatilla, Union, Wasco, Washington, Yamhill, and Totals.

Secretary of the Treasury.

Gen. Bristow, the new Secretary of the Treasury, is curtailing the force of the Treasury Department, and changing things around. It seems that a strong pressure is being brought to bear upon the new Secretary to induce him to retain the present assistant Treasurer, Sawyer, who is mixed up in the Sanborn matter. Gen. Bristow, however, promptly and decisively declares that Sawyer must go and Sawyer is going and the Sanbornites are exceedingly dejected. If General Bristow will hold out as he begins, the country will, no doubt, be greatly benefitted by his accession to the office. Such disgraceful proceedings as those which belong to the so-called 'investigation committee of the charges preferred against Sup't. Higgins,' will be corrected. Let us hope that the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States will punish official rascality coming within the jurisdiction of his office, instead of giving certificates of good character to the rascals. His conduct in removing Sawyer is a favorable indication.

Vermont Democracy.

The Democratic State Convention of Vermont on June 25th nominated for Governor, W. H. H. Bringham; for Lieutenant Governor, Henry Chase; for Treasurer, Otis Chamberlin. Resolutions were adopted, renewing devotion to the Democratic party, favoring a repeal of the prohibition liquor law and the adoption of a straight license law. The Convention was largely attended.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Lane county is excited over small-pox rumors.

Between thirty and forty men are employed on the Capitol building.

The mines in Baker county are nearly all reported to be doing well.

Albany Fire Company have voted to attend the Philadelphia Centennial in 1876.

Senator Schurz denies the truth of the report of a reconciliation between himself and the President.

Salem people are hanging cow bells in their cherry trees. Rough on the hoodlums who take night time to fill up with that luscious fruit.

The best 'fielding' ever done in any base-ball game in Oregon is said to have been executed by the College Club while playing the Areadians.

At the late election for Union county-seat, the vote stood 519 for Union and 342 for La Grande, and the dwellers in the latter town are indignant.

Mrs. Addie L. Ballou, a celebrated Spiritualist from the Eastern States, has arrived in Oregon, and will be present at the camp-meeting, to be held near Rock Island Station, commencing on the 26th of June.

Base ball is all the rage throughout the State. The College Club of Salem and the Areadians of Portland, about the two best clubs in the State, had a match game at Salem last week, which the College boys won. Score, 27 to 18.

A late dispatch says Luttrell has arranged for the prompt adjustment and payment of the remainder of the California Modoc war claims. Checks on San Francisco will be forwarded to claimants within a fortnight.

A party consisting of a number of the citizens of La Grande, Union county, has been organized for the purpose of again searching for the 'Blue Bucket Diggings,' discovered by immigrants in 1845. They will depart about July 1st.

Maguire's renowned minstrels are on a visit to Portland, and the entire Willamette Valley is in a state of excitement over their performances. Crowded houses greet them wherever they go, and people from miles around go and see them.

Large quantities of wool is now being brought to the Corvallis market from the surrounding country, which finds a ready sale and brings cash. M. Friendly bought 50,000 pounds on Monday, for which he paid 29 cents per pound.

The steamer Idaho has been loading at the fisheries with salmon for San Francisco. She took on 7,000 cases at Westport, 10,000 at Humes, and 8,000 at Astoria. We are but just beginning to realize the importance and magnitude of the fisheries as affecting the commercial interests of our State.

The jury in the case of Thomas Gerand, indicted at Salem for killing Thomas J. Hubbard, at Champoeg, Marion county, brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree, with a recommendation of mercy from the Court. He was sentenced to death by Judge Bonham, and will be hanged next August.

The Salem Record says: Mr. D. D. Prettynan, of Crystal Spring, in Polk county, brought into the office wheat, raised on his farm, nearly four feet in height. It was sown in October, last year, on a piece of fir brush land. The brush had been cut and burned, and the wheat brushed in. Neither plow nor harrow were used.

The S. F. Chronicle says the munificent public gifts of James Lick have already made his name a household word throughout the entire country. The Eastern newspapers are filled with eulogies of his noble gifts, and particularly that of \$150,000 for a bronze monument in honor of the man who wrote the 'Star Spangled Banner.' The New York Evening Post declares that the gifts of James Lick have caused more talk about California than anything since the discovery of gold.

Resignation.

J. A. J. Creswell, Postmaster-General for the past five years, has resigned his office. He alleges as his reasons that private matters demand his entire attention. Be this as it may, the popular belief is that the opposition of Congress to his postal telegraph and other schemes, and the exposure of his official corruptions, are the prime causes of his resignation. The President has nominated Eugene Hale, Congressman from Maine, to succeed him, who has been confirmed and has accepted.

A New Railroad Project.

There is a project on foot for the construction of a narrow gauge railroad from the Willamette valley over the coast range of mountains to the coast at Yaquina Bay, Benton county. It is proposed that the several counties—Benton, Linn, Polk, Lane and Marion—through which it will run, if constructed, shall grade the track and furnish ties for the road, each for the part thereof within its own boundaries while the projectors of the enterprise will provide rails, rolling stock, &c. The Albany Democrat gives a favorable notice of the project, and urges it on the attention of those interested.

Cremation.

