

# Eugene City Guard.

L. L. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.  
EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

Many Boers are believed to be trekking northward from Ladysmith.

The national convention of United Mine Workers opened at Indianapolis.

When Bryan visits New York he will be entertained exclusively by Tammany.

For the first time in history grocery stores and meat shops closed in Chicago on Sunday.

General Wood has crossed Orange river and established the first British post in the enemy's country.

A determined woman and a huge bread knife kept a mob at bay in Chicago until assistance arrived.

Sir Wilfred Laurier says that Canada will give England both men and money to help her in the present strife.

Summer resorts of Rockaway beach and Jamaica bay, New York, may have to move on account of threatening waves.

Wheaton and Schwan's troops are keeping the rebels of Southern Luzon moving. Americans have few losses, but the rebel losses are heavy.

The trans-Atlantic steamship lines have increased their passenger rates between New York and Europe, owing to the heavy travel expected to the Paris exposition.

John P. Reese, under arrest in Fort Scott, Kan., has been released by Judge Thayer's order. Reese was being held for contempt of court for addressing striking miners.

The Serbian ministry has resigned, owing to King Alexander insisting on granting amnesty to all the political prisoners convicted of high treason against his father, King Milan.

A circular appealing for peace and pledging for the Boers, signed by 400 clergymen of all denominations in the Netherlands, has just been delivered to the ministers of all Christian churches in Great Britain.

The suit for the prize money for the destruction of Cervena's fleet involves the question of whether or not the cruiser New York really participated in the battle. The attorney-general avers that as all the Spanish fleet and property were destroyed they were not prizes.

The urgent deficiency appropriation bill, the first of the important bills for the government, reported to the house by Chairman Cannon, carries \$56,127,841, of which \$47,603,332 is reapportioned for the military and naval establishments, and \$8,524,509 for district appropriations.

The Boers have looted all the stores and mines in Swaziland.

Two cases of bubonic plague are reported from South Australia.

Londoners are still complaining over the rigid censorship of war news.

Carter Harrison has refused to accept the candidacy for governor of Illinois.

The mill workers at Cleveland, O., will strike, involving 4,000 workmen.

General George Sharpe, a veteran of the civil war, is dead at Kingston, N. Y.

Dutch colonialists taken in arms are not treated as war prisoners, but are being prosecuted for treason.

The latest official report upon the foreign commerce of China shows a great increase both in its imports and exports.

The Cree Indians of Canada may take the warpath and strike a blow at Great Britain, now that the British are busy.

Frederick D. Bonfilis, one of the proprietors of the Denver Post, was shot and mortally wounded by a lawyer of that city.

French warships have taken possession of Kwong Chau Wan bay, where a boundary dispute has been pending for several months.

The wreck in St. Mary's bay, N. F., is still unidentified, although it is believed to be the Helgoland, which was under charter by the Standard Oil Company. Ten bodies have been located among the rocks.

A lone robber held up two restaurants in the midst of Kansas City at 6 in the morning. Both jobs were accomplished in less than five minutes, and the robber escaped, the gaping people making no resistance.

Mrs. C. M. Fote, of Los Angeles, Cal., aged 73, died suddenly on the north-bound Oregon express between Galle and Montague, in the Siskiyou. She was accompanying the remains of her late husband to Seattle for burial.

Trees and shrubs are being planted along the Suez canal to keep the sand from drifting.

James R. Garfield, son of the murdered president, announces himself as a candidate for congress in the Twenty-sixth Ohio district.

Congressman James C. Needham from the Seventh California district was born at Carson City, Nev., in an emigrant wagon while his parents were pressing across the plains to California.

Extensive additions are being made to the United States naval stations at Newport, R. I.

For continuous service A. E. Burr, of the Hartford (Conn.) Times, is probably the oldest editor in the country, having been in the editorial harness for 61 years.

Charles E. Moody, a millionaire of Bath, Me., asked the city council a short time before his death to erect a lamppost in front of his residence. The request was refused, and now his will shows that he revoked an intended bequest of \$75,000 for a new city hall.

## LATER NEWS.

Senator Gear was re-elected in Iowa.

New York has let a contract for another subway to cost \$35,000,000.

