EUGENE CITY..... OREGON

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Prescrited in a Condensed Form.

A dispatch from Rome says a mob of 4,000 people had assaulted an internal sentry box, and stoned the gendarmes around Niscemi, Sicily, as a protest against ex communication. A number of persons were wounded.

John Wellmer, of Lafavette, Nicollett county, Minn, was shot in the head and hip by two tramps, to whom he had given shelter. They bound Mrs. Wellmer to a lounge with a clothes line and escaped with Wellmer's team.

The governor's office at the statehouse in Springfield, Ill., was entered by parties unknown and \$580 stolen from a drawer. The crime is surrounded in mystery, as all floors of the build-ing are guarded by watchmen. The theft was discovered by Colonel J. M. Tanner and an investigation is pend-

One of the most notable celebrations in the history of American colleges was in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of Transylvania university, at Lexington, Ky. It was notable on account of its many famous alumni, including Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederate states, and Justice Harlan, of the supreme court of the United States, scores of congressmen and men prominent in public

King Charles has opened the cortes gerares at Lisbon. In the course of his speech from the throne, King Charles said that during the war between the United States and Spain, two friendly nations, Portugal proclaimed, and, as was her duty, maintained strict and absolute neutrality. His majesty said he greatly sympathized with the czar's disarmament proposals, and made a reference to the colonies which apparently disposes of the rumors of the sale of Delagon bay.

In China the Yellow river floods have destroyed the crops, and famine has resulted. Thousands of natives are starving. Thousands of hungry and ragged refugees are moving down the river in boats, only to find the walls of the cities lower down closed against the starving bordes. The government appropriated 300,600 tack for their relief, but less than one-fifth has been distributed. It is claimed dishonest officials have pocketed the balance. A relief fund has been started at Shanghai, Rev. B. Craig Patterson, of the Chian Kian mission, appeals to American friends for aid.

The British government favors the canal being built by the United States with guarantees of its neutrality in case of wat.

A crisis is imminent at Berlin. The emperor and chancellor cannot agree, and a new cabinet is looked for. The principal trouble is over the wholesale expulsions of Danes and Austrians.

The new year brings Ireland the greatest experiment since Catholic emancipation, namely, the initiation of the local government act, which really, in many of its features, is an extension of the emancipation acts and

The war department has come to the conclusion that it will be necessary to accord General Brooke, military governor of Cuba, the assistance of a special cabinet approaching in functions the late autonomist cabinet of Cuban administration of the civil affairs of the island.

The situation at Iloilo is grave. Fifteen hundred natives, fully armed, are at Melo, a suburb of Iloilo. Seventeen thousand more, it is reported, are awaiting orders to embark at several points on the island of Negros, 15 hours' sail from Iloilo. All the women have withdrawn, and many families have taken refuge with the Americans,

Unless congress should pass a law authorizing him to remain on the active list, Rear-Admiral Dewey will be placed on the retired list on December 26, 1899. Only one other retirement will occur this year, that of Commodore H. L. Howison, now commandant of the Boston navy-yard. There is a strong sentiment in naval circles in favor of the passage of a law which will permit the retention of Admiral Dewey upon the active list for 10 years, as was done in the case of heroes of the civil war.

The American line steamship Paris, which has arrived in New York from Southampton, after a tempestuous passage, reports that Tuesday, December 27, in latitude 49:29 north, and longitude 31:29 west, at 83:0 in the morning. she sighted a steamer flying signals of distress. She proved to be the British tank steamer Vindobala, Captain Clark, from Ronen, France, December 15, for Philadelphia, in ballast. She showed the signal letters, "Must abandon vessel." The Paris rescued her crew, and no lives were lost.

Minor News Items. Sebastian Bach Mills, the well-

known composer and planist, died in Wiesbaden, Germany, aged 60 years. The preliminary report of the Nica ragna canal commission shows that it

require about \$135,000,000 to build the canal. Encouraging reports of the condition

of affairs in Manila and Porto Rico reached the war department from the officers commanding the troops in those

departments. Ohio school children have given \$4,275 for the La Payette monument

The first American flag over a Philippine educational institution was

raised over the Malate schoolhouse. A new counterfeit one-dollar silver certificate has been discovered. It is

of the series of 1896, Brace, register. Roberts, treasurer. Advices show that more business is being done now by the merchants and manufacturers of the United States than at any preivous time in the his-

tory of the country.

