Reet Culture Requires Deepsoil-Weedy Hay Should Be Cut in Flower - How to Cure is in Horses,

Growing Sugar Beets. like the garden variety of, paire a deep, finely pulverized d dressed in the drill rows with two-horse cartloads of rich, med manure, made from grain-After the seed is sown plants are up, the after-culsists in keeping the ground between the rows, and the best are free from weeds. The harth cultivator, with the flat steel gter attached to the rear, is the ement to work the crop with the plants are small, It fines and the soil and cuts up the young is the one passage. After the gow larger use the horse cultiwith the parrow teeth first, and ds the larger ones. Amateurs ulture should visit some large and see how the work is done, sit, with a careful inspection of ps grown, will be worth to any ant farmer at least fifty dollars ence. The beets, after they sched the fourth leaf and the enbout the size of your thumb, be thinned out when the soil is Sugar beets should be thinned stand six inches apart in the ad stock beets thinned to eight In thinning or hoeing the the roots must not be cut, as it

use them to rot. truckers, in growing the early beets, use large quantities of manure, running it in between ws after the ground has been ultivated. In a few days the are again run through with the r. Under this double system mring the beets grow very rapand are soon ready for market. wing beets for feeding to stock, and must not be allowed to over, or the plants will be coverwith weeds. Beets can be grown ut into the cellar for four cents shel. From six hundred to eight ed bushels can be grown to the mder careful culture.—Baltimore

Curing Weedy Hay. s and weeds of like nature a very good hay for dry cattle ing stock if they are cut in Cut them after the dew is off rning, and let them dry out day. Rake them up the followand stack them with alternate of straw or old hay. Each load d be salted at the rate of one peck to the load. Make the stack to six or eight tons, or twelve twowagon loads of it as gathered. stack should be run up three hs of the way, and then left over to settle. After the stack settles ff with long hay, rake down hard, then run two wires over the top te down securely. A stack of this hay will smoke for several mornafter it is put up, but if the hay en well salted and several layers ry hay put in between the green

ere will be no danger of com-Sprains in Horses. sprains of the joints and ire generally best treated by eation of cold water. This is polled by means of a hose. This e used frequently, but not for an five minutes at one time. The rug should be put on at such a or he is liable to take cold. If rse shows symptoms of much it may be necessary to foment part; that is, apply warm water inof cold. This will ease the pain, will probably increase the swelling. he reduction, afterwards, of this ing will retard recovery. The innatory processes at the seat of the mean increased blood supply to part, and consequent effusion into rrounding tissues. Thus, with a we siways get more or less ening," and the getting rid of this ckening" is often more troublesome relieving the actual pain. Tha ation of cold water by constring the blood vessels has the effect of ing the amount of blood which ild otherwise be conveyed to the and so result in less effusion and lling. After applying the cold waa woolen bandage should be bound ly tight round the affected part, rably interposing a layer of cotwool between limb and bandage. uld the animal show symptoms of ag in much pain, remove the bandat once, for it is then probably ssing too hard on the injured part. bandage, however, must not be off, but replaced. Bandages in

of the question.-Saddlery and Har-To Increase the Milk. make a large quantity of rich he cows must be full fed. Where lik, cream or butter can be sold si prices it will pay to feed grain. ollowing ration can be given to ow daily all through the summer: quarts of bran and one quart of op, divided into two feeds. One s fed in the morning and the other at night. The bran is made into ck slop and seasoned with a little The cows are at pasture day and When the pasture gets short, ws are given a large rackful at f outs and peas or corn fodder. they have eaten up their slop. By system of feeding the cows will rage twenty-eight to thirty pounds lk per day, which is wholesaled at ents per pound. The bran makes an dance of good, wholesome milk, is the cow in condition, and it also es a very rich manure. These drop

ains, other than in those of the

bs from the foot to the trunk, are

Cats and Ponttry

each week

en there are occasional disappearof young chickens, especially at It is most likely that the family will prove to be the grief. Cats treacherous animals, and cannot pended upon. The same cat that of the day will allow little chick-Onem when cooked. But the lack chances,"—Chicago Times-Herald.

bgs are scattered over the pasture

of moral sense may be partially supplied if the slightest interference with poultry by the cat secures for her the chastisement she needs. If this is done while they are young, the cat may be taught to discriminate between birds in July wheat during the past week, of excitement he wants.

Pruning Young Pear Trees.

