

The Democratic Times.

Official Paper for Jackson & Josephine Counties.

CHARLES NICKELL, EDITOR.

SATURDAY, August 2, 1873.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

This question is at present attracting more attention on this Coast than any other that has been brought up for many years.

There are many cogent reasons why the Chinaman should be scarce in this country. It is a well known fact that he can compete with the white laborer, who finds it impossible to work for the same wages.

They furnish a greater proportion of the criminals, according to their number, causing a greater expense to the tax-payers, and rarely do they pay any portion of the tax their crimes call for.

They never become citizens, consequently pay no poll-tax, etc., and any special tax imposed upon them is declared unconstitutional by the Federal authorities and not in harmony with the Burlingame treaty, which gives them unlimited rights.

It is estimated that there are at least 100,000 Chinese on the Pacific Coast, and the rights given them under the existing treaties is bringing thousands more.

It is useless to enumerate more of the many evils resulting from their presence here, so transparent is the detriment to the country. It is some satisfaction, however, to know that even Radicals are forced to pass resolutions in their conventions against them, and we hope the time may not be distant when we shall have this tide of immigration checked and herds of them returning to their native land.

The people are arousing and forming societies for protection against this influx. San Francisco and Portland are taking active steps in the matter, and at the coming election in California the Chinese question will receive much attention.

This treaty once modified or abrogated, the China influx checked, our cities and towns will again take a fresh growth, our people will prosper, money circulate freely and the cry of "hard times" will be silent forever. This must be done. Should the present treaty stand many years, this coast will be completely overrun with the heathens and damned for future time.

The Salary Grab.

The increase of the salaries of Congressmen and other officials of the Government takes one and a half million dollars more from the National treasury than we paid these same officials during a Democratic Administration of the Government, and before a Radical President and a Radical Congress declared themselves to be possessed of the right to rob the people.

WHAT THEY SAY OF US.

The good opinion of our cotemporaries and the public is an object worthy to be labored for and to be proud of. Our readers will therefore pardon us for copying these flattering notices:

The Jacksonville Times has reappeared on new material and presents a very neat appearance. The Times is a good local paper.—Lafayette Courier.

The Jacksonville Times which was burned out last spring has made its re-appearance and presents a very fine typographical make up and is full of news. We wish the proprietors better luck next time.—Oregon City Enterprise.

THE JACKSONVILLE TIMES.—We are pleased to chronicle the re-publication of this valuable paper. Its typographical appearance is excellent, its editorials able, while its Democracy is unimpeachable. We extend a hearty welcome, accompanied with our best wishes for its success.—Pioneer.

DEMOCRATIC TIMES.—We were pleased to again receive this able Democratic cotemporary last Monday. We wish Messrs. Hull & Nickell the best of success in the future, and hope that they may soon regain the loss they sustained by the destruction of their office by fire. The Times is worthy of the support of the Democracy of Southern Oregon.—Oregon City Enterprise.

THE "DEMOCRATIC TIMES."—After three months our cotemporary has again made its appearance, dressed in new type and looking very pretty. It is, however, as bitterly Democratic as ever, and its young editor has already again commenced harping about "enlarging in a short time." Notwithstanding which criticisms, we wish our cotemporary success, and extend to it the right hand of fellowship in promoting and fostering the interests of Southern Oregon.—Oregon Sentinel.

OUR CROP PROSPECTS.

It is perhaps too early, says the Statesman, to indulge in anything like reliable estimates of the wheat market for the harvest year. We know that our State will be in position to supply to a larger extent than ever before, any and all demands for bread-stuffs and feed. The oldest inhabitant never saw so fine a crop as we have this year, nor anywhere near so large an aggregate yield as now seems assured. It is not easy to predict what prices may prevail, because there are yet only brief, incomplete reports of the crops in Europe. It is established by the advices from the United Kingdom, that the crop of this year is not equal to that of last year, which means that it is far below the average. In France, the crops are unusually good. Germany will produce her average crop. Russia on account of dry weather will have but a small crop, while her demands are large.

The reports of crops in the Western States, have indicated until recently, a considerably less than average yield. Lately, however, the reports have been of decidedly better weather and a better promise of yield. Still, the crop is likely to turn out below the average. We think this is true, also of California, taking the whole State into account. Our prices must, of course, depend upon the prices paid at the English importing ports. At present, the indications are that the prices now ruling, will be substantially maintained upon the average, through the fall and early winter months. We do not see anything to make us sanguine of prices for the year, greatly above the figures now quoted at the leading grain marts.

