EUGENE CITY.....OREGON EVENTS OF THE DAY

An Interesting Collection of Items Fron the Two Hemispheres Presented In a Condensed Form.

J. H. Rook, white, was shot and killed by a negro near Sunnyside, Miss. A posse hanged the negro. It is said that in consequence the negroes have challenged the whites and a riot is im-

Saturday, October 31, has been declared as flag day by the national chairmen of the Republican, Democratic and Populist parties. It is requested that the national colors be displayed on all residences and places of business on that day.

The Berkey & Gay furniture factory, of Grand Rapids, Mich., the largest in the world, has resumed operations after a period of enforced idleness during the business depression. The factory employs more workmen than any other institution in that city.

It is now certain that the lumber combine, known as the Central Lumber Company, of California, will have a new lease of life January 1, 1897, and that it will early in the spring attempt to hold prices at a higher figure than they have been for years.

W. T. Rambusch, the defaulting banker of Juneau, Wis., shot and killed himself in Fredericksburg, Vt. He left a note expressing a desire that he be identified in order that his wife might get his life insurance. About \$100 was found on his person.

While the Dunham family was doing its aerial bar act in Barnum's circus, at Chicago, one of its members, John, met with an accident that is to prove fatal. He dropped eighty feet into a net, alighting on his head. His spine was injured and lower limbs paralyzed.

T. P. Farnsworth, of Cresco, Ia., accidentally killed his wife in that city. Just as they were going to dine Farnsworth was in the act of loading his revolver, when the cartridge exploded, the ball striking his wife nearly in the center of the forehead, killing her in-

Hamlin J. Andrus, president of the Arlington Chemical Company, Yonkers, N. Y., was instantly killed by the explosion of a bomb in his office. He was alone when the tragedy occurred. Who placed the bomb in the office, or whom it was intended for is unknown. John Andrus, a brother of the victim, was generally the first to enter the office, and as the dead man is very well liked, it is supposed that his brother is the one whose life was desired.

The less occasioned by the burning of the flouring mill and wheat ware house at Weston, Or., has been placed at about \$20,000. The mill was owned principally by I. E. Saling and P. A. Worthington, and there was no insurance. The mill was equipped with modern machinery, and was almost constantly operated. It had 100 bar-rels daily capacity. The warehouse contained 10,000 bushels of wheat that were insured for half their value. The origin of the fire has not been discovered.

General Carlos Ezeta has taken quarters in Oakland, Cal., and says he is prepared to meet his enemies. He imagines he is being pursued by hired assassins in the employ of Mr. Lopez. the minister from Salvador. Lopez asseris that the general is a bluffer and is afraid to make a move.

The board of supervisors of San Francisco has appropriated \$600 for the purchase of a supply of the Goto remedy for leprosy. It will be used for the relief of the thirteen men and two women in the leper colony at the pesthouse. The remedy as far as tried be the physicians has had good effect and many of the afflicted will recover.

Weyler and Blanco will be recalled, Premier Canovas will fall, and grave events will occur in Spain, Madrid dispatches say, it is believed there, unless the rebels in Cuba and the Philippine islands are conquered within a month. The Madrid press openly attacks Canovas and Weyler because of their inability to check the Cuban revolution.

Albert Hence Downing, a highwayman arrested in Denver, Col., has confessed that he murdered Joel G. Ashworth in that city and committed numerous robberies, besides having murdered a man in 1885 at San Jose, Cal., and committed other crimes there. He promises to plead guilty to all the crimes which he has committed and says he wants to be hung.

The people of Albuquerque, N. M. paid their homage to a true hero at the funeral of John Braden, who sacrificed his own life to save those of women and children. During a parade in that city Barden was driving an ammunition wagon, the contents of which exploded and set fire to the wagon. The team started to run, in the direction of a crowd of women and children, but Braden stayed at his post until he had checked the frenzied animals, and then fell from the seat, burned to a crisp.

