

# Eugene City Guard.

L. L. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.  
EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

An interesting collection of items from the two hemispheres presented in a condensed form.

A railroad boom has struck Hawaii. Six inches of snow fell at Macon, Ga.

Bechnanland farmers are helping the Boers.

Boers fired plum pudding at Ladysmith garrison.

Oregon woolgrowers expect to get 20 cents for their 1900 crop.

Vigilance of Americans prevented a projected uprising in Manila.

At New York Kid McCoy knocked out Peter Maher in five rounds.

Idaho produced \$2,500,000 in gold and \$6,103,000 in silver last year.

France and England may have trouble over Newfoundland fisheries.

The United States may buy the Danish West Indies for \$4,000,000.

Ohio Irishmen offer sympathy, money, arms and soldiers to the Boers.

One child received fatal and several persons serious burns in a New York flat fire.

Nicholas, czar of Russia, has again issued an appeal for peace to the powers of the world.

Multnomah's football team defeated Stanford university's eleven at Portland; score, 11 to 6.

Hilliard F. Johnson, a water-front reporter in San Francisco, was drowned in a bathtub.

Government officials say the cruiser Montgomery was sent to Liberia to give the Black Republic assurance of protection.

More miles of new railroad have been built during 1899 than in any previous year since 1890, when 5670 miles of line were completed. Since January 1, 1899, no less than 4,500 miles of track have been laid in the United States on 312 lines in 44 states and territories.

The torpedo-boat destroyer Goldsborough, built by a Portland, Or., firm, on her second contractor's trial covered eight miles in 15 minutes, which is at the rate of 32 miles an hour, against a 2 1/2-knot current. Steam was made without effort, and not a bearing was heated. The run was made in the Columbia river, near Kalama.

Boutelle will probably never return to congress.

The Boer trenches at Colenso are bomb proof.

Pingree's tax resolution was defeated in the Michigan senate.

People are tired of Colombian war and ask for intervention.

British Columbia has sent a gold display to the Paris exposition.

If Delagoa bay is closed the Boers will raid Portuguese territory.

The Stahl & Straub failure in Philadelphia is a clear case of looting.

An important witness against Senator Clark has confessed to perjury.

Robert Cornelius, aged 20, was found dead in the woods near Glencoe, Or.

Fossiliferous remains of a gigantic sea serpent were found on the coast of Chili.

At its last meeting the cabinet discussed the agricultural possibilities in Alaska.

Buller's army on the Tugela has now reached the enormous strength of 28,000 men.

A London dispatch says Russia long to seize Herat, and she only waits for England to occupy Delagoa bay.

C. G. Coad, of Dallas, Or., has been appointed assistant sergeant-at-arms in the United States senate.

A Colorado Midland passenger and a Santa Fe freight collided near Palmer Lake, Colo. One fireman was killed and two engineers were hurt.

An English military expert asserts that the time has come for a change in the cabinet. He favors either a dictatorship or an all-powerful military minister.

Miss Florence Blythe - Hinckley, heiress to the Blythe millions, was quietly married in San Francisco to A. A. Moore, jr., deputy attorney-general of California.

American have captured another insurgent stronghold. Many rebels were killed, wounded and captured and an amount of ammunition and food taken. Their supposed impregnable position was north of San Mateo.

An Ottawa dispatch says that treason is talked openly among the French Canadians, and all of their members have retired from parliament. All the latent hostility to British rule has been aroused by Canada's action in sending troops to the Transvaal.

Mrs. Ezra Shoupe, near Sault Ste. Marie, Pa., had a lively fight with a big buck, which she first wounded with a rifle and then dispatched with a knife.

The Russian government has ordered all the rivers of the empire surveyed with a view to connecting all the important streams with canals.

The Noah Webster association, which has been formed at Hartford, Conn., will raise funds for a library building in memory of the lexicographer.

A woman's society for the prevention of cruelty to animals has been formed in New Jersey.

New York young women have formed classes for instruction in intelligent foreign traveling.

Andrew Carnegie has given away over \$9,000,000 for building and maintaining libraries, the list of his different beneficiaries numbering 50.

Edward Bates, librarian of the treasury department at Washington, died at the home of his father, Dr. Julian Bates, of St. Louis. Mr. Bates was born about 25 years ago.