LATER NEWS.

Senator Hale has been renominated by the Maine Republicans.

Hon, Joseph H. Choate will be our next ambassador to Great Britain. Dr. H. Seward Webb, president of the Wagner Palace Car Company, is

mentioned as successor to Senator Mor-

rill as senator from Vermont. The first formal state dinner of the season took place at the White House Thursday, when President and Mrs. McKinley entertained the members of

A sensation has been created in Germany by the publication in a Cologne paper of an alleged conversation had with the late Prince Bismarck, in which he predicted the fall of the Austrian empire.

An American named Boynton, who is trying to travel around the earth without money, met with a terrible fall into a chasm while entering France by night through the Pyrenees. He was seriously injured.

Another disagreeable consequence of the late war has been presented to the government of claims from the cable ompanies for damages sustained through the suspension of their business by the United States military and naval forces. The aggregate amount of these claims cannot be foretold.

The secretary of war has transmitted to congress a letter from the state claims committee recommending legislation to provide for the payment of all meritorious claims for materials or supplies furnished and services rendered by individuals during the Spanish-American war, together with a draft of a bill to accomplish that pur-

Representative Tongue, of Oregon, has prepared an amendment to the bill for codification of the laws of Alaska, now pending in the house, providing for the licensing of main business concerns in the territory, and especially the liquor business. Mr. Tongue says that the Treadwell mines does not pay anything in the way of taxes to the support of the territorial institutions, and that from the region surrounding Juneau about \$6,000,000 in gold is produced annually, and does not contribute a cent to the government.

The Havana afternoon papers sent a thrill through the city with a report that a torture and execution chamber had been found at the residence of the Spanish miltiary governor, adjoining the palace. The papers declareed that there the Spanish officials questioned and murdered political prisoners. According to their accounts, the floor of the chamber was covered with dried blood, and its walls were indented with muchete strokes. An excited, crowd soon gathered outside the house which was last occupied by General Parrado. .The monthly statement of the receipts and expenditures of the United States shows that the total receipts for

pared with \$59,646,698 for December. General Maximo Gomez, from his camp, 200 miles westward, near Narciso, has issued a proclamation to the Cuban army advising against disbanding until the proceedings at Washington regarding the pay of the insurgent

December were \$41,404,793, as com-

troops have been completed. By the purchase of a large block of stock of the Calbarien railway, in Cuba, L. Ruiz & Co., bankers, representing English capitalists have seenful trolling interest in that line. The same men have also been large purchasers of the stocks of Sagua and Cien-

fuegos companies. The monthly treasury statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business, December 31, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1,129,176,286, an increase during the month of \$1,702,799. This increase is due to the delivery of 3 per cent bonds of the new issue, previously paid

At Evansville, Ind., Minor Garrett, Edgar Gardner, Elijah Scott, Frank Curl and William Morris, boys ranging in age from 10 to 12 years, were given a public whipping in the police court for stealing some old wash boilers. Their parents were given the option by Judge Winfrey of whipping the boys or having them sent to the reform school,

Governor Roosevelt, Greater New York's new executive, has established a code of rules to govern his consideration and determination of applications for pardons and commutations of sentence. He will not exercise executive elemency in behalf of a man who has been convicted of murdering or abusing his wife, nor will be pardon any habitual criminal. His mercy will be shown only to those whose sentence seems to have been severe or whose commission of a crime was the result

A most remarkable wedding has taken place at the village of Trail, O., four brothers being married to four sisters. The four knots were tied at the home of the brides, who are the daughters of a farmer named James Hochstatter. Their ages range from 18 to 28, and the ages of their respective husabads vary only slightly. The grooms are four sons of John Summers. The ceremony of marying the four couples occupied almost an hour, the satae clergyman performing all. The four brothers and their wives will live within a stone's throw of each other.

