# THE INDEPENDENT.

Thursday August 10, 1876.

## Laborers against Monopolists—The Poor against the Rich.

A petition which appears in another column states that the O. & C. R. R. Co., the W. T. & L. Co., and the O. S. N. Co., have formed a combination and are forcing the people to pay enormous prices for transportation. Farmers have to pay 14 cts a bushel for the transportation of wheat from Albany to Portland now whereas last year they paid only 8c. Farmers in Washington county have to pay $32 a ear-load for transporting their wheat from Hillsboro to Portland against $22 last year. These excessive rates, at this time when grain is low are ruinous to the producing, laboring classes and they begin to rouse to action now that their enemies, the monopolists, have them in their grip. We understand that the Granges throughout the State are busy circulating petitions to be sent to the Legislature this fall praying for the passage of a bill regulating rates of river and railway transportation, and that these petitions will be indorsed by at least 14,000 signers. The following resolution adopted at a meeting of Shedd Grange on the 29th of July will show that the farmers are thoroughly aroused in the Upper Willamette on this subject:

*Resolved*: That the Willamette river is the highway of this valley, and that the canal and locks, at its falls, the property of the State; and that any attempt to obstruct or monopolize their navigation against the interests of the people should be resisted by law and legislation, and, failing in this, to open the river by physical force.

This resolution smacks somewhat of revolution and is a warning to the monopolists that the producers are going to make a struggle for their rights. But the monopolists have been preparing for this struggle which they have long foreseen, and that they will outgeneral the producers in this Legislature is quite plain to us. We have seen the California Legislature last year, elected on this very issue of regulating rates of transportation, bought up by the monopolists and the people defeated of their aims and defrauded of their rights by the very men they had elected to defend and secure them. We say the monopolists in this State have been preparing for this struggle with the people. It is the opinion of good lawyers that the bill enacted by the Legislature of 1870 providing for the construction of a lock and dam at Oregon City was so constructed in the interest of the monopoly that owns them that they can charge any price they please to boats passing through the locks. The bill provides that the Company shall charge no more than 50 cts per ton for freight passing through, but it did not say what charge should be made on bottoms, and the company can make whatever charge they please; also they can, by reason of another oversight in the bill, close the locks for repairs and stop transportation on the river! Ex-Attorney General Williams pointed out the defects in the law in a speech at this place some time after the law had been passed. How the Legislature could have overlooked such fatal defects in that bill we cannot explain, nor can we explain how it was that Gov. Grover, who is an able lawyer would sign a bill that at once shoved the producing classes directly into the teeth and claws of the Lock Company. And here is an item from a correspodence in the *Statesman* that shows that the monopolists have been preparing for a conflict with the people:

"If I am correctly informed the District Attorney who filed the complaint to disincorporate the Lock Company is also one of the attorneys employed by the monopolists. The complaint was filed on the 9th day of June, 1876. It is said that some sort of a sham demurrer, which was filed, was overruled by the court, and that no answer has ever been filed, and that the company is entitled to judgment by default." (We suppose that the District Attorney referred to in the foregoing extract is the same gentleman who swindled Mr. Simmons out of property in this place in the interest of Ben Holladay and secured the right of way for the Westside railway through Hillsboro.—Ed. Ind.)

We do not say these things to discourage the producers, but to advise them of the strength of the enemy. The farmers of this county know that we have long been an advocate of the right of the people through their legislatures to regulate rates of transportation of common carriers. And we hope that our Representatives and Senator will stand by the people and the true interests of the State in their action on this vital question in the coming session of the Legislature.

