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Independent



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OFFICE.—In Hillsboro in the old Court House building on the Public Square.

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JOHN VITE, M. D.
 Physician and Surgeon.
 HILLSBORO, OREGON.
 Special attention given to DEFORMITIES; also CHRONIC ULCERS.
 OFFICE—Main street Hillsboro, Oregon.

F. A. BAILEY, M. D.
 Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
 HILLSBORO, OREGON.
 OFFICE—at the Drug Store.
 RESIDENCE—Three blocks South of Drug Store.

WILSON BOWLBY, M. D.
 Physician and Surgeon.
 FOREST GROVE, OREGON.
 OFFICE—At his Residence, West of Johnson's Planing Mills.

W. H. SAYLOR, M. D.
 Physician and Surgeon.
 FOREST GROVE, OREGON.
 OFFICE—At the Drug Store.
 RESIDENCE—Corner Second block south of the Drug Store.

One, H. DURHAM, H. Y. THOMPSON.
 District Attorneys.
 Durham & Thompson,
 ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
 No. 109 First Street,
 PORTLAND, OREGON.

ALFRED KINNEY, M. D., SURGEON.
 OFFICE IN DEKUM'S BUILDING,
 N. W. corner of First and Washington Streets, Portland, Oregon.

C. A. BALL, BAILEIGH STOTT.
 BALL & STOTT,
 ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
 No. 6 Dekum's Block,
 PORTLAND, OREGON.

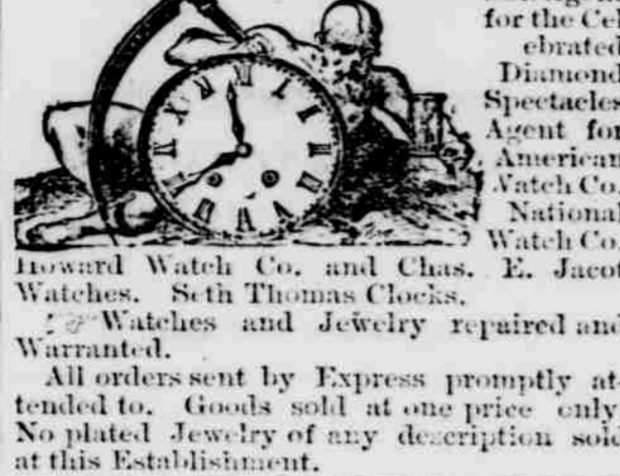
THOMAS H. TONGUE.
 Attorney-at-Law,
 Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon.

JOHN CATLIN, B. KILLIN.
 Catlin & Killin,
 ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELOR
 AT LAW.
 Dekum's Building, First Street,
 PORTLAND, OREGON.

Business Directory OF PORTLAND.

"THE WHITE HOUSE."
 Has the largest assortment of First Class Dry Goods, Millinery, Fancy Goods, Hosiery, &c.
 In Portland, No. 87 First Street, LEWIS & STRAUS.

THE LARGEST JEWELRY STORE IN PORTLAND.
B. STONE,
 Dealer in Watches, Diamonds, Jewels and Silverware,
 No. 103 Front Street.



Sole Agent for the Celebrated Diamond Spectacles Agent for American Watch Co., National Watch Co., Howard Watch Co., and Chas. E. Jaquet Watches, 8th Thomas Clocks.
 Watches and Jewelry repaired and warranted.
 All orders sent by Express promptly attended to. Goods sold at one price only. No plated jewelry of any description sold at this Establishment.

FIRST CLASS SEWING MACHINES.
 SOLD ON A NEW PLAN, \$25 TO \$50 SAVED.
 EXTRA ATTACHMENTS for doing all kinds of work, FREE.
 Sewing Machine manufactured in 1873. Over 80,000 in use.
 Mr. A. J. Derris, State Agent for P. O. H., has made special arrangements to supply members with these machines.
NO COMBINATION.
 No HONOLULU.
 "The Home Machine" is the only one that refused to join the sewing machine ring.
 Prices of all kind of Sewing Machine Needles reduced to 60 cents per dozen. Price List, Circulars, and full particulars sent to any address on application. GEO. W. TRAVEL, General Agent Home S. M. S. W. cor. Merrison & 34th Sts. Portland, Or.

TWO FIRST PRIZES.
 Large assortment of Sugar Toys, Cornucopias, Wax Candles, etc. for the Holidays.
ALBANY & HEUBLE,
 No. 107, First Street.

