## EUGENE CITY.....OREGON EVENTS OF THE DAY

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

The North German Gazette again denies the rumor that Prince Hohenlohe contemplates resigning the imperial chancellorship

Twenty children are reported to have been drowned by an ice disaster at the village of Warpuhnen, Boirheim, re-

The president has nominated Colonel Asa B. Carey, assistant paymaster-general, to be paymaster-general, with the rank of brigadier-general. A terrible blizzard was general

throughout the Mississippi valley on the 29th and 30th of January, reaching as far south as St. Louis. Three representatives of 40 German

families in the East are looking over the Pacific Northwest with a view to buying several thousand acres of land for a colony. Mrs. Jane L. Stanford, who has

settled the estate of her late husband, Leland Stanford, and who would be entitled to \$357,768 as fees, refuses to accept anything for her services. Companies H, D, K and L, of the

Seventeenth United States infantry, 412 enlisted men and nine officers, have left Columbus for the Philippines. They go via New York.

The American shipping interests of the Hawaiian islands have largely increased since their annexation to the United States. There are now loading for or on the way to the islands 50 vessels, of which 35 fly the American

F. W. Pack, United States commissioner-general to the Paris exposition, asks congress to increase the amount set aside for the government exhibit to \$1,000,000. The first appropriation was \$65,000, which Mr. Peck says is entirely too small.

is the richest ever discovered in the world, estimated to run as high as \$500,000 to the ton. There is blocked out in one level, at a depth of 850 feet, \$5,000,000 worth of ore.

A. Thompson, agent of the Coast Seamen's Union at Seattle, says: "Unless the Shipowners' Association gives up trying to put seab seamen on coasting vessels, a general strike will be ordered, and every sailing vessel on the coast tied up as soon as she gets into port. The union men will not accept less than \$40 per mouth."

Theodore Kirchener, aged 60, accidentally shot and killed his wife at Newtonville, N. Y.

One billion feet of Oregon timber, on Abiqua creek, was sold to Wisconsin parties a few days ago.

The thermometer ranged from 35 to 40 degrees below zero at different points in Wisconsin the first of the week.

On the 17th ballot taken in the joint session of the Montana legislature Saturday, Hon, Wm. A. Clark was elected United States senator.

In the lower house of congress a joint resolution has been adopted granting to Venezuela the privilege of sending a cadet to West Point.

Charges affecting the integrity of District Judge Scott, of Omaha, and seeking his impeachment by the legislature have been presented to that

Ex-Senator Slater, a prominent figure in Oregon politics for a number of years, died at his home in La Grande on the 28th. He came to Oregon in

The Montauk Club, of Brooklyn, tendered a banquet on the 28th to Admiral William T. Sampson, and principal among the other guests was Secretary of the Navy Jonh D. Long.

A big celebration was held in Havana honor of the memory of the first Cuban president, Jose Marti. Four thousand people were present, and there was no disorder of any kind.

The body of Captain Stortevant, pilot of the Paul Jones, has been found. From the clothing of the body it is believed he was off duty and asleep when the disaster was caused by the boiler exploding.

General Eagan, tried by court-martial on charges of conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman, was found guilty and sentenced to dismissal from the army. The president has the power to mitigate or entirely set aside

The district attorney at Philadelphia has notified counsel for Senator Quay, his son, Richard, and ex-State Treasurer Haywood, that he had fixed Monday, February 20, as the date for trial of the three defendants on the charge of conspiracy in the misuse of the money of the state on deposit in the People's bank.

Minor News Items. The third regiment, infantry, has left St. Paul for New York en route to

the Philippines. A blizzard has been raging over Wyoming. A recent dispatch says the deep snow has a hard crust, and there will be much suffering among stock.

