

# Eugene City Guard.

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EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

An interesting collection of items from the two hemispheres presented in a condensed form.

England has ejected Russians from her lands at Hankow and trouble is imminent.

It is said that food for Guerin, the besieged Frenchman is supplied by an underground passage.

An agreement has been reached with Germany whereby packages weighing 11 pounds may be sent by post.

Kruger's concessions to England are so far reaching that it is thought his resignation will be demanded.

In South America the products of Great Britain are being replaced by those from the United States and Germany.

While 16 men were descending into the Cochard mine at Hautecroix, France, a cable broke and all were killed.

Commercial travelers will endeavor to have uniform style adopted in mileage tickets by the railways of this country.

An Italian anarchist organizer in New York stated that workmen all over Europe are organizing for a great uprising.

The recent withdrawal of troops caused trouble in Panay and Cebu islands, but robber bands and armed Tagals were punished.

A witness, who at the former trial gave expert testimony that Dreyfus wrote the bordereau, has now declared that Esterhazy wrote it.

Through the heroic work of the sisters only four deaths resulted from the terrible conflagration in the Orphan asylum at Sparkill, N. Y.

Free trade privileges for 10 years have been granted Spain in the Sulu islands. Germany and Great Britain will also be granted like privileges.

The pope blessed the Olympia's crew and sent an autograph letter to Admiral Dewey. He is much concerned about war and expressed the hope that it will soon end.

The Santo Domingo government has surrendered to the revolutionists. The rebels reached the capital and took possession and Huereaux' successor threw up the sponge.

So satisfactory have been the results of experiments made with thorite, the new high explosive discovered by an Oregon professor, that it will be recommended by the board of ordnance and fortifications for use in the Philippines.

The national farmers' congress will meet in Boston in October.

Our commerce with Germany for 1899 exceeds all previous records.

A stage in Yellowstone park turned over. One person was killed and a number were injured.

The eucalyptus tree is to be experimented with quite extensively in Cuba as an anti-malarial agent.

Suspicious cases of fever have occurred at Orizaba, Mexico, and it is believed to be yellow fever.

General Otis reports everything quiet at Manila. He is protecting the lives and property of all classes.

The governors of 21 states have appointed delegates to the anti-trust conference to be held at Chicago in September.

The Olympia's battalion of 250 men will lead the parade in New York on the occasion of the arrival of Admiral Dewey.

Sergeant Crawford, who escaped, after letting eight men out of the prison at Wardner, has been arrested at Missoula, Mont.

Sir Thomas Lipton, the owner of the Shamrock, has sailed for this country. He was given a hearty farewell by his Irish friends.

It is announced in London that the governor of Natal has refused to allow the transit of empty cartridge cases intended for the Transvaal.

A determined effort is being made at Cleveland, O., to secure the discharge of a number of volunteers in the Fourteenth United States infantry.

A Washington special says that a modus vivendi has been agreed upon by the Alaska boundary commission and will be in effect before congress meets in December.

A Vienna paper says that a deportation of American merchants from Manila has gone to Washington to promise a scheme for ceding the Philippines to Great Britain.

A Manila dispatch via Hong Kong says treason has been discovered in Luzon. A native mayor had opened a rebel recruiting station and was being aided by insurgent officers in disguise. He was arrested and taken to jail.

An anti-kissing league has been inaugurated among the society girls of the East side of Cincinnati.

It is proposed to set up a modern American saw mill in China, where lumber is still sawed in the primitive methods of a century ago.

Boston's largest land owner is Archbishop Williams, who holds in his name real estate valued at \$7,000,000 belonging to the Roman Catholic church.

N. H. Brown, a London editor, has made nine journeys around the world.

The Cologne Gazette publishes an editorial advising German commercial circles to accept the invitation to be represented at the Philadelphia exposition.

The Pressed Steel Car Company in Pittsburg, Pa., has received orders for 2,500 cars of 100,000 pounds capacity each from the Erie railroad, Western New York and Pennsylvania railroad, and the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg railroad. The contract price of the orders aggregates \$2,750,000.

## LATER NEWS.

The demand for lumber is unprecedented throughout the country.

The battleship Wisconsin will be ready for her trial within a fortnight. The famous petrified forests of Arizona may be set aside for a national park.

The Union Pacific will increase its capital stock and buy the connecting line to the Pacific.

