Sea Water For City Streets.

The ancient idea of flushing the sewers and gutters of city streets with sea water is being vigorously discussed in many places. In England it has come into such favor that a proposition is now put forward to supply the city of London with sea water. The water would be taken from the sea at a spot not far from Brighton remarkably free from pollution. It would be pumped into a reservoir of 10,000,000 gallons. Thence it would be forced into another reservoir, from which it would gravitate to London. The present consumption of water in London is 200,000,000 gallons a day, of which 40,000,000 gallons is used for municipal purposes. This might be saved for domestic purposes by the introduction of sea water. The cost of the project is put at $2,250,000, and the sea water would be supplied by meter for public purposes at a fraction of the present cost of fresh water. One watering of the streets with sea water is said to be equal to two, or even three, with fresh water. It prevents the decomposition of street refuse, it is effective for flushing sewers, and particularly valuable for the extinction of fire. Of its value to health there is no doubt, and it would be easy to supply it to hospitals and to schools for swimming baths.

Vegetable Properties.

It may be well to mention that an eminent physician who has been investigating the properties of the different vegetables announces that a diet of carrots ameliorates harshness of character and reduces nervous irritability. Peas create fatty tissue and encourage joyousness, while turnips have just the opposite effect. Celery taken in excess causes eye trouble, while cabbage is beneficial in pulmonary ailments, and lettuce aids as a sedative owing to the opium contained in its milky juice, which keeps the skin clear and fresh. Red beets are blood producing and will add plumpness to the thinnest form, providing they are boiled tender.—New York Journal.

Liberty, Equality and Fraternity.

Liberty is of no value in itself, but is valuable only as a means to equality, and equality that did not eventuate in fraternity would perish. Equality will enlarge itself to the bonds of humanity as fast as people learn that in likeness there is the only rest and comfort and pleasure that men can know, and fraternity will come as a result of the same conviction.—W. D. Howells in Century.

First

Last and always advertised as a true blood purifier, the most wonderful cures on record are made and the greatest sales are won by

Hood's

Be sure to get Hood's, only Hood's **Sarsaparilla**

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness.

His Lip Gone.

M. M. Nicholson, who lives at the corner of Curran and Anderson Sts., Atlanta, Ga., had a cancer for years. It first appeared on his lip and resembled a fever blister, but spread rapidly and soon began to destroy the flesh. His father and uncle had died from Cancer, and he sought the best medical aid in different cities, but it seemed impossible to check the disease. Several operations were performed but the cancer always returned. This continued for years until the partition in his nose and his entire upper lip were eaten away. All treatment having proved futile, he looked upon death as the only relief.

"Some one recommended S.S.S.," he says, "and a few bottles afforded some relief; thus encouraged I continued it, and it was not long before the progress of the disease seemed checked. I persevered in its use, and remarkable as it may seem, I am completely cured, and feel like I have new life. S.S.S. is the most remarkable remedy in the world, and everyone will agree that the cure was a wonderful one."

A Real Blood Remedy.

Cancer is in the blood and it is folly to expect an operation to cure it. S.S.S. (*guaranteed purely vegetable*) is a real remedy for every disease of the blood. Books mailed free; address Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SSS

MAILED FREE To any address, our ..... Special Price List of HOUSEHOLD GOODS, ETC.

This circular is issued for the benefit of our country customers who cannot avail themselves of our Daily Special Sales. Send us your address. You will find both goods and prices right. WILL & FINCK CO., 818-820 Market street, San Francisco, Cal.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Free from Animal Oils. GET THE GENUINE. FOR SALE BY OREGON AND WASHINGTON MERCHANTS and Dealers generally.

DROPSY

TREATED FREE

Positively Cured with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured thousands of cases. Cure cases pronounced hopeless by best physicians. From first dose symptoms disappear; in ten days at least two-thirds all symptoms removed. Send for free book testimonials of miraculous cures. Ten days' treatment free by mail. If you order trial, send 10c. in stamps or pay postage. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Atlanta, Ga. If you order trial return this advertisement to us.

FOR PEOPLE THAT ARE SICK or "Just Don't Feel Well," DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS are the One Thing to use. Only One for a Dose. Sold by Druggists at 25c. a box. Samples mailed free. Address Dr. Bosanko Med. Co. Phila. Pa.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. For sale by all Druggists. 25 Cents a bottle.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

ATTACKED THE TOWN

Indian Raid on Nogales, Sonora Troops Called Out.

Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 14.—About 4 o'clock this morning the citizens of Nogales on both sides of the international line were aroused from sleep by a fusilade of shots. Rushing to ascertain the cause they found that seventy-five Yaqui and Temocho Indians had made an attack on Nogales, Sonora, for the purpose of securing arms and money to aid in the overthrow of the Mexican government in the interest of Santa Teresa de Cabora.

As the result of the attack seven Indians are dead, one badly wounded, will die, and one is prisoner. Two celadores, Mexican custom-house guards, Francisco Fernandez and Manuel Delehanty, are dead: another Jose Pena, mortally wounded, and Crocencio Urbino, keeper of a little fruit stand, is dead.

Intense excitement prevails on both sides of the line and business is almost at a standstill. The dead guards were highly respected, brave and efficient officers. The seven dead bandits are lying in the jail yard. A posse has been organized to follow the escaping revolutionists. A courier has returned hastily from the mountains, bringing word of an encounter in the hills with the Indians. Ponciano Sanchez, chief of police of Nogales, Sonora; Juan Fernandez, whose brother was killed this morning, and two others, Mexican guards, are killed, making seven citizens and eight Yaquis so far dead.

At 5 o'clock a posse returned, bringing in the dead bodies of P. Sanchez and Juan Fernandez, both killed by the isurrectionists. The special train returned at 6 o'clock from Madre, bringing sixty gen d'armes, who left at once on the train, as signal fires are seen burning on hills six miles away, proving that the insurgents are meditating another attack.

A group of United States cavalry is en route from Fort Huachuca, and two companies of infantry from the same place will arrive at 10 o'clock. Citizens on both sides of the line are guarding the town.

THE NOMINEES NOTIFIED.

William Jennings Bryan and Arthur Sewall at Madison Square

New York, Aug. 14.—William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, and Arthur Sewall, of Maine, were tonight formally notified of their nominations by the Democratic party for the offices of president and vice-president, at a meeting in the big Madison Square garden, forming a notable political event, and a remarkable climax to the remarkable tour of the presidential candidate across half the continent. An army of unnumbered thousands filled the streets and crowded about the building in the hope of securing admission. In the hall, which was like a fiery furnace, Bryan spoke to 20,000 people for nearly two hours. His address dealt almost entirely with the financial question; was more argumentative and less eloquent than his historic Chicago speech, and only in a closing appeal to the citizens of New York did he speak in the strain in which he had captured the Chicago convention. He was surrounded by many of the silver leaders. The Democratic leaders, with the exception of former State Treasurer Danforth, who presided over the meeting, and Congressman William Sulzer, who organized the first Bryan club in the state, were not present.

Mr. Sewall spoke briefly after Bryan and was heartily cheered. Governor Stone, of Missouri, delivered the notification speech, which declared that the work of the Chicago convention was the work of the plain people, and that Bryan was their candidate.

After the notification meeting, Mr. Bryan was driven to the Hotel Bartholdi, facing Madison square, where he spoke again on the balcony, with Mr. Sewall and Mrs. Bryan, who shared with her husband all the honors and attention of the day.

BIG FIRE IN NEW YORK.

Scenes of Horror Enacted Upon the Burning Building.

New York, Aug. 13.—At least three persons and possibly others were burned to death in a fire that destroyed a six-story brick building at 465 Greenwich street today. Several persons were injured by smoke and heat, and by jumping, and two of them are expected to die. The dead are: William Gray, foreman of the electrical repair shops, and two unknown men, who were caught on a fire escape and burned to death in view of the crowd. The injured who are expected to die are Felix Haas and an unknown man. The others hurt were taken to hospitals and their homes.

Eight or ten explosions added to the excitement, but served a good purpose in aiding the firemen, as thereafter the flames were more easily got under control. Individual losses are not known definitely, and a total of $150,000 is estimated. Warren & Co.'s loss, as all others, was total, and it is estimated at $25,000.

A new magazine rifle is in use in Italy. It contains six cartridges, can be loaded and fired in fifteen seconds, and sends a bullet through a three-foot brick wall at a distance of a quarter of a mile.

Builder of the National Capitol Dome

Washington, Aug. 14.—George H. Miller, builder of the capitol dome, is dead. He left behind one of the most conspicuous monuments on this continent, and an ample architectural skill, famous the world over. He entered the office of the architect of the capitol in 1872 and continued there until his death. He was a native of Baltimore. As first assistant to the architect to the capitol, Miller had charge of much important and responsible work.