Five outlaws appeared at the ranch of R. T. Brooke, an Englishman, whose place is near Tonkawa, O. T., and who is considered wealthy. called Brooke to the door and commanded him to hold up his hands, their apparent purpose being robbery. Brooke replied with bullets from his revolver, and shot two of his visitors dead and wounded a third. The uninjured outlaws fled, carrying their wounded companions. The dead men have not been identified, but are supposed to belong to the Dalton gang.

Gavin Dhu High, late of the Los Angeles Record, San Francisco Report, Oakland Morning Times and Evening Item, received a genuie and woeful surprise, when Police Judge Wood, of San Francisco, sentenced him to sixty days in the county jail for libeling W. J. Dungee in connection with the fight between rival water companies. High had served six days on a former charge, and had pleaded guilty on the second charge, expecting a light sentence. He now intends to continue the legal fight, his attorney stating that he would swear out a writ of habear as being in danger, and the troops have

Charles F. Crisp, ex-speaker of the

onse of representatives, died in Atlanta, Ga., His death was not altogether a surprise in political circles, as it has been known for some months The Scientific Expedition that he had not long to live, and never again could be an active figure in publie affairs. The speaker had several spells of illness in Washington. He suffered from asthma and later from heart trouble. His ill health, how ever, did not become a matter of public notoriety until the past spring, when he was compelled to abandon a series of joint debates arranged with ex-Secretary Hoke Smith by reason of the advice of his physician. Crisp had been in the sanitarium for five weeks, suffering from malarial fever. The immedi-

Suicide of a Minister.

Rev. Thomas Stoughton Potwin, M. A., one of the best-known Congregational clerymen of New England, has committed suicide at his home in Hartford, Conn. Rev. Potwin had been in poor health for some time, and, since the recent developments of melancholia, had been under the care of Dr. Stearns, of the insane retreat. While his family were away he went to an upper room and hanged himself with a rope fastened to the door knob.

The Tables Were Turned.

Dr. T. W. Bowman, of Savannah, Ga., tried to kill his wife. He was prevented from so doing by W. T. Haskell, a commercial traveler. Haskell seized Bowman's pistol and wrenched it from him. Mrs. Bowman and her mother then assaulted the doctor. They blackened his eyes and beat him about the head very badly. Bowman was arrested and taken before a judge who gave him twenty-four hours to get out of the state.

Must Release Sun Yat Sen.

The Marquis of Salisbury has demanded the immediate release of Sun Yat Sen, the Chinese physician, said to be a British subject, who was, according to the statement of his friends, kidnaped while passing the Chinese legation in London, and is held a prisoner in the legation on a charge of having been engaged in a conspiracy to overthrow the Mantchu dynasty.

A St. Louis Broker Assigns L. A. Coquard, a well-known St. Louis broker, has filed an assignment. He gives his assets as \$100,000; liabilities not stated, but may exceed the assets. It is claimed that during the last six months he lost heavily in wheat and stocks, the total amount being estimated at \$300,000.

A Missouri Bank Looted.

Robbers entered the bank at Cassville, Mo., and blew open the safe, securing its contents. The amount was large, but the bank officials refuse to say how much. The robbery was the work of professionals.

Oriental Question Settled. The Paris correspondent of the London News reports that he hears the czar's visit to Queen Victoria at Balmoral resulted in Russia, England and France agreeing on the basis of a policy in Japan and China, while the Levant, Mediterranean and African questions are being arranged. The czar wants the results obtained without bloodshed, says the correspondent, and is supported by Italy and Austria. The sultan is likely to die hard, but he will be obliged to yield.

Filibusiers to Be Tried.

Admiral Navarro, president of the naval court of Havana, has caused notice to be served upon forty-one filibusters and others, including the crew and passengers of the Competitor, that they must answer charges of piracy and rebellion against the government. Consul-General Lee, in an interview in a Spanish paper, denies having insisted upon his recall to the United States, and says his relations with Captain-General Weyler are cordial.

A Fatal Gas Explosion.

In Chicago George McWhorter turned on the gas in his room and lay down to die. The odor of the gas was detected by Chalres Collard, who called George Holt. Lighting the gas in the room adjacent McWhorter's, they burst in his door. An explosion followed, blowing out a section of the rear wall of the building, and burning Collard badly. Holt escaped injury. Me-Whorter died while being taken to the hospital.