Much depends on how a beginning is nade in pruning pear trees. It is for this reason best to take them at not more than two years from the bud, and if a very dwarf habit is desired a The thing to most persistently fight, either in dwarfs or standards, is the tendency of the central shoot to take most of the sap. This means large the other hand, a little pinching back year. The pear tree does not need high manuring. Give it plenty of minbe found fertile enough.

Bottom Heat for Planting. The difficulty with early spring planting is always because the soil is too cold. This causes the seed to germinate too slowly. But so soon as the seed begins to sprout warmth is generated by the act. Carbonic acid gas is desoil warmer. Hence the advantage of very dangerous to be on, and we advise putting some manure under the seed our friends to buy wheat on the little when it is planted early, so as to hasten germination. There is the further ad-small profits until speculation revives, variage of doing this cards in gradual control of the county of the c veloped, and this aids in making the vantage of doing this early in spring or there is a material change in the because the abundant rains that fall situation. then make the manure soluble, and greatly increase its effectiveness.

Regulating Salting of Cows.

Salt in moderate amounts is doubtless an ald to digestion. The craving grahram, \$3.40; superfine, \$2.60 per for it is natural with all herbivorous animals, and is especially strong in those that chew the cud. If cows are not salted regularly the cream from their milk will not make butter so quickly. This is possibly because lack of salt allows food in the stomach to ferment before it can be digested. This always causes fever and increases the caseine in the milk. The same result is caused by the change in fall from green feed to dry. Cows should be salted at least twice a week. It is better still to keep some where they always can have necess to it. They will not eat too much for their good.

Farm Notes. Potatoes nearly always do well on clover sod land, and are much less liable to disease than when grown with stable manure. Land that has been in clover should produce a good crop of potatoes without the application of manure.

Why not have some competent man legally appointed in every community to spray trees and destroy insect pests and fungus diseases, taxing each man crop; 1896 crop, 4c. for the number of trees grown? The thrifty man would then no longer suffer | Eastern Oregon, 6 @ Sc; mohair, 19 @ from the habits of his negligent neigh-

It is a favorable indication for sheep that the supply of rams of the mutton breeds is below the demand. This points to the fact that farmers are becoming convinced that sheep will pay in the forms of mutton and lamb, and that tion in sheep raising.

Every sheep farm should be well provided with gates; bars are dangerous as well as too wasteful of time in letting down and putting them up. There is a great risk when sheep are crowding through bars, only partly let down, that a leg may be snapped. A good light gate may be made for 50 cents more cost than a set of bars, and if properly hung will last a great many

Buckwheat is regarded as a crop for poor land, but it does best under favorable conditions. The blossoms provide excellent forage for the bees to work upon, and it is also regarded as a very appropriate crop for plowing un-It is a summer crop and shades the land, the yield of grain, however, seldom paying for the seed and labor on poor land, it being used mostly for turning under while in blossom.

There is nothing better to make young pigs grow than a patch of peas, and sole, 3 or 4; ling coad, 4 or 5; rock into which they may be turned an hour cod, be; smelt, 3 of 4c. or so every day until the peas become so scarce that all day is required to satisfy them. They furnish the same kind of nutrition that milk does, and at a much cheaper rate. When thus fed their frames will grow rapidly, and they can be given corn feed later in the season, without the injury that comes to hogs summered on grass and clover 20,50; California bran, \$13@14,50 per and suddenly changed to corn,

It costs about 13 cents to send a bushel of wheat to Liverpool from Chicago. Fifty years ago the cost of sending a bushel of wheat from sections near Philadelphia now renched in an hour by rail was much more. With improved modes and facilities for transportation distance has been obliterated and the market extended until shipments de pend on time and not the number of miles. Grain is cheaper because it can be produced at less cost with machines and is more easily shipped. The solution of the problem is to grow larger crops per acre.

Taking No Chances.

