

Eugene City Guard.

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EUGENE CITY, OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

An interesting collection of items from the two hemispheres presented in a condensed form.

Japan has had an enormous increase in commerce in five years.

Ex-Secretary Alger subscribed \$100 to aid the Porto Rico sufferers.

The new Columbia beat the Defender a mile in a race for the Astor cup.

It is estimated that 100,000 tons of food will be needed weekly for relief of Porto Ricans.

Frank Reims, who had much to do with the development of baseball, is dead at Chicago.

The forty-fifth annual session of the International Typographical Union is in session at Detroit.

Emperor William remembered his former soldiers in Chicago by presenting them with a banner.

Sir Chaires Tupper says we must arbitrate the boundary dispute or Canada must build a railway to Dawson.

President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, will go to Champlain to confer with President McKinley.

Tom Johnson, the Buckeye congressman, and his brother, have secured a contract to build a railroad in England.

When the Olympia arrived at Leghorn from Naples, Admiral Dewey was born with fever and unable to see sailors.

The revolution is gaining in Santo Domingo and the people are in a wild panic. The situation is considered bad for the government forces.

Secretary Root has sent telegrams to governors of states, asking for the names of two officers of each volunteer regiment in the Spanish war.

The navy department has decided to give the cruiser Olympia a rest and Dewey's gallant flagship will be sent to Boston navy-yard immediately upon her arrival in American waters.

Paris are said to be threatening Germany and France, and England is being kept busy in avoiding trouble from financial stringency. Her trade conditions continue good, however.

Another transcontinental line will be built in Canada to compete with the Canadian Pacific. The government has voted \$6,000,000 in aid of the project and it is expected that it will be completed within two years.

Russia has agreed to arbitration of the claims of American citizens whose vessels were seized by Russia. These claims amount to \$300,000 and Russia's willingness to arbitrate them is the best evidence of their validity.

Manila is soon to have an ice-making plant.

The smelters' union in Colorado has declared the strike off.

M. Labori, attorney for Dreyfus, was shot down while going to court at Rennes.

Paul de Roulede, a French deputy, was arrested at Paris for conspiring to overthrow the government.

When the new regiments now forming have been filled, it is said Secretary Root may ask for more volunteers to relieve those who have served in tropical countries.

The British commander, Percy St. John, denies most emphatically having criticized Major-General Otis, and denounces the purported interview as a fake of the worst kind.

Colonel Butt's colored troops have participated in their first engagement at the capture of San Mateo. They behaved well, their leaders having difficulty in holding them back.

An Arizona recruit, while on a spree in Denver, shot and killed two policemen who had attempted to arrest him. He escaped and a reward has been offered for his capture dead or alive.

Captain A. H. Otis, of the First Washington volunteer infantry, has cleared himself of the charge of looting. His name was forged to a letter, and efforts are being made to find the forger.

A Seattle dispatch says the recent seizure of six Canadian fishing boats near Point Roberts by the United States customs officials will probably be settled in a day or so by the release of the boats.

In Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Iowa and Wisconsin, a great deal of damage was done by a storm. In some places there was loss of life, due to lightning, and the loss in crops and destroyed buildings reaches a heavy figure.

The transport Continental has arrived in San Francisco from Manila. She narrowly missed a couple of typhoons, and was ashore on a coral reef where the entire crew barely escaped capture at the hands of the Filipinos. One of the sailors was killed by a parting hawser, and one of the quartermasters was strangled by a colored cook.

James Brooks, of McPherson, Kan., walked 37 miles to see a circus.

The Chinese emperor is obliged by his religion to fast 64 days in a year.

In Cuba 500 plantations under normal conditions are good for 1,000,000 tons of sugar.

A New Orleans man is said to have invented a sugar cane planter, in the form of a wagon, that with three men and four mules will do the work heretofore done by nine men and nine mules.

A giant reaping machine at Redlands, Cal., cuts a swath 50 feet wide.

Since 1883 military operations in the Sudan have cost the British government about \$40,000,000.

The Maryland peach crop, both in quality and quantity, has been a decided failure this season.

Mexico is now producing from 70,000 to 80,000 tons of sugar annually on 2,800 farms, or haciendas, and ranches.

In 1886 the Erie canal carried to tide-water 1,489,000 tons of vegetable food; in 1897 it carried only 744,000 tons.

