

Washington Independent.



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NO. 39.

THE INDEPENDENT.

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TO CORRESPONDENTS.--All communications intended for insertion in this paper must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer--not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.
OFFICE.--In Hillsboro in the old Court-house building on the Public Square.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN VITE, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
HILLSBORO, - - - - - OREG. N.
Special attention given to *DEFORMITIES*, also *CHRONIC ULCERS*.
OFFICE--Main street Hillsboro, Oregon.

F. A. BAILEY, M. D.
Physician, Surgeon and Accouchur.
HILLSBORO, - - - - - OREGON.
OFFICE--at the Drug Store.
RESIDENCE--Three Blocks South of Drug Store. n13yl

WILSON BOWLBY, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
FOREST GROVE, - - - - - OREGON.
OFFICE--At his Residence, West of Johnson's Planing Mills. n49:yl

W. H. SAYLOR, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
FOREST GROVE, - - - - - OREGON
OFFICE--At the Drug Store.
RESIDENCE--Corner Second Block south of the Drug Store. m22:yl

Geo. H. DURHAM, H. Y. THOMPSON.
Durham & Thompson,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 109 First Street,
PORTLAND, - - - - - OREGON.

C. A. BALL, RALEIGH STOTT.
BALL & STOTT,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 6 Dekum's Block,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

THOMAS H. TONGUE.
Attorney-at-Law,
Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon.

JOHN CATLIN, B. KILLIN.
Catlin & Killin,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.
Dekum's Building, First Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

JAMES WITHERS,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
HILLSBORO, - - - - - OREGON.
Will be at the Oregon Livery Stable,
Corner of Morrison and First streets,
Portland, every Friday.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Executors' Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has filed his final account as Executor of the last will and testament of H. B. Bones, Dec'd in the County Court of Washington County, Oregon, and that THURSDAY after the first Monday in January, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock a. m. has been set for the final hearing of said matter.
S. A. HOLCOMB.

Notice of Administrator.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed by the County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington county Administrator of the estate of G. M. Raymond deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to the undersigned at the office of Thos. H. Tongue in Hillsboro, Washington county, Oregon, with the proper vouchers within six months from the date hereof.
THOMAS H. TONGUE.
Hillsboro, Dec. 24, 1874.

Notice of Final Settlement.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has filed in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington County my final settlement account as administrator of the estate of T. G. Naylor, deceased. All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that Thursday, the 7th day of January, A. D. 1875, has been appointed by said Court for the final hearing and settlement of said estate.
JOHN E. GLEASON,
Administrator.

Notice of Final Settlement.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has filed in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington County his final account as Administrator of the estate of George W. Davis deceased. All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that Thursday, January 7th, 1875, has been appointed by said Court for the final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH DAVIS,
Administrator.

Hurrah Hurrah!
Mr. Farmer, Granger, and all the rest of the living
REJOICE REJOICE
Over the good news which is
body is anxious to hear. A
come right to Hillsboro, Ore
new store, Kellogg's
goods that are sold
make any body
carefully selected
Cash paid for Blank. Wood
kinds of produce.
KAHN & FRIEDRICH
n11-n12

THOS. D. HUMPHREYS,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER
LEGAL papers drawn and collections made. Business entrusted to his care attended to promptly.
OFFICE--New Court House.

Montana, Dec. 20, 1874.
-O. F. M.
day evening at 8
Hillsboro.
Brethren in good standing
attend.
By order N. C.

John Cooper,
DENTIST AND JEWELER
SOLICITS THE PATRONAGE OF THE
Fore, Work, Wash, Office,
Walnut and Pine Streets.

FOREST GROVE LODGE, No. 156,
I. O. G. T.
MEET AT 12 1/2 P. M. EVERY SUNDAY
PACIFIC BOOT & SHOEHOUSE.

PACIFIC BOOT & SHOEHOUSE.
GEO. A. FRANK, PROPRIETOR
The Largest Stock on the Coast,
S. W. Corner of First and Morrison streets
PORTLAND OREGON. n42:yl

Carpenter & Cabinet Shop.
Smith, Kane & Co.
Particular attention given to house-building and framing.
FOREST GROVE OREGON.

Wm McCREADY
FOREST GROVE OREGON.
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
all kinds of
HARNESSES,
SADDLES, FRIDGES, WHIPS & Lash
Repairs promptly attended to. n13:yl

[For the INDEPENDENT.] A PRAYER.