Foretold in a Vision

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Samuel Brokewell, jr., of the firm of Brokewell & Son, Highwood, is a spiritualist, and two weeks ago he says he had a presentiment that two of his three boys were to be drowned. Last evening his oldest son lost his life in the lake at Fort Sheridan, while bathing. Mr. Brokewell, when notified of the death of his son, said he was not surprised, and then told that he had a presentiment that it would happen, and had been warning the boys constantly for two weeks to be careful.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

Land-Grant Railroads Must Carry Troops at Half Fare.

Los Angeles, Aug. 13.—Judge Welborn this morning handed down a decision that in its far-reaching importance equals any decision ever decided by a California federal court. The amount involved was as large as that of the income tax, and the principles laid down by the court are as important in New York and Massachusetts as in California or Texas. For many years there has been a dispute between the government-aided or land grant roads and the government as to the rate of compensation that the former should receive for transportation of troops, mail and other effects from point to point. The roads claim they had, under acts creating them, a right to charge the government the same rates for services rendered as they charge individual shippers or travelers, while congress has frequently provided that the compensation should not exceed half of the regular rate, the exact figures to be fixed by the secretary of war.

Under these acts of congress, only half rates have been paid by the government, and the roads, desiring to have them settled, brought a test case under the court of claims act, the Atlantic & Pacific railroad being plaintiff, to recover full fare for transportation on the 30th and 31st days of October, 1892, of a trooper, one Phillip Barrett, from Albuquerque, N. M., to Prescott Junction, Ariz., a distance of 428 miles. The regular fare for the trip is $25.70. The government offered $13.23. The railroad refused to accept the amount, and brought suit for the full amount. The railroad—the Atlantic & Pacific—was represented by Judge Stacey, its chief attorney, assisted by Mr. Herrin, of the Southern Pacific. The United States was represented by Joseph H. Call, special United States attorney.

The importance of the case was such that it was very thoroughly and exhaustively argued at the January term, full testimony taken and exhaustive briefs submitted. The decision of Judge Welborn is very voluminous, and enters fully into the discussion of the subject. It is a complete victory for the government. The judge holds, in substance, that congress has the right to fix the compensation for this class of work, provided that the rates do not amount to confiscation of the railroad property. The full importance of this decision is easier understood when it is stated that the Atlantic & Pacific alone would receive $750,000 a year more for transportation of troops, and that, when charges for carrying mails are added, the difference on this one road in favor of the government reaches $1,500,000 annually. As the land-grant roads include one-half the mileage of the railroads of the country the amount involves $40,000,000 to $50,000,000 a year. Besides the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific systems, there are the Northern Pacific, Kansas & Texas roads, the Rock Island, and roads in Missouri, Wisconsin, Iowa and Nebraska.

The decision is not applicable to land-grant roads alone, but applies to all railroads in the country, and is not confined to government business, but involves the right of congress to fix the compensation for all charges by the railroads for interstate commerce. It will therefore be seen that it is one of the most important cases ever decided by a court, and is a great victory for the government.

After an elaborate discussion of the case, the court says:

"My conclusion, as already indicated, is that the right of plaintiff under its charter, and without reference to section 20, to fix and determine its freights and fares, is not absolute and unrestricted, but subject to congressional limitation within the bounds of reasonableness, and that, since the maximum fixed by the secretary of war, according to authorities cited, is presumptively reasonable, and therefore sufficient proof of unreasonableness, said maximum is a lawful restriction, and plaintiff's charge in excess thereof an unlawful charge."

In conclusion the court holds: "That defendant's liability to plaintiff on account of the transportation service sued for is $13.40, while by reason of defendant's tender of payment plaintiff is liable for the costs of the suit. Judgment will be accordingly entered.

It is understood the case will not be appealed, and that Judge Stacey himself has so declared.

No Writ Will Issue.

Salem, Aug. 13.—The governor has declined to issue a writ for a special election in Coos county for the selection of a member of the lower house of the legislature. At the general election in June the vote was a tie between Bennett, Democrat, and Buckman, Populist. When the governor was first asked to issue a writ for a special election, he was not thoroughly satisfied as to his duty in the matter, and it was laid before the attorney-general. An opinion was rendered by the attorney-general, but, in declining to issue the writ, the governor's action is not in accord therewith.

A Demurrer Filed.

San Francisco, Aug. 13.—Seven supervisors, charged with corrupt practices while in office, and indicted by the grand jury, filed a demurrer today on purely technical points.

For Hop-Picking.