An Iowa syndicate, with \$30,000,000 capital, has asked congress to grant a subsidy of \$16,000 a mile for a railroad and telegraph line to the Yukon, via

Mrs. M. Mauger, aged 105 years and 3 months, died at Walton, Kan., of grip and old age. She had come from Andrews, Ind, to visit her son. The remains will be shipped there for

in the United States for 1898 is as follows: Number of acres of wheat, 44 .-055,278; bushels, 675,148,705; value, \$392,770,320; screage winter wheat estimated 29,953,320, which is 2,311,-968 acres greater than the area sown in 1897, and 4,208,809 acres in excess of wluter wheat harvested in 1898

LATER NEWS.

A combination of the big freight and passenger car companies of the United States is being formed.

Fine buildings covering half a block n the heart of the businesse portion of Columbus, O., were destroyed by fire. The transports, Ohio and Senator, bearing the Twenty-second infantry to the Philippines have sailed from San

A freighting party was caught in a snow slide in Lincoln gulch, nine miles above Aspen, Colo., and it is be-

lieved five men were killed. The second battalion of the Seventeenth infantry are en route to Manila via New York. They sailed from that port on the transport Sherman.

The largest combination of whisky and distilling interests yet attempted has been concluded in New York, under the title of the Kentucky Distillers & Warehouse Company.

Negotiations for the consolidation of the leading pottery interests have been concluded in New York by the formation of the American pottery companies, with a capitalization of \$40,000,-

A snow-slide occurred on the Cana dian Pacific at Rogers Pass, in the Selkirk range. The railroad roundhouse and other buildings were demolished. Nine persons are known to have been killed and two injured. Contracts have been let for the erec-

tion of a large beet-sugar factory at Amers, a small town west of Omaha, on the Union Pacific. The men who are furnishing the money to build the factory are Boston capitalists.

The United States transport Grant, which left New York January 19, bav-ing on board Major-General Lawton, the Fourth infantry and a battalion of the Seventeenth infantry, bound for Manila, has arrived at Gibraltar.

Steamer Rhynland, from Liverpool, for Philadelphia, went ashore miles north of Penwick's island lifesaving station. A heavy snow-storm was prevailing at the time. There were 42 passengers and a crew of 79 on board, all of whom were rescued.

There has been no further general rival chieftains in the Samoan islands, since the last advices except that a party of Mataafa's followers was routed in the bush by Malletoans. It is ex-The reported rich strike of gold at pected, however, that fighting will be Cripple Creek has been confirmed. It resumed, as Mataafa is arresting persons who have been already fined and released. The work of pillage continues, among the houses looted being Vilima, the home of the late Robert Louis Stevenson, the novelist.

Iowa mineworkers are making an effort to have eight hours declared a day's work.

Native troops are to be utilized in Cuba and American soldiers gradually withdrawn

A syndicate composed of American, Canadian, English and French capitalists, is making an effort to secure control of all the railroads in Cuba now building and in operation, and all to e constructed hereafter.

The bishop of Havana has declared that Preotestant services cannot be held over the graves of the Maine victims in Columbus cemetery, as it is consecrated ground. Americans were preparing to decorate the graves on the anniversary of the explosion.

The Central Cable Company announces that the United States govern- an increased subsidy to the European ment in the Philippines has modified line of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha. The the recent prohibition of telegrams in Toyo Kisen Kaisha (Oriental Steameither or code. Messages in secret lan- ship Company) has made claim for a guage may now be accepted, subject to government enesorship.

The senate committee on affairs has decided upon favorable report on the bill providing for additional pay to laborers in navy-yards who worked overtime during the emergency of war with Spain. The amount required is about \$300,000, and about 6,000 men are involved.

The Filipino junta has received a cable message from Hong Kong explaining the second proclamation of the Philippine republic. The message says: "The first proclamation, in August, was the work of Aguinaldo and bor of the commission, was able to anthe generals. The second is the unanimous work of the Filipino assembly."

General Otis cables the war department, giving the number of deaths in his command since January 7. The total is 19, many of whom died of smallpox. The greater number of deaths were of Kansas, Colorado, California and Pennsylvania privates. In the list appear the names of Allen E. Carlyle, private, First Washington, January 16, typhoid; Earld A. Jeans. First Washington, January 26, typhoid; Wistar Hawthorne, private, Second Oregon, diphtheria.

