

# Loggers Shoes.

The Genuine article for  
\$3.50,  
\$4.25,  
\$5.00,  
\$5.50.

The only complete line of Loggers Shoes in Eugene, is to be found at,

## YORAN'S SHOE STORE

Eugene City Guard

SAURDAY..... APRIL 7

Barker Gun Works pays the highest prices for furs.

The Oliver Steel Plow is guaranteed to scour anywhere. To be had at only at F L Chambers.

FOR SALE—220 acres excellent farming lands. Inquire of JOHN VAN DYKE, Coburg, Or.

Bird cages.

F L Chambers

When you want your eyes correctly fitted to a pair of glasses see Dr Lowe in Joe Luckey's.

Second hand buggies to trade for wood or posts, at F L Chambers'.

If you want up-to-date bicycle sundries, call on C C Matlock.

The Crescent bicycle is the strongest wheel built. F L Chambers has them at \$25 and \$35.

Bicycle tires \$4.00 a pair.

C C MATLOCK.

Spray pumps.

Spray material.

F L Chambers.

Our floor oilcloth will please you, 35c, 45c, and 50c per yard. Racket store.

It is not necessary to go to Portland to purchase genuine (N. B.—THE GENUINE) cut glass and sterling silver wares, as J. S. Luckey now has a big stock of the same at tempting prices.

For hardware and farm machinery at the old prices, see F L Chambers; he has thousands of dollars worth that was bought before the advance and now can sell cheaper than anybody.

# BRYAN DAY.

Addressed a Large Crowd.

HE WAS WELL RECEIVED.

Antagonistic Policies of the Republicans Attacked.

SPOKE NEARLY TWO HOURS.

Early this morning large crowds of people began to arrive in Eugene to hear Hon. William Jennings Bryan, the champion of those causes dear to the American masses.

The train was scheduled to arrive at 10:30, but it was considerably after that hour before it steamed into the S. P. depot. Early the crowd began to assemble at the Central school grounds where the speaking was held. It is rather difficult to estimate the number present, but it was probably close to 8000.

The public school flag, near the platform waved high above the crowd, its folds displayed in the pleasant breeze, while the platform itself was decorated with bunting. It was purely an American demonstration, made by American people, in honor of America's foremost citizen—the man of destiny, and of the hour.

The procession from the depot to the school grounds was simply arranged. Grand Marshal Hampton and his aides lined up in advance of the carriages containing the distinguished speaker, and those with him. On arriving at the grounds Mr. Bryan alighted and walked through the crowd to the platform.

Hon R M Veatch, of Cottage Grove, introduced Mr Bryan as the foremost citizen of the United States and its next president.

Mr Bryan, in introduction, said that his ambition was higher than to hold

office—it was to be one of a citizenship of a republic, a country he believes in and whose future is full of promise. His speech of one hour and 50 minutes was concise, closely followed the line of questions of moment to the people, and were practically illustrated from everyday life, creating and holding interest to the end.

Personally Mr Bryan is plain, unassuming, most democratic in manner, dress and habit, and one is not so impressed with his personality until his face lights up with the sincerity and earnest devotion to a cause he holds higher than life or earthly ambition.

MR. BRYAN'S ARGUMENTS.

Mr. Bryan's speech dealt almost entirely with the questions which he had been discussing in various parts of the country, the money question, the trust question and imperialism. He charged the republican party with practicing a deliberate fraud upon the voters of 1896 by holding out the hope of international bimetallism, when the leaders neither expected nor desired the restoration of the double standard.



either by independent action or by international agreement.

DENOUNCES FINANCIAL BILL.

He denounced the currency feature of the financial bill, and said that the republican party had never in a campaign, advocated the retirement of the greenbacks, and that it would not be able to defend that bill before the country. He said that a national currency secured by government bonds could not be a permanent settlement of the currency question unless we had a

permanent and increasing national debt.

REPUBLICANS AND TRUSTS.

On the trust question, he reiterated his condemnation of the republican party saying:

"The trust is so bad a thing that the president felt it necessary to denounce trusts in his message last December, but he did not recommend a remedy. The trust portion of his message might be condensed as follows: The trusts are bad, for the life of me I don't know what to do about them. I hope somebody knows more than than I do and will suggest something."

HOW CONGRESS REPLIED.

"A republican congress hastened to the reading of the message and then proceeded to establish a paper money trust, which gives to the people a larger chance of injury and to the banks a larger opportunity for profit than any other trust in existence."