Many Americans will be needed in the government plans for the Philippines.

Robert M. McWade has been appointed to succeed Dr. Bedloe as consul at Canton.

The Farmers' Alliance wants the proposed subsidy money spent for export bounties.

Boers attacked French's advanced post and were repulsed with 20 killed and 50 wounded.

Landlord Whitten, of Skagway, fell from the gangplank of a steamer at Seattle and was drowned.

Over 20,000 drivers of all kinds of vehicles are on strike in Rio Janeiro. Troops were called out to maintain order.

Great floods of \$1,000 bills are said to have been a prominent feature in the campaign of Senator Clark of Montana.

Thomas B. Reed says he finds selfishness is master of the human race and the world must work to better conditions of the people.

In the senate Senator Pettigrew declared that "the blood of every soldier who has fallen since the war began is on the hands of the administration."

Miss Helen Gould has given \$50,000 to aid in the building of the new home for the naval branch of the Young Men's Christian Association in Brooklyn.

A London paper is authority for the statement that the powers have demanded knowledge of the United States' policy in China and the Philippines.

The special committee of the house to investigate the case of Roberts of Utah, finds that Roberts had three wives. It is said he will not be allowed to remain in congress and a majority favors not allowing him to be seated at all.

Kosciusko's friend and close associate, Haym Salomon, will be given a medal by congress. His relatives claim that he loaned this country money during the revolutionary war and it was never repaid. The medal is a compromise of their claim.

Denmark is coming down to our price. She now asks only \$4,000,000 for the Danish West Indies. The price first demanded was \$13,000,000. It is likely the deal will be closed before many days. The islands will be valuable to us in the event the Nicaragua canal is built.

Dawson was visited by another large fire.

General Joe Wheeler is coming home.

China is buying heavily of cotton cloth.

The Boers have captured a fort at Mafeking.

Daily long range shelling of Boers at Modder river continues.

Iron and steel shipments are taking all available shiproom to the Orient.

Taylor's appointments have been nullified by the Kentucky court of appeals.

The Northwestern Fruitgrowers' Association met in Tacoma in annual meeting.

Ex-Congressman David J. Colson, shot and killed two men in a Frankfort (Ky.) hotel.

Wainwright & Co., Boston bankers, have failed. They tried to carry too heavy a load of mining stocks.

A Wall street rumor says that the Southern Pacific may buy the Galveston, Houston & Northern.

The British ship Reliance and the British ship Annie Thomas are long overdue at San Francisco.

The French admiral dined with President Jimines, of Santo Domingo after the troublesome claim was paid.

The third annual convention of the National Livestock Association of America met in Fort Worth, Tex.

Senate committee on interoceanic canals will favor the bill for the construction of the Nicaragua canal.

A negro who was supposed to have aided two negroes to escape near Henderson, Tenn., was lynched by a mob.

Negroes have appealed to the United States senate for national legislation that will protect them from burning and lynching.

The treasury department is considering a recommendation to move the United States custom house from Maryland to Ketchikan.

All the leading manufacturers of men and women's woolen felt hats have raised prices as a result of the advance in prices of wool.

Secretary Long and Rear Admiral Bradford have appeared before the senate committee on naval affairs in advocacy of the Pacific cable.

Two more deaths have occurred as a result of Texas' worst fever. Two hundred deaths and over \$100,000 have been sacrificed in litigation, which started over the disputed ownership of an unbranded steer.

Total expenditures at the Charleston (Mass.) navy yard for the last fiscal year were \$137,465.

The Ninth regiment of Pennsylvania celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of its organization recently.

Daniel S. Ford, for 40 years proprietor and editor of the Youth's Companion, who died recently in Boston, made it an invariable rule that his name should never appear in the columns of his own journal.

New York has twelve times as many churches as Berlin.

Publishers in Finland lose from \$6,000 to \$10,000 a year due to suppression of books by the government.

China has just received a cargo of sewing machines from America, and Chinese women are said to be taking kindly to the innovation.

C. P. Huntington is the only survivor of the great Southern Pacific quarantine, composed of Stanford, Crocker, Hopkins and himself, and he now owns, or holds, an option on three-fourths of the stock of the road.