A Milltonaire Armenian

The most sensational trial ever known in Turkey has just been concluded in Constantinople. Afik Effendi, the millionaire Armenian, has been condemned to three years' seclusion in a fortress. He was accused of being chief of the revolutionary committee. This latter was considered not proved, but his connection with the movement was established. He was given the minimum penalty possible.

Alfred G. Andrew, a carpenter of San Francisco, ended his own life because of misfortunes that had reduced him to poverty, and left a widow and three grown children to struggle for the living he had grown weary of endeavoring to make for them. He took carbolic acid and died in great agony. His wife was a witness to his suffer-

Fell Through a Floor.

Robert Summers, of Tacoma, a gardener, fell ten feet, through a floor, and died three hours later at the hospital. The fall fractured the skull, and congestion of the brain followed. He lived in an old building, and entered a dark room adjoining his own, near the door of which was a large hole, in which a wheel for cleaning carpets had once been set. Into this hole he fell, being unaware of the existence of the death trap.

The Rebellion Not Suppressed. Once again it is announced that the Mohammedan rebellion has been suppressed, though the missionary reports do not in any way agree with the offi-cial intelligence. Meanwhile, there is a lively rising in Chung Lok district, about 100 miles from Swate island. This is the district where Hakkes destroyed the property of the Basel missions, for which act the German government obtained ample reparation So far, no mission stations are reported been dispatched to the scene.

AN UNTAMED PEOPLE

Comes to Griet.

VISIT TO THE SOLOMON ISLANDS

Baron von Norbeck and Three of His Companions Massacred by the Bloodthirsty Natives.

San Francisco, Oct. 26. - Details of the massacre on the Solomon islands were brought up from the South seas ate cause of his death was heart failure. by the Oceanic Steamship Company's mail steamer Monowai, which arrived at this port from Australia, via the Hawaiian islands, today. The victims of the bloodthirsty savages were members of a party of Austrians which had been taken to the islands by the Austrian man-of-war Albatross. It was under the leadership of Henry Baron Foullon von Norbeck, an Austrian scientist who had visited many groups of islands in the South seas and had numerous exciting experiences with the natives. While traveling with an armed guard over the mountains of the islands, he was set upon by bushmen and slain, together with three others. During the desperate conflict which followed the assault, many of the party were dangerously wounded. Following is the list of killed:

Henry Baron Foullon von Norbeck, Midshipman Armand de Beaufort, Seaman Gustav Chalanpka, and a native guide from Titeri.

The Albatross was commissioned by

the Austrian government to make scientific explorations of the Solomon islands. During the middle of last August, a landing was made at a place called Titeri, on the north coast of Guadalcanar. From there, a party, consisting of Baron Foulton Norbeck, Lieutenant Budik, Midshipman de

Beaufort, twenty-nine sailors, the baron's to servants and two native guides, started for the purpose of exploring a mountain in the interior of the island, called the Lion's Head After two days' marching, one midshipman and seven sailors returned, the men not being able to stand the heavy walking in the bush. The baron's party that proceeded, reached a camping place at the foot of the Lion's The baron and his servants, with the native guides, were in the lead going up the hill, several natives being apparently near the party. When up near the top, they heard two shots fired in the neighborhood of the camp they had left, and at the same time they saw a bushman chief standing on the top of a rise a little above them, making some signs. As he appeared, two shots were fired lower down the mountain from the direction of the camp. The shots seemed to be a signal for the chief to attack the baron's party. Bushmen from a score of places at once rushed out and the baron was struck on the neck with a tomahawk, wihle a crowd of the bushmen attacked the rest of the party with clubs. The native who had cut down the baron was promptly shot by a sailor. Lieutenant Budik also used

the woods, many of them wounded. The baron was not the only of the party badly hurt. At first it was thought he would recover, but he gradually sank after he had walked back to

hawk he had wrested from a native.

