EUGENE CITY GUARD.

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EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

THE NEWS RESUME

A DIGEST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns —At Home and Abroad.

There was a large increase in Berlin during the past week of deaths from influenza and pneumonia.

Russia has ordered seven ironclads and ten cruisers for her Pacific fleet, in view of Japan's extensive naval preparations.

The conference for international arbitration held in Washington, which has been a very harmonious one, has just closed.

The battleship Massachusetts made 16.15 knots on her trial trip in Boston harbor, and her builders win a bonus of $100,000.

A crap game on Grant avenue in San Farncisco was held up by two men. About $150 was taken. They were captured by the police soon after.

Miss Laura White created a sensation in Ardmore, I. T., by publicly horsewhipping Professor Linn, a druggist, because he had charged her with theft.

A Rome dispatch says the cabinet has decided against the campaign in Abyssinia in the autumn, on the ground that such a course would be disastrous to Italy.

It is said in Washington that there is a strong possibility that the delegates from territories who have statehood bills in charge will not attempt to secure congressional action until the next session.

A dispatch from Panama says: Some fears are entertained here that trouble will occur when the elections for deputies takes place. The members of the liberal party will vote for the first time since 1885.

A serious conflict between Christians and Turks has occurred at Episkopi, Island of Crete. There were two days' fighting, and fifty persons were killed and wounded. The Cretans have appealed to Greece for aid.

In Houghton, Mich., sixty trammers have struck in Quincy mine to enforce a demand for higher wages. The mine is still in operation, but the trouble will probably extend to the miners of the Quincy and other mines.

In Glasgow, Scotland, the steamer Marsden collided with the British bark Firth of Solway, near Kish lightship, causing the latter to sink. Thirteen of the crew and Captain Kendrick's wife and child were drowned.

The London Chronicle has a dispatch from Brussels, which says that the Baroness Herri, a lady 80 years old, was strangled, her body mutilated and her house robbed at Ixells, a fashionable suburb. The murderer escaped.

The treasury deficit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, will be approximately $25,000,000. This is the opinion of officials and others best qualified to make an intelligent estimate of the result of the fiscal operations of the year.

A Madrid dispatch says the minister of finance, Senor Juan Navarro, has notified the cabinet of the necessity of relief measures on account of the prolonged drought, which has caused a rapid rise in the price of cereals, also injuring livestock.

A $10,000,000 bicycle trust is being formed in New York. A prominent member says the trust will cut the price of high-grade wheels from $100 to about $65, eliminating jobbers' profits and advertising expenses, and will make money at that.

Senator Warren, from the committee on claims, has reported the amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill for the payment of the French spoilation claims, which have been allowed by the court of claims. It carries an appropriation of $1,020,000.

A Louisville & Nashville fruit train and the Evansville & Terre Haute passenger train collided at a crossing near Mount Vernon, Ind. Alexander Driscoll, a brakeman, was killed; James Covington, an engineer, and F. R. Thompson, a brakeman, were seriously injured.

The two associations of manufacturers of wire and cut nails have closed a three days' conference in Chicago. In consequence of the rise in the steel market, it was decided to raise the price of both wire and cut nails 15 cents per hundred weight, to take effect May 1.

Senator McBride has secured a provision appropriating $50,000 for continuing the work at the Cascades, $20,000 of which shall be used for extending the walls of the lock, so that it may be opened for commerce. The appropriation is intended to secure the building of another lock.

While leaving work at lock 9, a skiff which contained nine men, upset and three were drowned at Charleston, W. Va. The dead are: Henry Mahan, colored, of Gallipolis, O.; Richard Dickinson, colored, former home unknown; Jordan, white, 16 years old. The other six swam ashore.

The crop bulletin for the northern part of Idaho indicates that in a general way the wheat crop will be late, and the fruit crop good this year. Cold and unfavorable weather has checked the growth of vegetation. Over the greater portion of the state ice formed nearly every night the past week.

The ten days allowed the president for the consideration of the agricultural bill has expired and that measure will become a law without his approval. The measure contains some features supposed to be objectionable to the president, but they are not sufficient to cause him to veto the whole bill.

One million dollars worth of supplies of all sorts, for Indians under government control, will be bought by the commissioner of Indian affairs at Chicago this week. The articles to be purchased include vast quantites of drugs, medicines, meats, corn, flour and hominy, and oats in large quantities will be needed.

A case of leprosy has been discovered in California. The afflicted person is a girl of 15.