To the Members of the Democratic State Central Committee.

OREGON CITY, July 16, 1873.

In consequence of a vacancy in the Chairmanship of the Democratic State Central Committee, the undersigned, a member of that Committee for Clackamas county, would respectfully suggest that the members of said Committee meet at Portland on Saturday, August 9th, 1873, for the purpose of making arrangements for the approaching special election for member of Congress and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary. W. L. WHITE.

The New Trade Dollar.

A Washington dispatch says that six pairs of dies for the new trade dollar have been shipped from the Philadelphia mint for the use of the mint at San Francisco, and four for the mint at Carson. The work of coining the new dollar will be commenced at these places when the dies are received. It has already commenced at Philadelphia, the first one having been received by Secretary Richardson as a specimen.

GENERAL NOTES AND NEWS.

A. T. Stewart made his will before sailing for Europe, and it shows him to be worth \$100,000,000.

The revolution in Spain still goes on. The Carlists seem to be getting away with the Republicans.

Wheat brings about five cents per cental more in San Francisco than it did this time last year and sells for about seven pence less in Liverpool.

Tacoma has been selected as the terminus of the Northern Pacific railroad, at which Seattle and other Sound cities were exceedingly wrathful. Multitudes are rushing thither.

A large haul of Apaches has lately been made in Arizona—200—which virtually wipes out the red devils in Northern Arizona. Crook is the General to fight Indians.

Judge McArthur declines to be a candidate for Congress. He is the second gentleman who has positively declined such a candidacy—Hon. Geo. K. Helm being the other.

England will pay the Geneva award, amounting to \$15,500,000, on the 6th September. The transaction is to be effected through the agents of the American loan in London.

A New York man who believes in advertising, paid a bill of \$78,000 the other day for one year's work, but it was money well spent, for the earnings resulting from that advertisement, which were divided among four persons, footed up \$650,000.

The Postal Card proves so popular that the Postmaster General expresses a belief that the number required for the fiscal year will be double the original estimate. Fifty millions have already been ordered. It is thought that two hundred millions will be required for the first year.

Don Carlos is said to have an entire force of 100,000 men at his command. A good many Frenchmen are joining him. France appears to be fraternizing with the Carlists, while Germany has, in the delivery of the insurgent vessel Vigilante to the Government of Spain, manifested sympathy with the republic.

The general election in California will take place September 3d. The judicial election a month later. Nothing but the Legislature and county officers will be elected in September, but a U. S. Senator is to be chosen in the winter. The Democracy have an excellent opportunity of carrying that State, as the Radicals are divided.

A writer in Croft's Western World says: What so highly recommends Oregon to all coming settlers is, that all original titles to our lands are good. We have no Spanish grants, like California; and buyers of our land can, on examination of our records, see at once all about local incumbrances, from mortgages, judgments or decrees in court.

The last Springfield Republican received here says: "Vice President Wilson has only appeared once in public since his late paralytic stroke. The paralysis which he received was on the right side of his face, affecting his sight and hearing, and drawing down his mouth. His physician says he will have his features all right by the opening of Congress if he will leave work alone."

Pork packers of San Francisco complain of a perceptible falling off in the number of hogs offered for slaughter. This fact may be of some interest to Oregon hog raisers. But no doubt the diminished production of pork in California is largely due to heavy receipts of cured meats from Chicago and St. Louis; and the cause produces a like effect here. But the fact is not creditable to the Pacific Coast.

About one hundred houses were destroyed and sixty families rendered homeless by the Baltimore fire last week. It is estimated that \$600,000 will cover all losses. No lives were lost by the fire. Sister Rinaldia, a nun in the Convent of St. Alphonso's church, died from fright. Owing to the large number of shingle roofs in several parts of the burnt district, the fire swept through the upper parts of buildings and left the lower portions of whole rows scarcely damaged.

Roseburg Peculiarities.

Who has not heard of Roseburg, the terminus of the O. & C. Railroad? This town was lately incorporated, and the bards who drew up the ordinances evidently intended that the city should not suffer for want of funds. One of these ordinances requires that mechanics and everybody engaged in any kind of business, shall take out a license. As it seems to be all right with the Roseburgers, we presume everybody else is satisfied.

OREGON NEWS.

More small-pox in Portland. Mount Hood was indulging in a quiet smoke last Monday.