Cuban General Gomez refuses disband his army unless paid nearly \$60,000,000. He claims to have 40,000 men under arms, for which he asks pay for three years' service, at the same rate as given American soldiers. For his own services in the past he wants \$11,000 a year, the same as paid an American lieutenant-general. He has about 200 brigadier-generals, who demand pay at the rate of \$5,500 annually for three years past, besides numerous other officers, whose pay aggregates

General Sheridan has completed arrangements to send the third expedition of troops to the Philippines. It will consist of 16 companies, taken from the 12th and 17th infantry regi-

A dispatch from Cokeville, Wyo. says a snowstide a mile long occurred, burying several men and teams. All the men were taken out alive with the exception of Burt Handy, who was dead when found.

The senate committee on judiciary has made an adverse report on the nomination of Hamilton G. Ewart to be United States district judge for the Western district of North Carolina. Ewart was appointed during a recess, and now holds the position.

The French chamber of deputies, by a vote of 346 to 189, adopted the goyernment's proposal to submit to a special committee intrusted with such matters the bill providing that cases for revision shall be brought before the united section of the court of cassa-

## CHANGED

Gomez Will Accept President McKinley's Offer.

WILL DISBAND THE CUBAN ARMY

Three Million Dollars He Considers Small Amount, But Better Than Nothing.

Remedios, Santa Clara, Cuba, Feb. .- Maximo Gomez, commander inchief of the Cuban army, placed himself squarely in a position today as an of \$10,000 is appropriated for that puractive ally of the United States government in the work of reconstruction in Cuba.

As a result of a conference which Robert P. Porter, special commissioner of President McKinley, has had with of his co-operation in disbanding the Cuban army and distributing among the Cuban soldiers \$3,000,000 appropriated for the purpose of enabling them to return to their homes. Gomez also telegraphed to Major-General Brooke, saying he would accept the latter's invitation to go to Havana.

The success of Porter's mission greatly simplifies the returning of military Cubans to pursuits of peace. In view of Gomez' supposed prior attitude of hostility towards the United States, Porter came here clothed with absolute authority, and his tender of \$3,000,-000 was practically a verbal ultimatum. Had it not been accepted no more proposals would have been made. brief, the compact is as follows:

First-The Cuban officers in each province shall assist the American offiers in distributing the funds. Second-These officers shall at once

neet at some convenient point and devise when and where settlements are to be made, and arrange any other details.

Third-The sum paid to each man shall not be regarded as part payment of salary or wages due for for services rendered, but to facilitate disbandment fighting between the partisans of the of the army, in reliet of suffering, and to aid in getting people to work. Fourth-The Cubane shall surrender

their arms to the Cuban assembly or to its representatives. Fifth-The committee on distribu-

tion shall use its hest endeavors to distribute the money among the popula tion so all may secure work. Sixth-The \$3,000,000 shall placed subject to the order of General

Brooke, and action in the matter shall be immediate.

ADVICES FROM THE ORIENT

Otis Restores to the Cortex Family All Its Confiscated Property.

Scattle, Wash , Feb. 4 .- Mail adrices from Japan today say General Otis, at Manila, has ordered to be restored to the rich Cortes family all the property which the Spanish government confiscated. The value of the property is estimated at \$2,000,000. D. Maximo Cortes, the head of the family, is said to be in Washington.

Later reports from Hong Kong say that only three of the crew of Glenavon were lost in the wreck of that yessel in the China sea.

A line of steamers is to be established from Siam to Kobe. The Japsimilar allowance for its San Francisco. line. It was refused on the ground that a similar request had been refused the Seattle line,

Arrangements have been completed to ship 800 Japanese laborers to Peru.

Alaska Boundary and Reciprocity. Washington, Feb. 4.-The subcom mittee work of the Canadian joint high commission today was divided between the Alaska boundary question and th reciprocity clause of the treaty. The reciprocity session was the longer one of the two, and was the first at which Mr. Payne, the new American mempear. It is thought that the two sides will reach the bedrock possibilities of desperate conflict. an agreement within a few days. The boundary question presents fewer angles and a settlement satisfactory to both sides is regarded as very likely.