Lord Dunraven denies the report that Mr. H. McCalmont is now the sole owner of Valkyrie III.

Rev. C. O. Brown has given up the fight and resigned his pastorate of the First Congregational church of San Francisco.

Albot Rieuff blew out the brains of his wife Julia, at a lodging-house in Seattle and then killed himself. Jealousy is given as the cause.

A German force defeated a large body of Hottentot rebels in Damarand, on April 5, killing forty-six of them. The German loss was small.

A general strike on the lines of the Union Traction Company has been ordered to take effect at once. The national board has given its consent.

John Heinetz, aged about 28, and James Davis, aged about 71, prospectors, mining near Delta Cal., were drowned while crossing the river in a boat.

During a fete at the town of Les Sanier, France, an anarchist named Colan stabbed and killed the mayor. The motive for the crime was political hatred.

A dispatch from Athens says another conflict has occurred in the Hagion Vasileon district of Crete. It is alleged twenty Turks were killed and thirty wounded.

Sir William Robinson, governor of Hong Kong, telegraphs that there has been seventy-five new cases of buboine plague and seventy-five deaths from the disease in Hong Kong the past week.

Commander Booth-Tucker, of the Salvation Army, while out slumming in New York, was arrested and taken to the Elizabeth-street police station. Bail was fixed at $1,000, which was furnished by Steve Brodie.

The battleship Oregon, which was recently completed at the Union iron works in San Francisco, has been placed in the drydock to be scraped, in preparation for the final test of speed required by the navy department. The Oregon will be the most formidable battle-ship in the American navy when turned over to the government.

A Pretoria, South Africa, dispacth says: The sentences of death imposed upon John Hays Hammond, the American engineer, Colonel Francis Rhodes, brother of the former premier of Cape Colony; Lionel Philips, president of the chamber of mines, Johannesburg, and George Farrar, proprietor of Country Life, of Johannesburg, have been commuted.

Cripple Creek, Colo., was again visited by fire, and now from 3,000 to 4,000 people are homeless in a city of desolation, with no homes to offer and no food to supply the daily wants. One life was lost. The business portion of the city left standing is less than would cover a block. The residence section is confined to what were formerly the suburbs.

The announcement is made that M. Meline had succeeded in forming his cabinet as follows: M. Meline, premier and minister of agriculture; M. Barthou, minister of foreign affairs; M. Cochery, finance; M. Lebon, colonies; M. Valle, commerce; General Billet, war; M. Darlan, justice; Admiral Bernad, marine; M. Lacombe, public works; M. Rambau public instruction.

The Old Dominion steamer Wyanoke, when making for New Port News pier near Norfolk, Va., struck the prow of the United States steamer Columbia, lying at anchor, and had a hole cut in the forward part of the starboard side. She sank in sixty feet of water. All the Wyanoke's passengers and crew were saved, but their baggage, and probably the cargo, was lost. Two firemen were badly scalded.

The Spanish gunboat Mensagera has captured and brought into Havana the American schooner Competitor, of Key West, loaded with arms and ammunition. In command of her were Alfredo Laborde, Dr. Beudia and three newspaper correspondents, who are held as prisoners. Some of the filibusters are said to have succeeded in jumping overboard and swimming ashore. Others who jumped into the sea were drowned. The insurgent general, Monson, was a member of the expedition.

Instructions came from the treasury department ordering the commanders of the revenue cutters of the Behring sea patrol fleet, equipping in the Sound, not to take aboard any spirituous liquors. The fleet was ready to sail when the orders were issued and the officers were compelled to land their private and mess liquor supply. The captains themselves, while in the North, must live like prohibitionists, as they will not be allowed to have on board the mildest of intoxicating beverages.

The following unique challenge has been sent to Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, by Thomas Kenyon, a resident of Providence, R. I.: "I, the undersigned, challenge Robert G. Ingersoll in a joint debate before three judges and two timekeepers, ten minutes each, for points on his (Ingersoll's) Bible lectures, in any hall in New York or any other large city, but New York preferred. The one gaining the most points must receive 65 per cent of the net receipts after paying expenses. Thomas Kenyon." Colonel Ingersoll will probably accept the challenge.

The Spanish authorities in New York and Washington, have recently discovered a conspiracy, which was formed by Cubans, to blow up a Spanish warship and at the same time intercept a peninsula mail steamer and rob her of a large quantity of gold intended for the government troops on the island. The plot further included the capture of the seaport town of Neuvitas, and contemplated certain demonstrations along the northern coast of the Eastern Cuban provinces, in order to procipitate a rush of troops from the west and effect a weakening of the miltary trocha across Pinar del Rio.