## LATER NEWS.

Brittishers lost a supply train through treachery at Colseburg.

Tagala are not friendly to Archbishop Chapelle, now at Manila.

The Stanford football team defeated the all-Seattle players by a score of 23 to 0.

The treasurer of Shelby county, Indiana, is short \$125,000. His books are missing.

The Paris high court has found M. De Roulede guilty of conspiracy under extenuating circumstances.

Hanna will be chairman of the next Republican national convention, because the president wishes it.

Because he rode on a railway pass, suit has been filed against a member of the Kentucky election board.

President Cole, of the Globe National bank, of Boston, which recently failed has returned and will stand trial.

Peter S. Wilkes died at Stockton, Cal. He was a confederate congressman during the last year of the war.

The president has nominated General Bates, Young and McArthur for promotion. Bates is to succeed Lawton.

A native was found with all the symptoms of bubonic plague in Manila. Two deaths occurred in the house where he was sick.

As a result of campaigning in the Philippines 14 soldiers are insane at the Presidio in San Francisco. They will be sent to Washington.

The situation at Ladysmith is becoming horrible. Twenty deaths in one day were reported by General White. Enteric fever and dysentery are prevalent.

The recent California earthquake caused inactive volcanoes in the desert to become active; made old gas wells at Yuma flow again and caused fissures in the ground.

Trunk lines have all advanced freight rates. Merchants have filed protests saying that the new tariff will drive business away from New York, shippers taking advantage of shorter hauls to New Orleans and other ports.

Both houses of congress are after Secretary Gage. The legislators desire to know by what right the treasurer increased deposits of government funds in New York banks during the recent financial flurry there and correspondence in the matter is asked.

On her recent trip the steamer Australia would not accept storage passengers at Honolulu on account of the plague scare. One death occurred on December 22, and two Chinese were found dead on Christmas day. These fatalities started the plague scare again.

Colonel Pitcher won in a skirmish with the Boers near the scene of Methuen's defeat.

The gold yield for 1899 in New South Wales was 509,418 ounces, an increase of 168,925 ounces over 1898.

The battleship Wisconsin will have the heaviest battery in the navy. The boat will have her trial trip soon.

South Dakota Christian Scientists are opposed to vaccination and will take the question into the courts.

Twenty-five thousand Pittsburg laborers were advanced from 5 to 10 percent and in some cases even a greater percentage.

In St. Louis the electric lights in parks, public buildings and alleys are turned off because a contract has not been renewed.

A German steamship company refused to take back contract-labor emigrants and the captain was arrested at a Texas port.

Booker T. Washington, the prominent colored man, says the Negro's only salvation is to make himself useful and keep pace with the times.

At Colseburg General French was opposed by from 5,000 to 7,000 Boers. The British losses were slight, while Boers are said to have lost heavily.

A horrible murder occurred near Rosser, Ala. A woman was cut to pieces and the remains were partially burned. An old negro is suspected.

Secretary Hay announces that favorable replies have been received from England, Germany, France, Russia and Japan to an open door policy in China.

Secretary Root has taken measures to break the corner in hemp. He has had many complaints and has instructed Otis to open Southern Luzon ports soon.

Senator Harrell, of Kentucky, says Whallen tried to buy his vote against Goebel. Harrell wanted \$5,000, but received only \$4,500 and now charges bribery.

Secretary Root has directed the establishment of a government line of steamships connecting San Francisco, Honolulu and Manila, similar to that running between New York, Cuba and Porto Rico points.

The last link in the great waterway connecting the great lakes with the gulf has been completed. Water has been turned into Chicago's big canal, which took seven years to build, at a cost of \$33,000,000. The primary purpose is to drain Chicago, but its possibilities are great.

According to the Montreal Herald, Canada never before was so prosperous.

Miss A. B. Mulroney, of Philadelphia, has made \$30,000 out of her shops in the Klondike.

Mrs. Louisa J. Cabell, of Lowell, Me., is a justice of the peace, and personally manages a farm and an express business.

Lead and zinc have been discovered in the vicinity of Centaur, St. Louis county, Mo., about 40 miles from St. Louis.

