

EUGENE CITY GUARD.

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EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

NEIGHBORING TOWNS

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST EPITOMIZED.

Development and Progress of the Various Industries on the Pacific Coast—Everything Points to a Bright and Prosperous Future—Oregon.

A new steamer for the coal trade is soon to be put on between San Francisco and Coquille City.

A mining and coal-shipping corporation has been started at Bandon, with a capital stock of \$150,000.

The building of the Astoria railroad has already consumed \$400,000, which is at the rate of \$50,000 per month.

A rabbit drive had is now being indulged in by the citizens of Lakeview, and thousands of the animals have been killed.

It is estimated that the wool crop alone sold to such good advantage that \$600,000 was disbursed in the vicinity of The Dalles last year.

Benton county, now having six flouring mills, is to possess a seventh. The new mill is to be of a complete roller process and to contain modern machinery.

Pendleton is soon to have a new hotel. A leading property-holder of that city has about completed arrangements for erecting a brick edifice on the corner of Main and Railroad streets.

The Portland Oregonian has awarded \$150 prize for the best definition of a baby. The Hopper lady who won the prize sent in this answer: "A tiny feather from the wing of love, dropped into the sacred lap of motherhood."

An outside market for hops raised in this state would be a most welcome boon to growers, who are very much circumscribed in their movements. An experiment of this nature was recently tried in California when 50,000 pounds were sent to Ipswich, England.

A \$5,000 nugget was recently found in the Virtue mine near Baker City. It consisted of a single slab of gold weighing in all about \$5,000 worth, and required no retorting before shipment to the mint at San Francisco. A three days run in this mine has just produced \$64,000.

Tillamook's lumber report shows that over 2,000,000 feet were sawed there in 1895. Of the three largest mills, one has a capacity of 50,000 feet, another 30,000 feet, and the other 25,000 feet. Suppose the output to be 40,000 feet per day as a low estimate, the combined product of all the mills for 300 days would be 12,000,000 feet.

An enterprise which is to be of great importance to the communities in the Rogue river valley will be the proposed Highland canal, which is now taking definite shape. The matter was formally brought to the attention of the board of trade, before whom representatives of the company appeared by invitation, and detailed plans and specifications on points touching on the enterprise.

The Willamette river seems to be steadily deepening every year and also increasing in volume of water. In places the channel has an entirely different course than that remembered by the oldest settlers. It really seems to be going back to its old bed of prehistoric times. Such radical changes have taken place in the channels of other rivers, but the cause of which has been just as deeply involved in mystery.

Washington.
County immigration conventions are all the rage in the Evergreen state this month.

A resumption of the operations of the paper mills at Everett is a matter of considerable importance to that town.

A consignment of Kaffir corn will soon arrive from Kansas and an effort will be made to induce Adams county farmers to give it a thorough trial.

The people of Fuyallup are rejoicing in the mildness of its climate, which fact is evidenced by the presence of blooming roses and chrysanthemums.

Specimen photographs of Whatcom county timber have been forwarded to an Eastern polytechnic institution, to be used in the regular course of study.

Another large batch of land has been patented by the Northern Pacific railway. It consists of 595,818 acres lying in Yakima, Walla Walla and Franklin counties.

To this state has been secured a separate district for river and harbor improvements by the authorities at Washington. An engineering office will be established at Seattle.

The Ritaville farmers and business men are very joyful on account of the bright prospects for a good year. Summer followed ground is permeated three or four feet with moisture and a good crop is almost assured.

A good suggestion has been made to build flatboats with a capacity of ten or fifteen tons, to be loaded with ore at or near Fairview mining camp, B. C., in the Osoyoos division upon the Okanogan river, and float them down to Wenatchee.

The Pacific county bar association has taken steps to prevent Oregon lawyers from practicing in the superior court in the district which comprises Pacific, Wahiakima and Lewis counties. The last legislature passed a law allowing only those lawyers from other states to practice in Washington courts whose states granted the same privileges to Washington lawyers. It appears that Oregon laws do not permit lawyers residing in this state to practice there.