NEIGHBORING TOWNS

PROGRESS AND DOINGS OF THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST.

A Budget of Interesting and Spicy News From All the Cities and Towns on the Coast—Thrift and Industry in Every Quarter—Oregon.

Eastern Oregon hills will rejoice in a fine corp of bunchgrass this year, owing to abundant moisture.

Bids are being received by the sisters of Joseph's academy, Pendleton, for an addition to the school, which will cost some $7,000.

Klamath county owes in warrants and interest $73,737.41. The resources, counting unpaid taxes since 1892, as assets, are $18,540.20.

The annual convention of Benton county's Sunday school association meets at Corvallis, May 5 and 6. Mrs. J. M. Bloss is president.

A human skeleton was unearthed in an alkali lick on the middle fork of the John Day river last week. It is supposed to be that of an Indian.

The state university is rejoiced over the fact that four of the Multnomah county nominees for representatives are graduates from that institution.

The Dalles citizens are considering the feasibility of putting in an electric fire alarm system and of purchasing by subscription a chemical engine.

Sheep-shearing in the southern part of Wasco county has begun in real earnest, and in a short time the wool crop of 1896 will begin arriving in The Dalles.

Placer mining has been commenced all over Eastern Oregon. This promises to be a very prosperous season for this industry, owing to the abundance of free water.

The Fossil Journal says divorces are more numerous than marriages in Gilliam county. Five divorces were granted at the session of circuit court in one week.

The 9-year-old son of Mr. Roberts, of Grant's Pass, fell thirty feet from a tree top and struck his head on a rotten log. The boy was unconscious twelve hours, but will recover.

A large amount of wheat is being received daily at the warehouses in The Dalles. It is part of last year's crop that was held by the farmers who were not satisfied with prices last fall.

Trains running through Pendleton have been swarming lately with hobos and large numbers have been stopping off there. The railroad yards contain good-sized populations each night.

A. S. Bassett died at the home of his son, near Halsey, in Linn county, at the age of 72. Mr. Bassett was a pioneer of 1851, coming to Oregon from New York state. He left a widow and several children.

A family named Smith, who had been living in a tent below John Day, lost their little boy last week under distressing circumstances. The little fellow had eaten a wild parsnip which he found in that vicinity, and only lived a few hours thereafter.

Robert Harris, a promising young Indian, is at the Chemawa Indian school from Alaska. He says many Indian children in the territory are anxious to come to the school, and he will probably be able to make arrangements for their doing so.

The late rains have swollen Coos river to a higher mark than for years past. The low places in the bottom lands have been covered to a depth of several feet, but very little damage is reported. If the rain keeps on though it is feared it will cause a destructive flood.

W. R. Cunnington and A. S. Rine, of Fremont, Neb., have been for the past week engaged in buying a band of something over 6,000 2 and 3-year-old wethers in Grant county, to be driven to Nebraska and fed next winter on corn grown on Mr. Rine's 1280-acre farm, to prepare them for the Chicago market next spring. The prices paid were from $1.50 to $1.60 per head.

Since January 17 last, the treasurer of Benton county has received from the sheriff in taxes, including the sum received from the distribution of the Oregon Pacific sale fund, the sum of $56,846.96. Of this sum a lump of city and county warrants turned in by Sheriff Osburn, and which had been turned in on taxes on the 1895 roll, aggregated $13,000.30. Of this amount $776.64 was in city warrants.

The Corvallis Times says that the jig is up with the old steamer Three Sisters. During the late high water she was towed out on the river bank below Corvallis, and she is to be dismantled. Her hull had become so decayed and leaky that the company decided that her day of usefulness was over. The work of taking out her machinery and other useful parts will be commenced in a few days. The Sisters was built by the O. D. Co. in the year 1887.

Little Banna Knox, so badly burned recently in Gilliam county that skin-grafting had to be resorted to, is doing well and the skin has begun to grow and spread. The skin used is being peeled off of the editor of the Fossil Journal, for the reason, that paper says, "the doctor decided that it must come off of some one having a healthy skin, and a clean heart and a right spirit within him, and he being the only pesron in town possessed of all these requisites. If the little girl don't make a mighty smart woman when she grows up, we'll miss our guess."

Washington.

The first number of the Cheney Free Press has been issued.

The town of Ritzville is advertising for bids for funding bonds, in the sum of $5,700 on May 19, 1896.