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE.
 WELL ASSORTED Foreign and Domestic Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines, at the New Drug Store of
WILLIAM PFENDER,
 Corner First and Oak Sts. Portland. Orders from the country attended to with care and dispatch. P. O. Box No. 218.

Books, J. KIM & CO.
 75, First Street.
 School Books, Blank Books, Miscellaneous books, and a Full Line of Stationery.
 AT LOWEST RATES.

Dr. J. B. PELKINGTON.
 Professor of Diseases of the Eye and Ear in the Medical Department of the University of the Willamette.
 Office, Cor. First and Washington Sts. Makes a specialty of Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Cross-eyes straightened, Artificial eyes inserted. Spectacles prescribed for imperfect vision.

WINNER OF THE HIGHEST PRIZE AT THE VIENNA EXPOSITION OVER ALL COMPETITORS.
 Buy no Machine until you have examined the WILLSON. The price is \$10 to \$20 less than others. Needles for all Machines CHEAP. Send for Circular and Price List.
A. VALL, Gen'l Ag't,
 119 Third St., Portland, Or.

U. WARNER, KRON,
 Manufacturer and Dealer in Cutlery Surgical Dental Instruments.
 No. 131 FIRST STREET.

J. A. STROWBRIDGE
 Direct importer and dealer in Leather & Shoe Findings.
 No. 141 FRONT STREET.

JOHN A. BECK.
 Formerly with W. Beck & Son, WATCHMAKER & JEWELER.
 No. 105 FRONT STREET.
 Special attention given to Repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to.

ESTEY & SMITH & Co.
 Importers and general dealers in ORGANS & PIANOS.
 General Agents for the ESTEY Organs and ARION Piano Warehouses 105 Front street PORTLAND.

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL.
 Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Oak Ash & Hickory Plank.
NORTHROP & THOMPSON.
 Portland Oregon.

J. SIMON.
 Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Doors, Sash and Blinds, also German, French and American
WINDOW GLASS
 Crystal sheet, Enamelled, Stained and Cut Glass, Glazing done to order at San Francisco prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.
 56 Front street Portland Oregon

WHERE THE REAL PRAISE BELONGS.

The claim recently put forward that the Republican party is the only party in the history of the country which has had vigor and conscience enough to punish its own rogues, is only true in a sense which reflects seriously upon those who employ it. If we look to the machinery of the Republican party it will be found that far from punishing its rogues, it takes them to its bosom, hugs them, and exalts them. It was the machinery which recently sent forth the order that everybody who has a seat in the present Congress—Democrat as well as Republican—should be re-elected. It was the machinery which nominated Poland in Vermont, Garfield and Parsons in Ohio, Butler in Massachusetts, and salary-grabbers and Credit-Mobiliers in other places. The machinery has brought out the loud-sounding Kelley in Pennsylvania. The machinery is for Matt Carpenter in Wisconsin. The machinery supports Kellogg in Louisiana and Chamberlain, the former "pal" of Moses, the "Robber Governor," in South Carolina. But not only does the machinery support the bad, but it punishes the good. It defeated Willard for the nomination in Vermont, because he had the nerve to oppose the salary-grab and to denounce the Credit Mobiliers. It has accepted Walter Phelps in New Jersey, who has not flinched in opposing misrule, because it cannot help itself but it tried to beat him.

If we examine into the machinery we will find that it is principally composed of the office-holding class. Republican America has to-day no civil servants than the grandest empire of them all. It has more office-holders than Germany or Russia. We are far ahead of England. The full strength of the bread and butter army is said to be 80,000—against 50,000 in England and 65,000 in Germany. These are the machinery for the most part. And that machinery has neither a conscience nor a soul. If it is amazed at anything it is the audacity of the people in daring to inquire into its actions. If the Republican party is to be judged by its machinery it would fare badly in the eyes of the world. But bad Republicans have been punished. Poland, the author of the gag-law has been beaten in Vermont; the majority of Garfield has been reduced from 11,000 to 3,500; Parsons, who was a lesser criminal, was defeated; Ben Butler is in danger; Kelley is not yet elected. Of the thirty-six members of the Forty-second Congress who returned their backpay, nine have been re-elected; of the two hundred and seven who kept their back-pay, only one so far has been returned. But these results have in every instance been accomplished by Republicans acting in opposition to and outside of the Republican party. All this simply proves that while the machinery of the party has become rotten and corrupt the masses of the Republicans are unaffected. They have punished Republican rogues in defiance of the party organization. The argument, therefore, is one that cannot be used with any degree of propriety by the party hacks. It is, on the contrary, the argument of all arguments which they should avoid, because it contains their condemnation.—S. F. Bulletin.