Admiral Montojo, in his official report, charges his defeat in Manila bay to Spanish unpreparedness.

Jennie June Croly, known the world over as a clever writer and advocate of advancement of her sex, is 75 years old.

The distress in the famine-stricken districts of India is becoming more acute. About 2,250,000 persons have received relief.

Robert Cosman, jr., pastor of St. John's church, Boston, has been chosen bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Maine.

## MILITARY HOSPITAL

### Congressman Jones Working for One for Vancouver.

### THE SUM OF \$175,000 ASKED

### He Also is Promoting Legislation to Preserve Squatters' Rights as Against Lieu-Land Scrip.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Congressman Jones proposes to urge an appropriation of \$175,000 for a convalescent military hospital at Vancouver barracks. The Commercial Club of that city is active in promoting the enterprise. Tacoma would like a hospital of this kind also.

Where the issuing of forest reserve lieu land scrip has a tendency to deprive settlers of unsurveyed lands of squatters' rights, Congressman Jones proposes legislation to protect the settler. Many complaints are being received from such settlers.

### DEBATE IN SENATE.

### Financial Bill Will Be Taken Up at Once-Short Sessions.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The senate evinced a disposition today to take up the work of the session in earnest, and while the sitting was of only a little more than an hour's duration, a large number of important bills were introduced, and a definite foundation laid for proceeding with the financial bill, by fixing the hour for beginning the debate on this measure for 2 o'clock tomorrow. The most notable event of the day was a protest entered by Hoar of Massachusetts, to the summary disposition of resolutions asking for information about the conduct of the Philippine war. He indicated a purpose to demand consideration for such measures, even at the expense of the financial bill. The 8th inst. was named as the date for the eulogies in the memory of the late Vice-President Hobart.

The house was in session only 15 minutes today, and during that time had a little flurry over an attempt by Sulzer of New York to secure consideration for a resolution asking information concerning the relations of the treasury department with the National City bank, of New York. The resolution was referred to the committee on ways and means.

### FLANKING THE BOERS.

### Pitcher's Raid the First Step in Methuen's Plan.

London, Jan. 5.—Colonel Pitcher's occupation of Douglas is regarded as merely the first step of General Methuen's carefully matured plans to outflank the Boers.

The report of the Boer attack upon Molteno is not yet confirmed. Apparently General French holds nothing within five miles of Colseburg Junction. His request for reinforcements dispels any present hope that he will be able to seize one of the crossings of the Orange river. It is probable that when Lord Roberts arrives General French will be ordered to quit his present unsupported position and to concentrate his command at De Aar or Orange river.

### Boers Shelled a Kimberly Mine.

Kimberly, Jan. 5.—The Boers last night evinced considerable interest in the Premier mine, using their searchlights. This morning they actively shelled the fort. The Royal artillery replied. Or shells were well placed and dropped amid the smoke of the enemy's guns.

Last night's storm ignited some of our military mines, but there were no casualties.

Cecil Rhodes has supplied the Boer prisoners with new clothing.

### Gatere Turned the Boers Back.

Sterkstroom, Jan. 5.—General Gatere today met the invading forces at Cyphoghat, near the British advance camp at Bushmanshook. The Boers retired hurriedly shortly after the British artillery opened fire. The enemy occupied Molteno and Cyphoghat today, but the latter place is now reoccupied by us.

### Patrol Forces' Losses.

Frere Camp, Jan. 5.—Captain Thorncroft's patrol found the enemy in some force at the little Tugela bridge. Their presence was discovered by scouts. It is reported that five men and a lieutenant of the party have not returned.

### Fighting Around Colseburg.

Naanapoot, Cape Colony, Jan. 5.—There was brisk fighting today in the hills around Colseburg. The Boers stubbornly resisted the British at every point, but gradually retreated. The British held the extreme position to the south and east, overlooking the town. Hills around Colseburg are numerous, not in ranges, but in groups, making it very difficult to hunt the Boers out. Sixteen wounded have arrived at Arundel.

### Six Hundred Lives Lost.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 5.—The latest reports from Achakskak, in the government of Tiflis, show that 600 lives were lost during the earthquakes which visited that district Monday.