Woodburn, Or., Aug. 13.—The Hop-growers' Association held a meeting today in Barrow's hall. Among other business transacted, the association decided to pay only 25 cents per box for picking, and $1.25 per day for measurers and others working by the day. It is thought plenty of pickers can be secured at this price. There will not be more than half a crop. A great many yards have not been cultivated, and will not be picked at the present price.

Struck by Lightning.

Sandusky, O., Aug. 13.—John Thompson and Jay Leonard were killed by lightning in a violent storm last evening. They were working on the new government pier at Cedar Point, with augers in their hands which attracted the lightning.

More Grace Given Matabeles.

London, Aug. 13.—A dispatch to the Times form Cape Town says that a proclamation has been issued which extends the time of grace for the surrender of the Matabele rebels to September 28.

TOPICS FOR FARMERS

A DEPARTMENT PREPARED FOR OUR RURAL FRIENDS.

Advantage of Wide Tires on Wagons—Effect of Detasseling Corn—To Exterminate Vermin from Chickens—Cheap Sheds for Emergencies.

Wagon Tires.

The wide tire law of Connecticut went into effect with the beginning of the month, and there is likely to be trouble over it, for wagon makers are going on building vehicles with as narrow tires as ever, and a good many people seem not to have heard of this new law. There should, of course, be a certain degree of latitude in the matter of replacing wheels which, in the case of some of the poorer farmers, represents a considerable outlay, but it should at least be distinctly understood that anyone who buys a new wagon which does not conform to the statute does so at his own risk.

It is an eminently wise and reasonable law—the only wonder is that people have to be forced by legal measures into doing what is obviously to their own interest. No other single element, except ignorant roadmaking, adds so much to the heavy burden of supporting the highways as the use of narrow tires, which cut up the roads instead of ironing them smoothly down. Look at the beautiful glossy path which the bicyclists make for themselves at the edge of the road before the puddles are fairly dried up, and then at the bottomless abysses plowed by the loaded wagons and you have the whole thing in a nutshell. The horses' hoofs, of course, chop up the road somewhat, but it is mere surface irritation compared with the deep and fatal wounds made by the narrow-tired wheels when once a rut is started.

Build a reasonably good road and equip the vehicles with tires with something the same proportion to weight as the tires of a bicycle, with the tread of the rear wheels different from those of the front wheels, so as not to follow in the same path, and the surface will not be rutted at all. The wheels serve as rollers, and instead of cutting up the roads they make them better.

Fine philosophy we have, to be sure. We tax ourselves poor to keep steam rollers at work on our highways and then carefully select wagons which will undo the work of the roller as quickly as possible.—New England Farmer.

Effect of Detasseling Corn.

At various times it has been thought that the removal of the tassel of the corn plant would result in a larger yield. This was based on the admitted fact that a large amount of energy is used in the development of the flower and the production of pollen. A number of tests were made to determine the facts in the case. Of course it was necessary to allow enough pollen to be produced to fertilize the silks. In most of the tests, therefore, the tassels were removed from every alternate row—pulled out as soon as they appeared—or three rows were detasseled and one left untouched.

At the Cornell station detasseled corn produced a slightly greater yield during the first two years, but the third year there was practically no benefit. In Nebraska, detasseling resulted in decreased yields. Here the tassels were cut off instead of being pulled out, as was the case in New York. In Maryland the yield was decreased by the practice. In Kansas the detasseled fields produced slightly the most corn. In Illinois tests were made during two years. In both cases it was evident that no greater yield was produced by rows that had been detasseled.

Vermin on Chickens.

Warm weather is again bringing on chicken vermin in abundance, and if you want to keep two unprofitable flocks in your coop, just do nothing to exterminate the nuisance. Buy some refined salts, such as are used for medicinal purposes, and dilute them in a large quantity of water. This freely spray about the chicken houses and it will prove its value. The only objection to this material is its cost—a pint bottle costs 75 cents, but in the end certainly is cheaper than the tormentors. Carbolic acid is also good. I remember an instance when through neglect a house became thoroughly infected with mites or lice. They remained after fumigating, to my astonishment; then kerosene emulsion, known to be good, also failed; carbolic acid was tried, and the insects departed bag and baggage. Naturally carbolic acid is our remedy now after this test. Take a bottle of carbolic acid, a pail of water and a good spraying pump, and success is certain. A single trial will convince skeptical people of its effectiveness. These spraying campaigns should be practically pursued every few weeks, and if you are not rewarded, it will not be the fault of carbolic acid spraying.—Country Gentleman.