NEVADA LETTER.—We take the following items of news from a letter which we have just received from J. G. Martin who used to go to school at the Grove but is now soldiering it in the inhospitable wastes of Nevada. He says that it began snowing at Camp Halleck where he is garrisoned on the 25th of October. He says that the Order of Patrons of Husbandry is almost unknown there but thinks that if they were more numerous and there were fewer whisky shops the State would be more prosperous; and we coincide with Joseph in his remarks.

THE FIRST THOUSAND DOLLARS.

The first thousand dollars that a young man, after going out into the world to act for himself, earns and saves will generally settle the question of business life for him. There may be exceptions to this statement; yet, for a rule we think that it will hold true. The first condition is that the young man actually earns the thousand dollars in question. He does not inherit this sum. It does not come to him by a streak of good luck, as the result of a fortunate venture in the purchase and sale of a hundred shares of stock. It is the fruit of personal industry. He gives his time and his labor for it. While he is thus earning and saving it, he must earn two or three or perhaps four times as much to pay his current expenses. He is consequently held sternly to the task of industry for a considerable period. The direct consequence to him is steady, continuous, and solid discipline in the habits of industry—in patient, persistent, forecasting and self-denying effort, breaking up all the tendencies to indolence and frivolity, and making him an earnest and watchful economist of time. He not only learns how to work, but he also acquires the love of work; moreover he learns the value of the sum which he has thus saved out of his earnings. He has toiled for it; he has thus observed its slow increase from time to time; and in his estimate it represents so many months or years of practical labor. His ideas of life are shaped by his own experience. These natural efforts of earning the first thousand dollars we hold to be very large benefits. They are just the qualities of mind and body which are most likely to secure business success in after years. They constitute the best practical education which man can have as a worker in this world. They are gained in season for life's purpose at the opening period, just when they are wanted, when foolish notions are most likely to mislead an inexperienced brain, and when, too, there is a full opportunity for expansion and development in later years. Men have but one life to live; and hence, they start from opening manhood but once. And the manner in which they start, the purposes they have in view, and the habits they form, will ordinarily determine the entire sequel to their career on earth. To succeed, men must have elements of success in themselves. One great reason why there are so many useless, inefficient and poverty-stricken men on earth (or, rather, boys seeming to be men) consists in the simple fact that they did not start right. A prominent reason why the children of the rich too frequently amount to nothing may be found in the luxury, ease and indolence which marked the commencement of their lives. It is the law of God that we should be workers on earth; and no one so well consults the best development of his being as when he conforms his practice to this law. The workers in some suitable sphere are the only really strong men in the world.

A Baker City letter to the Statesman says: Rye valley, in that county, is just now the exciting point among the people, rich strikes have lately been made. Green's Discovery, at water level, actually assayed \$10,000 to \$35,000 silver to the ton. Complete and extensive reducing works are now in course of erection on this and other mines in the district, which will all be in working order in the spring. Workmen will be engaged underground all winter in getting out ore from the mine. Many and interesting discoveries are being made daily, prospectors being out in large numbers. A mountain of gypsum has lately been found, which, after being tested by competent hands, is pronounced equal to the best imported plaster of paris. Rye valley bids fair to become the El Dorado of the west.

PRESIDENT GRANT AND ATTORNEY GENERAL WILLIAMS ON THE RECENT ELECTIONS.

Chicago, November 13.—A Washington special to the Inter-Ocean says Attorney General Williams, in conversation to-day, says he believes the political sentiment of the Republicans has not undergone any permanent change. There was great dissatisfaction at some measures of the Republican party, and that was developed at the recent election. It is an easy thing, he thinks, to find fault with the Republican party, but not so easy to find a party able to reform its faults and accomplish all that the Republicans have been charged with neglecting. Williams has not much faith in the ability of the Democratic party to satisfy the people on the great questions of the day which the Republicans have handled but failed to settle. The Democrats in the next Congress, he believes, will avow their principles and take their stand on all the leading issues of the day, and he believes that when the party's position comes to be defined it will fall by it. He has no idea that the Democrats can satisfy the country on these subjects any better than the Republicans have done. Grant, he says, feels cheerful over the defeat. The Attorney General, in speaking of the third term agitation, says he has always believed the discussion to be mere moonshine; that it was nothing more than clap-trap, gotten up for effect on the recent election.