The Nebraska boys were given a rousing reception at Omaha and throughout the state.

The lawyers in session in Buffalo favor the new bankrupt act, but believe creditors should have better protection.

The taking of the census in Cuba is said to be a preliminary step to the establishment of a republican form of government.

The governor of Vermont wanted heavy cannon for the Dewey salute and has ordered them shipped from San Francisco.

Captain Leary, the governor, has established our sovereignty in the Ladrones islands and has issued his proclamation to the people.

There is active recruiting everywhere in Peru and the government continues to send troops to the interior. Business is at a standstill and mines are shutting down.

The United States may have a Dreyfus case to deal with. Wayne McVegh, the attorney for Captain Carter, has placed his client on the same pedestal with the famous French prisoner.

An agent of the British government who is in Seattle on business says that Kruger does not want war, but will likely be forced to it by younger blood which now practically controls his cabinet.

It is reported in Manila that Aguinaldo has ordered the rebel generals in the province of Cavite to close in on and attempt to take the town of Imus, and it is added the troops are concentrating around the town from the lake country.

To combine the combination of trusts is the object of an incorporation, the papers for which have recently been taken out in New Jersey. The idea is to form one gigantic central company, employing the entire productive capacity.

An elaborate plan is on foot for an alliance of the Central American states. Their fleets would combine and work together and they would control an inter-oceanic canal. It is the intention to have the agreement extend for 25 years.

Illinois white men killed two negroes and the colored people have called upon the authorities for prompt action. The trouble originated in a grading camp at Rockford and 19 black men who were driven from the camp are now being led by the police in Chicago.

Miners in Mexico are not being molested by the warring Yaquis.

The Prussian diet has closed. No action was taken with the canal bill.

Mrs. Phoebe Hearst is the principal stockholder in a new California oil company.

A Japanese paper says Aguinaldo was killed by General Pio del Pilar last June.

The military commander of San Cristobal has been assassinated by the Santo Domingo rebels.

Julia Dent Grant, daughter of Frederick Dent Grant, now serving in the Philippines, will wed a Russian prince.

Walter Wellman, the leader of the polar expedition, has arrived in England. He is probably crippled for life as a result of his trip.

A company with a capitalization of \$20,000,000 is forming in San Francisco for the purpose of establishing big enterprises in China.

According to a statement just issued by the California state bank commissioner, the increase in assets and liabilities is the largest ever shown.

The United States transport Grant, bearing the Idaho, North Dakota and Wyoming volunteers, has arrived in San Francisco. During the voyage there were five deaths.

It is rumored that the secret understanding as to the boundary is merely to hold in check possible demonstrations at a proposition to cede Canada a free port of entry in Alaska.

General Joe Wheeler in an interview with a press correspondent says he believes Otis will soon make rapid progress. He says he likes the Philippines and that the impression that the country is unhealthy is wrong.

James Hamilton Lewis, of Washington, is about to leave for England to press upon the attention of the British government the claims of a large number of American miners, aggregating nearly \$25,000,000, and mostly in the Atlin district.

Two wrecks in one day were reported on the Rock Island. The east-bound flyer ran into a freight train at Keats, Kas. The engineer and fireman of the passenger train were severely injured. The Keokuk express ran off the track near Elgin, Ill. The train was badly smashed, but no one was injured.

Charles Frobenius, of Milburn, N. J., says he has solved the problem of perpetual motion.

Preparation for the erection of the \$15,000,000 steel plant which is to be located at Stony Point, near Buffalo, N. Y., are in active progress.

Captain Davis Dalton, the swimming expert who was drowned near Far Rockaway, was known as the champion life saver of the world, having rescued 278 people from drowning.

David Henderson, the theatrical manager, received a discharge in bankruptcy in the United States district court in New York.

Cash Mosby, a prominent negro and excursion agent of the Southern railroad, is promoting a reunion of ex-slaves and slave holders of the South to be held in Chattanooga this fall.

L. Bamberger & Co., of Philadelphia, have sold to the American Tobacco Company, the trust, 25,000 cases of leaf tobacco for \$1,000,000, being the greatest sale ever made in the trade.

# WAR IS INEVITABLE

## View of Boers After Reading Chamberlain's Speech.

### KRUGER GATHERING SUPPLIES

He Believes Now That Hostilities Cannot Be Averted—Matabele Showing Signs of Unrest.