Manila Officers Arrive. San Francisco, Feb. 4.-The steamer Coptic arrived from Hong Kong and Yokohama via Honolulu today, bringing a large number of army and navy officers from the Philippines. Among the passangers was John A. Scrymset. president of the Pacific Cable Company. In an interview he expressed would be maintained and operated by was of the opinion that private capital would not take the risk of its control.

Payne Succeeds Dingley. Washington, Feb. 4. - Representative Payne, of New York, has been appointed a member of the Canadian commission to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Dingley, Payne also succeeded Mr. Dingley as chairman of the ways and means committee of the house.

Volunteer Discharged Salem, Feb. 4 .- Governor Geer has

been notified that Private Clark B. Baker, company C, Second Oregon volunteers, now at Manila, has been ordered discharged. He will be allowed travel pay to Cottage Grove.

The Spanish civil prisoners held by the Philippine army, have not been released as reported, and are said to be outrageonely treated. An appeal has been made to the Americans to stop the tragedy.

Scarlet Fever on the New York.

New York, Feb. 4 .- The World says: "An epidemic of scarlet fever has broken out on the cruiser New York, Admiral Sampson's flagship, There are five men now in the naval hospital under the care of Surgeon Woods, and others are being treated aboard ship. Navigation Officer Caprog, who is confined to his cabin on the ship, is said to be a victim of the

Epmloyes of the Cudaty Packing Company in Sioux City are planning to estalbish a vilage of their own.

MONUMENT TO MAINE HEROES.

Resolution Adopted by the Lower House of Congress.

Washington, Feb. 6.-In the senate the president pro tempore presented a memorial from the Chamber of Commerce of New York, urging ratification of the peace trenty. Hale, chairman of the naval affairs committee, favorably reported the following joint resolution, and it was adopted:

"The secretary of the navy is hereby authorized to have erected in Colon cemetery at Havana, Cuba, a suitable granite monument to the memory of the sailors and marines who lost their lives by the destruction of the Maine, and whose remains are buried in that cemetery, and to suitably inscribe and enclose such monument, and the sum

Harris offered the following resolution, which he asked might lie on the

"That the United States hereby dislaims any intention or purpose to ex-Gomez, the latter cabled to President ercise permanent sovereignty, jurisdic-McKinley this afternoon assuring him tion or control over the Philippines and assert their determination when a stable and independent government shall have been erected therein, entitled to recognition as such, to transfer to such government upon terms which shall be reasonable and just all rights secured under the cession by Spain, and to therupon leave the government and control of the islands to their people."

In accordance with previous notice, sion, speaking in opposition to taking 2 o'clock, and Daniel then addressed the senate on the same subject.

Washington, Feb. 6 .- The controversy in the senate over the vote upon the various resolutions interpretative of the peace treaty took an acute turn late today. The opposition to a vote first came from the friends of the treaty, who held to the theory that it could be ratified without compromise. Those who apparently were then willing that a vote should be taken today held an opposite view, and absolutely refuse to agree to a time for taking a

The contest occurred in the executive session, which did not occur until quarter after 5 o'clock. The next hour and a quater was spent in a vain | sion. endeavor on one side to get an agreement to a date for a vote upon the resolutions, and on the other in a more successful effort to bring the day's session to a close without allowing any thing to be accomplished in that di-

After a general debate on the subject the senate adjourned.

DYEA AND SKAGWAY.

They May Be Ceded to the Dominion

Washington, Feb. 6 .- If the report of their subcommittee is adopted, as seems possible if not probable, a slice of Alaska territory, embracing the en-trance to the Klondike, may be ceded to Great Britain in treaty to be adopted by the Anglo-American commission.

The subcommittee's report, it is said, comes dangerously near to putting Skagway and Dyea under British control, leaving to the Americans, however, the control of the headwaters of the Lynn canal, by which both of these supply towns are reached.