He said that the republican party was powerless to interfere with the trusts because the leading republicans were connected with the trusts and the party had to rely upon trust contributions to carry on the campaign.

He presented and defended the remedy which he suggested at the anti-trust meetings, in Chicago, last fall, and which he has frequently discussed since that time.

PUERTO RICO BLUNDERS.

Taking up the Philippine question he referred first to the Puerto Rico bill, and said:

"The desire to impose import duties on goods coming from Puerto Rico compelled the republican party to disclose its imperialistic tendencies. This bill has aroused a storm of protest from republicans in public and private life. But why should any republican be surprised? Imperialism means that the people brought under the flag are not to share in the guarantees of the constitution. It is amazing that republicans have contemplated the present acquisition of the Philippine islands without stopping to consider the future status of the Filipinos."

WHERE DO FILIPINOS STAND?

"Are the Filipinos to be citizens? Are they to be allowed to come to the United States with their oriental methods of living to compete with American labor? What good does it do to exclude a few Chinese and then bring in by force 8,000,000 of Filipinos? Are the Filipinos to expect to participate in our elections? Is a presidential contest to be determined by the returns from the Philippine islands? Are the questions which concern our people to be decided some day by the senators and representatives in congress from the Philippine islands, and if the Filipinos are not to be citizens, are we going to change our constitution so as to hold them in a perpetual state of vassalage?"

PUERTO RICO A LESSON.

"The Puerto Rico tariff bill, however, gives us some idea of the treatment which the Filipinos may expect,

and Prof. Schurman, one of the president's commissioners, says that this bill will arouse suspicion in the mind of the Filipino as to his future condition.

"God forbid, Mr. Bryan continued, 'the only settlement of the Philippine question consistent with American interests and American principles is the settlement proposed by the democrats in the Philippine islands, namely: A declaration of the nation's purpose to give the Filipinos independence as soon as a stable government is established. When that declaration is made hostilities will cease and it will be easy to establish a stable government."

REPUBLIC AND FILIPINO.

"To independence should be added protection from outside interference. Not a protectorate such as European countries exercise for the spoilation of the protected, but protection such as this nation has exercised over the Republics of Central and South Africa. It will be sufficient for the United States to announce that any molestation of the Philippines will be considered an unfriendly act."

Mr Bryan devoted some time to the discussion of the trade argument made in behalf of the Philippine Islands and quoted a letter written by Benjamin Franklin to Lord Howe in June of 1776. The extract from Franklin's letter is as follows:

QUOTES BEN FRANKLIN.

"The well-founded esteem and affection which I shall always have for your lordship make it painful to me to see you engaged in conducting a war the great ground of which, as described in your letter, is the necessity for preventing the American trade from passing into foreign channels. To me it seems that neither the obtaining or retaining of any trade, how valuable so ever, is an object for which men may justly spill each others blood. That the true and sure means of extending and securing commerce are the goodness and cheapness of commodities, and that the profits of no trade can ever be equal to the expense of compelling it and holding it by fleets and arms. I consider this war against us, therefore, as both unjust and unwise, and I am persuaded that cool and dispassionate prosperity will condemn to infamy those who advised it; and even that success which will not save from some degree of dishonor those who have voluntarily engaged to conduct it."

SYNDICATE'S FINE WORK.

Mr Bryan commented upon this letter and said imperialism had its inspiration in the desire of the syndicates to extend their commerce by conquest, and he said that he was willing to indorse the language of Franklin, and says that "Cool and dispassionate posterity will condemn to infamy those who advised it."

TO THE POPULISTS.

Mr Bryan commented upon the work of the fusion forces in Nebraska and said that the populists were now passing through the same ordeal that the democrats of Nebraska passed through in 1894.

"In that year," Mr Bryan continued, "we had some democrats who wanted to elect the republican candidate for governor and they, insisted upon the democrats putting up a ticket in order to hold the democrat vote away from

the populist candidate but the democrats realizing that a man is responsible for the natural and legitimate consequences of his own act, refused to aid in the election of a republican by running a middle-of-the-road democratic ticket.

"This was the beginning of fusion success in Nebraska. The middle-of-the-road populists now prefer to aid in the election of a republican president rather than co-operation with the democrats and silver republicans defeated a republican president and secure those reforms upon which democrats, populists and silver republicans agree."

Mr Bryan said that the constitution and the flag could not be separated; that there could not be such a thing as citizens and subjects in a free Republic, and that the Declaration of Independence was still the foundation principle upon which was builded its nation.