Oh Thou, who once in Galilee
Didst walk alone the troubled sea,
Redeemer, Saviour, Son of God!
Who once with garments dyed in blood,
Didst bring redemption to our race--
To all the gift of saving grace;
I ask, for one, the gift divine,
To say Eternal Life is mine.
O Soul Elect! to Jesus given,
I claim for Thee thy native Heaven,
And Paradise to Thee restored
Through Jesus Christ our sovereign Lord.
The flame Divine shall sin destroy
And good remain thy endless joy:
Beyond the flood, beyond the river,
Thy good shall be our light forever.
W. N. GOODFELL.

STATEMENT OF COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT D. M. C. GAULT.

Herewith is presented a statement of the amount of money which has been distributed among the districts from the Co. Treasury. The first figures in each clause means the No. of the District, the next the No. of pupils reported March 1st, 1874, the next the amount of coin apportioned at the March apportionment, then the amount in currency, following that in like order the coin and currency distribution of September, and finally the sum of the two. District No 1, pupils 68, coin \$115.60, currency \$680, September coin \$68, currency \$600. Total coin \$183.60, currency \$1360; 2, 110, 187, 11, 110, 11, 297 22; 3, 52, 70, 31, 3, 10, 83, 70, 6-20; 4, 35, 70, 119, 7, 00, 7, 00, 189, 14; 5, 43, 73, 10, 4, 30, 43, 4, 30, 116, 10, 8, 60, 3, 83, 141, 10, 8, 30, 83, 8, 30 224, 10, 16, 60, 7, 148, 257, 14, 80, 148, 11, 81, 39, 2, 63, 3, 25, 42, 50, 25, 2, 50, 67, 5, 60, 9, 7, 00, 119, 7, 00, 7, 00, 189, 14; 10, 82, 139, 40, 8, 20, 82, 8, 20, 221, 40, 16, 40; 11, 36, 61, 20, 36, 36, 3, 60, 97, 20, 7, 20; 12, 63, 1, 67-10, 63, 63, 6, 30, 170, 10, 6, 40; 13, 70, 119, 60, 7, 00, 7, 00, 119, 60, 7, 00, 7, 00, 119, 60, 14, 10, 14, 38, 47, 60, 2, 80, 2, 80, 75, 60, 5, 60, 15, 2, 57, 426, 70, 25, 10, 251, 25, 10 677 10, 50 20, 16, 43, 73 10, 1, 30, 43, 4, 20 116, 10, 8, 60; 17, 42, 71, 40, 4, 20, 42, 4, 20, 113, 40, 8, 20; 18, 64, 108, 80, 6-40, 64, 6, 40, 172, 80, 12, 80; 19, 46, 78, 20, 4, 60, 46, 4, 60, 124, 20, 9, 20, 20, 35, 59, 50, 3, 50, 35, 3, 50, 94, 50, 7, 00; 21, 51, 86, 70, 5, 10, 51, 5, 10, 137, 70 10, 20; 22, 22, 47, 60, 2, 80, 28, 2, 80, 75, 60, 5, 60; 23, 62, 105, 40, 6, 20, 62, 6, 20, 167, 40, 12, 40; 26, 67, 113, 30, 6, 70, 67, 67, 180, 90, 13, 40, 27, 39, 66, 30, 3, 90, 39, 3, 90, 105, 30, 7, 80, 28, 39, 66, 30, 3, 90, 39, 3, 90, 105, 30, 7, 80, 29, 37, 62, 90, 3, 70, 37, 3, 70, 99, 90, 7, 14; 30, 63, 107, 10, 6, 30, 63, 6, 30, 170, 10, 12, 60; 31, 31, 52, 70, 3, 10, 31, 3, 10, 83, 70, 6, 20; 32, 26, 44, 20, 2, 60, 26, 2, 60, 70, 20, 5, 20; 35, 17, 28, 00, 1, 70, 17, 1, 70, 45, 60, 3, 40, 39, 34, 57-80, 3, 40, 34, 3, 40, 91, 80, 6, 80; 40, 28, 47, 60, 2, 80, 28, 2, 80, 75, 60, 5, 60; 41, 39, 66, 30, 3, 90, 39, 3, 90, 105, 30, 7, 80; 42, 22, 37, 40, 2, 20, 22, 2, 20, 50, 40, 4, 40; 43, 19, 32, 30, 1, 90, 19, 1, 90, 51, 30, 3, 80; 44, 27, 45, 90, 2, 70, 27, 2, 70, 72, 90, 5, 40; 45, 29, 49, 30, 2, 90, 29, 2, 90, 78, 30, 5, 80; 46, 13, 22, 10, 1, 30, 13, 1, 30, 35, 10, 2, 60.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

Twelve States have adopted compulsory attendance as a remedy for ignorance. Why have they adopted it? In establishing free schools they took the position that the property of the State should educate the children of the State. They asserted that universal education would enrich the State and crime and poverty would diminish or entirely disappear. The tax payers admitted that the education of all the children of the State would be of incalculable advantage. And that all should be educated was the only valid consideration they received in exchange for their property.