London, Sept. 1.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Morning Post says: The Boer officials, after reading the cable reports of Mr. Chamberlain's Birmingham speech, consider that war is inevitable. The speech has undoubtedly inflamed the war spirit here. The Boers are now all armed, except those in Johannesburg. Their commissariat is fairly good. All the forts are amply victualled. President Kruger does not hesitate to express the view that war is almost inevitable. He has stocked the presidency with ample supplies of provisions to secure his own person from privation, and he is often heard repeating the eighty-third psalm.

The Matabele are showing signs of unrest. The Boers are energetically engaged in poisoning the minds of the natives against the British, and they have approached the Zulu chief, Dinizulu, who appears undecided which case to espouse. But the Zulus are prepared for the expected fighting, and it must be remembered that Dinizulu was deported to St. Helena with several other chiefs and kept a prisoner there by the British for several years.

### TO BUY CONNECTING LINES.

Union Pacific Will Increase Its Preferred and Common Stock.

New York, Sept. 1.—The directors of the Union Pacific have decided to recommend to the shareholders an increase in the preferred stock of \$25,000,000 to \$100,000,000, and increase in the common stock of \$78,000,000 to \$125,000,000. The additional preferred stock is to be used for the conversion at par of the outstanding \$14,000,000 Oregon Short Line 4-per cent "B" bonds, and of the \$11,000,000 Oregon Railroad & Navigation preferred stock.

The \$78,000,000 new common stock is to serve for an exchange of an equal amount of Oregon Railroad & Navigation common stock, being the entire amount in the hands of the public, the balance being already owned by the Oregon Short Line. The 5 per cent Oregon Short Line "A" bonds are to be taken up with Union Pacific first-mortgage bonds now in the treasury of the company. This will complete the exclusive ownership by the Union Pacific of the entire line from the Missouri river at Omaha and Kansas City to Portland, Or.

### Street-Car Blown Up.

Cleveland, Sept. 1.—A combination car on the Williston avenue line was blown up by a powerful explosive between Scoville and Quincy streets to-night at 9:30. There were six passengers on board, five of whom sustained broken legs. The other passenger and the crew of the car escaped without injury. The explosion lifted the car entirely off the track, destroying trucks and demolishing the flooring. The car fell again on the tracks and in such a way as to imprison the injured passengers. These were rescued by the crew of the car. The report of the explosion was heard at the public square, three miles from the scene. There is no clue to the perpetrators of the deed.

### Wrecked by Runaway Cars.

New York, Sept. 1.—The Erie accommodation train from this city, due at Arlington, N. J., at 2 o'clock, was wrecked on the bend just east of Arlington. Two freight cars broke away from the siding at Montclair and ran away down the incline past Arlington and crashed into the passenger train just as it got around the bend. William Nurie was killed, and 15 or 20 passengers were injured. The engine was smashed and derailed. The smoking car was crushed and thrown high in the air. It was loaded with passengers. Turning over in the air, it fell to the side of the track, when it rolled down a 30-foot embankment.

### Perished in a Fire.

Yuma, Ariz., Sept. 1.—The most disastrous fire in the history of Yuma broke out at 3 o'clock today in the second story of E. E. Saginetti's merchandise establishment, resulting in the loss of six lives and total destruction of the store building and stock of goods. The fire department, which responded promptly, was unable to cope with the flames, owing to the lack of apparatus. A crowd of men were carrying goods from the building when the second floor fell upon them, killing six and more or less injuring many more. The list of the dead is: City councilman C. H. F. Naylor, Rodolfo Wilson, James Tapia, Julian Preciado, R. R. Ivora and Richard Wilson.

The loss is estimated at \$150,000; insurance, \$80,000.

### Baron Albert Grant Dead.

London, Sept. 1.—Baron Albert Grant, the company promoter, is dead. His title was conferred on him by King Humbert, in 1898, for services in connection with the Victor Emanuel gallery, at Milan.

### Accident on Mont Blanc.

Zermatt, Switzerland, Sept. 1.—While two Englishmen, Hill and Jones, were ascending Mont Blanc their rope broke, and Jones and three guides were precipitated down the mountain. Their bodies have been discovered. The accident occurred at an altitude of 14,100 feet. Mr. Hill wandered two nights on the mountain, unable to descend. His escape was miraculous, as the five men were roped together.