The other sailors were well armed and

the bushmen finally had to retreat to

camp, and died in three hours. The sight when the party returned to the camp was a bloody one. Midshipman de Beaufort had been cut to death and three sailors and one native guide with him. Six sailors and one guide had been wounded. One of the guides fought bravely, though his hand had been seriously wounded. The rifles finally told on the natives and they withdrew.

The news was sent to Captain Mauler, of the Albatross, and a relief party, headed by Lieutenant Bublai, and consisting of the doctor and thirty sailors, was sent and a safe return made to the ship. After the injured had been taken aboard, Captain Mauler sailed for Cooktown, and thence the Albatross will go to Sydney.

STRONG GRIP ON LIFE.

Man Refused to Die After His Skull Had Been Broken.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.-William Kennedy, a well-digger, astonished the surgeons at the receiving hospital today by refusing to die after his skull had been smashed by a crowbar, which fell a distance of sixty feet and struck him on the head. Kennedy was at the bottom of a well, and was hauling a crowbar to the top by means of a rope and pulley, when the bar slipped and struck him a glancing blow on the head. Kennedy's skull was cleft as if by a tomahawk, and his brain was laid bare for five inches. He never lost consciousness, and, though it took the doctors three hours to dress his wound he still remained conscious. He talked continually, and his chief grievance was that the razor with which they shaved his scalp was dull. According to the doctors, ninety-nine men out of a hundred would have been killed, but there is a chance for his recovery.

Sued for Breach or Promise.

Chicago, Oct. 26 .- Theodore Felters, retired capitalist residing at West Pullman, is sued for breach of promise by Mrs. Sarah Glover, who asks that he pay her \$25,000. Some time ago, Felters was a tenant in a boardinghouse kept by Mrs. Glover, and she alleges he asked her to marry him. She consented, and, while she was preparing for the wedding, he went to Georgia on business, and when he returned brought a wife with him.

The Fair Will Litigation.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.-At a conference this afternoon of all the attorneys for the various parties in the Fair litigation, the position of the late Senator Fair's daughters toward the socalled pencil will was defined. The attorney for Mrs. Herman Oelrichs and Miss Fair announced that he would file no contest in their behalf against the pencil or trust will, but would support the contest instituted in behalf of the minor hetss. A similar statement was made by the attorneys for Charles WEYLER'S LATEST ORDER.

Once More He Will Try to Starve the Insurgents.

Havana, Oct. 26.—Captain General Weyler has issued a proclamation containing the following provisions:

First-All of the inhabitants of the country or outside the lines of fortifications of the towns must betake themselves to the towns occupied by troops within a period of eight days. Those who are found outside the towns after the expiration of that period will be considered rebels and will be taken and tried as such.

Second-The withdrawlof groceries from towns is absolutely prohibited, and also the transportation of them by sea or land, without permit from the military authorities, violators of this provision to be tried and punished as aiders of the rebels.

Third-Proprietors of cattle must carry them to towns or make application immediately for protection.

Fourth-Eight days after the publication of this proclamation, all rebels surrendering in every municipality will be subject to the captain-general's disposal to order them where to reside, and it will be a commendation in their favor for them to give available news about the enemy and to surrender with their firearms; and, moreover, to surrender collectively in their organiza-Fifth-The proclamation is only

enforceable in the province of Pinar del

The insurgents during the past two weeks have been continuing the work of devastation, particularly in the province of Matanzas, where they have reduced to ashes eight tobacco and sugar plantations, together with many farm uses and huts of laborers, the total value being about \$2,000,000. Hundreds of families are rendered homeless

GOLD FROM AUSTRALIA.

Two and a Half Millions Arrived on the Monowal.

San Francisco, Oct. 26. - The steamer Monowai, which arrived from Australia today, has on board about \$3,500,000 worth of English sovereigns, consigned to Assistant United States Treasurer Berry, to be melted down and milled into double eagles here and stored away in the subtreasury.

About a month ago a shipment valued at \$1,500,000 was received here from Australia, and at that time Assistant Treasurer Berry was authorized by the treasury department at Washington to receive the coin at bullion value for storage in the subtreasury and to accept additional shipments to the amount of \$8,000,000. Soon afterward dispatches announced that the second shipment from Australia, amounting to \$2,500,-000 bullion value, had started on its way from Australia.