LATER NEWS.

The Colorado volunteers have arrived in San Francisco from Manila.

General Davis says the deaths from the storm in Porto Rico will reach 2,000.

The partner of Alex McDonald, the Klondike king, denies the latter's bankruptcy.

The meat combine has forced New York butchers to raise the price three cents a pound.

According to news received of the fleet now in Bering sea the whaling season was not a great success.

The California Passenger Association has agreed on a rate of \$37.50 to the Missouri river for returning soldiers.

An emblem of a ladder four feet long, cast from a Spanish cannon, will adorn the new battleship Wisconsin.

At Carbondale, Ill., striking miners were arrested for violating the court's injunction against interference with mines.

Illinois wants a deep waterway to the Gulf and a river convention will be held in Chicago in October to organize.

The anti-expansionists talk of putting a national ticket in the field against McKinley as "Continental Republicans."

Eighteen thousand unstamped cigars were captured at Tampa, Fla. The factory has been carrying on a profitable traffic for some time.

The automobile is to be given a test for war service. An experiment will be made in carrying messages and mail from Chicago to New York.

In a brush with the insurgents who again attempted to retake Angeles, the Americans lost two killed and 12 wounded; the insurgents' loss is estimated at 200 men.

Admiral Sampson will have charge of the naval reception to Admiral Dewey. The North Atlantic squadron will probably meet the admiral a day's sail from New York.

President Ratchford, of the United Mine Workers, blames the state authorities for the trouble at Wardner, Idaho. He says the miners' organization is not criminal nor defender of criminals.

A Paris special to the New York Journal says that a syndicate has plotted to kill Dreyfus if the trial results in acquittal. The plan included the killing of Labori. Assurance is given that speedy acquittal may now be looked for.

Portland, Or., is to have a bicycle factory.

The Santo Domingo rebels have established a junta at New York.

Advices from Honolulu say that volcanic action of Mauna Loa has entirely ceased.

Willamette valley hopgrowers have agreed on 40 cents as the price for hoppers.

July reports show that both exports and imports increased over the same month last year.

Andrew Carnegie has sent another \$1,000 check to the Anti-Imperial League at Boston.

President McKinley spoke to the scholars at the Catholic summer school at Lake Champlain.

Augustus Howard, wanted in Denver, is thought to be an escaped convict of Sydney, Australia.

A suspicious disease, having all the symptoms of bubonic plague, has made its appearance in Portugal.

M. Labori is recovering from his wound, and expects soon to be able to attend the court-martial.

A case of yellow fever has appeared among the marines guarding the government property at Havana.

Lily Langtry, the actress, has again married. The groom is but 28 years of age, of English parentage.

The United States cable steamer Hooker is ashore in Manila bay and efforts to tow her off have proved unsuccessful.

Mexicans are holding the Yaqui Indians down, and the miners now think the Yaqui's war will be confined to the Indian reservation.

The navy department has received a letter from Admiral Dewey speaking in high terms of the treatment he and his men received at the hands of the Austrian people.

The shooting of M. Labori stirred up all Europe. The opinion is general that Dreyfus' cause is loser thereby from the enforced absence of the attorney during the confrontation.

Secretary Wilson while in Chicago after his recent trip to the coast says he learned something of Philippine agricultural conditions while here, and is enthusiastic over the future of the islands.

Robbers in China are making war on the government and have whipped the soldiers. At a fight in Canton in which 600 soldiers were pitted against 10,000 robbers 250 soldiers were killed and 100 wounded.

The Albin which has just arrived in San Francisco reports that 100 people, men and women, without food and means, were picked up on the Katsue beach by the revenue cutter Bear and taken to St. Michaels.

The British government used 124,000 gallons of corn whisky last year in the manufacture of smokeless powder.

The timber lands of the south are being rapidly purchased by northern and western syndicates and manufacturing companies.

James W. Bradbury, of Maine, is the oldest living ex-member of the United States senate. He is 97 years of age and served with Webster, Calhoun and Clay.

The value of bicycles owned in Maine is \$324,420. This is only \$7,000 less than the value of the entire street railway properties of the state.

Napoleon III.'s last dwelling place and the scene of his death—Camden house, Chislehurst, and its beautiful grounds—is in future to serve as a golf course.