Two carloads of machinery have arrived from the East for the Seattle firm that successfully bid for two of the new warships. The buildings are now all in readiness, including the building ways, which are covered by a roofed shed 300x75 feet, giving ample room to

build both the torpedo boat and the revenue tug. Not the least significant of the recent extensions is the shop for steel shipbuilding which is now completed and ready to receive its machinery and tools.

Real estate agents of Spokane are jubilant over the increase of their stock in trade of alluring inducements. The bank clearances for the week ending January 25, exceeded those of Seattle, Tacoma and Helena. It may also be noted that the railroad traffic shows a remarkable increase, and the hotels and restaurants are filled with more strangers than at this time for three years previous. This increase, together with ten big mines working in the Coeur d'Alenes and a lengthening list of shippers in the Slovan and Trail Creek districts; with wheat advancing until it is worth about 20 cents per bushel more than last year with new enterprises guaranteed for this city and with the other signs of new prosperity, Spokane has no complaint to register at this date.

Idaho.
The late Goddard murder case cost the county of Nez Perce \$7,524.

A shipment of 70,000 fruit trees was recently made from Moscow to Camas Prairie.

A snowslide carried away the mill at the Vanderbilt mine, two miles south of Halley.

Another payment is due the Nez Perce in February of \$150,000. It might be very handy these dull days to be an Indian.

Development work on the Black Horse has suspended for the present. The owners will put up a ten-stamp mill for reducing and saving the gold.

The machinery for the new packing company at Idaho Falls has arrived and is being placed in position. Contracts have been made for a large number of hogs, so that slaughtering may commence at once.

The Boise mining exchange is starting off in a business-like manner. The members seem to be in earnest in the matter, and filled with a determination to score a success. The exchange promises to be a great benefit to the mining industry of the state.

Some Indiana citizens desiring to come West have written for offers and inducements as a bonus for their starting a wood-pulp mill. It would require considerable soft wood, such as cottonwood, linn, buckeye, etc. All things being favorable another desirable industry will be started in Idaho.

Montana.
The diphtheria epidemic has died out at Belt and the public schools have reopened.

Billings' latest enterprise is to construct a \$10,000 opera house with a capacity for 600 persons.

A recent fire at Helena destroyed a \$30,000 milling plant of the Montana Lumber & Manufacturing Company.

A brewing concern has just finished a fine cold-storage house and is preparing to put in bottling works in connection with their establishment at Belt.

The assessed valuation of Montana is \$124,078,885.50, while its indebtedness is only \$2,798,030.82. For a young state that is only six years old, Montana is doing remarkably well.

The municipal authorities of Helena, under authority of a popular vote to that effect, tried to dispose of about \$600,000 worth of bonds recently, bearing interest at 5 per cent. There was only one bidder, and the matter was postponed for thirty days.

British Columbia.
It is likely that the War Eagle will put up a milling plant of its own at Rosland.

A new brewery is soon to be erected at Sappington. It will have a cold storage plant in the same building.

The present air compressor at the Le Roi mine having proven too small, a new twenty-drill one will be put in. This company is a steady dividend payer.

The people of Rosland are now considering the proposition of municipal corporation. Two meetings have been held. At the first meeting a committee was appointed to learn the concensus of the property-holders on the subject. This being favorable, at the second meeting a committee was directed to draft resolutions to the legislature, now in session, praying for incorporation.

British Columbia possesses the unique distinction of containing the only quicksilver mine under the British flag. It is situated on Kamloops lake, opposite Sarsons, a small station on the Canadian Pacific, and the ore is a cinnabar, or native sulphide of mercury. With only two retorts in operation the results have been surprising. From a test lot of twenty tons of crude cinnabar sixty flasks of quicksilver, weighing 4,500 pounds, were produced, valued at \$2,130, at a cost of only \$300. This mercury was sold in San Francisco; but in future, when the new retorts are built, the quicksilver will be dispatched to China for the manufacture of vermilion.

FIVE KILLED, MANY HURT.