San Francisco, Feb. 6 .- In the stories of the murders of missionaries and foreign residents recently in China, details of a particularly barbarous affair at Chongan Chiang, involving the life of an Englishman named Fleming, and Evangelist Pan, have been wanting. J. R. Adams, of the Chinese inland mission, visited the scene of the murders, and tells of a shocking condition of affairs, in the North China Daily News. He ascertained that the people of Chongan had determined to take the life of every foreigner in the place, and when Mr. Fleming set foot in the town he was a doomed man. At least 200 people witnessed the murder from the opposite side of the river. Evangelist Pan was suddenly and quickly cut down. Mr. Fleming dismounted from his mule to go to his assistance, but he, too, was attacked and claim after a

A Court of Inquiry Probable. Washington, Feb. 6 .- Indications are that a court of inquiry will be ordered to investigate and report upon the truth or falsity of statements alwar was brought in question.

Deadly Work of a Train-Pittsburg, Feb. 6.-A two horse wagon on which five men and a young

himself as encouraged to hope a cable woman were riding, was struck today by a Baltimore & Ohio freight train the United States government. He at Riverton station. Four men were killed and the other man and the young woman so badly injured that they will probably die. Hepburn's Canal Bill.

Washington, Feb. 6 .- The house ommittee on interstate and foreign commerce today directed a favorable report on the Hepburn Nicaragua canal for the Morgan bill, passed by the sen-

Record-Breaking Yoyage Washington, Feb. 6 .- The Buffalo arrived at Manila today, having made a record-breaking run from New York bill by substituting 1900 for 1902, to Manila in 54 days. She has on board about 700 sailors to relieve the the bill as the result of a clerical error, men in Dewey's fleet. She will be used as a regular transport for men and define the dipties of administration in navai stores, making regular trips between Manils and San Francisco.

It is calculated that the men of Great Britain spend at least \$25,000,000 svery year on silk hats.

Spanlards Want Cuba Annexed Havana, Feb. 6 .- A number of Spaniards in Hayana have issued a strong appeal to their compatriots throughout the island to unite for the purpose of bringing about the annexation of Cuba to the United States. The appeal repudiates any desire on the part of Spansards to join the proposed new independent party now in progress of or

ganization by Joaquin Castillo. A memorial window to the late Gov Luzon B. Morris, of Connecticut, has been placed in Center church, New Haven, by his daughter, Mrs. Pratt, of OREGON'S SOLONS.

Initiative and Referendum Passes the Senate-Convicts to Be Worked on Marion County Roads.

Eight bills were passed in the Oregon senate last Wednesday and two were

recommitted for amendment. Four of the bills passed were to amend the charter of Lakeview, Canyon City, Seaside and Hilshoro.

Looney's bill to provide for working state convicts on about 125 miles of Marion county roads, between state institutions, and appropriating \$3,500 for superintendence and buying tools, passed by a vote of 127 to 7.

The bill to make a person who voluntarily charges a crime against another before a justice of peace or grand jury pay the costs in case the prosecution prove malicious or frivolous finally passed, as did a bill to prevent swine running at large in Sherman county, and a bill to reduce the salaries of Washington county officers.

In the House. The reconsideration of the Woodburn charter bill was the occasion for another spirited forensic battle at the session of the house Wednesday. The bill, however, passed by a vote of 35 to 15; absent, 10. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill was defeated January 27 passed unanimously. Other bills passed were: To amend

the charter of Arlington; to incorporate Medford; to fix the compensation of Money began the discussion of expan- the assessor of Jackson county at \$1,900 per annum in lieu of per diem; to the Philippines. Money concluded at create a separate board of county commissioners for Clatsop county.

The following bills were introduced To amend the charter of Medford; to incorporate Enterprise; to repeal the act providing for the payment of street and sewer assessments in installments.