Mrs. John Quark, aged 100 years, died at her home near Galena, Ill.

Lieutenant Commander Sumner C. Payne, United States navy, retired, died in Ashville, N. C.

James McDonald, aged 102, a resident of Chippewa Falls, Wis., died at St. Joseph's hospital, Milwaukee.

A Pittsburg company has received a contract from the United States government to re-equip Morro castle in Hay-

Patrick Haggerty, who would have been 109 years old January 17, died

near Malone, N. Y. Miss Margaret Dodge, a prominent literary worker, was found dead in a pew in a church in Boston. She had taken poison.

Marine losses during 1898 were materially greater than during any previous season on the lakes, the aggregate being estimated at \$2,600,000.

While Deputy Sheriff Frank E. Nye was forcing an entrance to a residence in Chicago he was shot and killed by Thomas G. Crosby, sged 18 years.

AGONCILLO'S

Hopes to Be Received Officially at Washington.

TO ACT ON THE DEFENSIVE

General Miller Has Been Ordered to Land His Troops at Ho Ho at Once.

Washington, Jan. 9.-Senor Agoncillo, who is in Washington as the representative of the Philippine government, has asked to be recognized by the United States as such, and to be accorded the same rights as the other diplomats. His request is now in the hands of Secretary Hay.

Today, Dom Sixto Lopez, the private the state department, and presented to service law expect to reverse the decithe officials a letter to Secretary Hay, requesting, on behalf of Senor Agoncilo, an interview for the purpose of arranging to present his credentials to President McKinley, and inquiring when it would meet the convenience of the president to meet the Philippine representative.

The letter of Senor Lopez further state that he is instructed by Senor Agoncillo, in view of recent developments, to urge the advisability of an understading between the American government and the representative of the Philippine people as to the relations between the respective nations; that the president should determine such understanding to be reached either resentatives of the two governments, or in the Philippine islands, in like manner. - The letter concludes with an expression of the earnest hope that the friendly relations heretofore existing between the two nations may ever be

maintained. Accompanying the letter is a memo randum setting forth the establishment of the Philippine republic, and the provision for a detailed system of government. From the facts submitted, says Senor Agoncillo, "it will appear that the Philippine government is now, and it has been practically ever since June 18, 1898, substantially in full possession of the territory of the people if represents."

WILL FORCE THE ISSUE.

General Miller Has Orders to Proceed Against 11e lie.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says: President McKinley has decided to force the issue with the Filipinos. His decision may result in a battle at Ilo It may lead to a harrassing war with the natives of the Philippines. It is hoped and believed that such calamities will be averted, but it remains for the insurgents to determine what the results will be.

The president has ordered General Miller to land his troops at Ilo Ilo. The order leaves the American commander no alternative. " He is directed to be conciliatory toward the natives, but at the same time he is instructed to use force, if necessary, to effect his landing and establish himself in the desired camp. In other words, General Miller is to act on the defensive. He will not fire a gun unless attacked by from Astoria, via Tillamook, and after the Filipines.

Yukon Craft Will Be in Danger When

Seattle, Jan. 9.-News from Dawson states that a number of Yukon river steamers will be lost when the ice breaks up in spring. Some were caught in very unprotected places, and can scarcely escape being wrecked. The Robert Kerr, of the Moran fleet, is stuck fast on a bar 50 miles below Circle City. The fine steamer Arnold, of the Alaska Exploration Company's fleet, was caught by the ice while fast n a bar some 30 miles below Forty-

A crack boat of the Empire line, the Seattle, is stuck 12 miles below Circle City. She is on a bar and ice is jammed up all around her. The Tacoma and John C. Barr are also fast in dangerous positions.

Comes' Ambition. New York, Jan. 9 .- A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: A colonel in the insurgent army says that burg post. Gomes recently sounded the army on his old ambition of uniting Cuba and Santo Domingo under one government. The wily old chief thinks that the United States can offer no objection to this plan, which, if accomplished, would create a state strong enough to

absorb Hayti soon. With this done, Gomez believes the foundation would be laid for a republic which would soon take rank in the Western world second only to the United States.