Jack Everhardt, of New Orleans, the light weight, has announced his retirement from the prize ring. In the past few years he has met and defeated many of the best pugilists of his class in the country.

THE MACDUFF IS SAFE

Grain-Bag Ship Sighted Off the California Coast.

SPOKEN BY TRANSPORT WARREN

Vessel Had Encountered Storm, Was Disabled, and Afterward Recaptured.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—The British ship Macduff, long given up as lost, is safe and battling with the weather 550 miles from the Oregon coast. She was sighted by the transport Warren, August 14, in latitude 39.50 deg. north, longitude 133.37 deg. west, and was flying signals of distress. Major Cloma, quartermaster of the Warren, which arrived tonight with Colorado troops, ordered a boatload of provisions sent to the crew, who signaled that they had been without sufficient food for four days. The men on the Macduff cheered lustily when the provisions were hauled aboard. She had encountered bad weather, and was considerably disabled for many days, and had been becalmed for nearly two weeks. Supplies had given out, and starvation had been inevitable.

The Macduff, now 186 days out from Calcutta, has a valuable cargo, including 4,000,000 grain bags, consigned mainly to Portland. Fifty per cent insurance had been placed upon her, and San Francisco speculators had practically given her up as lost. They had figured the grain-bag deficit this year at 2,900,000 sacks. This will be fully covered by the arrival of the Macduff, and speculators will soon be jingling British gold in their pockets.

WITH HEAVY LOSS.

Insurgents Defeated in a Sharp Fight Near Angeles.

Manila, Aug. 18.—The insurgents have been concentrating for two days before Angeles. It is officially announced that Colonel Smith, with 10 companies of the Twelfth regiment, and two guns of battery E, of the First artillery, under Lieutenant Kemley, this morning attacked 2,500 strongly entrenched insurgents at the southern approach to Angeles and drove them back after a sharp fight, the American troops losing two men killed and 12 wounded; the insurgents' loss is estimated at 200 men.

Our force will hold Angeles. About 200 insurgents appeared this morning in front of Dolores, a short distance north of Porac, but they were driven off by one company of the Twelfth regiment under command of Captain Anglum. One American was wounded.

Major Kirkman, on entering Santa Maria and Depanay today with a reconnoitering party, learned that, after the fight with General Pio del Pilar's men, near Boston, about 330 insurgents retreated northward, carrying many wounded, including five officers.

CRIME SYNDICATE.

Reinach Declares Part of the Plot in Murder of Dreyfus.

New York, Aug. 18.—Joseph Reinach cabled the following statement to the Journal and Advertiser:

"The shooting of Labori will warm up the atmosphere of the court, as it has disgusted honest men. The attempted assassination is not the outcome of a weak mind; it is part of a general plan—cold-blooded, premeditated and paid for. The crime syndicate of assassination feared Labori and wanted his life and documents. The same men are responsible for the razor which cut Henry's throat, for the rope which hung Lucriner, and the pistol that shot Labori. History furnishes no example of a crime so atrocious.

"The plot includes the murder of Dreyfus if acquitted. The murderers who ordered the assassination will yet be caught. No compromise verdict is possible now. The judges, who hitherto would have been willing to throw a sop to the anti-Dreyfusards, will now make no concession.

Dreyfus Wept.

Rennes, Aug. 18.—The second trial by court-martial of Captain Dreyfus, of the French artillery, charged with treason, continued this morning. Major Carriere, representative of the government, having refused to agree to adjournment of the case until Monday, applied for by Demange, counsel for Dreyfus, owing to the murderous attack upon Maitre Labori, leading counsel for the defense.

The feature of the day's proceedings was the story of the sufferings of Dreyfus on Devil's Island, his prison off the coast of French Guiana. Dreyfus wept in court when the clerk read the document recounting the details of his incarceration.

Two Thousand Killed.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The appalling conditions existing in Porto Rico were made more fully known to the war department today by General Davis, in a dispatch, which says the deaths outright in the island will reach 2,000, while many are dying daily from injuries and privations. General Davis says the supplies now on hand will be sufficient to relieve distress and prevent starvation until the McPherson arrives.

Killed by a Broken Wheel.

Spokane, Aug. 18.—S. W. Groom was instantly killed this afternoon by the bursting of a balance wheel of a wood-sawing machine. One of the pieces of metal struck him, tearing the back of his head off.