Initiative and Referendum. The resolution for an initiative and referndum amendment to the constitution passed the senvie last Thursday. having previously passed the house, and is ready for submission to the next legislature. The American Bar Association's codi-

fication of laws relating to negotiable paper passed both houses. The Curtis bill limiting the number and salaries of professors in the state university passed the house after a sharp discus-Hill's pilotage bill, which passed the

house a week ago, was reported by the senate committee on commerce and navigation with amendments striking out a large part of the bill and leaving it without direct bearing on bar pilotage and placing the appointment of pilot commissioners in the hands of the governor. The amendments were adopted, and the bill passed, 21 to 5. The only change in the present law is to make river pilotage not compulsory.

In the senate Thursday a resolution to authorize the exchange of the old blind institute site for a block adjoining the present site of the blind institute, owned by J. H. Albert, was the special order, and, after a vote carrying the resolution was nearly completed, it was recommended on a statement from Selling that he had just heard something about it that needed investigation.

The following bills were passed: To constitute the county court a board of equalization for county assessment; to extirpate Russian and Chinese thistles; to appropriate \$4,000 for the Oregon Historical Society. week, was this afternoon passed by

In the House. The greater portion of the forenoon session of the house Thursday was given up to hearing reports of standing committees. In addition to this, two bills were passed and eight new bills

The bills passed were those by Curtin, amending the salmon-fishing laws passed at the special session so as to conform with the regulations agreed upon by the joint fisheries committee, and by Myers, to apply to the military fund of the state all moneys that may be received from the government for transportation and equipment of the Second Oregon volunteers.

Other bills passed were: To require that all claims against the state other than salaries and liabilities established by law, be incorporated into separate appropriation acts; to abolish the exrolls for the state and to provide for transmission to the secretary of state organization of the state militia; to re- hour. store to the military fund of the state leged to have been made by General of riots by the state militia at Astoria Miles, in which the quality of beet and Roseburg during 1896; authorizing furnished the troops during the late the supreme court to employ clerical aid and appropriating \$7,200 therefor: to codify the laws relating to negotiable instruments; to prohibit false label. ing of Oregon products, applying es-

pecially to salmon and Oregon fruits. Reapportionment Bill Approved. In the Oregon senate Friday, Senators Smith, of Baker, and Dufur presented explanations of their position with reference to the reapportionment act, which was approved by the governor while they were speaking. opposed the double districting feature

The following bills were passed: To authorize county courts to permit conbill, with amendments, as a substitute struction of logging roads along public highways; to prevent the unauthorized use of trademarks. District Attorney Bill Remitted. In the Oregon house Friday the ju-

liciary committee asked to amend the claiming the figures were placed in The following bills were passed: To payment of claims, and declare the order of propriety of claims; to give farm laborers a lien upon farm products for labor pergrmed; to protect salmon in Alesea bay and streams emptying into it, and fixing the close season; to prohibit the killing of more than 20 wild ducks in one day, and to prohibit shipping them out of the state; to provide sical examination of plaintiffs in actions for damages for personal injuries; to authorize an election in June, 1900, for relocation of the county seat of Go-Inmbia county; to incorporate Canyon Dity; to change the time for holding court in the ninth judicial district; to amend the charter of Heppner; to amend the charter of Medford,

The house devoted its afternoon a sion to the third reading of bills.

EXPRESS RATES ON FRUIT.

Bill Introduced in Senate at Olympia

Calling for a Reduction. When the McLean 336-cent per mile railroad and transportation bill came The Choice of Washington up in the Washington senate Tuesday, it was at once referred to the commit-

tee on railways and transportation. The usury and interest-rate bill was referred to the judiciary committee. A disposition not to approve of the house bill fixing the rate on state warrants at 6 per cent manifested itself during the discussion.

Bills introduced were: Reducing express rates on fruit to 70 per cent of the rate now in force, and on all other express matter to 80 per cent of the present rates; for an additional superior court judge in Spokane county; compalling mineowners to keep on hand a supply of mine timber for the use of employes; re-establishing municipal courts in Tacoma, Seattle and

In the House.

A letter was received in the house Tuesday from Speaker Thomas B. Reed, of the national house acknowledging the compliment paid him by the Washington house of representatives in the adoption of his rules.

Hill, bill 189, for a constitutional amendment to exempt \$300 of personal property from taxation, was indefinitely postponed but house bitl No. 17 for the same purpose, was amended and advanced to its third reading.