Dismissed Cadets. Richmond, Va., Jan. 9 .- News is received from Lexington tonight that today the superintendent of the Virginia military institute issued an order dismissing the entire first class of that institution, consisting of 35 cadets. The young men dismissed represent 12 states, and their offense was a breach of discipline committed on New Year's eve in the face of special warning

England Will Welcome Choate London, Jan. 9,-The Daily News this morning in an editorial welcoming the expected appointment of Joseph H. Choate, of New York, as United States ambassagor to the court of St. James, Fifield, of this city. Mr. Fifield has

"Englishmen will thank President McKinley for his choice. Mr. Choate will have an easy and pleasant task. He comes neither to take part in a quarrel nor to heal one, but to foster a cordial friendship into still more friendly cordiality."

Tenpin Record Broken

Chicago, Jan. 9.-The highest score at tenpins ever recorded on the style with the American bowling congress alleys has been made by Louis Ullrich. of the Fellowship Club, in a contest with John A. Bender, of the Oakland Club. Ullrich scored exactly 300 pins, the maximum in a ten-frame game. The night previous he made an average of 228 in three games during a contest between his club and the Oakland Club in the Chicago League tournament. The latter score is said to be the world's record for the highest average in three games.

NO APPROPRIATION.

Anti-Civil Service Reformers Victoriou Washington, Jan. 9 .- The anti-civil

service reformers scored a victory in the house today. The executive legislative and judicial appropriation bill was taken up for consideration, and then, when the appropriation for the civil service commission was reached, Evans made a motion to strike it out. This motion has been made annually for a dozen years or more, but invariably failed. But today the opponents of the law laid great stress on the fact that they could not get a decisive vote upon the proposition, and were therefore compelled to seek its nullification in this manner. Even these appeals failed to bring out the full strength of the opposition, though the motion to strike out carried by a narrow margin, 67 to 61. This was in committee of the whole, where no record was made of the vote. Moody gave notice that he would demand a record vote in the secretary of Senor Agencillo, visited house, where the friends of the civil

When the senate convened today the resolution offered vesterday by Hoar, calling on the president for information as to the instructions to the commissioners who negotiated the treaty of Paris, together with all correspondence ually. Fedil fled with 300 followers laid before the senate. Chairman Davis, one of the commissioners, asked that it be referred to the foreign relations committee, but Hoar insisted that the senate had as much right to such information as the members of the foreign relations committee, and whether the senate should have it. at Washington, through the joint rep- The resolution was adopted in secret session. In support of the resolution Affered some time ago by Vest, in opposition to expansion, Caffery delivered an extended speech.

At the conclusion of . Caffery's argument, Morgan announced, on behalf of the Nicaragua canal committee, the acceptance in modified form of the amendments offered by Berry before the holid ys to the pending canal bill. The amendments were not passed upon by the senate.

MISSIONARY OUTRAGE.

Catholic Priest Brutally Treated in a Chinese Village.

Berlin, Jan. 9 .- Letters received here setlement in the province of Shang Tung, China, give details of an outrage upon Father Stenz, the German Catholic missionary, November 9 last. The missionary was about to leave Tie-Tau, province of Shang Tung, owing to the anti-Christian feeling. Finding him-self confronted by crowds of Chinese who were clamoring for the destruction of the Christians, he took refuge in a hut, but he was dragged out, his clothing torn from his back, and he was struck with sticks and pricked with knives and lances and his beard torn out. The Chinese threatened to flay him alive. The following day, his persecutors prepared to hang him by the wrists. Finally, a mandarin interfered in his behalf, but compelled him to leave the district with a promise never to return.

San Francisco, Jan. 9.—The United troops, the whole Filipino tribe will States torpedo-boat Davis arrived today resist by force of arms. taking on coal proceeded to Mare island. She proved to be a good sea boat, STEAMERS MAY BE CRUSHED. but owing to the heavy weather along the coast she did not attempt a greater speed than six or eight knots.