The treasure will be taken to the mint where the gold will be tested for weight and fineness and afterwards either coined into \$20 pieces or stored in the subtreasury as bullion.

The gold thus shipped from Australia is placed to the credit of merchants who are buying in New York and Europe to make up the balance of trade, which is naturally in favor of New York at this season. A dozen years ago this plan was devised by Hugh his revolver to good effect. One sailor Craig and others, and by it the annual had to protect himself with a toma- saving in the exchange between here and New York amounts to a large sum. The next shipment, which will arrive before the first of the year, will probably be larger than either of the two

INFORMATION SUFFICIENT.

Conviction of C. O. Downing of Embezzlement Sustained.

Olympia, Wash., Oct. 26,-The supreme court today affirmed the lower court's judgment in the case of State of Washington, respondent, vs. C. O. Downing, appellant. This was a case wherein the appellant, as clerk of Spokane county, was convicted of embezzlement. Counsel for Downing urged that the information was insufficient to charge an offense, under the act of 1893, making it embezzlement for any county officer to whom a salary is paid to fail to pay to the county treasurer all sums that shall come into his hands for fees and charges in his office; also that the information did not charge an offense under section 57, of the penal code. The supreme court held contrary to this contention in the case of the State vs. Isensee, the defaulting city treasurer of New Whatcom, and concludes upon the authority of that case, that no error was committed in the lower court in overruling the demurrer in this case. The exceptions taken by the appellant to certain charges of the lower court are held by

the supreme court to be untenable. A Bloody Japanese Duel. San Francisco, Oct. 26.-Kata Nishamto and Harry Nismato, Japanese, and consins, fought a bloody duel today at their boarding-house. As a result, both are at the receiving hospital, Kata with one side of his head sliced off and his left cheek amputated and his left arm almost severed from his body. Harry got off better, but his body is covered with wounds and gashes. The row began over the payment of a debt, and Harry used a big butcher-knife, while Kata wielded a Japanese naval sword. Both fainted from loss of blood, but they may re-

More Armeniana Arrive.

New York, Oct. 26.-There were 180 Armenian steerage passengers on the California, which arrived this afternoon from Hamburg and Havre. They were shipped in Havre and are booked for various destinations. The captain states all have some means, and some have as much as \$50. He does not anticipate any difficulty about landing them as they are not likely to become public charges. There are only a few women and children among them.

New York, Oct. 26 .- The 134 Armenian refugees who have been held at Ellis island for several days, will, after all, be allowed to find homes in this country. The New Jersey men who protested against the colonizing of the Armenians by the Salvation Army in Ramsay, N. J., have appeared before Immigration Commissioner Senner to ask for the release of the Armenians. The New Jersey delegation offered to support the Salvationists in securing bonds for the refugees so they should not become public charges.

IS SERIOUS FOR SPAIN

Philippine War Likely to Rival the Cuban Revolt.

BEBEIS DOING GREAT DAMAGE

Revolting Atrocities on Both Sides-The Black Hole of Manila-Other Foreign News.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 23 .- The Empress of Japan arrived from the Orient today, after a speedy and uneventful trip. She had twenty-nine saloon and 300 steerage passengers, and 2,700 tons of cargo.

Advices received by the Empress of

Japan regarding the rebellion against the Spaniards, in the Philippines, confirm the previous reports that the Spaniards will likely have another war, as serious as that in Cuba, on their hands. Governor-General Blanco realizes

that with the present force he is unable to quell the revolt, and consequently is awaiting the arrival of reinforcements before striking a decisive blow. Meanwhile, the rebels are doing a great deal of damage to property, and murdering and robbing the inhabitants. The rebellion has spread to the provinces of Manila, Bulacan, Pampanga, Nueva Ecija, Tarlac, La Laguina, Cavite and Batangas.