Bills introduced were: Appropriat-ing \$593 for the relief of Frank G. Kiesow, to reimburse him for interest on claims arising out of the construction of the Cheney normal school building; allowing three months from date of publication of administrator's notice to present claims against the estate of a deceased person; prescribing a code of mining laws; exempting mutual fire associations from the license requirements of the state law; making wages and salaries of all agents and employes of counties, municipalities and school districts subject to garnishment and attachment for all debts contracted in the state, subject to exemption for heads of families.

The house bill making the district that remains when division occurs to establish a new school district responsible for debts for permanent improve ments, was advanced to third reading. Bills killed were: Relating to publie instruction; for a constitutional

amendment to govern alien ownership of real estate; fixing rates of interest on county, school and municipal warrauts; making county warrants receivable for county taxes. REAPPORTIONMENT BILL. Reconsideration Failed in the House

The effort to obtain reconsideration of the reapportionment bill in the house Tuesday, which gave promise of a bitter fight at the close of the session Monday, has failed. After a debate of over an hour, the decision of the speaker in holding that the bill had passed beyond the jurisdiction of the house was sustained by a vote of 32 to 20; absent 7. Stillman's amendments to the house

before being read and ordered printed in the interest of economy of time and expense was adopted, and the senate concurrent resolution adopting the Oregon grape as the state flower was concurred in. Sherwin's beet-sugar bill, which was

tive vote being 31, negative 27, and two members being absent. In addition to the sugar-beet bill, the following other bills were passed: To prohibit the driving of fish-trap piles so as to interfere with navigation; to require the submission of new charters or charter amendments to the vote of electors before being introduced in the legislature; allowing executors or administrators to complete written

contracts of decedents. Fifty-nine bills were read the second time and referred, and 10 bills were read the first time.

Ten bills were introduced in Oregon state senate Tuesday and three passed, one to incorporate Warrenton, and one to fix salaries in Morrow, Clackamas pensive practice of copying assessment and Yamhill counties, and the other was Daly's text-book commission bill. which finally went through by a vote summaries only; to provide for the re- of 22 to 6, after a discussion of fully an

Special order was the resolution \$8,897.68 expended in the suppression passed by the legislature of 1895, for a constitutional amendment for woman suffrage. Mrs. Duniway, on invitation of the senate, made a neat address of five minutes, after which the resolution was passed, with only President

Taylor voting no. Kelly, of the committee on revision of laws, reported adversely on Dufur's bill to admit widows and wives of honorably discharged Union sailors and soldiers to the Soldier's Home, on the ing of the Nicaragua canal. I am for ground that to provide accommodations for such would require a large appropriation of money. Bills introduced were as follows: To

reduce the appropriation for the Sol-

die's Home from \$12,000 to \$10,000 and authorize the governor instead of a board of trustees to appoint all officers of that institution; to authorize an additional judge for the second judicial district; to create the office of recorder of Polk county, at a salary of \$1,000. and reducing the county clerk's salary from \$1,600 to \$1,200; making taxes a first lien on real estate; to reduce the salaries of the Multnomah county clerk, clerk of the circuit court and recorder, after the expiration of the present term, from \$3,500 to \$2,500; to abolish the office of recorder of Clatsop county; to protect fish against destruction by explosives; to prohibit the laying out of county roads of greater grades than 7 per cent; for the better enforcement of judgments and decrees,

The Yambill county delegation, to whom was referred Maxwell's bill fixing the salaries of county officers of for a special tax on sheep, to create a Tillamook county, reported a substiscalp bounty fund; to provide for phy- tute, leaving the salary of county clerk and sheriff as at present, and fixing the salary of county judge at \$600; treasurer \$550, and nesessor \$800, and allowing such plerical assistance as the county court may deem necessary. The substitute bill was passed.

Ten degrees below zero at 10 o'clock on the night of the acts, marked the lowest notch reached by the mercury this winter in Chicago.