Now admitting that such a consideration is valid and sufficient, are not the authorities of the State, the legislature and the whole educational department, morally bound to see that the promise of a consideration be made good? If property pays to educate the people, it expects the education that it gives to become its own protection--this is the consideration--this it has been promised.

Is it sufficient to say all may be educated that wish to be? Does not the consideration fail unless all are educated no matter what they wish? So we see that it is neither honorable nor just to tax large property holders, who have no children to send to school, on the plea of the desirability of universal education, when the very children for whom the burden is borne are running the streets a public nuisance. It may be inconvenient for some persons to dispense with the services of their children, but should they not submit for the good of the State? Is it more convenient or just that property holders should support a school for their education and they refuse to enter it? If compulsion is to be the moving principle, let it, like a two-edged sword--cut both ways.

At present the public money is apportioned upon the number of children residing in the district; would it not be better to apportion it upon the number attending school? Would not such a law awaken the interest of the whole community in the regular attendance of children in the school? Would not negligent parents be compelled to feel that they are observed, and that they cannot sin in this matter with impunity? Would not a public sentiment be created which would be felt with great force, in favor of a full and constant attendance at public schools? Would it not relieve the difficulties that arise when pupils find it convenient to attend school away from home? Would it do away altogether with the question of residence? Would it not be an encouragement to districts to have good and large school houses, and to sustain good and efficient schools, because large schools are cheaper than small ones? If a teacher earns one dollar for hearing three classes of eight pupils each, does not the recitation of each pupil cost over four cents? If he had three classes of fifteen pupils each, is not each pupil instructed for a little more than two cents? This shows that a school of one hundred pupils is cheaper than one of forty at half the money, provided the payment is made according to the work done.

Something ought to be done in this matter for the benefit of Oregon. There are many of the citizens whose education is very limited, if not entirely wanting, who are utterly indifferent to the education of their own children, or of those under their care.

There is no power in our school laws to require the attendance of a single child; they are present or absent as the parents or guardians may choose. The claim is made and insisted upon, that it is a matter that concerns no one but the parents themselves whether their children are educated or not. But if the United States is not concerned, why does it give land to create school

funds? If the State and the neighborhood are not concerned, why do they levy taxes for the education of these children? Individual rights cannot conflict with public rights, for the right of the individual ceases when its enjoyment is inconsistent with the public welfare, and more especially if the power and efficiency of the government are endangered thereby. Let us then agree with the resolution of the old Pilgrims, 1642, twenty-two years after they landed at Plymouth rock: "For as the good education of children is of singular behoof and benefit to any commonwealth; and whereas, many parents and masters are too indulgent and negligent of their duty in this kind, it is, therefore, ordered by this court and the authority thereof, that the selectmen of every town shall have a vigilant eye to see that none shall suffer so much barbarism in their families, as not to have them taught perfectly to read the English tongue, and to have some useful knowledge of the capital laws upon pain of twenty shillings for each neglect therein."
Asiaticum.

Notable Women.

Mrs. Stanton is a handsome woman. Miss Anthony and Miss Livermore are both plain. Maria and Jane Porter were women of high brows and irregular features, as was also Miss Sedgewick. Anna Dickinson has a strong masculine face; Kate Field has a good-looking face, though by no means a pretty one; and Mrs. Stowe is thought to be positively homely. Alice and Phoebe Cary were both plain in features, though their sweetness in disposition added greatly to their personal appearance. Margaret Fuller had a splendid head, but her features were irregular, and she was anything but handsome, though sometimes in a glow of conversation she appeared almost radiant. Charlotte Bronte has wondrously beautiful dark brown eyes and perfectly shaped hair. She was small to dimutiveness, and was as simple in her manner as a child. Julia Ward Howe is a fine-looking woman, wearing an aspect of grace and refinement, and great force of character in her face and carriage. Laura Holloway resembles Charlotte Bronte both in personal appearance and in the sad experience of her young life. Neither Mary Booth nor Marian Harlan can lay claim to handsome faces, though they are splendid specimens of cultured women, while Mary Clemmer Ames is just a pleasing in features as her writings are graceful and popular.--*Et.*

The Great Market for Wheat.