## A Proper Petition.

The following petition is circulating in Lane county:

*To the Hon. Senators and Representatives of the Oregon Legislature at its Ninth Biennial Session.*

Your petitioners would most respectfully represent that the means of transportation and travel in Oregon are under the control of three corporations, to wit: The O. & C. Railroad Co., the W. T. & L. Co. and the O. S. N. Co.; that said corporations have formed a combination of interest and work together in unison, by which they have increased the rates of freight and fares, and charge for the same such a price as greatly injures the best interests of the people of the State of Oregon; and believing that this monopoly is derogatory to vital interests of the people, controlling as they do the portages of the Columbia river and locks of the Willamette river, which last named were built at heavy expence to the people of the State, and believing there is a disposition on the part of said corporations and a concerted effort and plan to compel the people to pay more than a fair and reasonable price for transportation; and believe that no relief can be obtained without legislation, and believing further that the people ought and in justice have a right to demand such relief as will insure to the greatest number the greatest good, and give to every citizen an equivalent for his labor and not made to pay more than a reasonable and fair price for transportation, thereby improvershing him; we therefore very respectfully ask of your honorable body that the Legislature enact a law at its next regular session regulating fares and freight over all the railways in this State; and your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray.

## Tilden's Canal Reform Work.

This is what the New York *Times* says of Tilden's canal reform work:

For convenience of reference, it may be will to furnish a brief recapitulation of the visible work of canal reform, so that when "these suits," the "canal suits," the prosecution of fraudulent contractors," and "stoppage of fraudulent contractors," are talked, it may be remembered exactly what it all amounts to. If the statement be questioned, one has only to go to the Attorney General's office. The records are free to any one that chooses to examine them:

RECORD OF GOV. TILDEN'S CANAL REFORM SUITS &c., FROM THE PUBLICATION OF THE CANAL MESSAGE, MARCH, TO DATE:

| | |
|---|---|
| Number of suits brought | *3 |
| Number brought to trial | 2 |
| Number of convictions obtained | 1 |
| Number of suits dismissed by court | 1 |
| Number of suits now pending | 1 |
| Amount of money recovered | NONE. |
| Expenses of commission and counsel to assist Att'y Gen. about | $100,000 |
| Payment of two certificates stopped by commission | $8,000 |
| Number of existing fraudulent contracts stopped | NONE. |

*It cannot be said that these suits were commenced, as one of the three was the old suit commenced by Attorney General Barlow and finally abandoned by him as hopeless. This is the one which the court dismissed.

## The Indian War.

The report that Gen Crook's command had been cut to pieces was a canard. The dispatches now state that the Indians of the Cheyenne agency requst the Government to suspend hostilities for eight weeks against Sitting Bull and the Sioux in order that the Cheyenne Sioux may visit the hostile Indians and arrange for peace. It is not likely however that the requst will be granted. It is to be hoped that Gen. Crook will make "good Injuns" of the entire tribe in that time. Gen. Terry is marching with reinforcements to join Crook, when their combined forces will number near 3,000 men. Crook is making slow marches marches toward Tongue river, harassed by the Indians at every point of exposure. He expects to be reinforced by the 5th cavalry when he will have 2,200 men with which force he proposes to give immediate battle to Sitting Bull. In Crook Sitting Bull has no Custer to fool with. He is wary cool and brave and will not attack at a disadvantage.

## The Editor's Chorus.

Yes, let us boil it down, my boys,
For that's the proper way
To deal with all long-winded bores,
And make the paper pay.
Who wants to wade through columns long
Of stale and senseless stuff?
So give the bright, the witty points,
The facts—and that's enough!
Boil it down!—*Exchange*

One day last week Jerome Porter and three others picked 14 gallons of blackberries in a half a day in Clearwater Canyon.

## STATE AND TERRITORIAL.

Salem has a Chinese population of only 65.

A pool of 25,000 pounds of wool, at the farmer's warehouse sold a few days since at 16½ cents per pound.

A correspondent from Oswego says that all traces of smallpox disappeared, and the usual quietnes reigns.

At Buena Vista 7 miles below Salem the water in the Willamette river is only 17 inches deep, and at McClosky's shute, only 15 inches.

Miss Hattie Skinkle, the young lady typo who recently left Portland for Arizona, has been appointed telegraph operator in the signal service at Prescott.