## OVER THE TUGELA

### Buller Sends His Force Around the Boer Flank.

#### THE DUTCH WERE SURPRISED

The Entire Command Is Now on the Way to Relieve Ladysmith—Making Good Progress.

London, Jan. 19.—The Times publishes the following dispatch from Spearman's farm, dated January 18:

"The force marched westward January 12. Lord Dundonald, by a dash of movement, occupied the hill above Potgieter's drift, 15 miles west of Colenso, taking the Boers perfectly by surprise. The same evening the infantry followed. General Lytton's brigade crossed the river yesterday and today shelled the Boers beyond with Howitzers. General Warren's force is now crossing Trichard's drift, five miles above. He is not opposed, although the Boers are holding a position five miles from the river."

The Daily Mail has the following, dated yesterday, from Pietermaritzburg:

"News has been received that General Buller is making satisfactory progress."

A special dispatch from Spearman's farm, dated January 18, says:

"The British column moved to Spearman's farm, beyond Springfield, January 13. The difficulties in crossing the swollen river were great, the wagons being quite covered."

A dispatch to the Daily News from Spearman's farm, describes Lord Dundonald's advance to Swartzkop hill, commanding Potgieter's drift, and says:

"General Lytton's brigade was sent to hold a position on Swartzkop hill. Leaving a strong body to hold Colenso and General Hildeyard's brigade at Springfield, our whole force advanced without delay. After four days' halt on the south side of the Tugela, our advance northward began January 18. General Lytton's brigade crossed the drift that evening and held the kopjes on our right. Sir Charles Warren's division has made an attack upon the enemy's left flank. The column is now crossing the river."

MONTH FOR DEBATE.

Senate Will Vote on the Financial Bill February 15.

Washington, Jan. 19.—An agreement was easily reached in the senate today to take the final vote on the pending bill fixing gold as the standard of value in the United States, February 15.

After several days of debate, the draught resolution regarding the conduct of the Philippine war was adopted. It was introduced by Hoar, and practically was adopted as a substitute for resolutions of a similar but less extended character, offered by Pettigrew and Lodge.

The house had another inning today over the sale of the New York custom-house by Secretary Gage. Sulzer, of New York, the author of the resolution for the investigation of Secretary Gage's transaction with the New York banks, started the ball rolling by charging that the mandate had already gone forth to suppress it.

Later in the day, during the discussion of the appropriation for the army, Cannon, in charge of the bill, challenged any member to move to strike it out. Williams, a Mississippi Democrat, replied to Cannon, in an eloquent speech, in which he affirmed the loyalty of every American citizen to the flag, and charged Cannon with shrewdly issuing a challenge that would not be accepted.

The agency deficiency bill was passed with only one unimportant amendment.

OTIS REPORTS THE CAMPAIGN.

Operations in Luzon and the Southern Islands.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The following cablegram was received by the war department from General Otis:

"Manila, Jan. 19.—Schwan's troops, independent of Batangas province, are about to move eastward into the provinces of Tayabas and Laguna; Wheaton is moving on Lemer and Taal, and has the navy's co-operation; casualties slight; insurgent loss considerable in men and property, as they keep up constant opposition. Expedition under Kobbe will leave for hemp ports tonight. General Hughes is absent on the western coast of Panay, policing the section. A band of 80 Tagals, which landed in Negros in December, was struck by Byrne in Negros mountains, who killed 19 and captured 28 rifles and ammunition; no casualties. Troops in Northern are busy pursuing robber bands, with good results."

Fortifying the Canal.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington, says:

Both Great Britain and Germany have formally served notice that they will protest against fortification of the Nicaragua canal, if that waterway be constructed by the American government.

Sigbee's New Place.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Orders were issued today formally detaching Captain Sigbee from the command of the Texas and assigning him to the head of the naval intelligence bureau.

Report of Disaster Not Confirmed.

San Diego, Cal., Jan. 19.—There is nothing known here or at Ensenada corroborating the report of the blowing up of the gasoline schooner Anita at Magdalena bay and killing her crew of six.

Paris, Jan. 19.—The Matin today says it is rumored on the bourse that Count Boni de Castellane, husband of Anna Gould, has lost \$3,000,000 francs by unlucky speculations.