William Swafford pleaded guilty of burglary before Judge Denney, in Snohomish, and was given one year in the penitentiary.

A burlgar succeeded in making off with $280, taken from the house of Charles Gustavers, a flour and feed dealer of Auburn.

The board of state land commissioners is now prepared to take up the matter of appraising the oyster lands in Mason and Thurston counties.

Alexander Smith, an old settler of the Homestead neighborhood, near Waterville, was kicked in the breast by a horse and killed, April 10.

It is claimed that over 1,000 head of cattle have been bought by Montana stockmen from Big Bend farmers, for shipment from Davenport this spring.

It is proposed to build a small steamer to ply up and down the Cowlitz river daily to bring the milk to a creamery, to be established at Castle Rock.

The names of Bender and Barnes, two stations on the line of the Northern Pacific, below Prosser, have been changed respectively to Gibbon and Chandler.

A salmon trout weighing eight pounds and six ounces was caught in the Walla Walla river by William Oswald, with a No. 15 fly hook, says the Union.

The Shelton sawmill, in Mason county, is getting out ties for the railway extension, to be made this season by the Shelton Southwestern & Peninsular road.

The section known as the Grouse Creek county is becoming settled up pretty rapidly by people anxious to engage in the stock industry, says the Asotin Sentinel.

The Waitsburg fire department has ordered a racing cart for the tournament of the Eastern Oregon and Washington Firemen's Association, to be held in Pendleton. It is ball-bearing and cushion-tired.

A serious accident occurred at J. D. Hays' logging camp at Belfast, Whatcom county, on the Great Northern railroad, in which a man whose name was Whitney was killed.

Judge Pritchard, of the superior court of Pierce county, holds that a chattel mortgage in Washington is a mere lien upon the chattels, and does not affect the ownership of the goods mortgaged.

Adjutant-General Boutelle has revoked the appointment of Captain C. W. Billings, of Company G, N. G. W., of Tacoma, owing to his failure to file an acceptable bond. Lieutenant Stewart was made captain.

On March 1 the city of Tacoma had outstanding general fund warrants amounting to $896,113.27. Funding bonds to the amount of $350,000, added to this, left the city in debt $32,378.32 over the legal limit.

A new sawmill to cost $50,000 is soon to be erected on the water front in Tacoma by a company, at the head of which is H. M. Lillis. Work on the mill is to be commenced in thirty days. The capacity of the mill will be 30,000 feet of lumber per day.

Secretary Robinson, of the horticultural society, requests that the school clerks of the districts adjacent to Lake Chelan, while taking the census of their respective districts, also take down the total number of trees that have been planted, by whom, number bearing, etc.

Idaho.

The Golden Winnie, near Murray, has one of the most complete milling plants in the state. It has given splendid satisfaction from the first day.

The Daddy mine has laid off one shift in order that development work may proceed. This will only last a few days, when a full force will again be employed. The company is making arrangements to add a battery of five stamps to the mill.

The miners of Florence district in mass meeting assembled decided unanimously upon the location of a new town to be situated a quarter of a mile south of the old town of Florence on Summit Flat, says the Grangeville Free Press. The new town is to be called "New Florence."

Shoshone county has added $100,000,000 to the mineral wealth of the world in the thirty-five years of its history, and great as that sum is it will be more than equalled in the next ten years, while the succeeding decade will produce wealth beyond the powers of men's mind to comprehend.

The cattle men between Cheney and Cow creek, two weeks ago, formed a protective association and waited on the owners of sheep who were herding on the strip, and requested them to move their flocks below a certain line. The sheepmen have declared that they will not be driven off the range, and they are also organizing and will resist with arms any attempt to put them off.

John Kent, who left Clark county about two years ago for Johannesburg, South Africa, writes to his brother, Amandus Kent, that he was quite seriously hurt by an explosion which occurred at that place February 17, when sixty tons of dynamite on a tourist car exploded, killing about 400 people. Mr. Kent was standing about 300 feet from the scene of the explosion.

Montana.

The Etta Mining Company composed of Portland men, and under the management of Arthur Wilson is operating some valuable claims near Radersburg. Part of the work laid out for immediate construction is a 700-foot tunnel running from Keating gulch which will tap the main shaft the 200-foot level.

Considerable excitement was caused in Great Falls over the arrival of a Scadinavian known as Illing Elwing, with nearly $2,500 worth of gold dust and nuggets. The man zealously guarded the exact location where it came from, but said that he and his partner had washed the gold out in two weeks' time.