### Porto Rico Code.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The insular commission, consisting of General Kennedy, Judge Curtis and Major Watkins, which has given six months' study to the conditions of Porto Rico, today made its report to Secretary Root. It recommends a form of civil government for the island to take the place of the present military regime, and submits for adoption a code of laws.

A dispatch from Cape Haytien says there was a battle at Dajabou several days ago in which the government lost 16 men and the insurgents only five.

## LEAVING KLONDIKE.

Departures This Year Exceed, by Over 8,000, the Arrivals.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 4.—The Dirigo arrived from Alaska today with 200 passengers and gold dust estimated at \$250,000. The biggest winner is Barclay, of North Dakota, with \$100,000. Among the passengers was C. S. Coastworth, who went in over the Edmonton route. He reports that Dr. Mason, of Chicago, and others who were sick with scurvy at Wind City, got through safely.

Since the opening of navigation, according to passenger lists, 9,447 people have left Dawson and 3,899 have arrived there. This aggregate does not include 1,500 men who floated down the river to Cape Nome. Departures this year exceed arrivals by 8,048. It is estimated that there are 3,000 men in the Klondike who must get out of the country or become objects of charity next winter.

The telegraph line has reached a point on the Yukon river 150 miles south of Dawson. The work is being pushed ahead at the rate of five miles a day. The government is building a wagon trail from Caribou crossing to a point below White Horse rapids, through Watson valley and around Thirty-Mile river. This will lessen the distance on the winter trail fully 100 miles.

## ACCIDENT TO THE NEWARK.

Broke a Piston Rod as She Was Entering San Francisco Bay.

San Francisco, Sept. 4.—The cruiser Newark met with a mishap as she was coming into port Tuesday, the news of which has just leaked out. When off Angel island one of the piston rods of the port engine broke in two and the piston smashed through the cylinder-head. The engine was stopped as soon as possible, and the cruiser proceeded to the bay on her other engine. The repairs will probably be made at Mare Island.

Captain Goodrich, of the Newark, has been detached from that command, and today assumed command of the battleship Iowa, relieving Captain Terry, who is ordered home on waiting orders. The command of the Newark will devolve upon Captain B. H. McCalla. It is expected that Captain Terry will soon be promoted to the rank of rear-admiral.

## Yellow Fever at Key West.

Washington, Sept. 4.—General Frank, commanding the department of the Gulf, has telegraphed the war department that four cases of yellow fever have appeared at Key West and asked for instructions. In reply General Miles sent telegraphic instructions directing the removal of the garrison at Key West to such a point as Frank may deem best, but suggesting Fort McPherson.

The garrison at Key West is composed of batteries B and N, First artillery. There are no cases among the troops.

## Fever in the South.

New Orleans, Sept. 4.—An autopsy held today on the body of young Udolph, who died yesterday, revealed the fact that death was caused by yellow fever. The case was reported to the authorities four days ago, but Dr. Murphy, of the marine hospital service, did not know that the case was one of yellow fever.

## Americans in Transvaal.

New York, Sept. 4.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Action has been taken by the state department for the protection of Americans and their interests in the Transvaal in case of war between Great Britain and the Boer republic. Instructions were sent by Secretary Hay today to Consul Macrum, at Pretoria, directing him to watch vigilantly developments in the situation and their effect upon American citizens and their interests.

## They Sailed on the Para.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The following cablegram has been received at the war department: "Manila, Sept. 4.—Adjutant-General, Washington: Nine hundred and twenty-four discharged soldiers sailed on the Para yesterday. Find statement in possession of Lieutenant Jordan, signal officer, who will identify men to paymasters, San Francisco. Advisable to make full preparations for prompt payment on arrival of Para."

## Fighting in Congo Free State.

Brussels, Sept. 4.—News has been received of sharp fighting between the Congo Free State troops and Batavia natives beyond Songola. The rebels were driven back with a loss of 100 men. The troops lost 35 native soldiers. The rebels were not followed because they retreated over famine and smallpox devastated tracts. The country is now reported to be quiet.

## The Public Debt.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounts to \$1,157,338,555, a decrease of \$4,281,116 as compared with the last month. This decrease is accounted for by a corresponding increase in cash on hand.

## Hundreds of Lives Lost.

Yokohama, Sept. 4.—Hundreds of lives have been lost by the flooding of a copper mine at Boahi, island of Shikoku.