Turin, Jan. 19.—It is announced that 13 persons altogether were killed and 40 others were wounded by the explosion of dynamite at Avigliano, 14 miles from here.

Lieutenant Howard, pilot of the famous Monitor, leaves but one other survivor who served on that boat, Captain Louis N. Stoddard, of the revenue cutter service.

## NO BAR TO GREAT CANAL.

Clayton-Bulwer Treaty Will Not Stand in the Way.

New York, Jan. 20.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: It was said tonight by a member of the foreign relations committee that an understanding exists between the United States and Great Britain under which this government can proceed with the construction of the Nicaragua canal without reference to the provisions of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

There is no doubt that since the negotiations for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty failed, and since the agitation of the construction of the canal has been taken up by congress, a discussion has occurred between the two governments, and it is understood that Great Britain has given this country assurances that it need not let the convention of 1850 stand in the way of action.

It has been known for a year that Great Britain was willing to abrogate the convention on condition that she receive concessions in the Alaska boundary controversy, and it is possible, if she has made the statement credited to her, she has coupled it with the understanding that her rights elsewhere will receive consideration in return for her concession.

Representative Sulzer has prepared an amendment to the Nicaragua canal bill, requiring that American labor be employed in connection with the construction of the canal.

WHEELER'S SEAT IN THE HOUSE

If He Tries to Occupy It the General May Be Disappointed.

New York, Jan. 20.—A special to the Times from Washington says: If General Joseph Wheeler expects to return to Washington to take a seat in congress without further formality, it looks as if he would meet with disappointment. Inquiry has been made since the announcement that he had been relieved from further duty in the Philippines, and it is found that there is very general agreement on both sides of the house that it has been clearly shown by the examination of the case of Low, and other precedents, that he has forfeited his right to a seat in congress, and that the only thing open to him is to go back to his district and seek re-election if he desires to continue in service in congress.

No doubt is entertained that, if he seeks re-election at a special election to fill the vacancy, he will be returned to congress, perhaps without opposition, but it will be held by the house, according to the best authorities in both parties that the seat is now vacant and will remain so until a special election has been held. Some of his friends in the house hope that he may be induced not to make claim to the seat, but to go at once before his people for re-election. They think he will win greater distinction by this course and, if re-elected, he would be entitled to pay for the entire term from March 4 last, as any one elected to the vacancy would be.

MUST REBUILD TRACK.

25 Miles of Northern Pacific in Potlatch Valley.

Lewiston, Idaho, Jan. 19.—The Northern Pacific train service out of Lewiston is completely paralyzed. It is doubtful if another train will leave this point or arrive here for 15 days. No such utter demoralization has ever taken place in the history of the system from St. Paul to the Pacific coast. More than 25 miles of track has been washed out, and will have to be rebuilt at a tremendous cost. There is no way of estimating the loss, but it will be enormous. The whole Potlatch valley has been washed clean by the flood, and not a bridge remains to show where the roadbed once was. As an indication of how complete a ruin has been wrought, the original profile of the road has been called for by the contracting engineers before they can begin to rebuild.

Andrew Gibson, chief of the constructing engineers on the Clearwater Short Line, has been ordered to annul all work on the new line and take a force of 1,000 men and four complete work trains to the scene of the disaster.

Why Wheeler Is Returning.

New York, Jan. 20.—A special from Washington to the Herald says: No doubt exists in the minds of friends of Brigadier-General Joseph Wheeler that his return from the Philippines in compliance with his own request is due to the failure of General Otis to give him active service in the field.

In certain quarters an effort is made to attribute General Wheeler's return to inability to stand the climate and to his age. In refutation of the former, his friends point to a statement he made after visiting the American lines, "the impression that the new country is unhealthy is wrong." Regarding his age, it is pointed out that he is only about a year older than General Otis.

The orders to General Wheeler to return were cableed about a week ago.

All Lines Pooled.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—The Chronicle says: "As a result of the recent consolidations and agreements among the owners of the great trunk railroads east of Chicago, the entire transportation system between the Mississippi river and the Atlantic seaboard is to be reorganized."

Blow Up the Safe.