Five brutal assaults by a negro man on white women occurred in Little Rock, Ark., inside of 24 hours. The victims of the assaults are all highly respected, and all were attacked in the suburbs of the city.

Colorado Troops Return.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—Gaily dressed with lines of many-colored flags, the United States transport Warren arrived at this port at 5 o'clock this afternoon, having on board the First Colorado regiment of volunteers, back from the campaign in the Philippines. The regiment, commanded by Colonel McCoy, returns with 46 officers and 94 men, about 50 less than the number who sailed from San Francisco last year. A number of the men enlisted in the new regiments being organized.

HIS HEAD CRUSHED.

Marine Diver Drowned Under 108 Feet of Water.

Tacoma, Aug. 19.—William Baldwin, the famous marine diver, of Seattle, was drowned this afternoon while working on the submerged Andelana, 198 feet under water. It has been contended that divers could not descend deeper than 150 feet. Baldwin said he could reach the Andelana, and made three descents.

On the fourth trip down, the terrific air pressure broke the connecting tubes to his pneumatic suit, and he was drowned. His head was crushed to pieces by the pressure.

Baldwin made his first trip to the bottom of Commencement bay on the afternoon of August 9, and broke all previous records for deep-sea diving by going down a little over 33 fathoms. When he was drawn to the surface, after his first descent, his first words, when the helmet was removed from his suit were: "I knew I could reach the ship and I did."

When he went down again this afternoon his assistants and a few spectators who were on the barge, which is moored near where the Andelana is lying, jokingly said goodbye, as they had always done before, and one of the men at the air pump added, "We'll all attend your funeral." Little did they think that that would be the last time Baldwin would be seen alive.

Heretofore the record for the deepest dive made under water was held by Gunner's Mate Morgan, of the United States cruiser Charleston, who went below the surface of the water a distance of 190 feet. When this record was made, it was considered phenomenal, and many thought the feat impossible.

At a depth of 195 feet there is a water pressure of 90 pounds to the square inch, and a pressure of 95 pounds to the square inch is necessary to force breathing-air to the man below the water, but this did not deter Baldwin from attempting to reach the sunken ship. In describing the feeling experienced under 33 fathoms of water, Baldwin said it was a paralyzing sensation all over the body and limbs, and when these would be the least hitch in the airpump, the top of his head seemed to raise about three feet. Ordinary garden hose was used to furnish air to Baldwin, and this was only guaranteed to withstand a pressure of 75 pounds, so his death can be laid only to his own carelessness.

Before the raising of the Andelana could finally be successful, it would be necessary for Baldwin to go to 36 fathoms of water, and he seemed perfectly willing to chance the danger. Diver Baldwin was to receive \$30,000 for his labors if the Andelana was raised, but now that he has been killed, it is probable that the ship will continue to lie in Commencement bay for some time to come.

This will probably be the last attempt to raise the sunken ship, as Baldwin was the only man on the coast who would even make the attempt to descend to so great a depth, particularly so since the water is always muddy on account of the Puval-ly emptying into the bay at this point.

WASHINGTON'S FINE REGIMENT

Stand Hardships and Climate Better Than Easterners.

Portland, Aug. 19.—First Lieutenant William E. Weigle, company G, First Washington, who has recently returned from the Philippines, says:

"The Washington troops have stood the hardships and climate of the Philippines much better than the Eastern troops as they seem to take more naturally to the rainy weather. While there has been considerable sickness among the troops, still the number on the sick list has been much below the average of other regiments. The lieutenant speaks in high praise of Colonel Wholley and his ability as a commander, and has no hesitancy in asserting that the men of the Washington regiment stand at the head of the list for all-round good soldiers, of all the volunteers now in the Philippines. They won words of praise from their corps commander, General Charles King, for their splendid work on more than one occasion. Upon General King's departure from the islands, the regimental commander, Colonel Wholley, was chosen to take his place as corps commander. The Washington troops, the lieutenant says, are now awaiting transports for their return to the United States and he thinks they will leave Manila about the first of September.

Another Rebel Attack.

Manila, Aug. 19.—Eight hundred insurgents attacked Angeles this morning, but the Twelfth regiment drove them into the mountains. Three hatched locomotives were captured.

None of the American troops were injured. The insurgents' loss is not known. C. T. Spencer, of Kentucky, reporter of the Manila Times, was killed yesterday during the fight at Angeles.