An illustration of the atrocities perpetrated by the rebels, is furnished by an attack on a large monastery, in Cavite province, which they have since used as their headquarters. This was one of the first places attacked. Maddened by the refusal of the priests to yield, the rebles, on getting inside resorted to the most fiendish tortures in order to wreak their vengeance on the priests. Several of them were hanged to tress and roasted to death by burning kerosene oil. Others were put to death in an even more cruel manner, portions of their bodies being cut off piecemeal.

In the monastery, the rebels were well supplied with rifles, ammunition and food and so far have succeeded in driving off the Spanish troops. The report that the slip and arsenal at Cavite were in the hands of the rebels has since been denied. In Manila, things are practically at a standstill. The prisons are crowded with prisoners, and over 800 have been deported to Carolines. By torture, Spaniards have wrung many secrets from the prisoners. A triangular mark, cut in the arm, is the badge of membership of the revolutionary society. The prison at Manila, which has

earned for itself the opprobius title of the "black hole of Manila," is an old fortress. Prisoners are thrown into a dungeon, the entrance into which is gained by a hole in the roof. The only ventilation is through a barred opening underneath the platform floor, and at high tide this means of ventilation is totally closed, and large numbers of prisoners, who did not die from suffocation, were found to have torn each other in a dreadful manner in fits of insanity.

Numerous accusations of cowardice have been made against the Spanish. In a brush with the rebels, they placed these were dispersed, the Spaniards fied. To show the stress to which the authorities are placed for men, discharging of the steamers was suspended for some days, because there were no soldiers available to perform the

duties of customs officers. Further advices from Formosa state that the Japanese are pacifying that island by exterminating the natives. Men, women and children are bayonet. ed by Japanese troops, while the whole country is overrun with banditti. In many districts, there has been severe drought, and in addition to other horrors, famine stares the people in the face. A traveler, who has just returned from a tour through the "camphor" district, denies that the rebellion has been subdued, though most of the villages were deserted and everywhere was evidence of destruction, caused by fire and the sword. Like the Chinese generals, they are adepts in manufacturing victories.

THE HALL OF HISTORY.

Corner-Stone Laid of the First Building of the American University.

Washington, Oct. 23.-The ceremonies attending the laying of the corner-stone of the Hall of History, the first to be erected of a group of buildings to comprise the American university, took place this afternoon in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering of the grand lodge of Masons of the District of Columbia, assisted by several commanderies of the Knights Templar, who took a prominent part. Bishop Bowman put the stone in place after relics and receptacle. An introductory address was delievred by Bishpop Hurst. Ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison, Bishops Wilson, Newman, McCabe, Fowler, Rev. Charles G. Payne and Rev. J. M. Buckley also delivered addresses. Brigadier W. M. Powell has been ap-

pointed commander of the Salvation Army in Japan. Fatally Injured at a Fire.

Beaver Falls, Pa., Oct. 23.-Mayor Bros.' pottery works was destroyed by fire early this morning, entailing a loss of \$100,000. A wall fell and five boys were buried in the debris. Two named Reed and Walker were fatally injured.

A Japanese steamship line to Australia has been started, the Yamashimo Maru, the pioneer steamer, having left Kobe October 7, with 400 tons cargo. Cable Across Hood's Canal.

Port Townsend, Oct. 23.-There is general rejoicing here today among shipping men, merchants and newspa per correspondents, on account of the fact that the Puget Sound Telegraph Company this morning succeeded in laying its new cable across Hood canal,

the breaking of which three months

ago seriously impeded telegraphic

communication to and from this city. The emperor and empress of Japan have made large donations for the sufferers in the various provinces visited by the earthquakes and floods.

FOUGHT FOR HIS LIFE.