FOSTER FOR SENATOR

Legislature. NOMINEE OF REPUBLICAN CAUCUS

Wilson Withdrew in His Favor, and the Ankeny-Humes Forces Bolted

Addison G. Foster, of Tacoma, who received 58 votes in the Republican caucus held Tuesday evening, was at 12 o'clock Wednesday elected to represent the state of Washington at the na-

tional capital. The nomination of Foster in the cap. cus Tuesday night was brought about by the Wilson following coming over to Foster late in the atternoon signed an agreement to support him in the caucus. To his intimate friends, Wilson stated that he had expected support from various sections of the state that did not come to him, and that although he had promised from day to day that he would make a better showing, he had to admit that he could not bring to him support that he had counted upon. It was then agreed that his men should be released. Thereupon the Foster managers opened negotiations to take Wilson's men into camp, which they did very gracefully,



When Speaker Guie, of the house of representatives, called the caucus to order, Senator Witshire, of Seattle, representing the united King county and Ankeny forces, stated that the object of the caucus call, under which they were operating was signed with the understanding that the caucus, as a whole, was to select a man for senator, and that it was unfair for any part of the members to organize within the caucus and decide upon the man to be selected. This statement was received with indulgent smiles by the Foster men. At the conclusion of the Wil shire statement, the Ankeny men, with the exception of Gose, of Walla Walla, Ankeny's home bolted.

Wednesday was the anniversary of rules providing for reference of bills the election of John L Wilson.

The New Scuator.

Addison G. Foster was born in Belchertown, Mass., 61 years ago. Early in life his parents removed to Illinois, and when a young man, Mr. Foster's father located in Central Wisdefeated by five votes in the house last consin. There young Foster had his first experience in lumbering. sisted his father in clearing a farm in narrow margin of one vote, the affirmathe Wisconsin forests, and later moved to Wabasha, Minn. At that place be was elected, while a young man, county surveyor, and later county auditor. These were the only public offices he ever accepted. While at Wabash, he engaged in the grain, fuel and real estate business. In 1873 he moved to St. Paul to engage in the lumber and fuel business with Colonel C. W. Griges, now at Tacoma. At St. Paul he formed the acquaintance and friendship of Senator C. K. Davis, Senator Knute Nelson and other prominent Republicans of the Middle West. He has always been successful in business and

equally successful whenever he engaged in politics. Mr. Foster moved to Tacoma in 1887, to engage with Colonel Griggs and others in the manufacture of lumber. His principal company is known as the St. Paul & Tacoma Lumber Company, and operates one of the largest sawmills on Puget sound. He is an extensive owner of coal and coke mines, and of timber lands in the state of Washington. His company is also engaged in the shipping business, sending cargoes, principally of lumber, to

all parts of the world. Regarding his position on national

issues, Mr. Foster says: "I favor what is commonly termed the expansion policy. Under a bustness-like arrangement I favor the buildsound money and a thorough business man's administration of our public affairs. I favor an open river policy for the Columbia and as a general proposition favor river and harbor improvements of all kinds. In a word, I desire to see the possibilities of the Pacific coast, particularly of my own state, realized, and I shall do all in my power to advance the material welfare

of Washington." The men who voted for Foster from start to finish are: Baker, Barlow, Bedford, Bellows.

Bishop, Brown, Corey, Dickson, Frye, Hamilton, Hammer, Heilig, Kings bury, Le Crone, Maxwell, McCoy, E. C. Miller, Brown of Whatcom, Parker, Sharp, Sheller, Stewart, Warburton, Wickersham. Of this number, 12 are members of the Pierce county delegation, the rock around which the great fight was made

Bellows and Five were among the outside supports west of the mountains It is announced at London from St. Petersburg that the greater part of the trade of North Siberta is falling into the hands of Americans. The whole Tschu Kshi peninsula is already in complete economical dependence es Americans, who own the neighboring island of St. Lawrence, in the Behring

The senatorial deadlock is broken at Madison, Wis. Joseph V. Quarles, Milwaukee, was nominated in the Bepublican caucus to succeed John La Mitchell, whose term expires on the 4th