Hundreds Were Poisoned.

Rockford, Ill., Aug. 19.—Two hundred people were poisoned at Oregon, Ill., today by lemons which they drank at a picnic. As yet no fatalities have been reported. The poisoning is supposed to have been the result of nitric acid in the lemonade sold at one of the stands. The most violent cases are of small children.

Typographical Union.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 18.—The International Typographical Union convention today selected Milwaukee as its next meeting place.

The report from the committee on laws favoring the levying of a special assessment of not more than 50 cents in any three months by the executive council whenever the strike fund shall fall below \$20,000, was adopted.

Iron mining gives employment to more than 17,000 persons in England.

Clearwater Fight.

Spokane, Aug. 19.—A New York special to the Spokesman-Review says: President Mellen, of the Northern Pacific, who will attend the company's annual meeting in New York, Friday, says the Clearwater trouble is practically settled.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 19.—A dispatch from Brantley, Ala., says: Charles Hart, a negro who yesterday attempted to assault Mrs. Stephen Battle, a widow, was taken from Brantley jail last night by a mob of 100 men and shot to death in the woods half a mile away.

ENOUGH MEN AT LAST

Root Will Pour Soldiers Into the Philippines.

TEN REGIMENTS CALLED FOR

General Otis Will Have Sixty-Five Thousand Men Under His Command.

Washington, Aug. 19.—An order has been issued directing that 10 additional regiments of volunteers be organized for service in the Philippines. The regiments will be numbered from 38 to 47 and will be organized at the following places in the order named:

One each at Fort Snelling, Fort Crook, Neb., Fort Riley, Kan., two at Camp Meade, Pa., one each at Fort Niagara, N. Y., Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Jefferson Barracks, Mo., South Framingham, Mass.

Washington, Aug. 19.—"The policy of the war department," said Secretary Root, "is to furnish General Otis with all the troops and supplies that he can use and that are necessary to wind up the insurrection in the Philippines in the shortest possible time."

The secretary was speaking of the 10 regiments that were called out today by order of the president. He said that no delay would be allowed in the enlisting, equipping and supplying the new regiments already organized, and sending them to the Philippines as soon as they were needed for active operations. If the present number of transports is insufficient more will be procured. The men already enlisted for the Philippine service will be sent at once and the new regiments will follow as fast as they are organized and needed.

While there has been some suggestion that the new regiments will be used as a reserve force, it may be stated positively that these regiments, as well as more, if they can be used, will be sent to reinforce General Otis.

Secretary Root sent a copy of the order of today to the various departments of the army and they at once began preparations for supplying the new organizations. Within half an hour the ordnance bureau had sent orders to the different arsenals directing the complete outfits of arms and ordnance supplies for each regiment be sent to the rendezvous where they are to be organized. The quartermaster's department gave orders for supplying tents, clothing and other equipments furnished by that department while the commissary department ordered a sufficient supply of rations to be on hand to feed the troops as fast as they arrive. The medical department was also directed to see that supplies were sent.

The regiments will be recruited with the same care exercised in enlisting the first 10 regiments. The districts which were not very thoroughly covered in recruiting for the first 10 regiments will be visited by the officers of the new organizations. It is the intention of the department to have the regiments give more attention to firing than to any other feature of the drill. The men will be armed, as are the regular infantry regiments, with the new magazine army rifles.

SUPPLIES FOR YAQUIS.

San Francisco Filibuster Steamer Probably Captured.

Guaymas, Mexico, Aug. 19.—The gunboat Democrata left port Tuesday and a rumor was started that it went to intercept a vessel from San Francisco carrying Gatling guns, rifles and ammunition to the Yaquis. The gunboat has not returned, but rumor says that it has captured the filibuster.

Guaymas is full of Yaquis working at all sorts of occupations. Several sloops laden with produce and manned by Yaquis arrived yesterday from the river. They report that when the troops reached Vicam Friday, the town was deserted, and no fight took place. A body of Indians met the troops on the march toward the town and held them in check until the Yaquis had left the town and then they disappeared in the woods. The main body of the Indians, including women and children, crossed on a raft to the north bank of the river, made a detour behind the troops, and escaped to the mountains. The Yaqui loss in the skirmish was three. The horse under General Torres was shot.