The *California* on her last trip from Wrangel brought down $19,600 in gold dust and 90 passengers.

Fourteen bridges have been authorized to be constructed on the Astoria-Nehalem road. A ray of hope now strengthens the hearts of the settlers in that favored locality.

A letter in the *Statesman* contains the following, written by one who has just returned from Eastern Oregon: The uplands of Eastern Oregon and Washington Territory are good grain lands. I saw them harvesting last week in different fields, and they told me their wheat was going fifty bushel to the acre.

The Roeseburg *Independent* reports the death by drowning, in the Umpqua, of Mrs. W. Wheeler and two sons. One of the sons, 6 years old, while playing on the bank fell into the stream and another aged 16, jumped in to rescue him and was swimming out with him when the mother, excited, waded into the deep water when the son let go of his little brother and swam to his mother whom he grasped and both sank to rise no more.

The Roseburg *Independent* says: "The discovery of a vein of quartz within 12 miles of Myrtle creek, by a man named Sweeney, and the subsequent offer of $40,000 by a California company for all his right title and interest to the same has set a number of men to prospecting in the neighborh'd of Sweeney's discovery. So far several veins have been found but of the lot, one found by Mr. Woodruff a saddler in this city, appears to be the most valuabl'. Gold is plainly visible in the rock taken from this ledge, and the rock ought to pay handsomely."

The Salem *Mercury* has the following item: A dastardly attempt was made to poison Mr. Thielsen and family living on the Rickreal, Polk county, last Sunday. Immediately after eating dinner on that day Mr. and Mrs. Thielsen, a brother of Mrs. T., several work hands, and a son of Hon J. W. Nesmith, who was there for dinner, all took sick, with serious indications of having been poisoned. Medical aid was summoned and all were speedily relieved except Mrs. Thielsen who suffered severely and is still quite ill, though reported much better. It seems that Mr. Thielsen had in his employ a Chinese cook whom he had discharged and was to have left on the stage on Monday. After preparing a portion of Sunday's dinner he suddenly demanded his money and left on foot and has not been seen since. The family, not suspicioning foul play on his part, ate of the dinner thus prepared with the above result. It was noticed that all who partook of the meats served at the table were the ones affected, and it is supposed the Chinaman put the deadly drug in that article of food.

## TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

SALT LAKE, July 31.—This morning Judge Schaeffer rendered a decision in the case of Brigham Young vs. Ann Eliza Young to recover alimony. The decision reduces the amount, made payable by the order of Judge McKean from $500 to $100 per month thus diminishing the amount from $17,500 to 3,600, and gives defendant 30 days in which to pay the amount, and provides in default of such payment that execution shall issue against his property. The court also decided that costs of suit shall be paid by defendant.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—A Constantinople correspondent says that 20,000 Arabian troops have been placed at the disposition of the Turkish Government. Some of these forces are awaiting orders.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—California wool continues in demand with sale of spring at 18@27c, as to qualities.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Belknap has been acquitted for want of jurisdiction the vote standing 35 for conviction and 25 not guilty—less than the required two thirds.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2.—Paying admissions, 22,149.

RAGUSA, Aug. 1.—The Turks lost in a recent battle at Treburg. Selim Pasha was killed and Osman Pasha taken prisoner. Two colonels three lieutenant colonels, seven majors, and from 5,000 to 6,000 men, including two battalions of infantry and one of Casseurers, were destroyed to the last man. All the battalions engaged suffered. Turkish inferior officers were killed.

## NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

We, the delegates of the Democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, do hereby declare the administration of the Federal government to be in great need of immediate reform: do hereby enjoin upon the nominees of this convention, and of the Democratic party in each State and at St. Louis to make efforts and co-operate to this end; and do hereby appeal to our fellow citizens of every former political connection to undertake with us the first and most pressing patriotic duty for the benefit of the whole county. We here affirm our faith in the permanency of the Fedral Union; our devotion to the constitution of the United States with its amendments universally accepted as a final settlement of the controversies that engendred the civil war, and do here record our steadfast confidence in the perpetuity of Republican self government in an absolute acquiescence in the will of the majority, the principle of republics; in the supremacy of the civil over the military authority in the total separation of Church and State, for the sake alike of civil and religious freedom; in the equality of all citizens before the just laws of their own enactment; in the liberty of individual conduct unvexed by sumptuary laws; in the faithful education of the rising generation, that they may preserve enjoy and transmit these best conditions of human happiness and hope. We uphold the noblest products of one hundred years of changeful history, but while upholding the bond of our union and the great character of these our rights, it behooves a free people to practice also that eternal vigilance which is the price of liberty. Reform is necessary to rebuild and establish in the hearts of the whole people the union eleven years ago happily rescued from danger of corrupt centralism which after inflicting upon ten States the rapacity of carpet-bag tyranny, has honey-combed the offices of the Federal Government itsfl with incapacity worse than fraud, inflicted States and municipalities with the contagion of misrule and locked fast the property of an industrious people in the paralysis of hard times. Reform is necessary to establish a sound currency; restore the public credit and maintain the national honor. We denounce the failure of all these ten years to make good the promises of the legal notes which are changing the standard of value in the hands of the people, and the non-payment of which is is a disregard of the plighted faith of the nation We denounce the improvidence which in eleven years of peace has taken from the people in frauds ten times the amount of the legal tender notes and squandered four times the sum in useless expense without accumulating any reserve for their redemption. We denounce the financial policy and immorality of that party which, during eleven years of peace has made no advance toward resumption, no preparation for resumption, but instead, has obstructed resumption by wasting our resources and exhausting all our surplus income; and while annually professing to intend a return to specie pay'nt, has annually added fresh hindrances thereto. As such a hindrance, we denounce the resumption clause of the act of 1875, and demand its repeal. We demand a judicious system of preparation by public economies; by official retrenchments and by wise finance, which shall enable the nation to assure the whole world of its perfect ability and its perfect readiness to meet any of its promises at the call of its creditor entitled to payment. We believe such a system well devised and intrusted to competent hands for execution, creating at no time an artificial scarcity of currency, and at no time alarming the public mind into a withdrawal of that vaster machinery, of credit by which 95 per cent of all business transactions are performed—a system, public and inspiring general confidence would from the day of its adoption bring healing on its wings to all our harassed industries; set in motion the wheels of commerce, manufactures and the mechanic arts; restore employment to labor and prosperity to the people.