Cheap Sheds for Emergencies.

There is often considerable loss on the farm from lack of suitable buildings for storing implements, farm products and for sheltering live stock. Where a deficiency exists in the way of buildings numerous makeshifts are frequently resorted to. The roomy calf stable is filled with hay at harvest time, and the calves must take the weather until this is fed out in early winter. The tool room is used to store the potato crop temporarily as it comes from the field, while the implements are left out in the sun and rain for a few weeks, and then likely not housed promptly when the room is vacated. The hogs which are intended for the November market are fattened in an open lot, and when circumstances postpone their sale till the holiday season they are compelled to take all the storms that may come up to that date, because there is no convenient shelter provided. To meet such emergencies as these and for other uses, a few cheap sheds and buildings should be provided. They may be of rough, cheap boards, which in many places will require no cash outlay except for sawing.—National Stockman.

The Vegetable Garden.

In Michigan the Parker Earle is considered to be by far the most prolific strawberry.

Several farmers near Kennewick, Washington, have planted peppermint, and are looking for a man with capital to put up a distillery.

A common mistake made in growing lettuce is in having the plants too close together. To reach perfection the plants should be from ten to fifteen inches apart in the rows.

The "topping" of corn, that is, cutting off the stalk above the ears for fodder, always decreases the crop so much that the value of the fodder secured does not compensate for the loss.

The Michigan experiment station has tried 400 varieties of potatoes and discarded nearly all of them as worthless. Among the promising sorts it names the Carmen, Colossal, Early Everett and Nott's Victor.

The annual crop of mushrooms in France is valued at $2,000,000. The wholesale price to dealers is from $22 to $25 per 100 kilograms (220.46 pounds). In Paris alone there are sixty wholesale firms dealing exclusively in mushrooms.

The transplanting of onions is strongly recomended by the Tennessee experiment station. It is claimed that trasplanting results in larger onions and larger crops. The cost of growing onions in Tennessee is given as 50 cents a bushel.

J. W. Hauck, of Jefferson, Oregon, says that to cure the gum disease in cherry trees he sprays with from four to six pounds of bluestone to fifty gallons of water as soon as the leaves fall, and again in the spring before the buds swell. Gum spots appearing on the cherry trees are cut out and the wound washed with the solution.

Take Care of the Implements.

An ever-fruitful subject for discussion in the agricultural press and at granges and institutes is the care of farm machinery. It is a subject that may seem threadbare, but as long as harvesters and mowers, threshers and grain drills are allowed to stand exposed to the weather so long is discussion and scolding on the subject profitable. A prominent manufacturer of farm implements said not long since that the life of the average machine used on the farm could be prolonged one-third or more by proper care. This means that of the vast amount of money spent in the United States for agricultural implements one-third is absolutely wasted—thrown away—to say nothing of the time lost and annoyance occasioned by tinkering with machinery worn out before its time. Here is one of the leaks that the wise farmer does not allow to go unchecked.

The Pig's Digestion.

The pig has a wonderful digestive capacity. Steers consume eleven and a half pounds of dry food to every 100 pounds of live weight, the sheep ten pounds, but the pig consumes twenty-seven pounds, and converts it into meat. Cattle make a gain of one pound for every eleven pounds of dry food consumed, sheep a pound for every nine, and the pig a pound for every four and a half pounds. This gain is accounted for by his immense digestive capacity.

Advertise Your Butter.

If you believe your butter is good and should bring the highest price, print your name and address on it, and if your customers agree with you as to its quality you will soon have more orders for good butter than you can fill. But if such does not happen, you may depend upon it that there is room for improvement in the quality. Customers do not always complain, preferring to buy from other sources when disappointed.

Farm Notes.

Whole cloves scattered around the edge of the carpet is excellent for moths and bugs.

Gather a paper of leaves from the scented geranium and spread in the guest chamber if a lasting sweetness is desired.

There are about 5,000 bees in a pound. A gallon of honey weighs from eleven to twelve pounds, according to its density.

Too much praise cannot be given chopped onions, both as medicine and a tonic for poultry. They invigorate, break up colds, aid digestion, and relieve soft or swelled crop.

Lemon juice and sugar will cure a cough and hoarseness. It will relieve feverishness and thirst. Lemonade as a drink in spring and summer will prevent or cure "that tired feeling." Hot lemonade taken soon enough will break up a cold.

An authority states that a few grains of salt added to the coffee before pouring on the boiling water improves the flavor. Then set the pot on the back of the range and let it stand for fifteen minutes before serving. Boiling destroys the aroma.

