

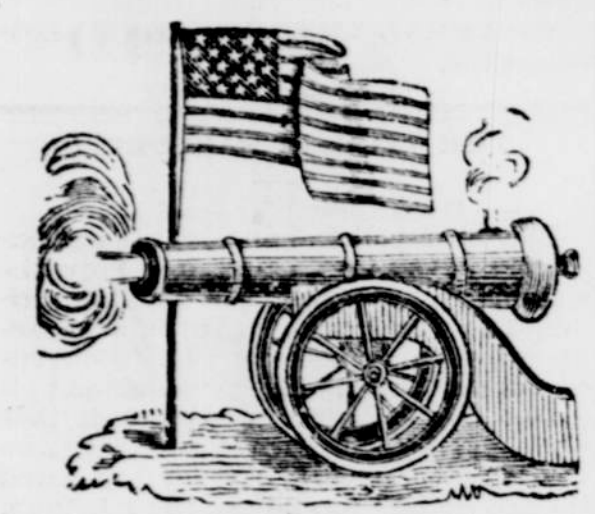
The Democratic Times.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12, 1871.

E. D. FODRAY, Business Agent.

OFFICIAL PAPER FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

THE FIRST GUN!



The Democracy have made a clean sweep in Kentucky—elected the entire State ticket and the Legislature. We may add here that the Kentucky Democracy "didn't take any New Departure in their's;" on the contrary the new fangled heresy was denounced on the stump by Leslie, the Governor elect. Good for Kentucky!

THE CALIFORNIA CANVASS.—The California canvass waxes hot. Both parties are putting forth extraordinary exertions to carry the day, and each seems to be equally confident that victory will perch upon its banner. S. S. Cox, better known as "sunset" Cox, and Brick Ponnery are making speeches in behalf of the Democratic ticket, while John A. Bingham, of Ohio—he whom Butler accused of the murder of Mrs. Surratt—George Coolie Gorham, Haight, Booth and other eminent orators on both sides are contributing their efforts toward making the present the most brilliant and exciting political struggle ever witnessed in California. Next month will decide the issue. Our Democratic collaborators in the neighboring State have our sincere sympathy and best wishes notwithstanding their endorsement of the "new departure."

SLAUGHTER OF THE INNOCENTS.

We desire to enter our earnest protest against the murderous practice of immuring young children within the walls of a school room during the hot season. We are convinced from a long observation of this evil practice that at least seven-tenths of the diseases of children originated from the close confinement to which they are subjected. Six hours' imprisonment, during the prevailing warm weather, would weaken the bodily and mental energies of the strongest man amongst us. But to the little ones to whom active exercise is as much a necessary of life as food the confinement is a cruelty—a wicked and an inhuman cruelty. At this season of the year, disease amongst children is probably greater than at any other period; consequently they should be allowed abundance of fresh air and plenty of exercise to enable them, by obtaining a vigorous physique, to resist the encroachments of disease. This would be the dictate of common sense; but instead of this, children, from four to twelve years old, are cooped up in a hot school house during the dog days until they become emaciated in mind and emaciated in body and are fit subjects for the ravages of scarlet fever, measles, diphtheria and the "thousand" other diseases which have populated the hill above town with little graves. We hope our school directors will take the subject into earnest consideration, and give the little fellows a holiday until the weather gets cooler. We are satisfied they will get along better, mentally and physically, if permitted to rest when Sirius is in the ascendant and the chances for disease and death will be much lessened. Give the little folks all the chances for enjoyment that can be given them now, for the time is soon coming, and all too soon, when the burdens of life will gall and wound them as they do their elders.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE.

Last fall section thirty-six, township thirty-seven, south range two west, situated in the best mining region of Jackson creek, was applied for before the Board of School and University Land Commissioners as school land, at the rate of \$2.50 per acre, which was the price fixed by the School Superintendent of Jackson county for the land, upon which there was about fifty miners working last winter. Upon the application being known, an energetic protest was filed by a large number of the miners on Jackson creek, since which time nothing has been heard from the Board of School and University Land Commissioners. So far as the location of the land is concerned, we have nothing to say. It was the undoubted privilege of those working the mines to make application to enter the land if they saw fit to do so. The only question is, can this land be entered against the equities existing on behalf of the miners, many of whom have occupied mining claims upon it for years, and depend upon the yield of their claims for their daily sustenance? This was the question submitted by the miners' pro-