Mount Rainier is reported to be emitting great quantities of smoke at present.

The Utica (New York) milliners advertise Modoc hats and Boston Charley bonnets.

The Pentagraph has been designed by the Executive Committee of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars, as the organ of the order in Oregon.

Mr. Longfellow, residing near the head of Soap Creek, in Benton county, killed a black bear, one day last week, with a shot-gun loaded with bird shot.

The Agricultural and Wool Growers Association, of Douglas county, have sold their wool, amounting to 40,000 pounds, by bid to S. Marks & Co., for 23 1/2 cents per pound.

Handsome and eloquent eulogies upon the lives and characters of Hon. J. G. Wilson and Judge Thayer, deceased, were pronounced in the Supreme Court last week.

A. W. Spaw, residing near Lebanon, Linn county, has exhibited specimens of his crop of side oats, which measure 7 feet 6 inches. How is that for high in the grain line?

John Frazer, a farmer living on Birch creek, Umatilla county, sheared 4,100 head of sheep this season, from which he got 31,000 pounds of wool, the sheep averaging 8 pounds to the fleece.

The Bulletin says: Corbitt & Macleay made their first shipment of Oregon salmon to Europe four years ago in the ship Adeline Edwards, and now they are shipping it to all the Australian Colonies, China, Liverpool and the West Indies, and in each place the fish possesses an excellent reputation.

The race between La Beuff's "Buckskin" and Geo. Ross' thoroughbred mare "Maria," formerly of Jacksonville, was run at Baker City on the 17th instant. The mare won the race by about twenty feet. The track was heavy, and neither made the time with which they stand credited. The main purse was \$2,600, besides this many thousands changed hands. Time, 1:52.

The Oregon City Enterprise says: "Steps have been taken to secure a subscription among printers to erect a neat little monument to the honor of the late John Fleming, who died at that place about a year ago. This is nothing more than the craft should do. Uncle John was a man of integrity and an honor to the fraternity, and being the pioneer printer on the Northwestern coast, it is due to him from the printers of this and adjoining States and Territories. It will take but little from each printer and we know that their liberality will promptly respond to this worthy object. Let us suitably mark the spot where the old patriarch rests from his toils. At present there is nothing to designate his resting place. It is proposed not to call on any but printers to contribute to this fund, but such old friends of Uncle John who may feel it a privilege to give to this object, can do so, and the same will be duly acknowledged."

Hon. J. H. Slater and the Back-pay Steal.

A great many Radical newspapers in this State, that persistently stand by the President" in his back-pay steal of \$25,000 per annum, and who see nothing to complain of in Carpenter, Conkling & Co., for supporting the measure and appropriating the plunder, says the Portland News, attempt to be witty over Mr. Slater's conduct in drawing his pay. Mr. Slater didn't take any back pay. The steal measure, instead of giving him additional or increased pay, effected a diminution of it. The accounts of Congressmen had to be squared by the new law. All that those members could do, who did not wish to participate in the steal, was to draw their pay, and then return so much of it as had been added to what the old law gave them. The new law gave Mr. Slater \$220 less than he was entitled to under the old law. Readers will see how very difficult, under these circumstances, it would have been for Mr. Slater to have returned the increased pay to the Government. It is bad enough to rob a man—even of so small a sum as \$220—but is much worse to attempt to smother the fact by a clamor of accusation against him. Such an exhibition of dishonesty is unheard of. It shows with what confidence and how habitually Republican newspapers rely upon the stupidity of the Radical mind.

Editorial Change.

Col. B. B. Taylor, who did the financial articles in the Oregon Herald that caused so much anguish in the Holladay household, has purchased J. W. Kelly's interest in the Salem Mercury. Kelly goes to Roseburg to edit the Painedeater.

NEW, THIS WEEK.

A WILLFUL LIAR.

IN REPLY to the Oregon Sentinel of July 19th and 26th, 1873, I will say this much: That B. F. Dowell, editor of the Sentinel and attorney for the Chinese lawdy houses, is a willful and malicious liar, etc.

To the public, before whom I bring the case for decision, I beg leave to say these words: I have lived among you and in this country about seventeen years, and did you ever know or hear of my name being in such a miserable paper as the Sentinel, or any criminal charges brought against me in a Court of Justice? Then, again, is there a person in the country that will say it but that lying scoundrel, B. F. Dowell? He says I am a perjurer and a liar. The only reason he has for saying so, is that I will not uphold him in this attempt to maintain Chinese lawdy houses in our midst.