Boiler Explosion in a Pennsylvania Nail Works.

Holidaysburg, Pa., Feb. 3.—Five persons were killed and nearly a score injured, some fatally, by the explosion of a thirty-inch cylinder boiler at the works of the Holidaysburg Iron & Nail Company this morning.

The dead are: George Lane, mason; Con Evans, helper; Merrill Treese, 15 years old, and two unknown tramps who were lying near the furnace.

The boiler was blown through the roof 800 feet into the air, and came down like a spent rocket, crushing through the roof in another department of the works. The entire roof was precipitated to the floor below, and the works practically wrecked.

The explosion broke hundreds of windows a quarter of a mile from the mill. There was the greatest excitement around the wrecked buildings. Families of the dead and wounded are frantic with grief. No explanation is offered as to the cause of the explosion.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

EPITOME OF THE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS OF THE WORLD.

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form—A Large Amount of Information in a Small Space.

C. W. Smith, of San Francisco, has been named as a new receiver for the Atlantic & Pacific railroad.

The Coliseum in Chicago has been selected as the place for holding the national Democratic convention.

Three members of the last Ohio legislature have been indicted for bribery. The names are not made public yet.

March 25 the German reichstag will celebrate in an elaborate manner the signing of the preliminary peace of 1871.

The Liberty bell, which has been on exhibition at the Atlanta exposition, has been returned to Philadelphia. Its arrival there was announced by a salute of forty-five guns.

Cashier George Barnard of the For Stannix National bank, Rome, N. Y., on being told that the bank examiners were coming to look over the affairs of his bank, immediately went to a room and hung himself.

Charles Asimus, who murdered James Greenwood September 21 last, died on the gallows at Kalama, Wash. His last words were: "I must die; I am all right; the sheriff he good man; one bad man, I must die. I'm all right."

The American board has received word from Erzerum, Turkey, that through the relief money which is sent, bread is given daily to about 1,500 persons in that city alone. But applicants for relief are nearly twice that number.

Whittaker Wright, an Australian yachtsman, has offered a \$500 cup, to be sailed for during the Riviera season, and with the object of bringing about a meeting between such big yachts as Britannia, Satanita, Ailas and possibly an American yacht.

The Japanese legation in Washington has received an important telegram from the foreign office of Japan with a direction to make it public, by the terms of which the rich island of Formosa, which Japan acquired from China, will be opened up to trade and commerce.

The Blue Jay, Silver Bow and Gray Rock mines, of the Butte & Boston group, in Butte, Mont., have closed down, and over 800 men are thrown out of employment. The pumps have not been withdrawn from the mines, which shows that the shutdown is only temporary.

In view of the report circulating in the United States that William K. Vanderbilt is shortly to announce his engagement to Miss Amy Bend, Vanity Fair, published in London, this week asserts that William K. Vanderbilt will shortly announce his engagement to an English duchess.

Lord and Lady Sholto Douglas have abandoned their theatrical tour through California and returned to San Francisco. The lord attributes the failure of the trip to the heavy rains and the fact that his advance agent left him in an inopportune time. He says he will try it again shortly.

The London Observer says: "We have good authority leading us to expect the belief that Germany recently invited Russia and other powers to cooperate in a plan hostile to England's continued occupation of Egypt. According to our information and belief this proposition was declined by Russia."

Emperor William is firmly determined to carry out the project of doubling the size of the German navy. A high German official says that he has had repeated conversations with the emperor on this subject during the past three weeks, and he asserted that during the coming summer the plan for the reorganization of the navy will be drawn up.

A terrific tornado, accompanied by floods, occurred in North Queensland, attended with great destruction of life and property. Many vessels are missing as a result of the storm. The rainfall during the tornado amounted to 22 inches, and it is estimated that the damage to property will amount to \$250,000. A large number of persons were drowned.