test to the Board of School and University Land Commissioners. These miners are not blessed with a very great abundance of this world's gear. They depend upon their hard labor and the yield of these claims for daily bread for themselves and families; and it is undoubtedly due them that their fate be decided by the Board as soon as possible. If the Board intend to oust them from the mining claims upon which they have labored for years in perfect security, that their rights as miners upon the public lands was guaranteed them by the laws and customs of the country, let it be done quickly, so that they may seek other localities better secured from the grasp of rich combinations and the swindles of unscrupulous officers. On the other hand, if they are to be permitted to enjoy these claims, common justice requires that they should know it soon, so that they may be enabled to go to work and develop their mines.

STATE NEWS.

From the Guard: Senator Kelly opposes the "New Departure." Hon. Jas. H. Slater endorses it.

Two large freight wagons, drawn by eight horses each, passed through town last Sunday en route for Fort Klamath with government supplies.

The Salem Statesman of Wednesday has this: "A steamer just from Klamath, over the Penra road, confirms the reports that it is in a wretched condition for travel. The grades are narrow, bridges unsafe, fords almost utterly impassable, and large rocks in the road.

Last Monday night the store of the Springfield Manufacturing Company was entered, the safe broken open with a sledge hammer and robbed of about \$300. A young man named George Lyne was arrested and on examination was held to answer in the sum of \$700 for his appearance at Circuit Court. He procured bail and was released.

From the Dallas Republican:

A man named Brown was accidentally shot on Nestucca trail one day last week, and at last accounts was in a critical situation.

We understand a party are making arrangements to survey the Grand Round reservation, and take the necessary steps toward dividing the land among the Indians.

The extreme warm weather following the rain of last week has ripened the grain very rapidly, and reapers and headers are being brought out, and farmers are speedily preparing to garner the golden harvest.

We are informed that Col. Hogg bought out the Willamette valley & Cascade Mountain Wagon Road Co., lock, stock and barrel, on Thursday, paying at the rate of \$400 per share for the stock, and assuming indebtedness of the Company to the amount of \$16,000. We understand that Col. Hogg has twenty days in which to pay over the cash. There were 300 shares of stock, some of which had been secured by the Col. previous to Thursday. As with the road there goes some 800,000 acres of land, it is just possible that there is a big speculation somewhere. Now that this much vexed matter is settled, let our capitalists turn their attention to putting through the Santiam Ditch. There is time yet to get it through before the winter rains set in. On with the ditch! Let joy be unconfined! or words to that effect.—Real Estate Special.

The Corvallis Gazette says: We get the following items from Mr. Geo. Mercer, our County Surveyor, who has just completed a survey of the boundary of the Klamath Lake Reservation, and a partial subdivision of the same. The Reservation is about fifty miles square, and lies on the eastern shore of Middle Klamath Lake, and extends up Sprague's river about eighteen miles above the Yainox Agency, and north to include the upper lake or marsh. The general appearance of the country, except a few valleys, is sterile and uninviting, and mostly covered with pumice stone. The country is rolling, the hills neither high nor abrupt, and generally covered by a fine growth of pine timber, free from underbrush. The Reservation is well adapted to the Indians, so far as procuring a living from roots, fish, game, etc., is concerned, but not well adapted for carrying out the present policy of the Indian department. The country abounds with fine springs. The one at the Agency runs a saw mill and supplies an irrigating ditch, and furnishes besides an immense amount of surplus water, a portion of which they propose to use as motive power for a grist mill now in process of erection. As a farming country, the Klamath Lake region is not a success.

While surveying in the Klamath Lake country, Mr. Mercer and party came to a most remarkable spring, about twenty-five rods in width and one quarter of a mile in length. It bursts forth from the base of a mountain, ice-cold and clear as a crystal, and affords about three times the volume of water that is found in Mary's river at the bridge south of this place. It intersects Williamson's river, a warm, turbid stream, about one and a half or two miles below, and entirely changes the character of that stream to that of clear, cold and beautiful, in which trout from twelve to sixteen inches in length are plainly visible several yards distant.