Reform is necessary in the sum and and mode of Federal taxation, to the end that capital be set free from distrust and labor lightly burdened. We denounce the present tariff levied upon nearly 5,000 articles as a masterpiece of injustice and false pretense. It yields a dwindling, and not a yearly rising revenue. It has impoverished many industries to subsidize a few. It prohibits imports that might purchase the products of the country. It has reduced American commerce from the first to an inferior rank upon the high seas. It has lowered the sale of American manufactures at home and abroad, and depletes the returns of American agriculture and industry, followed by half of our people. It costs the people five times more than it produces to the Treasury. It obstructs the processes of production and wastes the fruits of labor. It promotes fraud and fosters smuggling, enriches dishonest officials and bankrupts honest merchants. We demand that Custom-house taxation shall be only for revenue. Reform is necessary in the scale of public expense. National, State and Municipal. Our Federal taxation has swollen from $60,900,000 gold, in 1860, to $450,000,000 currency in 1870, or in one decade from less than $5 per head to more than $18 per head. Since the peace the people have paid to the tax-gatherers more than three times the amount of the National debt, and more than twice that sum of Federal outlays. Above all, we demand frugality in every department of the Government. Reform is necessary to put a stop to the profligate waste of public lands and their diversion from actual settlers by the party in power, which has squandered two hundred millions of acres upon railroads alone, and out of more than thrice that aggregate has disposed of less than a sixth to the tillers of the soil. Reform is necessary to correct the omissions of a Republican Congress and the errors of our treaties and our diplomacy, which have stripped our fellow citizens of foreign birth and kindred race crossing the Atlantic of the shield of American citizens, and have exposed our brethren of the Pacific coast to the incursions of a race not speaking the language from the same great parent stock, and, in fact, now by law denied citizenship through naturalization as being neither accustomed to the traditions of a progressive civilization nor exercised in liberty under equal laws. We denounce the policy which thus discards the liberty-loving German and tolerates the revival of the coolie trade in Mongolian women imported for immoral purposes and Mongolian men held to perform servile labor contracts, and wed mand such a modification of the treaty with the Chinese Empire, or such legislation by Congress within Constitutional limitations as shall prevent the further importation or immigration of the Mongolian race. Reform is necessary and can never be effected but by making it the controlling issue of the elections and lifting it above the two false issues with which the office-holding class and the party in power seek to smother it. 1. The false issue with which they would enkindle sectarian strife in respect to public schools, of which the establishment and support belong exclusively to the States which the Democracy have cherished from their foundation, and is resolved to maintain without any partiality for class, set or creed, and without contributions from the Treasury. 2. The false issue by which they seek to light anew the the dying embers of sectional hatte between kindred people once unnaturally estranged, but now united in one indivisible republic and a common destiny. Reform is necessary in civil service. Experience proves that the efficient economical conduct of the Government is not possible if its civil service be a prize fought for at the ballot box, be a brief reward of party zeal instead of posts of honor assigned for proved competency, and held for fidelity in public employ. That the dispensing of patronage should neither be a tax on the time of our public men nor the instrument of their ambition. Here again professions falsified in the performance attest that the party in power now can work out no practical or satisfactory reform. Reform is necessary even more in higher grades of public service—President, Vice-President, Judges, Senators, Representatives, Cabinet Officers, —these and all others in authority are the people's servants. Their offices are not private perquisites, they are a public trusts. When the annals of this republic show the disgrace and censure of a Vice President; of a late Speaker of the House of Representatives marketing his rulings as a presiding officer; of three Senators profiting secretly by their votes as law-makers; of five chairmen of the leading committees of the late House of Representatives exposed in robbery; of a late Secretary of the Treasury forcing balances in the public accounts; of a late Attorney General misappropriating public funds; of the Secretary of the Treasury enriched, or enriching friends, by percentage levied off the profits of contractors with his department; of an Embassador to England censured for a dishonorable speculation; of a President's Private Secretary barely escaping conviction upon trial for guilty complicity in frauds upon the revenue; of a Secretary of War impeached for high crimes and confessed misdemeanors. The demonstration is complete that the first step in reform must be the people's choice for honest men from another party, lest the disease of one political organization should infect the body politic, and lest by making no change of men or party we get no change of measures and no reform of all these abuses, wrongs and crimes. That the corruptions of sixteen years of ascendancy of the Republican party create a necessity for refor is confessed by Republicans themselves, but their reformers are voted down in Convention and displaced from the Cabinet. The party's mass of honest voters is powerless to resist the 80,000 office-holders, its leaders and guides. Reform can only be had by a peaceful, civic revolution. We demand a change of parties that we may have a change of measures and of men.

### Agents for the Washington Independent

The following persons are duly authorized to act as agents for the WASHINGTON INDEPENDENT:

Beaverton ..... R. B. Wilmot
Cornelius ..... J. R. Spencer, W. H. Parker
Cedar Mill ..... J. A. Young
Dilley ..... Geo. Sinfield.
Forest Grove ..... L. Geyer
Gaston ..... H. L. Marston
Greenville ..... J. F. Pierce, Wm. Barrett
Glenco ..... J. J. Fowler
Mountain Dale ..... D. O. Quick
Scholl's Ferry ..... J. D. Rowell
West Union ..... S. A. Holcomb

Other persons desiring to act as Agents, will please send in their names.