The Davis crossed out of the Columbia about two weeks ago, but put into Tillamook to escape a storm, remaining there until Wednesday morning, when she again headed south. She was in command of Captain Thomas F. Neill, and Arthur Zwicker and J. E. Wolff. of the firm which built the vessel, were in charge of the engine and boilertooms.

New York, Jan. 9 .- A dispatch to The president has practically selected William Potter, of Philadelphia, for ately. It is hoped that a civil governambassador to Russia. Mr. Potter was ment may be established in every provformerly minister to Italy, having been ince, distinct from the rule of the govstationed at Rome during the Harrison ernor-general, who should be merely administration. His record during the military chief of the island. that period has been carefully examined by the president and Secretary Hay, and both feel confident that he will satisfactorily fill the St. Peters-

Explosion in Shippard. London, Jan. 9 .- A big boiler being at Barking burst today, and the super-

half a mile away were shattered. Madrid, Jan. 9 .- Colonel Julison San Martin, who was in command of the Spanish garrison at Ponce when the United States troops under General abandoned the place without resistance, has been sentenced to imprisonment He will be incarcerated at Centa, the Spanish penal colony in

Morocco, opposite Gibraltar. Morrill's Successor. Montpelier, Vt., Jan. 9 .- Governor Smith has tendered the place in the United States senate, left vacant by the death of Senator Morrill, to B. F.

not vet accepted. Washington, Jan. 9 .- The house ommittee on Indian affairs today ordered a favorable report on the bill road a right of way through the Colville Indian reservation, Washington, pronounced dead, His neck was broken,

London, Jan. 9 - The Berlin corre-spondent of the Daily News mentions rumor from St. Petersburg that Count Leo Tolstoi will be banished 13 of the crew of the French steamer for championing the cause of the dissenters who are being persecuted into ed here today by pilot-boat. The wholesale immigration from the Cau-steamers collided near Trever Head casian districts, mostly for Canada, resterday and sank. Eleven of the whither one of Tolstoi's sons is going crew of the French vessel and one of to inspect land that has been acquired

for the immigrants. Powls are plucked alive in Malta in the public markets, and in some parts bill in the house today to appropriate of England.

BATTLE ON THE NILE

Last Dervish Chief Routed by the British.

FIVE HUNDRED REBELS KILLED

Hundred Were Captured-Loss on the British Side Was Small.

have been received in a dispatch from Cairo to the Ethange Telegraph Com-Colonel Lewis, it appears, when he routed Emir Fedil, the last remaining Dervish chief, killed 500 of his fol-

emir, however, succeeded in escaping. An official dispatch from Colonel Lewis says that with a Soudanese regiment he attacked Fedil while he was crossing the Nile at the cataract south of Roseirex (Reseres). colonel's force stormed the island on which Fedil took his position, and some severe fighting followed. Eventand reports relating to their work, was across the river, where his force was dispersed by the Maxim guns.

On the British side Major Ferguson, six Egyptian officers and 18 men were wounded, and 27 men were killed.

Cairo, Jan. 7 .- Coloenl Lewis defeated the Emir Ahmed Fedil on the Blue Ark.) presented a protest from J. E. Nile December 26. His position was Murray, camp of United Confederate taken by storm and 1,500 dervishes were captured.

PHILIPPINE INSURGENTS.

Will Resist the Landing of the Amer icans by Force of Arms.

Paris, Jan. 7 .- An official telegram received by the Philippine junta here dated Manila, January 4, says Aguinaldo has gone to Ilo Ilo at the request of the insurgents, there to place himself at their head with a view to fighting the Americans.

The dispatch also gives facts as to the antecedents of members of the new Filipino cabinet. The following have accepted: President of the cabinet and minister of foreign affairs, Mabini; interior, Teodoro Sandico, a civil enfrom Kiao Chon, the German fortified gineer, who was educated abroad; war, General Balomero Aguinaldo, cousin of Aguinaldo, president of the so-called Filipino government; finance, General Trias, a close ally of Aguinaldo: public works, Gregorio Gonsaga, a lawyer, formerly Spanish attorneygeneral of the Visayas.