The Plaindealer say:

Each week brings the road nearer to us. The workmen are engaged in grading the road over the Smith hill, six miles north of Oakland. The route finally adopted in crossing this ridge, is the old trail which passes through the farm of David Underwood. The ridge is not very high, but the difficulty in crossing is caused by the fact that it is narrow, and there are no spurs to assist in the ascent. The cut through the pass will be fifty feet, and to attain this altitude it becomes necessary to make several curves through the farm of Mrs. Smith and others. This is the only point on the road between Eugene City and this place which pre-

sents any serious difficulty.

A correspondent to the Bulletin, writing from Eugene City, says:

The railroad work goes along well above here, all things taken into consideration. They struck a bed of adobe about seven miles south from here which defied all attempts to plow it. Hallett said "give us some more teams; if one team can't pull that plow through ten can, and if that won't do we'll put on twenty, for she's got to go." And so she did. Camps of men are strung out along the line for thirty miles, the furthest south being that of John O'Connor & Co., who have a sub-contract for three miles in Pass Creek. The brothers Wheeler have finished one sub-contract near this city, and are waiting for the engineers to locate more line so they can take another. Larrison & Watson have nearly finished one section of two miles near this city, most all rock work. C. W. Pierson has a gang at work near Campbell Chrisman's, and Richard Marion finished a piece of seven stations yesterday near Bowles, on the stage road. The forces of Mr. Hallett are distributed in between the sub-contractors as follows: One hundred and eighteen Chinese under Michael Connelly, in the rocky bluff known as McVay's point; sixty white laborers under Neil McNeil, some two miles further on. This party is known as the "Bowling Sixty-ninth," and are making a great fill in a ravine. William Rinewald, the "swar horse of Scott Bar," has some eighty men near the widow Matlock's, working in the adobe where they hew the mud out with an adze; and Charles Howe has a force of thirty cutting off the point of the hill somewhere above Rinewald. A great drawback has been the want of blasting powder, the first having arrived to-day, after being twenty-four days on the way from San Francisco. In the meantime, Hallett and Hughes have been telegraphing to the mining towns in Douglas county for it, and got in all twenty-two kegs. That little supply was not wasted, but used to the very best advantage. You would be astonished to see what effective work it did. The rock is soft and seamy, and we find petrified snails and clams in great quantities in the rock. If the Stephens gets in so that we can get the two hundred Chinamen by Tuesday, you won't see a laborer within twenty miles of here after the next two weeks. I have never seen work so well pushed under such unfavorable circumstances, for the plowmen and scrapers have been leaving daily, on account of the approaching harvest.

THE KU KLUX INVESTIGATION.—The investigations of the Congressional Ku-Klux-smelling committee continues, and the result turns out to be just what was expected when it commenced its labors. The alleged outrages of the Ku Klux turn out to be frauds, gotten up for election purposes by the sealawags and carpet-baggers who curse the South just now with their presence. There are no Ku Klux either in Georgia, Alabama or Mississippi, where the majority of the outrages are said to have occurred. And the "outrages" in North Carolina are perpetrated for the most part by the carpet-baggers and their negro allies.

C. P. RAILROAD.—A late telegram says the sale of the California Pacific to the Central Pacific has been effected. It is said that on last Thursday passengers for the East were sent from San Francisco over the Vallejo route.

JAS. T. GLENN,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CALIFORNIA STREET,

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON;

LOW PRICES WILL WIN.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKE PLEASURE in notifying his friends and the public generally that he is now receiving and opening a very large and extensive stock of

STAPLE DRY GOODS

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS

CALIFORNIA AND SALEM

CLOTHING

BLANKETS,

HOOP SKIRTS,

ETC., ETC.

Boots and Shoes; Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes.

We have also in connection with the above a very Large and Extensive Stock of Choice

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE,

QUEENSWARE, CLASSWARE, CUTLERY, PAINTS, OILS, ETC.,

Window Glass, Nails, Iron and Steel, Cast and Steel Plows, Wooden and Willow Ware, Etc., Etc.

I am now ready to sell anything in my line at the lowest cash price. Persons wishing to buy goods will find it greatly to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined not to be undersold by any house in Jackson county.

Give me a call, and then judge for yourself as to our capacity to furnish goods as above. JAS. T. GLENN.

EXHIBIT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

of Jackson county from July 7th, 1870, to July 20th, 1871, as per settlement with the Treasurer:

Table with multiple columns listing financial transactions, including claims on file unpaid, county warrants, salaries, and various expenses, with corresponding dollar amounts.