But one of the bodies of the six unfortunate men who met their doom in the Hope mine at Basin has been recovered, that of John Buckley. The other bodies will not be recovered for some time as a new shaft will be sunk and the mine drained of water. A thorough examination has been made of every part of the mine above the 200, and it is now definitely certain that the men are on the 300-foot level.

Report says that the rich streak of shipping ore in the breast of the adit tunnel of the Trade Dollar mine is now about twenty inches in width, besides nearly three feet of milling ore. These recent developments in the mine will be of incalculable benefit to this whole district, as it shows great value and permanency of the Florida mountain ledges. The mine is making its regular shipments of concentrates and bullion.

SEALERS' HARD LINES

TWO MEN ADRIFT FOR SIX DAYS IN A SMALL CANOE.

Their Feet, Hands and Legs Frozen—Six Indians of a Sealing Schooner's Crew Reported Lost While Off Cape Flattery.

Port Townsend, Wash., April 30.—The steamer Al-Ki, from Alaska, brought to this place last night two sealers, who tell a story of much privation and suffering. They are Gus Peterson, a Swede, and a half-breed called "Siwash Jimmie." They left Victoria January 23 in a sealing schooner, the City of San Diego. On the 4th of April, the two men, while out hunting seals, were lost in a blinding snowstorm, and driven before the wind all night in a small canoe. When daylight came, the schooner was not in sight, and the two men were out of sight of land, with nothing to eat but raw frozen seal meat. For six days and nights they drifted, until finally went on the Alaskan beach, 100 miles west of Sitka, with feet, legs and hands frozen stiff. They were picked up by kindly disposed Indians, who cared for them until they were able to be taken to Sitka, from which place they came here on the Al-Ki. As the schooner City of San Diego has not been sighted since the night of the storm, Peterson is of the opinion that she is lost. She had eighty skins at the time the men left her.

Word reached here today from Neah bay that six Indian sealers of the schooner Deeahks, which carried a full Indian crew, were lost while sealing off Cape Flattery. The six men left the schooner in two canoes five days ago, and have not since been seen. After a prolonged search they were given up, and the schooner returned to Neah bay and reported the loss. The Indians are very superstitious over such a thing, and are now bemoaning the hard luck which they say is sure to follow the mishap. They say they will now have bad luck during the rest of the sealing season.

THE EXTREME PENALTY.

Sixty Other Committeemen Have Received Various Sentences.

London, April 30.—The Chartered South African Company has a cablegram from Johannesburg giving further details of the judgment of the high court at Pretoria in the case of the members of the reform committee. This dispatch states that in addition to the sentence of death passed upon John Hays Hammond and other leaders of the reform committee, sixty other members have been sentenced to two years' imprisonment, a fine of £2,000 and three years' subsequent banishment. The dispatch adds: "There is great excitement in Johannesburg and unless the sentences are speedily commuted trouble is expected."

The Times says in an article on the judgment of the Pretoria court: "The sentences were a complete surpirse, but were regarded with equanimity solely because it was perceived that they could not be executed. This applied with equal force to the monstrous sentence against the other prisoners (those sentenceed to death).

"We rely on President Kruger's common sense. To execute these sentences would be a crime from which we gladly believe Kruger would shrink. It would be an egregious error. It is hardly necessary to discuss the certain consequences of the execution of the sentences. The putting them to death would kindle a blood feud between the English and the Transvaal Boers. No sober politician can doubt the ultimate issue of a conflict between Great Britain and the Transvaal, whatever its alliances."

IN WASHINGTON COURTS.

County Treasurer Not Required to Show Cash for Commissioners.

Chehalis, Wash., April 30.—The superior court today passed upon a case in which county officials all over the state have taken much interest. It was in the matter of the application of the county commissioners for a writ to compel Treasurer Maynard to exhibit the county funds in his possession. In January the board accepted, in quarterly settlement, certified checks and certificates of deposit as cash. In February it again demanded an accounting, and refused to count anything but cash. The treasurer refused to bring the funds to the office of the board to be counted, but offered to take the commissioners to the banks and exhibit his funds there. Then the board asked for a writ. Judge Langhorne denied the application today, holding that the commissioners could not demand an accounting, except at the times provided by law; that certified checks and certificates of deposits are money under the statute, but if the commissioners arbitrarily demanded to count the cash they might do so at the banks, but could not require the treasurer to take money from the banks to his office for exhibition to the board. The treasurer was sustained on every point.

The War in Cuba.