The cabinet is described as home genous, every member being pledged, according to these advices to resist the military occupation of the Philippines. Members of the Filipino junta here explain that Againaldo did not run away, but "left Manila for the mountain region behind Cavite in order to make secret arrangements for his voy

avge to Ilo Ilo." The Filipino who furnishes this information also categorically and specifically asserts that the latest telegraphic advices declare if the Americans insist upon the occupation of the principal cities by the American

SANTIAGO IS SATISFIED.

The Customs Receipts Will Not Be Sent Santiago de Cuba, Jan. 7 .- A dis-

patch was received from Havana today saying that the customs receipts may remain in Santiago. The effects of this information are good, and particularly so far as the laborers are concerned. Senor Bacardi, the mayor, has assured the laborers that all work now in progress will go on, and, therefore, there is not likely to be any immediate trouble.

Prominent Cubans emphatically assert that if a Cuban government should trade in the Philippines, and that assume to issue such an order-concenother countries were to be given the the Herald, from Washington, says: trating the customs receipts at Havana -civil war would break out immedi-

For Meritorious Service. New York, Jan. 7.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: Governor Roosevelt, of New York, is to receive the brevet rank of brigadiergeneral for gallant and meritorious service during the battle of San Juan. tested in Hewitt's shipbuilding-yards A board of officers, consisting of Generals Swan and Boynton and Colonel intendent, engineer and eight other Carter, adjutant-general, which had men were killed. About 40 persons been considering the question of the were injured, some fatally. The whole officers entitled to brevets for heroism, ship-building works were wrecked. A have recommended that Colonel Roosewoman was found dead 300 yards from velt be breveted. Secretary Alger has the scene of the disaster. A number brought the recommendation to the atof men and boys are missing. Windows tention of the president, who directed the nomination of Governor Roosevelt for the brevet grade.

New Spanish Cabinet. Madrid, Jan. 7 .- General Poliaveja, ex-governor-general of Cuba and of the Philippine islands, and Senor Silvela Miles landed on the island, and who the conservative leader, have agreed upon the formation of a new cabinet, and have been summoned by the queen regent. The early advent of the conservatives to power is regarded as cer-

Killed in a Prixedght.

New York, Jan. 7 .- George Tyler, 24 years of age, was killed in an impromptu prize fight tonight in Jersey City by Thomas Foley, aged about 23 years. The two men had an unusatisfactory bout a few days ago and decided to settle it tonight. In the first round Foley landed a right swing on the point of Tyler's jaw. granting to the Kettle River Valley dropped, and after being counted out was taken to a hospital, where he was

> Twelve Were Drowned. Falmouth, Jan. 7 .- Fourteen members of the crew of the British steamer Rosshire, Cardiff for St. Nazaire, and Duguesolin, Rouen for Swansea, land-

the Rosshire's men were drowned. Washington, Jan. 7 .- Congressman Lewis, of Washington, introduced a

\$100,000 for assay office at Seattle.

QUICK TIME FROM DAWSON.

Portlanders Break Overland Record New Yorkers Have Hard Luck. Seattle, Jan. 7 .- William Welch Frank Rekole and W. Devine, of Portland, Or., who arrived here today from the Klondike, claim to have broken the overland record from Dawson to Skagway. They left Dawson, Decem-

ber 12, and arrived at Skagway, De-

cember 29.

Antone Grobesits and Albert Bernard, two young men from New York, met with very hard luck on the way out. They broke through the ice on Thirty-Mile river and were in the water some time. They finally were res-London, Jan. 7 .- Particulars regardcued and cared for by the police. ing the recent battle on the Blue Nile Grobesits lost \$2,800 in gold, which was tied on his sled. He arrived here today absolutely penniless. His partner is at Tagish house in the police hospital, and will lose both feet as well as several fingers. Grobesits will reci to have a toe amputated.

The Williams sawmill on the Klonlowers, and made many prisoners. The dike river, near Dawson, was totally destroyed by fire December 10. A number of horses perished. The total loss is estimated at \$7,000. Sulphur creek, which was disap-

pointing last year, is reported to showing up well this winter.