## Great Northern Branches.

St. Paul, Sept. 4.—It is announced that the Great Northern contemplates immediately extending a branch from Fairhaven and an extension into the Republic mining district.

## Mill Nearing Completion.

The mill building of the M. M. & M. Co., at Cheban Falls is nearing completion. It is expected the machinery will arrive within a week or two and it will not be long before the mill will be in operation.

## Seizure of the Abbey.

Washington, Aug. 28.—The navy department has received a protest from W. S. Sylvester, of London, one of the owners of the ship Abbey, seized by Admiral Dewey on the charge of carrying arms to the Philippines. He stated that he is about to come to Washington to contest this seizure, on the ground that the Philippines were the allies of the United States at the time the arms were shipped.

## The Will of Lloyd Tevis.

The will of Lloyd Tevis, filed in San Francisco, leaves the entire estate of \$15,000,000 to the widow.

# DREYFUS IN TEARS

## Most Trying Day the Prisoner Has Gone Through.

### STRAIN TOO GREAT FOR HIM

His Attempted Suicide in Cherche Midl Prison—Alleged Confession to Lebrun-Renault.

Rennes, Sept. 2.—Dreyfus had the most trying day he has yet gone through. The strain proved too great for him and for the second time in the course of the trial he gave way to his feelings and sought relief in tears. The generals have branded him as a traitor before the court, their subordinates have pointed the finger of scorn at him. But he only once flinched—when the official report of his treatment on Devil's island was read before him and the pictures of his suffering, mental and physical, was thrown vividly on the screen of his memory. Then he hid his features and wept.

He passed through another such crisis today, when, after Captain Lebrun-Renault and witness after witness had brought before him that cold January morning which ushered in the scene of his degradation. Major Forzenetti, a man of heart, told in simple words and unaffected manner the story of Dreyfus' struggle with the maddening temptation to take his life and the intervention of his wife, as an angel, pointing out the road of duty. Then again the prisoner's breast heaved with emotion and tear drops trickled down his cheeks. He rose, and after a forced effort to remain calm as he spoke a few words concerning his denial to Colonel Patry de Clam that he wrote the bordereau, he turned to Forzenetti, with a look of thanks for his consolation so needed. Dreyfus then uttered these words of heartfelt gratitude to his wife for the courage with which she inspired him:

"It is due to her," he cried, "that I am alive today."

The prisoner could articulate no more but sat down abruptly to conceal his distress. The proceedings concluded a few minutes later and he was taken back to his prison, where his wife visited him, and in the presence of Mme. Dreyfus and the gendarmes guard he broke down completely. The tension had been too much for him. He sobbed convulsively and the partner of his sorrows joined him in a solace of tears.

Captain Lebrun-Renault and the supporters of his assertion of the Dreyfus confession had an inning, lasting nearly the entire session, their depositions containing little but what has already been stated before the court of cassation. Captain Lebrun-Renault introduced the new assertion that the fact that he had not related the incident of the confession to President Casimir-Perier was because he overheard himself called "canaille," "cur," and "traitor," while waiting at the Elysee. He, however, could not explain why he kept this to himself for so long a time instead of recounting the incident before the court of cassation. Nor did his explanation as to why he destroyed the page of his notebook containing the record of Dreyfus' confession sound very convincing.

## IN JIMENES' FAVOR.

President Figueroa, of Santo Domingo, Abdicates.

Santo Domingo, Sept. 2.—President Figueroa has resigned. The ministers will continue at the head of their various departments until a provisional government has been formed, after which elections for president and vice-president will occur.

The city is quiet today, but business is at a standstill. The Dominican gunboat Restauracion is ashore on the rocks at the entrance to Macoris harbor.

Porto Plata, Sept. 2.—President Figueroa yielded his executive authority to his council of ministers at noon today. Official notice of the change in administration has been received from the capital by General Imbert, who is the provisional governor of the city by direction of the revolutionary committee. With the fall of Figueroa the revolution is victorious.

Cape Haytien, Sept. 2.—News just received here confirms the report that President Figueroa, of the Dominican republic, has abdicated, it is said, in favor of Jimenes.

## Italian Warships for China.

Rome, Sept. 2.—Owing to the spirit of opposition and evasion shown by the Chinese foreign office in the negotiations now progressing between China and Italy, the Italian squadron in Chinese waters will be immediately reinforced by two torpedo-boat destroyers.