### Choice of Caucus.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 4.—After three years of retirement, J. C. S. Blackburn was chosen tonight by the joint caucus of the Democratic members of the legislature as the successor of William Lindsay in the United States senate. Notwithstanding Blackburn's nomination was a foregone conclusion and his election morally certain, the proceedings of the caucus tonight were enacted in the presence of a galaxy of Kentucky beauty and a dense throng of Blackburn admirers.

### Opening Prison Doors.

Havana, Jan. 5.—Today General Wood issued an important order giving freedom to 40 prisoners in the province of Santa Clara. Some of them had been detained without trial, and others were suffering excessive punishment. Reports from other departments are daily expected, and it is believed that before the end of the month a large number will be released, especially in the province of Havana. The cases of those who have been held for a long time in detention without trial will be the first to be investigated.

## SENATE TAKES IT UP.

### Opening of the Debate on the Financial Bill.

Washington, Jan. 6.—In accordance with the notice previously given by him, Senator Aldrich today opened the discussion of the financial bill with the explanation of a substitute for the house bill. The subject was carefully prepared and was read from manuscript. It was delivered in clear and distinct language, but without any effort at oratory. Senators present gave him careful attention, but no one interrupted him with questions or otherwise during the delivery, nor did any one manifest a disposition to reply after he had concluded. The senate adjourned for the purpose, it is understood, of giving those who may wish to reply to the Rhode Island senator an opportunity for presentation of the subject.

The Pettigrew resolution concerning the Philippine war went over until Monday, when it is understood some senators will be asked to be heard on the Philippine question. Senator Beveridge also gave notice of a speech for Tuesday on the Philippine question, prefacing his notice with a resolution declaring his own position on the subject.

The house sitting was very brief again today, the only incident being the adoption of the Sulzer resolution introduced yesterday calling upon Secretary Gage for information regarding the deposit of government funds in certain New York national banks. The resolution, as adopted, was made more general in its scope and an amendment was added to cover information respecting the transactions relating to the sale of the New York custom-house site. Secretary Gage's friends had been informed that he courted the fullest investigation, and was prepared to submit all the facts to congress. Accordingly there was no friction over the passage of the resolution, which was unanimously adopted.

### RUNAWAY TRAIN.

### Thrilling Experience of Passengers on the Chicago & Great Western.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—A special to the Chicago and Great Western, westbound from Galena, Ill., says: Travelers on a Chicago Great Western passenger train had a thrilling ride and a narrow escape from death at Galena Junction today. To avoid death the engineer and fireman of the passenger train jumped just as their engine crashed into the rear of a disabled freight train standing in a long tunnel. So great was the force of the collision that the passenger engine bounded back, and before the engineer and fireman could climb aboard the engine the train was going down a steep grade at the mouth of the tunnel.

The conductor was unable to use the air, and the train had run a mile, and was within a hundred feet of a stationary freight train when stopped. Many of the passengers jumped, while others sought safety in the front coaches. The wrecked cars and the caboose in the tunnel caught fire and were destroyed. The engineer and fireman of the passenger train were both injured.

### The Plague at Manila.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 6.—The Manila Times, just received here, states that "it has been learned from various authentic sources that in many of our closely neighboring towns a serious epidemic, bordering on plague, is raging. The towns principally affected are Gualdepe, Mandatogana, Pienda and Malabon, besides a number of other towns. The cause is said to be due to eating the flesh of animals which have died from disease. What, over the cause, there is little doubt that a species of plague exists, which in most cases proves fatal. It is said that the disease carries off its victims within 28 hours from its attack, and in these country towns medical aid or supplies are not to be had readily, and then only in a limited way.

### Boer Recruiting at Butte.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 6.—Two hundred and sixty men have signed an agreement here to go to South Africa and serve in the Boer army. They are Irish-Americans, German-Americans and French-Americans. Only men between 20 and 40 and without any one depending on them were enlisted. They will leave as soon as an agent of the Transvaal government, now on his way here, arrives.

### Sawmill Boiler Exploded.

Cincinnati, Jan. 6.—A boiler in the sawmill of Charles Stout, eight miles east of here, exploded and killed three employes and injured the owner this morning. Mr. Stout's head was crushed, and he will probably die.