DAY IN CONGRESS. Several Bills of Minor Importance Passed in the Senate

Washington, Jan. 7 .- In the ab ence of the vice-president, on account of illness, Frye (Rep. Me.) was president pro tem at the opening of today's session of the senate. Berry (Dem. veterans of Arkansas, against the adoption of the proposed amendment of Butler (Pop. N. C.) to the pension appropriation bill, providing for payment

of pensions to Confederate soldiers. Hoar (Rep. Mass) gave notice that next Monday he would address the senate on the resolution offered by Vest (Dem Mo.), relating to the acquisition of foreign territory by the United States, Caffery (Dem. La.) announced that he would address the senate tomorrow on the same resolution.

The senate passed a resolution directing the foreign relations committee to investigate the status of claims of United States citizens against Spain and passed bills to ratify agreements with the lower Brule and Rosebud reservation Indians, to grant California 5 per cent of the net proceeds of cash sales of public lands in the state, classifying clerks in first and second-class postoffices.

The Nicaragua canal bill then came up, and Caffery made a speech on the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

In the House.

Washington, Jan. 7 .- Under a spe ial order adopted before the holiday recess, the house proceeded today to consideration of bills presented by the committee on judiciary. The bills were first considered in committee of the whole. The first bill called up was that to create an additional circuit judge in the sixth judicial circuit. The bill was finally laid aside with a

favorable recommendation. Favorable action was also had on a semilar bill providing an additional judge for the third judicial district. The bill was called up providing for the retirement of Judge Cassius G. Foster, United States district of Kansas, and occasioned some debate. Foster, Mr. Broderick explained, had served 24 years on the bench and had broken down physically, but had not reached age (70 years), when he can be

Open Door in the Philippines. Washington, Jan. 7 .- Senator Fiye, of the American peace commission, said in the senate committee on commerce today that it was the under standing of the American commission ers that an absolute open-door policy was to be observed by the government of the United States with reference to

same facilities as the United States in that trade. The question came up in connection with an informal discussion of the coast trade policy of this country and its extension to the Philippines. Frye also said the policy of exleuding textile fabrics would not, according to his understanding, be applied as in this

country.

May Exclude Americans. Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 7 .- Much talk is heard over the announcement in the speech from the throne at the open ing of the provincial legislature today, that a bill will be introduced to ex clude aliens from taking up or working placer mining claims within the province. The importance of this is in no way to be gainsaid, for it will shut Americans out of the Atlin country completely, and it will preserve Atlin's riches for British subjects alone. At present Canadians are not allowed to take up mining claims in the United States.

Leech Lake Indians Pardoned. Washington, Jan. 7 .- The president has pardoned the 12 Leech lake Indians sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, and fined at the late term of the United States district court of Minne

sota for resisting the United States marshal in making an arrest. Secret Treaty Respecting China. London, Jan. 7 .- The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail says: Ac cording to Chinese report, a secret treaty exists between Great Britain and the United States to prevent any

further alienation of Chinese territory. Killed in a Gravel Pit. Fullerien, Cal., Jan. 7 .- Martin and Hillery Nichols, boys, were killed today in a gravel-pit by a cave-in. They were taking out gravel when the slide

occurred. The Tax on Beer.

Washington, Jan. 6. - Attorney-General Griggs, in a recent opinion, holds that the tax to be assessed upon beer in case of attempted evasion and willful failure to affix the stamps should be at \$2, and further that the additional tax to be assessed upon beer stored in warehouses on June 14, 1898. should be \$1 a barrel, and not 9234

Rear Admiral Schley was presented with a sword in Phitadelphia valued at \$4,200 from citizens of New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Delaware.

SENT TO THE SENATE

The Peace Treaty Leaves the President's Hands.

CONTENTS NOT MADE PUBLIC

Both Houses Adjourned Soon Out of Respect to the Memory of

Senator Morrill.