There used to be a peculiar old justice of the peace in Vevay, Ind., down near the Ohlo River, who entertained very queer notions concerning court procedure. On one occasion, after all the evidence was in and the plaintiff's attorney had made an elaborate argument, the defendant's attorney arose to

segin his plea. "Hold on there," excinimed the court. I don't believe I can let you proceed, Mr. Smith. I have a very clear idea now of the guilt of the prisoner at the bar, and anything from you at this time would have a tendency to confussight kill and cat the chickens with the court. I know the man is guilty earty a relish as their owner would now, and I don't want to take any

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkies & Company's Review of Trade.

which equally with mice are her nate owing to the fear of manipulation by ural prey, and young chickens. Poule the elevator men. Stocks of wheat in trymen who have an admixture of Chicago are now down to 3,000,000 game blood in their fowls do not need bushels, and this is firmly held by men to give their cuts any lessons to let who believe in higher prices for spot yonug chicks alone. If the mother hen wheat during the next 30 days. There cannot fight off the intruder on her has been little doing in other options. brood, her call will quickly bring to although September wheat has gained her assistance the game rooster, who two cents. The news has been somefinds in such rerimmages just the kind what conflicting in many respects, reports of harvesting from the Southwest tending to somewhat dishearten holdwas bullish in tone, and indicated a good demand for each wheat. Receipts have fallen off sharply in the Northwest, and everything indicates that rom now on until the next grop moves, one-year stock from the graft is better, but littile will be received. Foreign European advices confirming the rewood growth and little fruiting. On tions of India have improved but little. Chas it Fiender is President. Russian reports continue to speak of March 5, 1855. SAMUEL PITCHER, M.D. of those shoots that grow too fast, damage to wheat in certain sections, which will always be the uppermost, while in France there has been only a will send the sap to branches lower slight improvement. Exports have long ago happened to meet a business down, and these will fill with fruit shown a moderate decrease under those acquaintance in a public station as he spurs and begin to bear the following of the previous week. Bradstreet's re- was paying for a 30-minute conversaocean passage decreased 1,440,000 busheral fertilizers, and any ground that els. Our visible supply decreased transaction was met by the remark that will grow good grain or corn crops will 1,879,000 bushels, and is now down speculation we would see higher prices at once, but the market is in a rut and so narrow that it is at present con- telephonetrolled by a few professionals who are scalping for small profits. While the present duliness lasts, we hardly look for a bull market, but our supplies are getting so low that the short side is

Portland Markets.

ley, 69c per bushel. Flour-Best grades, \$3.60 or 3.75;

Oats-Choice white, 38 of 40c; choice gray, 37 a 39c per bushel. Barley-Feed barley, \$16@16.50;

brewing, \$18 or 19 per ton. Milistuffs-Bran, \$14.50 per ton; middlings, \$23.50; shorts, \$16.50.

Hay-Timothy, \$10 or 13.50; clover, \$11.50 of 12.50; California wheat, \$10 oc 12; do oat, \$11; Oreogn wild hay, \$9 @ Eggs-12 lg @ 13c per dozen.

Butter-Fancy creamery, 30@35c; fair to good, 25c; dairy, 20@25c per

Cheese - Oregon, 11 ge; Young America, 12 ec; California, 9@ 10c per Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$2,50 or 3

per dozen; breilers, \$2 @ 3; geese, \$2.50 @4.50; ducks, \$2.50@3.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 10c per pound. Potatoes.-Oregon Burbanks, 40 62 50c per sack; sweets, \$2.75 per cental for Merced; new potatoes, \$1.00@1.10

per cental. Onions - California, new, red, 90c@ \$1; yellow, \$1.50 per cental.

Hops-7007 be per pound for new Wool-Valley, 10@12c per pound;

20c per pound. -Gross, best sheep, wether and ewes, 21_2 e; dressed mutton, 41_2 @

5c; spring lambs, 6 or 7 per pound. and feeders, \$2.50@3; dressed, \$3@ 4.75 per 100 pounds.

Beef-Gross, top steers, \$3.50; cows wool will be but a secondary considera \$2.50 @3; dressed beef, 5 @6 oper

Veal-Large, 3 \(\alpha \) 4c; small, 4 \(\alpha \) 66 he per pound.

Seatile Markets. Butter-Fancy native creamery, brick, 17c; ranch, 10 a 12c, Cheese-Native Washington,

He: California, 9 4c. Eggs-Fresh rane, 14 of 15c. Poultry-Chickens, live, per pound, hens, 11 or 12c; spring chickens, \$2.50

@3.50; ducks, \$1@5.

Wheat-Feed wheat, \$25 per ton. Oats-Choice, per ton, \$20; feed \$21 Corn-Whole, \$20; cracked, per ton,

\$20; feed meal, \$20 per ton. Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton,

\$19; Whole, \$18.50. Fresh Meats-Choice dressed beef, steers, 614c; cows, 6c; mutton sheep,

ic; pork, 614c; veal, small, 697. Fresh Fish-Halibut, 3 @ 4c; salmon, 4 6 5c; salmon trout, 7 @ 10c; flounders

San Francisco Markets.