### The "Open Door."

Washington, Jan. 6.—Italy has returned a favorable response to the recent note of the state department respecting the "open door" in China. Italy was the last of the great powers remaining to be heard from.

### The Plague in Brazil.

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 5.—The bubonic plague has broken out in the city of Sao Paulo.

Santiago Morphy, who robbed the Bank of Mexico of \$70,000, has been sentenced in the City of Mexico to nine years in prison.

The Delagoa bay award will not be made for six months or a year.

### Dervoude Is Banished.

Paris, Jan. 6.—The high court (senate) in secret session today condemned H. Buffet and Dervoude to 10 years' banishment. M. Geurin was sentenced to 10 years' confinement in a fortified place. Marquis de Lar Saluces was sentenced to 10 years' banishment.

### British Agent Arrested in Russia.

Berlin, Jan. 6.—It is reported the British envoying agent has been arrested at Korheta, Russia.

### Meat Prices Advanced.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 6.—Local and Northwestern retail butchers have advanced the price of veal and pork 1 cent per pound. It is stated the advance is to be general all over the section, and that it is due to a scarcity of livestock throughout the Northwest.

### German Trade With United States.

Berlin, Jan. 6.—The annual report of the Bremen chamber of commerce comments upon the growth of trade with the United States, expressing the opinion that this will be still greater in consequence of currency reform.

## SHOVEL AND PICK

### Boers Working Incessantly at Their Trenches.

### FLANK ATTACKS ARE DIFFICULT

### Battle on the Tugela River is Expected Soon—Extent of the Dutch Rising.

London, Jan. 6.—This morning's news throws little further light on the war situation. The exact position at Molteno and Cyphoghat is not yet clear but in any case these little engagements are of small importance beyond proving that the British forces are beginning to attain a great degree of mobility.

It is fully expected that next week will see a heavy battle on the Tugela river, which is now the real pivot of the campaign.

The Boers appear to be working incessantly with shovel and pick. Lord Methuen's cavalry scouting has developed the fact that the Boer intrenchments extend some 40 miles, far overlapping the British positions and making flank attacks exceedingly difficult. Military critics affirm that the Boer trenches confronting General Buller stretch away some 17 miles, and that work upon them is pushed unrelentingly.

While the advance is delayed, flank movements are rendered most difficult because long marches are not done with celerity, and it is hard to time an attack with certainty.

The extent of the Dutch rising may now be measured by taking a line from Prieska, on the west, to Hersehel or Barkly, on the east. Along the whole of this line, except at points actually occupied by the British, the population seems for the most part hostile.

### New Redoubts are being built at Kimberley, and 17 miles of works now encompass the town.

The admiralty programme embraces the stationing of small squadrons at Durban, Simons bay, Port Elizabeth, Lorenzo Marques, St. Vincent, in the Cape Verde islands, and Cape Town, and sending an additional ship or two to Aden.

It is announced that Great Britain's agents and detectives are secretly watching all Italian ports.

It now appears that it is John Churchill, second son of Lady Randolph Churchill, and not Winston Churchill, who has been given command of a squadron of the South African light horse.

Lord Roslyn has thrown up his engagement at the Court theater in order to join the yeomanry. The offer of Lord Iveagh to provide at his own expense a completely equipped hospital for use in South Africa has been accepted.

The war office has invited Sir William Thompson to accept the post of chief surgeon to the forces in South Africa, instead of consulting surgeon.

### Pitcher Falls Back.

Belmont, Jan. 6.—Colonel Pitcler, it is officially announced, being only on a raiding expedition, and for military reasons being unable to occupy Douglas permanently, has evacuated the town, bringing off all the loyalists. He has now returned safely to a close proximity to Belmont. When he announced the necessity of evacuating the place, the inhabitants declared their lives were not safe five minutes after the troops left. Pitcler, therefore, invited them to accompany him to Belmont.

The vehicles of the town were totally inadequate to convey the refugees, so the troops gave up the transport wagons to the women and children.

### ANOTHER STEAMER SEIZED.

### And Emperor William Thinks It is Going Too Far.

Berlin, Jan. 6.—The imperial mail steamer General has been detained at Aden, and occupied by British troops, with the object of searching her cargo, which is to be discharged. The General is owned by the German East African line.