Havana, April 29.—In the engagement fought between Colonel Nario at Mount Jucaro, in the Cardenas district of the province of Matanzas, and the insurgents under Dimas, Martinez Regino and Alfonso, among the insurgents killed were Lieutenants Jose and Pablo Regino, a brother of Martinez Regino.

Maceo has ordered all the small bands of insurgents in Pinar del Rio to be disarmed in order that their equipment may be used to strengthen the main body.

Persistent rumors are in circulation that Antonio Maceo intends to leave the province of Pinar del Rio and it is said he is being closely watched by the Spanish officials.

A Murderer Escapes.

Topeka, Kan., April 30.—Bill West, charged with the murder of United States Marshal Kenny, in Indian territory, escaped jail here today, through an outside confederate, who sawed the bar and with a key made from an impression on soap unlocked several cells. The sheiff at 4:30 A. M found half a dozen prisoners in the corridor unable to squeeze through the opening in the window.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Eggs continue in good demand at 10c. There is a slight margin of profit in shipping at this figure, and until the San Francisco market weakens there will be no decline here. Receipts of potatoes continue large, but prices are unchanged. Produce is pretty well cleaned up. The strawberries received are of a very poor quality, owing to heavy rains in California. Veal continues in large supply, with prices weak. Other lines are steady at quotations.

Wheat Market.

Local wheat receipts continue light, but there will be at least two cargoes for May. The Principality will take a large cargo from Portland the coming week. Quotations are as follows: Walla Walla, 57 to 58c; Valley, 60 to 61c.

Produce Market.

FLOUR—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, are quoted at $3.00 per barrel; Goldrop, $2.95; Snowflake, $3.20; Benton county, $3.00; graham, $2.65; superfine, $2.25.

OATS—Good white are quoted weak, at 25c; milling, 28@30c; gray, 22@23c. Rolled oats are quoted as follows: Bags, $4.25@5.25; barrels, $4.50@7.00; cases $3.75.

HAY — Timothy, $9.00 per ton; cheat, $6.00; clover, $6@7; oat, $5@6.50; wheat, $5.50@6.50.

BARLEY—Feed barley, $13.50 per ton; brewing, $15@16.

MILLSTUFFS — Bran, $13.00; shorts, $15; middlings, $18@20.00; rye, 92½c per cental.

BUTTER—Fancy creamery is quoted at 30c; fancy dairy, 25c; fair to good, 17½c; common, 12½c per roll.

POTATOES—New Oregon, 25@30c per sack; sweets, common, 5½c; Merced, 3½ per pound.

ONIONS—Fancy, $1.50 per sack.

POULTRY—Chickens, hens, $3.50 per dozen; mixed, $3.00@3.25 per dozen; ducks, $5 00@6; geese, $5.00; turkeys, live, 15c per pound; dressed 16@17c.

EGGS—Oregon, 10c per dozen.

CHEESE—Oregon full cream, 12½c per pound; half cream, 9½c; skim, 4@5c; Young America, 10@11c.

TROPICAL FRUIT—California lemons, $3.00@3.25; choice, $2.00@2.50; Sicily, $6.50; bananas, $1.75@3.00 per bunch; California navels, $3.25@3.50 per box; pineapples, $5@6.00 per dozen.

OREGON VEGETABLES — Cabbage, 1c per lb; garlic, new, 7@8c per pound; artichokes, 35c per dozen; sprouts, 5c per pound; cauliflower, $2.75 per crate, 90c@$1 per dozen; hothouse lettuce, 40c per dozen.

FRESH FRUIT—Pears. Winter Nellis, $1.50 per box; cranberries, $9 per barrel; fancy apples, $1.50@2; common, 50@75c per box.

DRIED FRUITS — Apples, evaporated, bleached, 4@4½c; sun-dried, 3½@4c; pears, sun and evaporated, 5@6c plums, pitless, 3@4c; prunes, 3@5 per pound.

WOOL—Valley, 10c, per pound; Eastern Oregon, 6@8c.

HOPS — Choice, Oregon 2@3c per pound; medium, neglected.

NUTS — Almonds, soft shell, 9@11c per pound; paper shell, 10@12½c; new crop California walnuts, soft shell, 11@12½c; standard walnuts, 12@13c; Italian chesnuts, 12½@14c; pecans, 13@16c; Brazils, 12½@13c; filberts, 12½@14c; peanuts, raw, fancy, 6@7c; roasted, 10c; hickory nuts, 8@10c; cocoanuts, 90c per dozen.