A dispatch to the London Star from Madrid says: The papers here protest energetically against the United States senate committee's attitude on the Cuban question. They declare that the insurgents have fulfilled none of the requisites by international law or usage for the recognition of belligerency. The government organs, with a view of pacifying the public irritation, point out that President Cleveland, his ministers and the federal authorities so far have preserved a perfectly correct and friendly attitude toward Spain, contrasting strongly with the popular sympathy and assistance the insurgents have obtained from the American people.

Lloyd Montgomery, the self-confessed murderer of his father, mother and Daniel B. McKercher, has paid the penalty of his crime by death on the gallows. The prisoner exhibited considerable pluck, considering his youth, and did not flinch upon the scaffold. The execution took place, as required by law, in an inclosure in the jailyard at Albany, Or. An hour before Montgomery went upon the scaffold, he wrote out and signed the following statement: "I did it. I am guilty. O, God, have mercy on me. Take me as I am, I am a poor sinner. I am sorry for what I have done. God, do have mercy on my poor soul; for my sake, do, and forgive all my sins, each and every one of them, and forgive those who sin against me. Oh, God, help the precious souls to see the way of life for my sake. Do help them and guide them through this life."

Colonel W. P. Thompson, president of the National Lead Company, died of pneumonia in New York.

The city council of Chicago has passed an ordinance prohibiting any person from engaging in the traffic of horsemeat.

It is announced in London that Jas-

tin McCarthy will resign the leadership of the Irish parliamentary party, at the next meeting of that party.

The unprecedented rains in the lower Mississippi valley the past ten days have caused all streams to overflow and the lowlands of Tennessee, Arkansas and Mississippi are one vast sea of water.

Word comes from Brazil that rain has fallen in such torrents for the last few days that it has caused the falling of many houses in the cities. Yellow fever is increasing and one man on the Italian cruiser Lombardi has died of the disease.

The storming has been opened. In the speech from the throne, King Oscar said he hoped that the meeting of the committee on the condition of the union of Norway and Sweden would tend to an agreement for the happiness of both nations.

The United States minister to Turkey, Mr. Terrell, has demanded an indemnity of \$100,000 for the burning and pillage of the American missions at Marash and Kharput. He also asked for the immediate granting of firmans for rebuilding them.

The celebrated case of Dr. Arthur Duestrow, the St. Louis millionaire, who has been on trial during the past month for the cold-blooded murder of his wife and baby boy, two years old, has ended, the jury returning a verdict of guilty in the first degree.

Developments show that Lee Sellers, lynched in Knoxville, Tenn., ten years ago for the supposed murder and robbery of \$1,100 from Edward Mainess, was innocent. Lizette Hickman, on her deathbed, confessed that Ike Wright, a notorious character, was the murderer. He is now being pursued by the officers.

The federal council has authorized the president of the Swiss republic to accept the proposal tendered by the governments of Great Britain and the United States that, in the event of a disagreement as to a choice of arbitrator for the Canadian sealers' claim, the president of Switzerland shall designate the arbitrator.

After a six month's search through ancient and modern history the patent office has issued a patent on bloomers. The man who gets the credit of inventing this up-to-date article is Thomas H. Royce, of Brooklyn. In the future the new woman will have to pay Royce a royalty on her nether garments.

The congressional delegates from the Pacific coast are making quite a push in the matter of the additional revenue cutters for the coast. If Squire's bill should go through, the probabilities are that one will be stationed at Puget sound and the other in the Columbia and adjacent waters. They will no doubt be built on the coast.

Andrew H. Davidson, of New York, who is greatly interested in securing the release of Mrs. Maybrick, confined in an English prison on the charge of murdering her husband, says the next attempt to secure her release will be made by the Masons and Roman Catholics, and that the effort will be made on the same lines as those in the past.

An agent of the Chinese government has come to the Pacific coast to place an order for 50,000,000 feet of lumber. Most of the timber is intended for the construction and repair of government buildings. The agent says the indications are good for a healthy revival of the lumber trade throughout China and Japan this and next year.

The Mexican International Exposition Company expects this week to conclude arrangements with the government for a national exhibit, and a national committee to co-operate with the exposition managers will be appointed. The land on which the exposition will be held has been formally conveyed to the New York syndicate organized to carry out the project.