Mill Manager Besieged By Infuriated

Chipley, Fla., Oct. 26.-Beseiged by

infuriated negroes, J. M. Criglar, manager of Hagerman's lumber mills at Hager station, four miles west of here, defended himself with such effect that he killed two of his assailants and ITEMS OF wounded four others. Criglar became engaged in a quarrel with one of his employes and the other negroes drew pistols and began firing at the manager. Criglar ran to his office, locked himself in and opened fire with a Winchester on the maddened negroes who sur-

rounded the building. For an hour the battle conitnued and when the Louisville & Nashville train arrived at the station the negroes were preparing to set fire to the building and cremate Criglar. The train crew and passengers, however, rushed to Criglar's aid and dispersed the negroes. The negroes had fired over 200 shots The negroes had fired over second into the building, but Criglar escaped by lying on the floor. As soon as the by lying on the floor. As soon as the wheat a day, negroes fired a volley, however, he would rise and shoot at them through the windows. The negroes killed are Amos Judson and Alexander. The wounded are Henry Simpson, Jack Noble, Andrew Miller and Albert Lester. Simpson and Lester are thought to be fatally wounded.

SUPPLIES FOOD TO THE POOR

Novel Work of an English Co-operative Society.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.-Ben Jones of London; Joseph Clay, of Gloucester, and William Stokes, of Newcastle, arrived from the antipodes on the steamer Monowai. They are representatives of the Manchester Co-operative Society, an institution which is doing business with a capital of £7,000,000, and which has big stores and agencies scattered throughout the United Kingdom.

The society is organized for the purpose of affording the poor and middle classes an opportunity of purchasing fine-looking lot of beef a supplies and the necessaries of life direct from the producers, growers and manufacturers, thereby saving the purchaser the profits of the wholesaler and middlemen. The society has proved a big success, and has become an extensive and powerful concern in England, and the representatives now here say they have been in New Zealand and Australia to see if it would be practicable and feasible to organize branch agencies in those colonies.

As a result of their visit they say it is highly probable that the society will engage in the business of handling refrigerated meats from the Australian colonies.

BURNED IN A BOX-CAR.

Mysterious Death of an Unknown Man in Colfax.

Colfax, Oct. 26.-A box-car burned st evening on a switch of the O. R. & N. In one end of the car the form of a man was noticed, burned beyond recognition. The body is supposed to be that of Dave Buchan, who at 8 o'clock last evening took five shots at Louise Forester, his sporting wife, whom it is said he jilted at Spokane recently. She followed him here. The shooting occurred on the Moscow train, and the Forester woman sustained on'y a flesh wound. Buchan has been here several weeks, and has been under the influnce of morphine much latley, and attempted suicide

several times. A suspicious character called "Old Cripple" is also missing. The dead man's body was taken to the morgue, and officers are at work on the case.

Cause of the Hilton Hughes Failure. New York, Oct. 26.-Chief among the causes for the failure of the big house of Hilton, Hughes & Co. is declared to be the postage-stamp mania. Any employe of the firm who had occasion to consult or confer with the head partner, Albert Hilton, usually expected to meet with the petulant ex-

clamation: "Oh, go away; don't bother me now; can't you see I'm busy?"

He was busy, the chief of this great concern, but not with balance sheets nor with contracts, nor estimates, nor in consideration of new ideas in dry goods selling. The head of one of the largest dry goods stores in America. the employer of thousands of persons and over whose counters immense sums of money were passed daily, was busy during business hours almost exclusively with his collection of postage

Harper's Weekly.

During November some interesting and characteristic features in the progress of the political campaign will be shown in pictures by T. de Thulstrup, who has made a special trip to the national headquarters at Chicago in the interests of Harper's Weekly. Princeton's sesqui-centennial will be fully treated by the Weekly, in illustration and text; and Robert Reid's decorations documents had been deposited in the for the Congressional Library will form the subject of an attractive paper. Fight in the Sultan's Palace.

Paris, Oct. 26.—Le Temps this afternoon publishes a dispatch from Constantinople saying that a conflict occurred at Yildiz Kiosk, the sultan's palace, between Turkish and Albanian

guards. Several men on both sides were killed Cowardly Turks. Constantinople, Oct. 26.-The Russian black squadron called at Trebizond, in Asia Minor, and stayed there steel cable ferry at China beat if

Li Reaches Peking. Peking, Oct. 26,-Li Hung Chang

has arrived here, and will shortly present his report to the emperor. Lake Freighter Aground. Chicago, Oct. 26.—The big steel

steamer Aragon lost her bearings in a fog this morning, and ran aground on a reef off Sixty-third street. Tugs were unable to move her, and the work of removing her cargo to a lighter will commence. The lake is comparatively smooth. The Aragon was bound from Escauaba to South Chicago, with iron ore. She is owned by C. R. Jones, of

Electric coal mining machinery is being rapidly introduced in Western Walla sheep and cattlemen less Pennsylvania.