PROVISIONS—Eastern hams, medium, 11½@12c per pound; hams, picnic, 7½c; breakfast bacon 10½@10¾c; short clear sides, 8½@9c; dry salt sides, 7½@8c; dried beef hams, 12@13c; lard, compound, in tins, 7¾; lard, pure, in tins, 9½@10c; pigs' feet, 80s, $3.50; pigs' feet, 40s, $3.25; kits, $1.25. Oregon smoked hams, 10¼c per pound; pickled hams, 8½c; boneless hams, 7½c; bacon, 10¾c; dry salt sides, 6¾c; lard, 5-pound pails, 7⅞c; 10s, 7½c; 50s, 7¼c; tierces, 7c. Country meats sell at prices according to grade.

HIDES.—Dry hides, butcher, sound, per pound, 11@12c; dry kip and calfskin, 10@11c; culls, 3c less; salted, 60 lbs and over, 5c; 50 to 60 lbs, 4@4½c; 40 and 50, 4c; kip and veal skins, 10 to 30 lbs, 4c; calfskin, sound, 3 to 10 lbs, 6c; green, unsalted, 1c less; culls, 1-2c less; sheepskins, shearlings, 10@15c; short wool, 20@30c; medium, 30@40c; long wool, 50@70c.

Merchandise Market.

SALMON—Columbia, river No. 1, talls, $1.25@1.60; No. 2, tals, $2.25@2.60; fancy, No. 1, flats, $1.75@1.85; Alaska No. 1, talls, $1.20@1.30; No. 2, talls, $1.90@2.25.

BEANS—Small white, No. 1, 2c per pound; butter, 3c; bayou, 1¾c; Lima 4c.

CORDAGE—Manilla rope, 1¼-inch, is quoted at 8¾c, and Sisal, 6¾c per pound.

SUGAR—Golden C, 5⅜c; extra C, 5⅝c; dry granulated, 6¼c; cube crushed and powdered, 6⅞c per pound; ¼c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; half barrels, ¼c more than barrels maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 20@23½c; Rio, 20@22c; Salvador, 1g@22c; Mocha, 27@31c; Padang Java, 30c; Palembang Java, 26@28c; Lahat Java, 23@25c; Arbuckle's Mokaska and Lion, $20.30 per 100-pound case; Columbia, $20.30 per 100-pound case.

RICE—Island, $3.50@4 per sack; Japan, $4.75@4.

COAL—Steady; domestic, $5.00@7.50 per ton; foreign, $8.50@11.00.

Meat Market.

BEEF—Gross, top steers, $3.25; cows, $2.25@2.50; dressed beef, 4@5½c per pound.

MUTTON—Gross, best sheep, wethers, $3.00; ewes, $1.50@2.75; dressed mutton, 5c per pound.

VEAL—Gross, small, 4c; large, 3@3½c per pound.

HOGS—Gross, choice, heavy, $3.00@3.25; light and feeders, $2.50@2.75; dressed, 3½@4c per pound.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

FLOUR—Net cash prices: Family extras, $3.75@3.85 per barrel; bakers' extras, $3.55@3.65; superfine, $2.85@3 00.

BARLEY—Feed, fair to good, 71¼c choice, 73¾c; brewing, 86¼c.

WHEAT — Shipping, No. 1, $1.07½; choice, $1 10; milling, $1.17½@1.22½.

OATS—Milling, 75@82½c; surprise, 90@95; fancy feed, 82½@87½; good to choice, 75@80c; poor to fair, 67½@72½c; gray, 72½@80c.

POTATOES— Sweets, $2.50@2.75; Burbanks, Oregon, 30@65c.

HOPS—Quotable at 2@4c per pound.

ONIONS—$2.25 per sack.

WOOL — Nevada, spring, light and choice, 9@11c; heavy do, 6@8c. Fall—Short, trashy San Joaquin plains, 4@5; good do, 5@6c; Southern and coast, 4@5c; mountain, light and free, 6@7c.

BUTTER—Fancy creamery, 14@14c; seconds, 13¼c; fancy dairy, 12½@13c; seconds, 12c.

EGGS—Store, 12½@13c; ranch, 13½@14½c.

CHEESE—Fancy, mild, new, 10@10½c; common to good, 9@10c; Young America, 11@12c; Eastern, 12@14c; Western, 11@12½c per pound.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS

ROUTINE WORK OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH SESSION.

Substance of the Bills and Resolutions Introduced in the Senate and House—Condensed Record of the Doings of the National Lawmakers—Senate.