Wool-Choice footbill, 9@11c; San Joaquin, 6 months' 8@10c; do year's staple, 7@9e; mountain, 10@12e; Oregen, 10 at 12c per pound, Hops-8@ 12c per pound.

Millstuffs - Middlings,

Hay-Wheat, \$8 @ 11; wheat and out, \$7 of 10; out, \$6 of 8.50 river barley, \$5@6; best burley, \$6.50@8; alfalf;a, \$500 9 clover, \$600 8.

Potatoes-New, in boxes, 50@90c. Onions-New red, 60 @ 70e; do new silverskin, 80@90 per cental.

Fresh fruit-Apples, 25 or 35c per small box; do large box, 50 m 85c Royal apricots, 20 a 10c common cherries, 25 m 30c; Royal Anne cherries, 45 m 50c per box; currants, \$1.00@2.00 per chest; peaches, 25@ 50c; pears, 20@ 30c; cherry plums, 20@ 40c per box. Butter-Pancy creamery, 16c; do seconds, 15 of 15 kg; fancy dairy, 14 kg;

good to choice, 13 at 14c per pound. Cheese-Fancy mild, new, 8e; fair to good, 7667 be per pound. Eggs—Store, 1000 120; ranch, 1869

16c; Easters, 12 c 12; duck, 13c per Citras fruit-Navel oranges, \$1,50 68.11; seedlings, \$166.1.50; Mexican limes, \$1 of 7.50; common lemons, 75c

Bengal was in 1770 devastated by a fearful famine, during the course of which nearly one half of the inhabitants died, the trade became disorganized, and the revenues remaining un-

The first printing in America was established at Cambridge, Mass., in 1639.

TWO MIGHTY CONTINENTS.

Considerable activity has been noted

Cost of Ships and Guns. Since 1885 the British parliament has voted \$541,000,000 for new war- ties, says a correspondent,

ships and modern naval guns. AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

e asserting in the courts our right to the PITCHER SUASTORIA." as our Trade Mark, ers, while the news in other respects | L.Dr. Samuel Fischer, of Hyannis, Massachusetta, was the of glaster of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA." the same that has borne and does now hear the factorials signature of CHAS, H. FLETCHER on CASTURIA" which has been used in the homes of the mathers of America for over thirty years. Look Carefully at the wrapper and see that it is crop news has been builtish in tone, the kent you have almost longth, and has the signature of CHAS. H. FERTCHER on the ported damage to the Roumanian and wrapper. No one has authority from me to use

Long Distance Telephoning. A merchant in an Eastern city not ports them at 2,156,000 bushels, while tion and smiling over it. The merchant's comment upon the size of the a trip to Chicago had been saved and to 18,794,000 bushels, the smallest \$500 made on the order which had just in many years. Were there any been taken by telephone. This incident serves to illustrate one of the strongest points of the long-distance Just between ourselves." -its value as a business factor in large transactions which require a personal interview.

HOLTT'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Chair Reuts in Paris Porks. Paris manages to make 150,000 francs a year from permits to let chairs Wheat-Walla Walla, 67 @68c; Val- in the squares and gardens for the acommodation of promenaders.

DRUNKARDS CANSELED

given secretly in ten, either, some and the like. If a till, log's not kept by and dringpin send one dollar to the Remova themself to, sa liftout-way New York and it will be sent postpaid, in plain wrapper, with full directions how to give eretr Information mailed free-

More than 2000 people mysteriously disappear from Lendon every year and | Hollenden. are never beard of again.

HOW'S THIST

We offer One Hundred Dellars Reward for overse of Catarrh that cannot be cured by

We offer One Bullion of Results to Section by Hall's Catarrh Units.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O. We, the undersigned have known F. J. Chenes for the last to years, and believe him perfectly homorable in all business trassections, and financially able to carry not any obligation made by their firm.

Whelesale Bringgists, Toledo, O. Walin'so, Kinnan & Maryin.

Wholesale Bringgists, Toledo, O. Hall's Caurrh Curs. Is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and miscons surfaces of the xisten. Frice Toe, per buttle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's family pills are the best. There are 23 acres of land to every

inhabitant of the globe.