HOFFMAN & KLIPPEL

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND

OFFER FOR SALE.



Cook Stoves, Different Styles.

HAY FORKS and RAKES, GRASS SCYTHES and SNATHS, WOODEN and STEEL BARLEY FORKS, GRAPE VINE CRADLES, MANURE FORKS, GRASS SCOOPERS, TRACE and HALTER CHAINS, CHOPPING and BROAD AXES, HATCHETS and HAMMERS, BENCH SCREWS, WAGON BOXES, PATENT CROSS CUT and BUCK SAWS, HAND-SAWS, SHELF HARDWARE, CUTLERY, & C., NAILS OF ALL SIZES, PAINTS, OILS and VARNISH, WINDOW GLASS and PUTTY, TUBS and BASKETS, CLOTHES WRINGERS, TRAYS and BOWLS.

Giant Powder,

Fuse and Caps, Rifle & Blasting Powder

ASSORTED IRON AND STEEL, SUBMERGED & DOUGLAS PUMPS, CAST-IRON WASH KETTLES, BAKE OVENS, SKILLETS and TEA-KETTLES, BRASS & ENAMELED KETTLES, FRY-PANS, & C.

NEW YORK COMBINED REAPER AND MOWER AND HORSE RAKES.

ALWAYS ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF TINWARE.

HOFFMAN & KLIPPEL.

Jacksonville, June 10th, 1871. j617-1f.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

G. KAREWSKI, HAVING JUST OPENED a large stock of

STAPLE DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES,

BLANKETS,

GLASSWARE,

HARDWARE,

PAINTS & OILS.

My Motto:

"Quick Sales & Small Profits."

THE BRICK STORE,

Corner of Oregon and Main Streets, offers bargains, such as have not been offered before at Jacksonville.

This stock is fresh and of the best quality, and CASH purchasers will do well to call on him.

Staple Produce

taken in exchange for goods. Also ground salt in 50 and 100 lbs. sacks, and fine Liverpool salt. jan7-1f.

QUICK SALES

And Small Profits,

"IS MY MOTTO."

REPAIRING

I AM SELLING A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of Saddles and Harness cheaper than ever was offered before in Jacksonville. "Seeing is believing." Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. JERRY NUNAN. Jacksonville, Jan. 14th, 1871. jan-11f.

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTION

Printed with neatness and dispatch at this office.

Citation to Heirs.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for the County of Jackson, June, 1871. (Sitting in Probate.)

In the matter of the Estate of James R. Pool, Deceased.

To JOSHUA R. POOL, heir of the Property and Estate of James R. Pool, Dec'd, and all others interested therein: You and each of you are hereby notified that William G. Buffum, Executor of said Estate, has filed his petition, praying for an order of said Court to sell the following described real property belonging to said Estate, situated in Yamhill county, Oregon, to-wit: One half interest in two hundred acres of land, more or less, being a portion of the Donation land claim of John Sherwood and wife, and by them conveyed to James R. Pool. Therefore notice is hereby given to the heirs-at-law of said Estate, that the prayer of said petition will be heard and determined at the Clerk's office of said County on Tuesday, the 1st day of August, A. D., 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place the said heir-at-law above named, and all others unknown, if any there be, are hereby notified to appear and show cause, if any exist, why an order of sale should not be made, as in the aforesaid petition prayed for.

By order of Hon. T. H. B. Shipley, Judge of said Court. SILAS J. DAY, Clerk. Jacksonville, June 13th, 1871. j617-w4.

THE TABLE ROCK SALOON.

Wintjen & Helms, Proprietors.

Oregon St., next to Odd Fellows' Building.

MESSES. WINTJEN & HELMS BEG TO inform their friends and the public generally that they have thoroughly refitted their saloon, and reduced the price of liquors to

12 1-2 CENTS.

They will be happy to have their friends "call and smile."

English Ale and Porter,

together with the finest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

50 Points of Billiards for Drinks.

April 1st, 1870. april-1f.

FREIGHT WAGON FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS ONE LARGE freight wagon for sale. Also one set team harness, new. The above property can be seen at the U. S. Hotel, Jacksonville. Terms of sale part cash, and the remainder in freight. LOUIS HORNE. Jacksonville, May 12th, 1871. may18-1f.