### Administratrix' Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an order of the County Court of Baxton county, State of Oregon, made at the June term thereof, 1876, in the matter of the estate of Arnold Fuller, deceased, the undersigned Administratrix of said estate will on Monday, Sept. 4th, 1876, at the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m. of said day at the Court House door in Washington county, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest which the said Arnold Fuller had at the time of his death in and to the following described premises to wit:

All of the East half of the North West quarter of Section One, in Township One S. R 2 West according to the land survey of the United States, in the State of Oregon, containing 80 acres, more or less, in Washington county, Oregon.

Terms of sale—cash in hand on day of sale.

KELSAY & YANTIS, Att'y's for Estate. | MARY E. FULLER, Administratrix.
jy13w4


**To the Working Class**—We can furnish you employment at which you can make large pay, in your own localities, without being from home over night. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscribers for The Centennial Record, the largest publication in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns; Elegantly Illustrated. Terms only $1 per year. The Record is devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the Centennial year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it The whole people feel greatly interested in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic crayon drawing premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size 23 by 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent for but show the paper and pictures and hundreds of subscribers are easly obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give the business a trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply do it to-day. Complete outfit to those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and their sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address,

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## Lower Than Ever!

HAVING TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF the unsettled condition of the Eastern and California Money Markets, I have **Purchased for Cash** the Largest Stock of **Watches, Jewelry & Silverware** Ever brought to Oregon, and am now enabled to offer them at Retail at former **WHOLESALE PRICE.**

No plated Jewelry of any kind is kept in my establishment. Every article is warranted as represented. I also have the Agency of the unrivailed **Diamond Spectacles.**

To those intending to send East for Watches, I would say if they will let me know the name and price of the watch they intend to send for, I will furnish the watch for the same price.

By all means give me a call before going or sending elsewhere.

**B. L. STONE,**
103 Front-st., Portland, Oregon.

# F. A. BAILEY.

**Main St., Hillsboro,**
DEALER IN

**DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS OILS, BRUSHES, SOAPS, PERFUMERY** AND TOILET ARTICLES.

## Pure Wines & Liquors

for MEDICINAL USE.

AS I AM DETERMINED NOT TO BE undersold by any house on the

**Pacific Coast!**

I WILL SELL

Best Coal Oil, **33cts** per gallon.
Best Linseed Oil, **95c** to **$1** per gallon
Best Castor Oil, **$1 55** per gallon.
Finest O. K. Paint Brushes, **$1 75** each usual price, **$2 50**
Best Atlantic Lead, **12cts** per ℔
Blue Vitriol, **15cts** per ℔.
Fine Castile Soap, **18c** per ℔.
Best Varnishes, Zinc and Chemical Averill Paints, together with every other article kept in a first-class drug store, all ranging in prices as above marked for

**CASH! & CASH!**

☞ **J. L. THOMAS** has charge of the prescription department. Prescriptions carefully compounded **at all hours.**


# FOR SALE!

**The Following Valuable**

## FARMING LANDS

**For Sale:**

| | |
|---|---|
| 320 | Acres 1½ miles north of Hillsboro, 1¼th acres in cultivation, |
| 620 | Acres 3½ miles west of Dilley Station; 200 acres in cultivation. |
| 160 | Acres one mile south of Dilley Station, 80 acres in cultivation. |
| 300 | Acres 3 miles west of Dilley Station, 300 acres in cultivation. |
| 321 | Acres 3 miles south of Gaston Station, 200 acres in cultivation. |
| 400 | Acres 2½ miles west of Wilbur Station. |
| 700 | Acres on Sauvie's Island in Multnomah county, 9 miles north of Portland. |

**Good Dairy & Grazing Ranches, Cheap for Cash. TERMS EASY.**

**Also**

Agent for *WHEELER'S NO. 6 REAPER & MOWER COMBINED McCORMACK'S REAPER & MOWER; COAT'S HAY RAKE;*—At

**DILLEY STATION.**

Parties desirous of buying will please enquire of **A C Hall** at DILLEY, or of **W G Scoggin,** at my residence 3 miles west of Dilley.