Ellensburg, Wash., Jan. 20.—The office of Tjossem & Son, millers, three miles from town, was burglarized last night. The safe was blown to atoms, evidently with nitro-glycerine, and all its contents taken. The burglars secured \$300 in cash, and about the same amount in checks. In addition they took or destroyed all the papers in the safe, many of which were valuable. Pieces of the safe were picked up 40 feet away. A typewriter was wrecked, and office furniture badly damaged. The sheriff was notified by telephone, and immediately set to work on the case.

Boers Occupy Prieska.

Craddock, Cape Colony, Jan. 20.—Saturday, January 15, the Boers, with a commando of colonial rebels, occupied Prieska, a village on the Orange river, about 10 miles northwest of De Aar.

Its mortgage having been paid off, the Portland, Vancouver & Yakima Railway Company may build to Portland utilizing the old bridge pier across the Columbia opposite Vancouver.

Run down by a Ferry.

San Francisco, Jan. 20.—A small boat containing two Italian fishermen was run down last night on the bay by the ferryboat San Rafael. Gerolamo Oliveri was drowned and his companion, Andrew Castagnola, saved himself by clutching the steamer's paddle wheel as she slowed down. He held on until assistance came from the ferryboat employees.

Tidal Waves Swept Chilean Coast.

Santiago de Chile, Jan. 20.—Tidal waves higher than have been known for a long time have swept along the coast, doing considerable damage.

## WILL GO TO COURT

### Roberts Determined to Keep Up the Fight.

#### LITTLE SHOW FOR HIM THERE

McBride's Bill, Refunding \$1.25 to Certain Oregon Settlers, Passed Senate—Assay Office Bills.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Roberts of Utah announces that he will fight his case in the courts if he is denied a seat as a member of the house. Roberts has been making his contention on the ground that the constitution prescribes certain qualifications for a member, but he ought to know that the same constitution allows the house to be the judge of its own members. No court will undertake to set aside a decision of the house on such question, especially as it would have no power to enforce it.

Oregon Assay Offices.

Representative Tongue says that, notwithstanding the unfavorable recommendations of Director Roberts, the coinage committee will report favorably for assay offices at Portland and Baker City. He has received such assurances from members of the committee, and believes that the bills have a fair opportunity to pass the house.

Idaho Forest Reserves.

The Idaho delegation is much disturbed on account of the new proposals of the interior department to create forest reserves in that state. According to the lines drawn, a reservation is proposed in Southern Idaho, next the Oregon line, which will take in most of Canyon county of Washington, and part of Boise county. It will run up to the suburbs of Boise City.

There is also a proposition in the war department to create a large military reservation at Snake river, to include portions of Lincoln and Cassia counties.

McBride's Refunding Bill.

In the regular course of business today, the bill introduced and reported by Senator McBride, refunding \$1.25 an acre to settlers who paid \$2.50 for lands within railroad limits, was reached on the calendar, and passed without opposition. This bill will be of great interest to the people of the Pacific coast states, as it affects those lands within the grants to the railroad where such grants were afterward forfeited by reason of the failure to construct the road. Both Oregon and Washington will be affected by the measure, if it can be passed through the house. Representative Moody intends to push it through, although he will meet with considerable opposition.

Improving Upper Willamette.

Representative Tongue today introduced a bill appropriating \$25,000 for the construction of a revetment on the left bank of the Willamette river, one mile below Independence. This revetment is intended to prevent an overflow of the river at that point into La Creole creek, which overflow threatens to interfere with navigation on the Willamette.

OUR ASIATIC LANDS.

Senator Wellington Takes His Turn at the Philippine Debate.

Washington, Jan. 20.—For an hour today Wellington, of Maryland, occupied the attention of the senate, continuing the debate on the Philippine question. He took as his text the resolution he introduced last Tuesday, declaring that the United States should not take permanent possession of the archipelago, but, after subduing the insurrection, which he sincerely deplored, should confer upon the Filipinos the right to govern themselves, affording them such protection as they might need.

Teller resumed his speech on the financial bill, in the course of which he arraigned Secretary Gage for his negotiations with the National City bank of New York. He had not concluded his remarks when he suspended them for the day.