The British Board of Trade returns show that the imports of Wheat and Flour into the United Kingdom for the nine months ending on the 1st of October were equivalent to 61,000,000 bushels Wheat, or 2,000,000 bushels in excess of the same time last year. The two chief sources of supply are Russia and the United States. The quantity imported from the United States is 31,518,000 bushels, an increase of 16,000,000 bushels over the previous year; while the quantity drawn from Russia is 12,198,000 bushels, a decrease of 5,615,000 bushels as compared with the same time last year. The growing importance of the United States as a source of food supply for the millions in Europe is very gratifying, though Wheat this year is unfortunately the least profitable cereal produced.

THE NEW YORK ELECTION.--The official election returns from the entire State are complete, and the results of the vote cast are shown to be as follows: Dix, 366,030; Tilden, 416,567; Clarke, 11,077. The vote in 1872 was: Dix, 447,801; Kernan, 392,360. Totals--1872, 840,151; 1874, 798,674. Decrease, 46,477; Tilden's majority, 39,460; plurality, 50,537. The decrease in the Republican vote from 1872 is 81,771; increase of Democratic vote 24,217.

New Mines in Southern Oregon--Mammoth Ledge.

ROCK POINT, December 15.--J. L. Calvig and James Birleyse have just arrived from the new quartz mines, some fifty miles below this place, and report things lively. The road is lined with men and pack trains, going to the land of gold and silver. The great mammoth ledge is about 180 feet in width, and at the point where Rogue River has worn its way through has a depth of 500 feet. About 200 claims are now taken. It has been traced for about twenty miles through a very rough country. Guides get from \$10 to \$20 per day to trace the lead. Calvig says he crushed a few pounds of the ore and it averaged ten cents per pound in gold. A town has sprung up in a few weeks. It is to be known as Mammoth City. Hotels, feed stables, shops and other buildings are being built, and all that is needed now is capital to take hold.

OREGON.

Oregon's three Bens--Holladay, Simpson and Underwood--will winter in Washington City.
A letter from Kirbyville, Josephine county, dated Dec. 10th, says: "We have had fine weather here during the fall and so far during the winter. Rain enough and no snow in the valleys."
The Grangers have purchased a lot of land on the river bank at Salem, and a stock company will be at once organized, who will at an early day commence the erection of a mammoth grain warehouse on the premises. It is certainly a desirable location, being contiguous to the water's edge and of sufficient proportions to accommodate an immense structure. The price paid was \$1,300.
John Tupper, of Jacksonville sold to Wm. Bybee 76 fine hogs, which averaged 263 pounds apiece. Three of these animals weighed 1,310 pounds, an average weight of considerably over 400 pounds per hog.
An incorporated company, with \$15,000 capital stock, has been organized in Oregon City for the manufacture of sash, doors, blinds, furniture, etc. The incorporators are H. W. Ross, E. J. Colbath, S. B. Hatch and W. W. Moreland.
A man pounded out \$20 in gold in one day, using a hand mortar, from ore taken from a ledge near Sterling Josephine county, a few days ago. An experienced quartz man offered to bet that half a ton of the rock when on the dump would yield \$1,000 or more.
VARIETIES.
Don't tell an editor how to run a newspaper. Let the poor fellow find it out himself.
Josh Billings says: "There is two things in this life for which we are never prepared, and that is twins."
One of the old settlers of the Isles of Shoals seeing the name of *Psyche* on the hull of a yacht the other day, spelled it out slowly, and then exclaimed: "Well, if that ain't the durndest way to spell fish."
"What," asks one of the female suffrage shriekers, "are we to do with our daughters?" If they are very young, drown them. If they are too old to drown, why--but that is an impossibility.--*Courier-Journal.*
"I would not be a woman, for then I could not love her," says Montaigne. Lady Montague says: "The only objection I have to being a man is that I should then have to marry a woman."
A man up in Hawley, Massachusetts, (that's a great town for good people), once prayed in a time like the present: "O Lord, we wouldn't presume to dictate to dictate; but O Lord, we want rain. Not a hickety, tennie' shower, but gentle sizzle-sizzle."
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