It is expected that the battleship Oregon will have her official trial some time in the latter part of April or early in May, and immediately after that she will be ready to be commissioned as a first-class battleship of the United States. All that remains to be done is to place the armor plate of the after-turret and mount the two 13-inch breech-loading guns it is to shelter.

The New York Herald's correspondent in Rio de Janeiro telegraphs that the British minister has received a dispatch from England ordering him to recognize the sovereignty of Brazil in the island of Trindade. It is now probable that Brazil will permit Great Britain to establish a big coal station on the island for her South Atlantic squadron, and that she will grant the right to lay a cable on its shores.

The biggest trust ever formed on the Pacific coast, and representing a capital of over \$70,000,000, has been consummated. It is the Central Lumber Company of California. Its membership includes every lumber mill, all shippers, and the wholesale and retail dealers of the Western coast of the United States and British Columbia. All charters of vessels and sales of lumber must be effected through this company, which regulates freight and fixes the buying and selling price on all lumber, regulating the product of each mill and the amount of lumber each vessel shall carry each year. The lumber shipments to foreign countries are also placed under restriction.

Four thousand six hundred and forty bids for \$588,369,856 worth of bonds, is the tremendous total of the subscriptions opened at the treasury department, in accordance with the terms of the call issued a month ago inviting proposals for \$1,000,000 of United States 4 per cent bonds, to run for thirty years, from February 1, 1895. These figures do not include about \$120,000,000 of "crank bids" rejected as bogus. The immense offerings astounded the experts. The bids literally swamped the department. Although no action has been taken yet, the bid of the Belmont syndicate, \$110,687, will probably be accepted for at least \$50,000,000. The syndicate bid covered the entire amount.

More Bomb Throwing.

Liabon, Feb. 6.—A bomb was exploded at 9 o'clock tonight in the residence of a physician, who testified to the lunacy of the man who threw a stone into the king's carriage a short time ago. Much damage was caused by the explosion. Ten arrests have been made.

The Case Mysterious.
Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Martin Lynn, his wife and two infant children, and his sister, were found poisoned in their cottage today. Miss Lynn is dead, Mrs. Lynn cannot recover, and Mr. Lynn's recovery is doubtful. The children are out of danger. The case is mysterious.

THE AMERICAN NAVY

A COAST-DEFENSE FLEET TO BE COMMISSIONED AT ONCE.

The Navy to Be Placed on a Complete War Footing as Far as Possible in Time of Peace—All Ships to Be Put in Active Service.

New York, Feb. 5.—The World says: Naval officers on duty in this city and Brooklyn declare that it is the intention of the government to place the navy on a complete war footing as far as possible in time of peace, and demonstrate what the United States can do in the way of commissioning, not a flying squadron, for which the United States has no need at this time, but a coast-defense fleet to guard our shores, both on the Pacific and the Atlantic.

Commander Montgomery Sioard, commander of the Brooklyn navy-yard, received orders last night to have the new monitor Terror ready to go into commission March 1. The ship has been under construction for years, and it will tax the capacity of the yard to finish her in time. The orders are, however, imperative.

The coast defense squadron, which the government is about to place in commission, will be composed of:

The new ram Katahdin, now at Brooklyn navy-yard; the double-turreted monitor Terror, also at this station; the double-turreted monitor antonomah, which is to be pulled out of the mud at League island navy-yard near Philadelphia, and recommissioned; and the new monitor Monadnock, sister ship of the Terror, nearing completion at the Mare island navy-yard.

All the ships are to be put in active service and furnished with officers and crews within the next three weeks. The other ships of this ironclad squadron already in commission are to be the first-class battleship Indiana, the second-class battleship Maine, now at Hampton Roads, and the double-turreted monitor Amphitrite, now at Key West.

CONGRESS OF REPUBLICS.