For lung and chest diseases, Piso's Cure is the best medicine we have used.—Mrs. J. L. Northcott, Windsor, Out., Canada. Frozen Lamb for London.

ne 18 years ago the flock owners of Australia, finding that there was a fair | the honored guest did not Join. It was market in England for canned mutton, lost material on him. Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$4; light | determined to try the experiment of exporting the fresh-killed meat in a frozen state. Sheep which had been bred with a view to producing wool rather than for table use, did not at first find favor with the public, besides which an occasional breakdown in the refrigerating machinery often rendered the experiment an expensive one laughed like everything at that when for the shipper. New Zealand sheep were found to be of a much better quality, and by degrees difficulties were surmounted and 'prejudices overcome until New Zealand mutton has become as common an object in London meat markets as the home-grown article. Owing to the difference in the seasons on the other side of the equator, lambs are ready for export about Christmas time, so that they can be placed on the London market earlier in the season than those raised at home. The carcasses are first cooled and then slightly frozen on shore; they are then transferred to a dry chamber on board ship, where the temperature is steadily main tained at a few degrees below freezing. On their arrival in port they are again transferred to a cold-storage chamber and kept there until wanted.

MRS. ELLA M'GARVY.

Writing to Mrs. Pinkham,

Says:- I have been using your Vegetable Compound and find that it does all that it is recommended to do. I have been a sufferer for the last four

years with womb trouble, weak back and excretions. I was hard-1 ly able to do my household duties, and while about my work was so nervous that I was miserable. I had also given up in des-

pair, when I was persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and today, I am feeling like a new woman -MRS ELLA MCGARYT, Neebe Road Station Cincinnati, O.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills work in unison with the Compound, and are a sure cure for constipation and sick-headache. Mrs. Pinkham's Sanative Wash is frequently found of great value for local application. Correspondence is freely solicited by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., and the strictest confidence assured. All druggists sell the Pinkham's remedies. The Vegetable Compound in three forms-Liquid, Pills,

Best Cough Strup, Tastes Good, Use in the Acad by drugging.

and Lozenges.

HOW HE TOOK A BRIRE

orthand South America, besides Guerraals. The Indirect Way This Man Had of Selling His Vote.

A few years ago, when a United States Senatorial election was impending in Ohio, one of the leading candidates needed another vote to make his election sure and his campaign mannger, after canvassing the situation, began work upon a bucolic representative from one of the Western Reserve coun-

The old man grew very indignant at the first bint of money in connection with his vote. He fumed a great deal, swore a little and very melodramatically asserted that "his manhood was not for sale at any price." Gradually the fact was impressed upon him that the one necessary vote could be secured in another quarter and that his obstinacy would have no effect upon the Senn torial result anyway, while it might materially affect his pocketbook.

Thereupon the old fellow made an eloquent plea in his own behalf. He strongly asserted that he was an hon-Bulgarian crep of 25 per cent. Condi- my name except The Centaur Company of which est man, whose reputation was as dear to him as his life, and whose character always had been unsported by contact

with the world, "You will rendily understand, sir," he added, "that larving so much at stake as I do it would be impossible for me to entertain for one moment any proposition you might make to try to influence my vote in this matter. My vote is not for sale, but I have no ill feling toward you for what you have tried to do. And as proof of that fact I'll go right over to your room now and join you in a social game of euchre,

"All right," assented the lobbyist, "I'm pretty busy, but I guess I can find time enough for a single rubber with you. How about stakes?"

"Twenty-five hundred a corner." "No two thousand."

They played. The lobbyist lost. The man from the Western Reserve voted for the candidate who was elected Sen-

He Saw It at Last.

There have been so many stories told about the average Englishman's mabil ity to see the point of an American joke that it doesn't seem as if anything new in illustration of his density could be mentioned. But here is a good local story, which will be appre clated at least by those who know the parties.

A genuine Britisher was in Cleveland some time ago, the guest of a prominent citizen. The latter was bent on entertaining his visitor to the best that was going, and in honor of the close of his visit gave a little banquet at the

Everything was of the nicest, and the party enjoyed itself lingely. When the evening's festivities were under full headway, the honored guest happened to notice the china. It was of English manufacture, and each piece was marked with an "H" for Hollenden. It gave the visitor a text for a few characteris-

tic Anglo-Saxon remarks. "You're a bloomin' country," he said. "but so young an' 'elpless, Why, everything we 'ave in old England is superior, don't you know, to what you chaps produce. You cawn't compete with the mother country, you know. Why, you even 'ave to come to us for the very chinyware that covers this table, That's right, by Jove! It's queens-

"Yes," said one of the diners with a delicious drawl, "and you'll notice it's sprinkled with the 'H's' you Englishmen have dropped over here,

A smile ran round the table in which

Not quite. About a month after this feast the Clevelander received a letter from his friend, who had returned home.