NORTHWESTBREVE

Evidence of Steady Gra and Enterprise.

GENERAL DE

From All the Cities and Town Thriving Sister States

Oregon. A number of hogs were week in Milton for 21/2 control

William Frazier is in Essent buying horses to be used in the The county judge of Jospin ty was fined recently \$100 for a small piece of Josephine

The John Day flouring a wheat a day.

Lee Mitchell, of Grant hat a ceived a painful wound but the bite on the leg below to the Two Albany boys here to

the naval service, and m d a of San Francisco. As the cannery at Montal overstocked, the tug Trans

2,000 salmon from that the Coquille cannery last week The new quartz mill main all been put on the ground nine Butte mine, with the empta small wheel, weighing 4,500 pm

The salmon cannery at Alm making a fine pack, and many cases will be put up if thereine ment in the run before the warr Most of the farmers of Posies have about finished the fall -

of cattle and have now in pa-fine-looking lot of beef name cows. A movement is on foot to a of music in Long Creek, Guard to organize a band. A she paper for that purpose is buy-

City Marshal Logan, of West sists that boys under is year, must keep off the streets after; in the evening, and warms page he intends to enforce the curies There passed through the

week a family that propes as an entire trip to Florida by han b make their expenses of the make ing musical performance, is a family being musicians. The semi-annual report of them clerk of Josephine county acut there were, on September 10, one

ing unpaid county warms at amount of \$64,504.87, the em interest on which is \$7,000. A number of the country post fully alive to their own intest the present gratifying what see Such notices as this are big a "Don't neglect to settle that like scription account when you elly

wheat." There are in the office of first urer of Benton county furti in ing to \$2,824, with which offers ing warrants could be put presented for redemption & these warrants were issued afri as April, 1887.

A dredger will begin work and pia harbor next month. The school tax of the city dis for next year amounts to \$65.00 William Hopkins has estable broom-handle factory in Burlag

Blanche Benuer, a typerity put in jail in Spokane San charged with smeking opin was found in Lee Jim's "just"s fied by the drug.

The superintendent of shall Whatcom county is strongly in teachers to observe Admisin this year. Washington wis in as a state November 11, 1888. The commissioners of King have fixed the tax levy for its

15.85 mills on all property with limits of Seattle. The rate at property in the county cities, and not included in schol trict specials, is 12 mills. The mills for making sainsi flour in Tacoma and Sestile as ning night and day, and yet main in their orders. The demand for

from the Orient has been asply nomenal, and the rolled out man not be supplied by the present all Bishop Cranston and a communitation Methodist ministers has pleted a thorough investigation affairs of the Puget sound miss resulting in an unanimous and indorsement of the method management of the college it

departments. The Northern Pacific will as a big stone wall extending out feet along the bank on the wet s the wharves in Tacoma. The will be of solid masonry, and thirty feet high and four and select wide. It will be placed to the solid will be pla solid rock or hardpan foundation

The board of county commis of Stephens county has grass license to J. H. Saville to comfor a day, creating a panic among the Turkish inhabitants of the town, who sought refuge in the houses of the Christian residents and especially those of the Armenians.

steel cable ferry at China Mon.

on the Spokane Falls & Northers way about half way between the way about half way between the cable will be employed to spin those of the Armenians. ducement for putting in a ferr accessibility of the Flat creen jacent mines on the Indian reer. An agent of the war depart

An agent of the war deprised been for some time looking on territory at the mouth of the care and, through his recommen has been finally decided to plesse ful guns in Fort Stevens, size e ful guns in Fort Stevens, will Scarboro hill, at the foot of state of the state o Chinook, will be fortified. very commanding position on lumbia, and the fortifications in accordance with its location

special land agent of the Norther ofific Railway Company, make ber of leases of railroad lands is