Washington, April 29.—Chandler presented a supplemental report concerning alleged election frauds in Alabama, and the naval appropriation bill was then taken up. The main feature of the bill are the items for four seagoing coast-line battleships, designed to carry the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance, and to cost $3,000,000 each; three torpedo-boats having speed of thirty knots, to cost $800,000, and ten torpedo-boats to cost $500,000. Quay offered an amendemnt increasing the appropriation for reserve gunboats, auxiliary cruisers from $250,000 to $400,000. Gorman commented on the delay in furnishing guns at the Washington navy-yard. At one time work had been much expedited, probably as a result of the war talk, but late the contractors had failed to furnish the jackets, etc., of guns, this had occasioned delay. Stewart remarked that there was $280,000,000 cash balance in the treasury, "and considerable silver also," said Gorman. After further debate Quay's amendment was agreed to.

Washington, April 30.—The senate was plunged into an exciting financial debate today after several weeks of serene and formal procedure on appropriation bills. The naval appropriation bill was under consideration and the item for four battleships, to cost $3,000,000, served as a text for a speech by Gorman, poinitng out that the revenues of the government are less than the receipts. Gorman's statement brought out an animated controversy in which Sherman, Hale and Chandler joined issues with the Maryland senator as to the responsibility for the failure of tariff legislation in the present congress. Gorman's speech and the frequent heated party colloquys it developed, attracted great interest. The battlesihps item was not completed when the senate adjourned.

Washington, May 1.—Two notable speeches by Senator Teller and Senator Sherman, representing opposing elements on the financial question, were heard in the senate today. Teller addressed himself particularly to the Ohio senator for controverting the views held by him and maintaining that no honest effort had been made in the present congress to pass a tariff bill. The senator referred to the McKinley audacity, saying that the motto of it "advance agent of prosperity" was elusive, as no prosperity could come until financial conditions were reformed. The climax of Teller's speech was reached when he announced that he would vote as he spoke, and that he would not hesitate to separate himself from the great party with which he had been allied for forty years, and pronounced for the gold standard.

House.

Washington, April 29.—This was District of Columbia day in the house, and the general pension bill was sidetracked under an arrangement to give the district the first two hours. Several district bills were passed. Henderson, chairman of the committee on judiciary, gave notice that he would call up the bankruptcy bill tomorrow as soon as the pension bill was disposed of. Henderson, from the committee on rules, then, at 1:30 P. M. brought in a special order for the consideration of the Pickler pension bill for one and one-half hours this afternoon, take the five-minute rule, the previous question then to be considered as ordered on the bill and pending amendments, with a provision for a final vote tomorrow, immediately after the reading of the journal.

Washington, April 30.—The house today passed the Pickler general pension bill by a vote of 187 to 54. The Republicans and Populists voted solidly in favor of the measure, and the Democrats, with six exceptions, solidly against it. The section to which the bulk of the opposition was directed provides that veterans otherwise entitled to pensions shall not be disqualified on account of prior service in the Confederate army, provided they joined the Union focres ninety days before Lee's surrender. The bankruptcy bill was taken up under a special order providing for a vote Saturday at 4 o'clock. Quite a number of minor bills were passed before the regular order was demanded—among them a bill to restore the lands embraced in the Fort Lewis military reservation, Colorado, to the public domain.

Washington, May 1.—The house spent the day in further discussion of the bankruptcy bill. Connelly spoke in favor of the measure, and Stone, Newlands and Broderick in opposition to it. Connely predicted, in the event of the enactment of a free-coinage law, an universal demand for bankruptcy law. Before the bankruptcy bill was taken up, there was some discussion of the treasury situation in connection with the appropriation for this session. Dockery declared that the liabilities created by this congress (including $84,000,000 for contracts) would reach $605,000,000. Dingley, the leader of the majority on the floor, defended the appropriations, calling attention to the fact that the house had passed a bill to increase the revenues.

Peaceful Settlement.

London, April 29.—First Lord of the Treasury A. J. Balfour, replying to Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the liberal leader, said in the house of commons today that the arrangements for consideration of the arbitration respecting Venezuela and other questions are the matters that Great Britain and the United States had in view during the recent negotiations. Balfour added that the last communication from the United States arrived on Friday and was now under consideration. Balfour said the government would deal with both the general question of arbitration and also with a special question connected with Venezuela, and it was confidently hoped that by patience and tact on both sides a peaceful solution of the matter will be attained.