Now, in the first place, Dowell charges me in the Sentinel of July 19th that a subpoena had been previously issued and served on me before I was a juror. This is a malicious lie, as the following will show:

JACKSONVILLE, July 19, 1873. I, the undersigned, acting Marshal of the town of Jacksonville, hereby certify that Morris Mensor was summoned as a witness in behalf of the State of Oregon vs. Chinamen, after he was discharged as a juror, and the second jury was already empaneled, and not as B. F. Dowell stated in the Sentinel. HUGH JOHNSTON, Acting Marshal.

When summoned as a juror, I was asked the following questions in Court by the Chinese attorney, B. F. Dowell:

Did you form any opinion in this case of the State of Oregon vs. the Chinamen (mentioning their names, which I do not know)? Answer—No; not until I hear evidence. Question—Are you against these particular Chinamen? Answer—I am against all Chinamen; but not until I hear the evidence in this case. If they are guilty or not guilty, I will say so. Please read the testimony of the jurors present on the same panel:

We, the undersigned, heard the examination alluded to in the Sentinel of the 19th, and believe the above statement of questions asked and answered given to be correct. ADAM SCHMITT, K. KUBEL, J. WITTEBER, L. B. HALL.

In the afternoon I was called as a witness to state what I knew in this case of the State of Oregon against certain Chinamen, when the following occurred: Question—What is the general reputation of these Chinese houses? Answer—Lawdy houses (and I uttered a few words more, which will not bear printing).

Question—Do you know these Chinamen? Answer—No. Question—Would you know them if you should see them? Answer—No.

Dowell did not know what to do. He commenced to run down my testimony and establishing these houses as Chinese doctor institutions. I then answered him that not disputing him as to their being doctor houses, for maybe Dowell is better acquainted in Chinese quarters than I am, and things which I have seen and stated before you might have only been an examination of female students, and me not knowing hereof or of such institutions, he might be right. After the above statement to the Court, Dowell thought I was twitting with facts. He commenced trying to browbeat me in such a manner I must admit I was puzzled to answer these words:

Did you not perjure yourself stating this morning you have not made up your opinion or expressed it? I made a halt, thinking a few moments. I answered whether I did or not, that was not my intention. I told you this morning I must hear the evidence before I can make up my opinion. Dowell said this was not the question. Did you or not? Answer—I do not understand what you mean. Question—Did you or not express your opinion in this case? Thinking over, I answered no. Now, as to my knowledge, I ought to be acquainted with the parties indicted in this Court before I can make up my opinion. I only have stated what the general reputation of the houses is, and what I have seen.

Question—Do you know these Chinese women before the Court? Answer—No. Question—Are these the women you have seen in the performance you have stated? Answer—I do not know one from the other. All I beg of the public is to read the testimony, and see who is a perjurer and liar, and judge for yourselves. As to the quarrel, B. F. Dowell is alone to blame. He commenced without cause, the only one, perhaps, being that having been employed by Chinese, he probably thought I would or ought to join with him. But I cannot swallow the Chinese pills he thinks to prescribe for me; I prefer Pratt's Webfoot Pills. Furthermore, I do not wish to continue this quarrel; but if Dowell wishes to do so, let him say it. He, or any of his kind, cannot frighten me, whether on paper or in any shape he wishes to name.

Before closing, I will say this much: I have only stated the truth in this case. The American people shall live forever, and do justice to all. M. MENSOR. Jacksonville, July 31st, 1873.

SWAMP LAND NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the maps and descriptions of the Swamp and Overflowed Lands in the following Townships, to-wit: Township 37, South Range, 10 East, 28 " " 9 " " 28 " " 10 " " 28 " " 11a " " 28 " " 14 " " 29 " " 11a " " 29 " " 11 " " 29 " " 12 " " 29 " " 13 " " 29 " " 14 " " 29 " " 15 " " 29 " " 16 " " 29 " " 16 " " 40 " " 40 " " 40 " " 16 " "

Selected in Jackson county, Oregon, have been completed and approved by the Board and filed according to law in the office of the County Clerk of Jackson county, and the Board is now ready to receive first payment on said lands. By order of the Board. H. CANN, Clerk of Board. July 29th, 1873. 31x34.

NOTICE.