## Boer Women Form Rifle Clubs.

Johannesburg, Sept. 2.—The Standard and Diggers News, of Johannesburg, describes the Boer women as warlike. They are forming rifle clubs in many districts and petitioning the Transvaal government against granting the franchise to the Uitlanders, on the basis of a five-year residence.

## Choked His Brother to Death.

Oakland, Cal., Sept. 2.—As the result of a quarrel about family affairs this morning, Oliver Holmes, an elderly resident of Livermore, was choked to death by his brother, George, in a room adjoining that in which their ranch hands were eating breakfast.

Work is soon to begin in Chicago on a permanent agricultural exposition building, located at the main entrance to the Union stockyards and to cost \$100,000.

## Japan to Corner Camphor Market.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 2.—News comes from Formosa that the Japanese government intends, after the monopoly system comes into force, to hold all camphor made in the island for six months or so without making any sales, and then to fix the price according to the demand which may be found to exist for the drug in foreign countries. The recent abolition of some 3,500 kilns for the manufacturing of camphor, as a result of the operation of the new law, threw many hands out of employment.

## CUBA'S NEEDS

Lee Recommends Independence With a Protectorate.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says: General Fitzhugh Lee has made an elaborate report on prevailing conditions in the territory in Cuba under his jurisdiction, and takes strong ground for an independent Cuban government under an American protectorate. The war department in March directed the commanders of departments in Cuba to make a report on the conditions in their several sections, and to accompany it with recommendations as to the treatment of the natives. General Lee is the only commander who has so far responded.

General Lee begins his report by stating conditions in Havana and Pinar del Rio provinces are making rapid progress toward a state of peace, good order and prosperity. He goes into this in great detail, taking up the subject town by town, and showing a general improvement throughout the western end of the island. His report in this respect is very gratifying, indicating as it does that there is not so much suffering from want of food as is often asserted in unofficial reports.

Turning to recommendations, General Lee urges the taking of self-government. General Lee thinks that the next steps should be the careful consideration of the question of suffrages for the Cubans. He takes it for granted that there will be elections by the natives, and he points out the importance of wise action in determining the qualifications of voters.

He recommends an independent republican government, with a president, vice-president and congress. He would have this established soon, and advises the holding of a general election for the selection of those officers. He says nothing about a constitution, leaving it to be inferred that he either overlooked that step or would have it left to the Cuban congress to provide after its installation in office.

General Lee evidently foresees that while the United States might provide Cuba with a model system of government, the natives would be likely to spoil it in the administration, and he has submitted suggestions for keeping the government machinery running along lines that commend themselves to the American mind.

Even after relieving the Cubans in part of American protection, he would have United States troops maintained in the island to protect Americans and other aliens in the enjoyment of their personal and property rights.

## Packing Plant Burned.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 4.—Fire broke out at 1 o'clock this morning in the big plant of the Jacob Duld Packing Company, which covers several acres of ground on the west river bottom between Ninth street and the Missouri river. The fire started in the fertilizing department, burned through the engine room and was burning fiercely before any fire apparatus arrived. The water pressure in the vicinity of the fire was very low, and the firemen were handicapped in their work. The fertilizing department, the engine room, the ice plant, the sausage department and the lard room were destroyed, with much costly machinery, and other parts of the plant were more or less damaged.

## Plan for Smuggling Chinamen.

Hong Kong, Sept. 4.—Reliable information is at hand that some 400 Chinese are to be shipped from here via San Francisco, purporting to be acrobats, jugglers, etc., for the Philadelphia exhibition, and that certain men here have received certain sums of money to cause them to be landed in America, and the Chinese believe that they will be allowed to remain there. The first batch of 190 have gone forward in the Nippon Maru. There is no doubt that these Chinamen are simply being smuggled into America to remain there.

## Five Men Killed.

Pittsburg, Sept. 4.—A boiler explosion at the Republic Iron Works on South Twenty-fourth street shortly before daylight today killed five men and seriously injured seven. The mill was partly wrecked and the entire plant was compelled to close down.

The explosion occurred just as the night force was leaving and the day force was coming on duty, so there were only a few men in the mill at the time. If it had happened half an hour later, the list of dead and injured would have been appalling.

## Served Forty Days.

New York, Sept. 4.—A special to the Herald from Washington says that although Hiram Cronk, of Ava, N. Y., aged 99, is still carried on the pension rolls, press dispatches recently announced