Some Bryan Sayings.

Too many men use a public trust for private plunder.

The trust companies, with 75 per cent of watered stock, all of which pays a dividend, change the commandment to read, "Thou shalt not steal—on a small scale."

The republican party is looking after the interests of aggregated wealth.

The republican party has been sponsor for more trusts in the past three years, than ever existed before in the entire history of the United States.

The republican party was brought into power in 1896 by the trusts, which it is forced to foster and protect. Another cause of "Remembering thy creator in the days of thy youth," in which they also show a disposition to not kill the hen which laid the golden egg—of campaign funds.

Some farmers who still believe in the republican party show the same faith Job had in the Lord, "Though he slay me yet will I trust him."

Prosperity is a satisfactory comparison of income with outgo.

Feeling is as good as thinking, if it deep enough.

Solonon's proverb, "The wise man foreseeth evil and hideth himself, while the foolish pass on and are punished," is modernized as follows: "The wise man gets the idea in his head, and the foolish man gets it in the neck."

If we drag people under our government, it will take a large army to keep them from making faces while swallowing benevolent assimilation.

The Puerto Ricans bill is framed on the theory that the constitution does not govern the president in dealing with that island. It is so bad the Oregonian cannot swallow it.

Expansion means extension in the limits of our country without change, imperialism means inferior races for subjugation.

Gospel shot out of a Gatling gun is not needed by those whom it hits, while those missed are busy burying the dead.

To Cure a Cold in One Day!

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Unity Items.

April 3

E E Upmeyer of Harrisburg was in this vicinity recently looking after the drive of sawlogs which J C Edwards is putting in the river for him. He was also looking after a mill site on which a mill will be erected that will cut 100,000 feet a day. This will guarantee the extension of the railroad to the mill.

At the Union primary J E Mattoon was nominated for justice of the peace and Jack Kissinger for constable. John Kissinger, his brother, was nominated for constable on the republican ticket.

R C Edwards' logging camp is laying off this week. Will resume work Monday.

Goshen Items.

Miss Lucinda Berkshire has returned home from a prolonged stay at Eugene.

Miss Mina Hemenway, left Thursday, to take charge of her school south of Cottage Grove.

Mr Hunt met with a serious accident Saturday, while returning from Eugene. Mr Kupi's overtook Mr Hunt, and in attempting to pass the shafts of his buggy were in some way run through the back wheel, breaking all the spokes and causing other damage.

"RUSTY PEN."

List of Letters.

Remaining in the postoffice at Eugene, Or Eugene, April 6, 1900.

Buffum, H D Barley Leslie May  
Corse, Mrs J Farley, Roy M  
Judson, Ed Mayer, Mrs G

A charge of one cent will be made on all letters given out. Persons when calling for letters will please state when advertised.

H. F. McCORMACK, P. M.

SILLY FALSEHOOD—Register: "One Eugene merchant said much of his trade is democratic, and many who have heretofore stood staunchly by their party avow themselves now with the republicans. This after listening to the speech of Wm J Bryan." Who is the merchant Mr Register? If he is not a myth you will publish his name.

The Register says Bryan addressed 3,000 people in Eugene. A pretty liberal estimate for a former Populist.

Coburg correspondence, April 4: The thunder storm Sunday afternoon was no April fool.... Miss Kate Patterson has resigned her position in the Coburg public schools to take charge of a summer school. The place will be filled by Mrs. Fulkerson.

French Tansy Waters, the world's famous remedy for irregular and painful periods of ladies; are never failing and safe. Married ladies' friend French Tansy Waters are the only reliable female remedy in the world; imported from Paris; take nothing else, but insist on genuine; in red wrappers with crown trade mark. La France Drug Company, importers, 806 Turk St, San Francisco. For sale by all druggists, or sent in plain wrapper direct on receipt of \$2.

# CRESCENT BICYCLES

## 300 Crescent Riders

in Eugene, and all are CRESCENT FRIENDS—because the wheel is built of honest material and honest workmanship, hence it stands hard usage without repair bills.

Decide on a CRESCENT and you will always be in shape to go when your friend calls, and what is better—NO BREAK DOWNS when on a trip.

## Strongest Wheel Built..

I=3 of a Carload

\$35.00

\$25.00

.....See them.

Increasing Sales Show Their Worth . . . .	
In 1895 only	12
1896	25
1897	43
1898	162
1899	170

No better recommend can be found.

# F. L. CHAMBERS.