PERSONS OWING DR. L. DANFORTH by note or account, will please come forward and pay the same. I will not refuse any kind of grain or flour, as I wish to concentrate my means this fall and winter. Jacksonville, July 30th, 1873. 31f.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has been appointed by the County Court of Jackson county, Oregon, Executrix of the Estate of William Brotherton, deceased, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to settle the same immediately; and all persons having claims against said Estate are requested to present them, with the proper vouchers, to me at my residence in Jacksonville, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof. SARAH M. BROTHERTON, Administratrix. Jacksonville, July 21st, 1873. 30x33.

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Josephine county. (Sitting in Private.)

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert Trimble, Deceased. CHARRETT CROCKETT, Administrator of said Estate, having filed in said Court his final account for settlement, and also praying for an order for setting a time for hearing the same; therefore notice is hereby given that said final account will be heard and determined in said Court on Monday, the 1st day of September, 1873. By order of Hon. J. B. Steyer, Judge of said Court. CHAS. HUGHES, Clerk. July 12th, 1873. 28x31.

Redemption of State County Bonds.

STATE OF OREGON, TREASURER'S OFFICE, SALEM, July 2, 1873. Amount applicable for Redemption, (\$44,800) forty-four thousand and eight hundred dollars.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned at his office at Salem, until AUGUST 2d, 1873, for the surrender of Bounty Bonds, issued under provisions of an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the United States, approved October 24th, 1864, at the lowest rate, not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest number of Bonds. Bids to include interest to date of surrender, and to be addressed to L. FLEISCHNER, Treasurer of State, Salem, Oregon. 28x31.

Redemption of State Relief Bonds.

STATE OF OREGON, TREASURER'S OFFICE, SALEM, July 2, 1873. Amount applicable for Redemption, (\$27,000) twenty-seven thousand dollars.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned at his office, at Salem, until AUGUST 2d, 1873, for the surrender of Relief Bonds, issued under provisions of an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the United States, approved October 24th, 1864, at the lowest rate, not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest number of bonds. Bids to include interest to date of surrender, and to be addressed to L. FLEISCHNER, Treasurer of State, Salem, Oregon. 28x31.

Summons.

In Justice Court, for the Precinct of Little Butte, State of Oregon, County of Jackson. Isaac Skeeters vs. T. L. Hensley; action to recover money by writ of attachment.

THE T. L. HENSLEY, the above named Defendant: In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby required to appear before the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace for the Precinct aforesaid, on the 6th day of September, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of said Justice in said Precinct, to answer the above named Plaintiff in a civil action.

The Defendant will take notice that if he fails to answer the complaint herein, the Plaintiff will take judgment against him for thirteen dollars and ninety cents, (\$13 90), together with costs. Given under my hand this 23d day of July, A. D. 1873. JAMES W. SIMPSON, J. P.

I hereby order the above to be published in the DEMOCRATIC TIMES once a week for six consecutive weeks. JAMES W. SIMPSON, J. P. July 29th, 1873. 30x35.

Executor's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE County Court of Jackson county, Oregon, made May 12th, A. D. 1873, the undersigned as Executors of the last will and testament of O. D. Hoxie, deceased, will on

Saturday, August 23d, A. D. 1873, at the Court House door in Jacksonville, in said county, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, expose for public sale to the highest bidder for cash in gold coin, all the right, title and interest which the said O. D. Hoxie had at his decease, (subject to the dower right of the widow of said O. D. Hoxie), in and to the following described tract or parcel of land, lying and being in the County of Jackson, State of Oregon, to-wit: Commencing at the Northeast corner of Claim No. 41, in Township 37, South of Range 1 West, and running thence West along the south boundary of Donation Claim No. 46, 23 chains and 86 links to the western boundary of the county road to a post and mound of rocks; thence South 39° East along the line of the road 7 chains and 15 links; thence East 19 chains and 59 links to a post on the east boundary of Claim No. 41; thence North 54° East chains to the place of beginning, and containing 11.89 acres, the same being a part of Donation Claims Nos. 41 and 47, in Township 37, South of Range 1 West, Willamette Meridian, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging in or in any wise appertaining. On the confirmation of the sale by the County Court aforesaid, and the payment of the purchase money, a deed of conveyance will be executed to the purchaser. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day. ELIZA ANN HOXIE, Executrix, SILAS J. DAY, Executor. July 28th, 1873. 30x33.

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JOHN PASHBURG, YREKA, CAL., Keeps Constantly on Hand IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC HAVANA CIGARS.

—AND— ALL OTHER BRANDS, AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES. 29ly.

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