Will Meet to Define and Endorse the Monroe Doctrine.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The movement initiated by the government of Ecuador of holding a congress of all the republics of the Americas to define and endorse the Monroe doctrine, and to establish closer commercial and political relations between them, is rapidly taking form. The Ecuadorian minister here, Senor Carbo, has freely discussed the subject with the other members of the diplomatic body, who come from the South, and today, to give an official character to his mission, he addressed a copy of a circular signed by the minister of foreign affairs of Ecuador to the ministers of all the nations of Central America and sent a copy for transmission to their respective foreign offices. A copy was delivered also to Secretary Olney, for it is expected that the United States certainly will be represented as it was in the pan-American congress.

It is stated by Senor Carbo that, while the City of Mexico is suggested in the circular as the proper place of meeting, it does not follow that the congress eventually will be held there, for the first opportunity will be offered the nations invited to express their preferences in the matter of a meeting place, and it may be that the city of Washington will be selected.

The circular, after stating the purpose of holding a general assembly, quotes the conclusions of the circular addressed by the secretary of foreign relations of Ecuador to the foreign office of all the republics of America:

"The enlightened government of your excellency is doubtless aware of the necessity of such an assembly, because it shall be called to decide some points of vital importance, both political and commercial, to all the American republics. At present, and in consequence of the development which these republics have shown, through the efforts of their own children, and through the progress necessarily produced by time, study and industry, each one of them has become important and their mutual interests, and even their own safety, require that representatives of all of them should meet and discuss an agreement upon all matters relating to their welfare and liberty, making, therefore, upon the basis of justice and brotherhood, the public law of America. By so doing, greater respectability shall be acquired, conflicts shall be avoided and peace between our republics and the other nations of the world shall be assured."

Sicily's Fruit Shipments.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Last December more fruit was exported from Sicily to the United States than ever before in that month, the aggregate being 375,000 boxes of green fruit, 160,000 of which were oranges. United States Consul Seymour, at Palermo, who reports the fact to the state department, accounts for the large importation by the stimulus the business received last summer through the high prices realized in the United States and elsewhere. Now the markets, both in America and England, are glutted, and prices often received are not sufficient to cover the expenses, to say nothing of the cost of the fruit. A cargo of oranges recently sold in New Orleans brought from 15 cents to \$1 a box. Shipments in the meantime continue. The lemon crop is very large, but choice fruit is scarcer than last year, but of very fair quality.

Found an Heir.

London, Feb. 6.—A special dispatch from Paris says an heir has been found for the miser, Peters, who died in the streets here a short time ago, and in whose pocket was found a letter post-marked Boston, as was called to the press at the time. It appears that he abandoned his wife and son fifty years ago, when the latter was only a few days old.

The Case Mysterious.
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PORTLAND MARKETS.

Potatoes continue to arrive in large quantities for shipment to San Francisco. The next two steamers will carry about 30,000 sacks. The California market is steadily declining, and it is predicted that the receipt of these large lots from Oregon will completely break the market. The shipments are being made by growers against the advice of dealers. Business in the produce market is only moderate.

Wheat Market.
The local market is weak, with a lower tendency. Trading is reported quiet. Exporters quote Walla Walla wheat at 60 1/2 @ 60c and Valley at 63c per bushel.

Produce Market.
FLOUR—Portland, Salem, Cascade and Dayton, are quoted at \$3.00 per barrel; Goldrop, \$2.95; Snowflake, \$3.05; Benton county, \$3.00; Graham, \$2.50; superfine, \$2.15.

OATS—Good white are quoted weak, at 24c; milling, 28 @ 30c; gray, 19 @ 21c. Rolled oats are quoted as follows: Bags \$4.25 @ 5.25; barrels, \$4.50 @ 7.00; cases, \$3.75.

HAY—Timothy, \$9.00 per ton; cheat, \$6.00; clover, \$6 @ 7; oat, \$5 @ 6.50; wheat, \$5.50 @ 6.50.

BARLEY—Feed barley, \$14.50 per ton; brewing, nominal.

MILK—Fancy creamery is quoted at 50c; fancy dairy, 40c; fair, 35c; common, 17 1/2 @ 18c.