Lemons are as near being a panacea for all ills as anything can be. Chronic sick headaches and biliousness will disappear if their victim will drink as soon as rising, before dressing even, a glass of warm water with the juice of half a lemon and no sugar.

Dehorned cattle sell better than horned cattle for all purposes. They are preferred by feeders, shippers, slaughterers or exporters. They look better, feed better, sell better and kill better. The man who feeds horned cattle is handicapped from 10 to 25 cents per 100 weight in most cases.

Cement floors are likely to become popular for barn flooring, on account of their durability, cleanliness and the facilities they offer for saving the liquid manures. Moreover, they are to be valued for their rat-proof qualities. Any one about to build a new barn would do well to consider this question in all its phases.

Of the root crops the carrot is preferred by all classes of stock, and it is also easily grown compared with the large yields possible. The cultivation of carrots, beets, parsnips, turnips and potatoes serves to clear the land of weeds because close and careful work is required, the land being consequently better fitted for the growth of some crop difficult to keep clear of weeds the next year.

In portions of Europe, it is said, gardeners not only take especial care of the toads of the garden, but frequently buy to keep the stock good. Underground shelters are made for the toads by covering a small hole with a board or shingle. A writer believes that a garden well stocked with toads would be greatly protected from many of the insects that are now so destructive to many kinds of vegetation.

BY STEAMER, TRAIN OR BOAT?

Which of these have you selected as a means of travel? No matter. Whichever it is recollect that for sea sickness, disorders of the stomach, liver or bowels, engendered by rough locomotion and bad food or water, and for malarial troubles, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the most useful specific you can take with you. It is invaluable also for rheumatism, kidney complaints and nervous trouble.

The only gem in the world which cannot be counterfeited is the opal. Its delicate tints defy imitation.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine used in my house.—D. C. Albright, Mifflinburg, Pa., Dec. 11, '95.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FITS.—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A woman is the engraver of medals in the royal mint at Stockholm, Sweden, and has been for many years.

The births exceed the deaths throughout the world by over 1,500,000 a year—an average of three a minute.

It is said to be possible to draw platinum wires so fine that two of them twisted could be inserted in the hollow of a human hair.

The most effective way to capture a whale is to spear it with an electrical harpoon, when it is once shocked into unconsciousness.

Prominent citizens of Charlestown, Mass., have urged that the Bunker Hill Monument should be illuminated with electricity.

A new globe, for all kinds of light, increases the illuminating power ten per cent. It is grooved vertically inside and horizontally outside.

The Board of Aldermen of Boston passed an order the other day appropriating $301,000 for the ventilation and sanitation of school houses.

Reports says that the penalty for carrying an election button in Canada within eight days before an election is a fine of $100, or imprisonment, or both.

The London census has been somewhat of a disappointment to England, inasmuch as the rate of growth has slightly fallen off in the last five years.

Miss Agness Adams, of Whitman College, won the highest honors at the first annual contest of the Intercollegiate Oratorial Association of Washington.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Featherbone Edge

S·H·&M· REGISTERED TRADE MARK

BIAS VELVETEEN SKIRT BINDING

has a strip of Featherbone stitched in one edge. It both flares and binds the skirt and holds it away from the feet; the newest of the S. H. & M. bindings.

If your dealer will not supply you we will.

Samples showing labels and materials mailed free.

"Home Dressmaking Made Easy," a new 72 page book by Miss Emma M. Hooper, of the Ladies' Home Journal, tells in plain words how to make dresses at home without previous training; mailed for 25c. S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 699, N. Y. City.

SURE CURE FOR PILES

Itching and Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles yield at once to DR. BO-SAN-KO'S PILE REMEDY. Stops Itching, Absorbs Tumors. A positive cure. Circulars and Testimonials free. Price 50c. Druggists or mail. DR. BOSANKO, Phila., Pa.

N. P. N. U. No. 663.—S. F. N. U. No. 740

$250,000 To Be Given Away

this year in valuable articles to smokers of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco

You will find one coupon inside each 2-ounce bag, and two coupons inside each 4-ounce bag. Buy a bag, read the coupon and see how to get your share.

The Best Smoking Tobacco Made

Greatest Quantity. Highest Quality. Smallest Price.

Battle Ax PLUG

The largest piece of strictly high grade tobacco ever sold for the price. Not the large size of the piece alone that has made "Battle Ax" the most popular brand on the market for 10 cents,

QUALITY; SIZE; PRICE.