"Say," the letter rend, "that was a denced clever loke your friend got off on me at the supper-the one about the 'Hs.' you remember. Do you know, I I came to think it over in London. It was awfully good."-Cleveland Plain

Gave the Walter \$5,000. Among those who know the editor of the New York Herald there is a catch phrase that "James Gordon Bennett never makes a mistake." It would fare ill with a Herald man who should dispute this phrase. It is a fact that be makes few errors, and also that he never acknowledges one. Once according to an unverified story-when he was home at Christmas time he went to his club for dinner. It was his custom to give the waiter a dollar, When the dinner was finished be thought to surprise the servitor, who had been unusually acceptable in his attentions. From his waistcoat pocket, in which were two little rolls of bills, Mr. Bennett took one and handed it over, apparently thinking it contained five one-dollar notes.

When the writer looked at his money after Bennett had gone and found that it contained five \$1,000 notes he was really frightened and gave the roll to the steward. A few days later, when Mr. Bennett next visited the club, the roll was tendered to him with the explanation by the waiter that a mistake was evidently made. Bennett never looked at the money, but, staring the waiter indignantly in the face, declar-

"James Gordon Bennett makes no mistakes," and walked away.

No Cause for It. "Mamma, why should landladies object to children?"

Mother-I'm sure I don't know; but go and see what baby is crying about and tell Johnny to stop throwing things at people on the street and make George and Kate cease fighting and tell Dick if he doesn't stop blowing that tin horn I'll take it away from him.

Mother's Guile. "Mother," said Mrs. Smarton, "says the smell of stale tobacco makes her sick. "Ah," said Mr. Smarton, filling his

So she has concluded, she says, that she will stay until she gets used to it if it takes her all summer,"-Indianap-

olis Journal. There's Many a Slip. "Is it settled, Mrs. Flyly, that your daughter is to marry young Bullions?" "Not at all. There's nothing more

serious than an engagement between

them."-Detroit Free Press,

\$4000 not \$2000

Two San Francisco grocers-Ring Bros. and T. Salomon -won \$100 00 each because they sent the most yellow tickets before June 15th.

But grocers and clerks can get more tickets than other consumers; so we also paid \$100 00 each to the two persons

Mrs. Wm. Funk, Winnemucca, Nevada,

Mrs. I. During, 819 Brya& Street, San Francisco, 72 tickets.

Mrs. During got a number of friends in San Francisco and near by (one keeps a boarding house) to give her their tickets; and she used the tea herself.

By the way, she uses Schilling's Best baking powder and extracts-too bad she doesn't know how good Schilling's Best spices are! But she says the extracts and baking powder A woman in Stockton, who keeps a restaurant, came very

near getting a prize. She deserves one for supplying her customers such good tea.

Better read our advertisements every day-some contain suggestions how to win the prize.

By the way, grocers can't compete for the two \$150.00 prizes offered for the most yellow tickets in one envelope between June 15th and August 31st. They can, however, compete for the \$1000.00 prize.

SCHILLING'S BEST TEA SAN FRANCISCO



Does Your Back Hurt?

The Dull Pain. The Tired Ache. The Sharp Pain. The "Catch" in Your Back.

DE A T. SANDEN.

Don't Sir. Your Belt has cured my lame back. It's a great remedy. I had been using medicines and limineuts for three years without getting any relief. When I got the Belt tomalda't shown over to pick up a stick from the ground. The Belt cured my back in a tomalda't shown over to pick up a stick from the ground. The Belt cured my back in a month, and it has never bothered me since. My back is as strong as ever now.

ALBERT BERANCHLE, Yours truly.

Solt, Second street, corner Flanders.

If you have any trouble with your back or kidneys, denoting weakness in or injury to the muscles or kidneys, neither medicine nor liminent will help you. The trouble requires just one remedy, and that is Electricity.

DR. SANDEN'S PLECTRIC BELT

That is what has cured many thousands. It gives life to the weak, strained muscless and cures often in a few days. If you suffer call and test it, and see the names of hundreds of other cures. Get the book, free. Util or address,

SANDEN ELECTRIC BELT CO., 253 West Washington St., Portland, Or.