The seizure of the General has considerably aggravated the situation here, and the indignation against England is intensified. The government is still earnestly endeavoring to preserve correct official relations, but England will do well to hasten to make the "amende honorable" to Germany.

On absolutely reliable authority, the correspondent of the press learns that Emperor William is now thoroughly aroused by the repeated seizures of vessels, not one of which, he has been assured, is guilty of carrying contraband. He regards the seizure as high-handed proceedings, which England would not have dared to undertake if the German navy were more powerful than it is.

### Hanna Says No.

Cleveland, O., Jan. 5.—Senator Hanna declared today that, although he had been urged to stand for the permanent chairmanship of the next Republican national convention, he would not do so.

"There are other men," he said, "who are more ambitious than I, and who value that honor more than I do, I will give way to them."

### Missionary Killed by Chinese.

Peking, Jan. 6.—The Rev. Mr. Brooks, of the Church Missionary Society, stationed at Ping Yin, in the province of Shan Tung, was captured in the vicinity and murdered December 3 by members of a seditious gang called "boxers," who have been active lately in destroying many villages and killing native Christians. The governor of the province has dispatched a force of cavalry to the scene of the disturbances, but the soldiers arrived too late to save Mr. Brooks.

### Canadian Parliament Summoned.

Ottawa, Jan. 1.—It was officially announced tonight that parliament had been called for February 1. The principal business to be brought up will be the voting of money for the military contingents to be sent to South Africa, and the adoption of motions endorsing the action of the government.

### Three Thousand Miners Strike.

Vienna, Jan. 6.—Three thousand miners have struck for an advance of wages in the Kodach coal district of Styria.

## MAKES ONE'S FLESH CREEP.

### Wholesale Cannibalism in the Congo Free State.

New York, Jan. 8.—A special to the Times from Nashville, Tenn., says: The Southern Presbyterian board of missions in this city received letters today from Rev. L. C. Vass, and Rev. H. F. Hawkins, missionaries of the church stationed at Luebe, Congo Free State, Africa, giving accounts of the burning of 14 villages and the killing of 90 or more natives by state troops. They report that some of the victims were eaten by cannibals, and that the bodies of all who were slain were mutilated, their heads having been cut off.

Mr. Vass was formerly of Newbern, N. C., and has been engaged in mission work at Luebe since February 18, 1899. Mr. Hawkins was formerly at Vicksburg, Miss. Mr. Vass states that tidings of raiding by the Zappo Zaps in the Bena Kamba country having reached them, and the work of the missionaries being threatened, the Rev. Mr. Sheppard was sent to make an investigation. He went to the Zappo Zaps' camp and found that 14 villages had been destroyed by fire and plundered. He saw 47 bodies lying around the camp. From three bodies the flesh had been carved and eaten. The chief said that 50 or 60 had been killed and five persons eaten by his people.

Mr. Sheppard saw 81 right hands cut off and lying around a slow fire in order to be afterwards taken back to the state officers. Sixty women prisoners were confined in a pen, and 16 had already been sent away prisoners. It is said the raid was ordered because the people could not pay the exorbitant tribute demanded by the state. The missionaries say that they reported the matter to the proper officials, and demanded the withdrawal of the troops, and that the chief instituted a counter prosecution on account of the charges made. The missionaries further say the Zappo Zaps are a tribe kept by the state for its protection. They are sent out to collect rubber, ivory, slaves and goats as tribute from the people, and can then plunder, burn and kill for their own amusement and gain. The missionaries say they are collecting evidence about the massacre, and will send it to Boma and to Europe. Mr. Vass says:

"The whole country is pillaged and not a village left standing. The people are in the bush. Tonight in a radius of about 75 miles there are possibly 50,000 people sleeping in the bush, unsheltered and weary, in the midst of a rainy season. The state is a terror to every one."

### Executors' Big Fees.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Robert T. Lincoln and Norman B. Ream, executors of the estate of George M. Fullman, were today allotted as compensation for their services the sum of \$425,000. The order was entered by Judge Batten, in the probate court. This is said to be the largest amount in fees ever allowed executors of any estate handled by the probate court here.