New York, November 12.—A special to the Evening Post from Washington says that the President, in a conversation with several persons who have called upon him during the present week, has expressed himself quite unreservedly in regard to the political situation and the causes which led to the recent Republican defeat. He maintains that his Administration has nothing to do with it, and that the Democratic successes are directly due to loose and bad legislation by Congress, the failure of Congress to mature bills that would have given permanent relief to the country, to local troubles in several States over which his Administration could possibly have no control, and renomination of bad candidates. He believes the party will endeavor to purify itself, and that the Republicans in Congress in the coming session will walk circumspectly and not forget what is due to the great party which elevated them to power, and confidence will again be restored to the minds of the people, and the party two years hence will be given a new lease of life. Grant does not seem disheartened at the election defeat, but is firmer than ever in adhering to the policy which he has laid down in his annual messages.

The Watch on the Nile.

A Cairo correspondent writes, under a recent date: A visit to the Nile at the present moment, well repays the trouble and inconvenience of a few hours journeying through the dust and heat, and during the last ten days, excursion to Kafr-Zelat, Damietta and other places, have been very frequent. Thousands of falahen (peasants) are constantly employed watching the river, heaping up earth and stones on the embankments, and strengthening the weak points, as they appear, against an over-flow and inundation. At night, the whole length of the river below Cairo is illuminated by innumerable watch fires that throw an uncertain light on the swarthy, half naked multitudes that line its banks, while the cries of the soldiery, as they urge the people on to renewed labor—like taskmasters of ancient times—mingled with the sound of rushing waters, complete a spectacle that once seen can never be forgotten; and the knowledge that the fate of thousands depends upon the struggle going on adds a solemnity to the scene that must be witnessed to be appreciated.

TELEGRAPHIC!

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—California shippers rejoice at the Pacific Mail's peremptory rejection of the railroads' demands to have conferred on the latter absolute power to determine the rates of freight and passage between New York and San Francisco, which would be practically to abandon the Isthmus route. The old China and Japan route, to which Huntington proposes to return, was \$100 per short ton, of which the steamers took \$25 only. The story told by railroad freight agents that a large quantity of freight for San Francisco is lying on the Isthmus is untrue. The last steamer thence took every pound. The City of Tokio sails for New York to-day with 1,900 tons, being all coming this way.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 12.—A special to the Galveston News says Mexicans are raiding into Texas, robbing stores and farmers of goods and stock.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The Daily Bulletin publishes a review of the British wheat crop, based chiefly on estimates of Thos. C. Scott, of London, to show that the crop is up to the standard average of 30 bushels per acre; that the prospects of the next crop are very fine; that extensive clover and turnip failures this year have caused the sowing of an unusually large area in wheat probably four million acres, and consequently that the future British market for the new crop promises nothing better than at present.

HENDAYE, November 13.—Troops are in hot pursuit of retreating Carlists and are burning the houses of Carlists sympathizers. Three hundred have already been destroyed.

HENDAYE, Nov. 19.—A vigorous cannonade from San Marcial again drove the Carlists from the vicinity of Irun.

LATER.—The Carlists have again occupied positions around Irun. They have retaken Oyarzin and cut the railway and wagon road, to San Sebastian.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A News correspondent at Hendaye reports that the storm has abated and the Republican troops are again in motion.

Prince Alfonso, after a short sojourn in France, has returned to the Carlists headquarters in Spain.

ALEX. NOV. 19.—Three Egyptian men-of-war are blockading the seaport of Berberia, Africa, and preventing the shipment of merchandise to this port. A British gunboat has been dispatched to the blockaded port.

VICTORIA, Nov. 20.—At an election just held in Lillooet District, B. C., eight Chinamen voted the opposition ticket, and the success of the opposition candidates for the local House was thereby secured. The election will, however, be contested by the other party, although the Chinamen were naturalized British subjects, and duly registered voters of the District.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 20.—Rainfall amounts to nearly one and a half inches and the reports from the country are that it will do a great deal of good. Weather clear to-night. The farmers have commenced plowing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 20.—Greenbacks 90@90 1/2.

Weather clear and cold, with heavy frost this morning.

The sheriffs' and clerks' fee bill, when in force, will reduce the expenses of Yamhill Co. over \$1,800 per annum.

Over 30,000 people witnessed the great running race on Nov. 14th at the Bay District Fair Grounds, California. The real contest was between Katie Pease and Thad. Stevens, the former winning in two straight heats. Time—7:15, 7:36.