When writing to Advertiser please mention this paper.

CHEAPEST POWER...

Rebuilt Gas and Gasoline Engines

IN GUARANTEED ORDER.

FOR SALE CHEAP

1-1 H. P. Hercules, Gas or Gasoline. 1-2 H. P. Hercules, Gas or Gasoline. 1-2 H. P. Regan, Gas or Gasoline. 1-3 H. P. Oriental, Gas or Gasoline. 1-4 H. P. Otto, Gas or Gasoline. 1-4 H. P. Pacific, Gas or Gasoline. 1-6 H. P. Hercules, Gas or Gasoline.

1-10 H. P. Hercules, Gas or Gasoline. State Your Wants and Write for Prices ...

405-7 Sansome Street

Hercules GasEngine Works

How Hawaii Is Pronounced.

As we have now started on the road

New Use for Sand Blast.

The sand blast has frequently been

adapted to a number of ingenious op-

erations, and the latest phase of its

utility is in the cleansing of ships' bot-

toms. The Atlanta, one of the United

States men-of-war, was recently dry-

docked and by means of compressed air

sand was forced against the sides of the

vessel, cleansing and polishing the iron

San Francisco, Cal... Gas, Gasoline and Oil Engines, 1 to 200 H. P.

Franklin's Bequest in Court. If Benjamin Franklin, one of the

wisest of men, could have foreseen the toward the annexation of Hawaii, it is difficulties and complications that have but natural that Americans should grown out of his famous bequest to the want to pronounce the name of the city of Boston of \$5,000, more than 100 forthcoming new territory correctly. years ago, he would probably have can- The correct pronunciation is "Hacelled that part of the will, or at least wi-e," the "a" sounded as in "father," made its provisions very different, re- the "i" as in "time," and the "e" as marks the Buffalo Commercial. The in "we," the accent being on the secfund, which now amounts to \$348,000, and syllable. It is well to know how has been invested mainly as he direct- the new territory is pronounced, says ed. At the end of the first hundred the Chicago Tribune, even before it enyears the principal was to be laid out at ters into the Union. the discretion of the managers of the donation to the town of Boston, "in public works which may be judged of most utility to the inhabitants, such as fortifications, bridges, aqueducts, publie buildings, baths, pavements, or whatever may make living in the town more convenient to its people and render it more agreeable to strangers re sorting thither for health or temporary residence." The money is in the Boston city treasury, but it appears the municipal authorities and the trustees are at loggerheads as to their respective powers, and also as to the method of its expenditure, and as a last resort the matter has been carried to the courts. An application is to be made to the supreme court of Massachusetts to

to expend the money in one of the sev-

eral ways suggested by the testator.

It is to be hoped a way out of the diffi-

culty will be found and that the fund

will be used to establish the Franklin

trades school, as has been proposed. It

is one of the most remarkable legacies

ever made, and the benevolent intent

is plain enough, though perhaps not ex-

Buried the Wrong Corpse.

magniticent coffin arrived and before it

was lowered to its last resting place it

was opened for inspection. Much to

the dismay of the family, instead of

finding the familiar features and frail

garments and decorated with ribbons

frantic telegram was dispussed to the

and medals, was disclosed to view.

keep the general."

200 times its own length.

form of their beloved aunt, the corpse

pressed in sufficiently definite terms.

THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE! Happy and Fruitful Marriage. decide who has authority under the will

and steel as bright as silver.

Reery MAN who would know the GRAND
TRUTHS, the Flain
Facts, the Old Secrets and
the New Discoveries of
Medical Sciences applied
to Married Life, who
would afone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for our
womferful little brook,
called "Camplete Manhood and How to Altain
hood and How to Altain
Entirely Free, in plain scaled over.

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aunt, who died in St. Petersburg. Arrangements were most carefully made and directions sent that the body should be forwarded to England to be interred in the family vault. In due times

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of a Russian officer, clothed in military used for children teething. It seethes the c-coa the guesa, allays all pain, cures wind col-the less remeds for diarrhem. Twenty five it is the hest of all. Russian capital, to which the following RUPTURE and PILES cured; no pay un-til cured; send for book. Drs. Maksfirth 4 PORTERFISED, 528 Market St., San Francisco. answer was returned: "Lady buried

yesterday with military honors. Please N. P. N. U.

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