The remainder of the campaign will probably consist of scouting in the mountains on the part of the troops, and raids in the Guaymas valley ranches by the Indians.

Pugilist Frayne Dead.

San Francisco, Aug. 19.—Jim Frayne, the pugilist injured by Frank McConnell in their fight last night, died here this afternoon at 3:15 without having regained consciousness. McConnell and his seconds, with Frayne's seconds and managers of the club, have been placed under arrest, also Referee Hiram Cook.

Dewey Will Visit France.

Nice, France, Aug. 19.—It is announced that the United States cruiser Olympia, now at Leghorn, will arrive at Villefranche, August 27.

Wellman's Expedition Returns.

Tromsø, Island of Tromsø, Norway, Aug. 19.—Walter Wellman and the survivors of the polar expedition led by him arrived here this evening on the steamer Capella, having successfully completed their explorations in Franz Josef Land. Mr. Wellman has discovered important new lands and many islands.

Baltimore druggists have organized and will try to stop price cutting in medicines.

Criminal Carelessness.

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 19.—The jury in the inquest into the cause of the accident on the Shelton Street Railway Company's bridge at Peck's mill pond, August 6, by which 30 people were killed, rendered their verdict today that the motorman of the wrecked trolley car was guilty of criminal carelessness, and that the Shelton Street railway was very negligent. The jury also recommended a special session of the legislature to act on certain laws which it recommends for the protection of persons riding on trolley cars.

JIMINEZ ARRESTED.

Caught as He Was Leaving Cienfuegos—Denounced the Arrest.

Havana, Aug. 21.—In view of the fact that Colonel Bacallao, chief of the secret police, persisted in his declaration that General Jiminez, the aspirant to the presidency of Santo Domingo, was in Havana, either not having or having returned, the military authorities telegraphed to Cienfuegos, instructing Captain Stamper, collector of customs there, to ascertain whether Jiminez was on the Menendez steamer, and to take him under arrest if that should be the case. Just as the steamer was about to leave Cienfuegos, Captain Stamper located Jiminez and arrested him. Jiminez denounced the arrest as an outrage. He said he had broken no law and would not yield except to force. Captain Stamper replied that he was ready to use force, if necessary, and Jiminez then yielded, remarking that he did so because he could not help himself.

Captain Stamper informed Jiminez that he would make him as comfortable as possible, and, after Jiminez and his secretary had packed their trunks, they were driven, accompanied by the chief of police and Captain Stamper, to the Union hotel, where two bedrooms and a dining room were placed at their disposal. General Jiminez will be kept under police charge until further advices are received from the governor-general.

PUMMELED TO DEATH.

McConnell Beat Frayne Unmercifully—Charge of Manslaughter.

San Francisco, Aug. 21.—The autopsy held on the remains of Jim Frayne, the pugilist, who died after having been knocked out by Frank McConnell on Friday night, showed that his vital organs were diseased; that he was in no condition to enter a ring as principal, and that he had been pummeled and beaten to death by Frank McConnell, who was arrested on a charge of manslaughter, and is now out of jail on bail.

A similar charge has also been placed against J. J. Groom, J. D. Gibbs, promoters of the fight; Hiram Cook, referee, and the seconds of both men engaged in the contest. All have given bonds and are now at liberty. Dr. J. L. Zabala, the city's autopsy physician explains the cause of the pugilist's death as follows: "I found severe contusions on Frayne's face, shoulders and upper arms. There was a hemorrhage of the brain on the left side and the organ itself was in an anemic condition. The man must have received a terrible punishment, and death was nothing more than the result of the blows which were rained on his face and head. The impact of the head on the floor had nothing to do with it. He was in a dying condition before he fell."

"Frayne should never have entered the ring. An examination of his lungs showed pleuritic adhesions, and his system was otherwise broken down. He was fit for practical purposes in life, but certainly not for unnatural exercise."

FLOOD AT EDMONTON.

The Saskatchewan River Rose Forty Feet in One Day.

St. Paul, Aug. 19.—A Winnipeg Man., special to the Pioneer-Press says: An Edmonton dispatch says the Saskatchewan river has overflowed, rising 40 feet during the last 20 hours, and continues to rise fast. Already the bridge piers are four feet under water, and electric light boilers covered. Floating islands of wood are passing down. The ferries have broken away and no mail has arrived. Thousands of feet of lumber is afloat. At present the