Dilley, Washington Co., Oregon, May 24th, 1876. jun1tf

# LOOK HERE ! !

If you want anything in the Grocery line, from a barrel of Sugar down to a Nut Meg;

## LOOK HERE!

NUTS,
CANDIES,
OYSTERS,
CRACKERS,
CANNED FRUITS,

Or anything kept in a First-Class Grocery Store. Call at the Post Office and get them cheaper than ever.

**I Mean Business.**

**Terms—CASH.**

## W. D. Pittenger.

f10tf

## WOOL CARDING FOR THE YEAR 1876.

The undersigned having located his Carding machine at the place best known by the name of Webb's Mill, two miles north of Glencoe, Washington County, Oregon, where he is prepared to make rolls and bats to order. Bring on your wool in good order, with one pound of grease to every eight pounds of wool. Don't wash your wool too clean.

J. DIX.

# LAND FOR SALE!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR SALE several Farms and a large amount of first class, unimproved land, lying in Washington County, Oregon.

Immigrants and others desiring to purchase would do well to giv me a call.

Now is the time to secure comfortable homes on easy terms.

THOS. D. HUMPHREYS.

HILLSBORO, June 29th, 1875. jly1-tf


OREGON

## Furniture Man'f Co,

SUCCESSORS TO EMIL LOWENSTEIN & Co. AND HURGREN & SHINDLER,

Manufacturers and Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in **Furniture, Bedding, Carpets, Paper-Hangings, Oil-Cloths, Mirrors, etc. etc.**

**Warerooms:—Cor. Yamhill & First Sts. Steam Factory Cor. Madison & Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.**

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE citizens of HILLSBORO and vicinity to the fact that we have our summer stock of furniture, also carpets, oil-cloth and wall-paper which we offer at greatly reduced prices. To the Grangers we would say buy furniture of this house made from our Oregon ash, maple and alder. We do not keep Pine and Redwood furniture made in California. And if you want a first rate Spring bed, Wool, Hair, or Pulu mattrass, everything at this establishment is clean new and fresh, not a pound of second-hand material used. The Oregon Furniture Manufacturing Company is managed by men who have spent the best part of their lives in building up the furniture business in Oregon and we claim to know the wants of the furniture trade. See and price our goods. We warrant satisfaction.

**Oregon Furniture Manu'f Co.**
dec15ly Portland, Oregon


## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.


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Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
HILLSBORO, - - - - - OREGON

OFFICE—at the Drug Store.
RESIDENCE—Three Blocks South of Drug Store. n1y1

**WILSON BOWLBY, M. D.**
Physician and Surgeon,
FOREST GROVE, - - - - OREGON.

OFFICE—At his Residence, West of Johnson's Planing Mills. n49:y

**T. B. HANDLEY,**
*ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR*
AT LAW.

OFFICE—In the Court House, Hillsboro, Oregon. my13-tf

C. A. BALL. RALEIGH STOTT.
**BALL & STOTT,**
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
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No. 6 Dekum's Block,
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JOHN CATLIN. B. KILLIN
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**THOMAS H. TONGUE.**
Attorney-at-Law,
Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon.

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LEGAL papers drawn and collections made. Business entrusted to his care attended to promptly.
OFFICE—New Court House n33

**JAMES WITHYCOMBE,**
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HILLSBORO, - - - - OREGON.

☞ Infirmary Kept for Horses. $15 per month will be the charge for any ordinary case. apr8tf

**HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, HUBBS, SPOKES, RIMS**
**OAK, ASH AND HICKORY PLANK,**
NORTHRUP & THOMPSON,
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