Washington, Jan. 6.-The first ses. sion of the senate after the holidays occupied only 50 minutes, although in that brief time two open sessions and one executive session were held. The galleries were filled with spectators before the senate convened, the general expectation being that the peace treaty would be presented. The senatorial members of the peace commission appeared on the floor and were given a hearty greeting by their colleagues. In the absence of the vice-president, Frye of Maine, the president pro tem., called the senate to order. The chap-

lain in his invocation said: "We come together under a sense of bereavement by the absence of the senior senator from Vermont, whose wise counsel and toving presence shall no more enrich the proceedings of the chamber. We bless thee, O Lord, for his noble life, for his example to all men, and we pray that his spirit may ever abide within these walls.

Searcely had the clerk begun to read the journal of the last session of the senate when Davis moved that the further reading be dispensed with. The motion prevailed.

Frye, who was in the chair, immediately recognized Major Pruden, secretary to the president, who held a message from the president of the United States. The message contained the treaty of Paris. On motion of Davis the senate then went into executive session, in order that the treaty might be referred to the committee on foreign relations. In a few minutes the sepate reconvened in open session, and Allison an nounced the death of Senator Morrill. The usual resolutions were adopted, and as a mark of respect the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

The house spent today considering the bill to define and punish crimes in Alaska, and provide a code of criminal procedure for the territory. Sixtyseven pages were completed today, and the bill was made a continuing order until disposed of, not, however, to interfere with appropriation bills or other special orders. The house adjourned out of respect to the memory of the late Senator Morrill.

SANTIAGO PROTESTS.

Against Sending Customs Money to Havana-Situation Is Critical. Santiago, Jan. 6 .- Meetings were held at all the political clubs last night, and even the most conservative people, those favoring the annexation of Cuba to the United States, were astounded

at the orders from Havana for the certralization of customs money there. The past 48 hours have completely altered the situation of affairs here, The province had gradually settled down, and was contented with the order of things prevailing, recognizing the benefits conferred. Now there is a complete change, and there is no exaggeration in saying that the situatio is critical, and that a spark would set up a blaze which would plunge the

province into insurrection. It is generally admitted that if 1,000 men were suddenly discharged from the public works, such action would

probably cause a revolt which would be hard to quell. Major-General John R. Brooke, governor-general of Cuba, is apparently ig noring General Leonard Wood, in command here, and is cabling direct to his subordinates. He has ordered the col lector of customs to bank no money and the commanding general of the province has ordered his officers to close several minor offices, including that at Bayamo, practically shutting

off the mail of the regiments there. Dr. Castilla will accompany General Wood to Washington, representing British interests in Santiago, to la these matters before the president Wood's work here is now more the oughly appreciated by the Cubans.

CHINESE OF HAWAII.

Their Right to Return Referred to th Attorney-General.

Washington, Jan. 6. - Assistant Sec retary Howell, of the treasury depart ment, has under consideration the case of several Chinese laborers and other seeking admission to Hawaii. Under the Hawaiian laws they were allowed to visit their native country and return upon complying with certain condition as to registration, etc., before leaving When the exclusion laws of the Unite States with respect to Chinese we applied to Hawaii, the question of the status of those who had left the island was immediately presented to the treat ury, the inspector, Mr. Brown, holding that they were debarred. The Hs walian supreme court, however, held that they were entitled to land and the question has been referred Attorney-General Griggs for an op ion. About 800 Chinese will be d barred if the inspector's decision is #

Infernal Machine Exploded. Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 6 .- By explosion of an infernal machine in sailroad depot at New Albany, Mis five men were terribly injured, so of them fatatlly. The machine cleverly constructed, and encased wood in such a manner as to te set by the opening of the box lid.

In the Franco-German was ever third German soldier had a map of country through which he was trav

Departmental Estimates. Washington, Jan. 6. - The secret of the navy has transmitted to cong an estimate of \$141,500 for the provement of the navy-yards at l ton, Key West and Mare island. secretary of the treasury also presen an additional estimate of \$350,000 maintenance of the bureau of prin and engraving, and the secretary of an estimate of \$100,000 for a new

In Hungary there are thousand villages and hundreds of small to without a doctor within ten miles.

pital at Fort Leavenworth, Kan-