The cremationists do not propose, they say, to burn the bodies with flame. They talk on a refined process of 'reducing' the bodies to ashes in an oven so arranged, that the escaping gases shall be consumed and fiery vault shall wear an air of gentility while the solemn reduction process is in progress. This mode, they claim, when once in vogue and the people have outgrown the present custom, would be far less distasteful to the mind than the present method of burying the dead beneath the earth, where corruption may proceed and worms do their revolting work.

The Eighteenth Governor.

The St. Louis Dispatch says: If we secure Grover in Oregon, he will make the eighteenth Democratic Governor out of the thirty-seven, which, for a 'dead party,' we may say is 'bully.'

And we have secured him.

For the very best Photographs, go to Bradley & Rulofson's Gallery with an ELLEVATOR, 429 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

NEW, THIS WEEK.

HUNTERS' EMPORIUM!



California Street, Jacksonville, Oregon.

ALWAYS ON HAND THE BEST STOCK of Patent and Home-made Rifle and Shot Guns, single and double; Revolvers of the latest patents; Pocket Pistols, neat, small and powerful; Berringers, the latest and best; also, the best Powder and Powder Flasks; Hunting and pocket knives of the best brands; all sorts of Shot and Pouches; Caps, Wads and everything in the Sportsman's line. The above goods are all of the best quality, and will be sold CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST. All orders promptly filled. Repairing done promptly and in good style. JOHN MILLER, 2717.

LAST CHANCE

AN EASY FORTUNE!!

FIFTH AND LAST CONCERT

IN AID OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

JULY 31, 1874.

LIST OF GIFTS.

Table listing gifts and amounts: One grand cash gift \$25,000, 5 Cash Gifts \$20,000 each, 10 Cash Gifts \$14,000 each, 15 Cash Gifts \$10,000 each, 20 Cash Gifts \$5,000 each, 25 Cash Gifts \$4,000 each, 30 Cash Gifts \$3,000 each, 50 Cash Gifts \$2,000 each, 100 Cash Gifts \$1,000 each, 200 Cash Gifts \$500 each, 500 Cash Gifts \$100 each, 10,000 Cash Gifts \$50 each.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Table listing ticket prices: Whole Tickets \$50.00, Halves \$25.00, Tenth or each Coupon \$5.00, 11 Whole Tickets for \$500.00, 22 Tickets for \$1000.00.

For tickets or information, address THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky. July 3, 1874. 27839.

TO TAX-PAYERS!

DELINQUENT TAX-PAYERS WILL save costs by settling the same with the Sheriff at his office immediately.

T. T. MCKENZIE, Sheriff of Jackson County.

\$5 to \$20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

1874. J. B. WHITE. ALEX. MARTIN.

GRAND

FOURTH OF JULY

CELEBRATION!

—AT—

Jacksonville, July 4, 1874!!

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Jacksonville, July 4, 1874!!

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J. B. WHITE. ALEX. MARTIN.

WHITE & MARTIN

(Successors to James T. Glenn.)

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CALIFORNIA STREET,

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

—

LOW PRICES WILL WIN!

—

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKE PLEASURE in notifying their friends and the public generally that they are now receiving and opening a very large and extensive stock of

STAPLE DRY-GOODS,

Ready-Made Clothing,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Hats and Caps,

California & Salem Cloths and Blankets,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes.

—

We have also in connection with the above a very large and fine stock of choice

GROCERIES, GLASSWARE, QUEENS-WARE, HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

PAINTS, OILS, NAILS, WINDOW GLASS, CAST AND

STEEL PLOWS, WOOD-EN AND WILLOW

WARE, ETC.

—

We are now ready to sell anything in our line at lowest cash prices. Persons wishing to buy goods will find it greatly to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined not to be undersold by any house in Jackson county.

Give us a call, and then judge for yourself as to our capacity to furnish goods as above. WHITE & MARTIN. 2nd.

—

New Firm! New Goods!

—AND—

NEW PRICES!

—AT—

ASHLAND, OREGON.

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J. M. McCALL & CO.

—

HAVE RECEIVED AND ARE STILL receiving the largest and best selected stock of goods ever before offered to the public. The stock consists of

FANCY & STAPLE DRY-GOODS,

READY-MADE

GENTLEMEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING,

BOOTS and SHOES,

CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS,

Iron, Steel,

HORSE SHOES AND NAILS,

GROCERIES,

HARD AND CROCKERY WARE.

Etc., Etc.

Prices to Suit the Times.

—

WANTED.

Three Thousand Bushels of Wheat, in exchange for goods. Highest prices paid, and Goods sold at Cash rates.

Please give us a call and convince yourselves. [27.] McCALL & CO.

—

JOHN L. CARTER & SON,

PAINTERS.

—

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO DO all kinds of Painting, including

HOUSE PAINTING, SIGN PAINTING, ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, WAGON AND CARRIAGE PAINTING.

ALL Styles of Graining Done. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

MILL NOTICE.

WE ARE NOW READY TO RECEIVE wheat in store, and will commence grinding on the 10th inst. Our terms for grinding will be the eighth bushel, or exchange. DALEY & EMERY, Butte Creek Mills, Sept. 1, 1873. 3917.

SETTLE UP.

THOSE INDEBTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED are requested to settle IMMEDIATELY, as, having been burned out by the fire, the money is needed.

HENRY PAPE.