The house passed the senate bill to extend the power of the directors of the census, after striking out the committee amendment to authorize the director to contract for extra printing with private contractors. The whole fight was upon that amendment. The influence of the public printer and the labor organizations of the country were employed against it, and after a lively debate of several hours it was overwhelmingly defeated. The publication of the reports of the 12th census, therefore, will be made by the public printer, as in the past.

The Only Case of the Kind.

New York, Jan. 18.—William A. English, a son of the ex-Democratic vice-presidential candidate from Indiana, and a captain of volunteers in the war with Spain, has returned to the treasury a check for \$1,172 sent him for his services, with the statement that he would not accept pay for services to his country in the time of danger. It is the only case of the kind in the Spanish war.

Boers Occupy Prieska.

Craddock, Cape Colony, Jan. 20.—Saturday, January 15, the Boers, with a commando of colonial rebels, occupied Prieska, a village on the Orange river, about 10 miles northwest of De Aar.

Its mortgage having been paid off, the Portland, Vancouver & Yakima Railway Company may build to Portland utilizing the old bridge pier across the Columbia opposite Vancouver.

Run down by a Ferry.

San Francisco, Jan. 20.—A small boat containing two Italian fishermen was run down last night on the bay by the ferryboat San Rafael. Gerolamo Oliveri was drowned and his companion, Andrew Castagnola, saved himself by clutching the steamer's paddle wheel as she slowed down. He held on until assistance came from the ferryboat employees.

Tidal Waves Swept Chilean Coast.

Santiago de Chile, Jan. 20.—Tidal waves higher than have been known for a long time have swept along the coast, doing considerable damage.

## HOPES OF TRANSVAALERS.

Getting Used to War and Have Ceased to Mind It.

New York, Jan. 22.—An idea of the high hopes entertained in the Transvaal republic of the outcome of the war with Great Britain is given in a letter written by E. Houthakker, assistant stationmaster at Johannesburg, to his sister in Brooklyn. The letter was sent in November by way of Lorenzo Marques. The letter says in part:

"We are getting used to it a bit now. Since October 15 no more letters reached us, from beyond the Transvaal. A solitary cable dispatch manages to come through occasionally, but then it is a week old. At first I still maintained correspondence with Cape Town, but that is no more possible now. The Boers are scoring an enormous success, and they have already conquered the biggest part of Natal. They are pushing already into Cape Colony, where they are joined by the burghers. Kimberley is likewise completely surrounded, as well as Mafeking, while in the northern part of the Transvaal the Boers are already beyond our boundaries. On every side the British are getting a good thrashing."

"The internal arrangements here are excellent. All the English have left the country. Order is beautifully maintained. The Boers still remaining may be seen daily leaving for their various commands."

"Johannesburg now is fearfully quiet. All the male population has been drafted into a special constabulary. No one is allowed out after 9 P. M. With the exception of 10 mines, which are being worked by the government, all the mines on the Rand are shut down."

"Up to the present 1,500 English are prisoners, among whom are 50 officers, and 6,000 are slain. Our losses do not amount to 200, including the dead and wounded. It sounds like a miracle. It still looks doubtful who will come out ultimate conqueror, but as things look now the burghers stand a good chance. No fighting has occurred in their own country. The supply of food is plentiful. The English soldiers are not worth much and surrender easily. Already two of their generals are dead. Cape Colony will revolt."

"No doubt it will surprise you to see me having changed thus, but that could not be otherwise, after having witnessed everything. It is now clear that Chamberlain's sole aim has been for three years to make war against the Transvaal and obtain possession of its territory."

Yaqui Nation to Make a Last Stand.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—A special to the Record from El Paso, Tex., says: "The Yaqui Indians of Sonora, the only race in all Mexico that was able to survive the Spanish invasion and preserve its individuality, are making their last stand against the Mexican government. Thus far it seems the Mexican soldiers have been found inadequate to cope with the Yaquis."

A proclamation has been issued by the ruler of the Yaqui nation, addressed to "The American People," and in part is as follows:

"The Yaqui nation has begun its struggle for independence. It will no longer tolerate the Mexican army in Sonora. The nation has established a provisional government, the offices of which are at Babise. In the event of the success of the Yaqui people over the Mexicans, no foreigners except native born Americans will be allowed in Sonora for several years