POTATOES—New Oregon, 25 @ 45c per sack; sweet, common, 3 1/2 @ 4c; Merced, 2 1/2 @ 3c per pound.

ONIONS—Oregon, 75 @ \$1 per sack.

POULTRY—Chickens, hens, \$2.50 @ 3 per dozen; mixed, \$2.25 @ 2.50 per dozen; ducks, \$4 @ 6; geese, \$6 @ 10; turkeys, live, 9 @ 10c per pound; dressed, 12 1/2 @ 13c.

EGGS—Oregon, 11c per dozen, 12 @ 12 1/2c per pound; half cream, 9 1/2c; skin, 4 @ 5c; Young America, 10c; California, 10c; French, 10c; choice, \$3.00 @ 3.50; Sicily, \$6.50; bananas, \$1.75 @ 2.50 per bunch; California navel, \$2.50 @ 3.00 per box; pineapples, \$4 @ 5.00 per dozen.

ORANGE VEGETABLES—Cabbage, 1 1/2c per lb; garlic, new, 8 @ 10c per pound; artichokes, 50c per dozen; sprouts, 5c per pound; cauliflower, \$2.75 per crate, 10 @ 11c per dozen; hot-house lettuce, 25c per dozen.

FRESH FRUIT—Pears, Winter Nellie, \$1.50 per box; cranberries, \$11 @ 11 1/2c per barrel; fancy apples, \$1 @ 1.50; common, 50 @ 75c per box.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, bleached, 4 @ 4 1/2c; sun-dried, 3 1/2 @ 4c; pears, sun and evaporated, 5 @ 6c; plums, pitted, 3 @ 4c; prunes, 3 @ 5c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 10c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 6 @ 8 1/2c.

HOPS—Choice, Oregon 4 @ 6c per pound; medium, neglected.

NUSS—Almonds, soft shell, 9 @ 11c per pound; paper shell, 10 @ 12 1/2c; new crop California walnuts, soft shell, 11 @ 12 1/2c; standard walnuts, 12 @ 13c; Italian chestnuts, 12 1/2 @ 14c; pecans, 13 @ 16c; Brazil, 12 @ 13c; filberts, 14 @ 16c; peanuts, raw, fancy, 6 @ 7c; roasted, 10c; hickory nuts, 8 @ 10c; coconuts, 9c per dozen.

PROVISIONS—Eastern hams, medium, 11 1/2 @ 12c per pound; hams, picnic, 7 1/2 @ 8c; breakfast bacon, 10 1/2 @ 10 1/2c; short clear sides, 8 1/2 @ 9c; dry salt sides, 7 1/2 @ 8c; dried beef, 12 @ 13c; lard, compound, in tins, 7 1/2 @ 8c; lard, pure, in tins, 9 1/2 @ 10c; pigs' feet, 8 @ 9c; pig's feet, 4 @ 5c; kits, \$1.25. Oregon smoked hams, 10 1/2c per pound; pickled hams, 8 1/2c; boneless hams, 7 1/2c; bacon, 10 1/2c; dry salt sides, 7 1/2 @ 8c; lard, 5-pound pails, 7 1/2 @ 8c; 10 @ 10c; 5 @ 6c; 7 1/2 @ 8c. Country meats sell at prices according to grade.

HIDES—Dry hides, butcher, sound, per pound, 11 @ 12c; dry kip and calf skin, 10 @ 11c; culis, 3c less; salted, 60 @ 65 and over, 5c; 50 to 60 lbs, 4 @ 4 1/2c; 40 and 50, 4c; kip and veal skins, 10 to 30 lbs, 4c; calfskin, sound, 3 to 10 lbs, 6c; green, unsalted, 1c less; culis, 1-2c less; sheepskins, shearlings, 10 @ 15c; short wool, 20 @ 30c; medium, 30 @ 40c; long wool, 50 @ 70c.

RICE—Island, \$4.50 @ 5 per sack; Japan, \$4.00 @ 4.50.

Merchandise Market.

SALMON—Columbia, river No. 1, talls, \$1.25 @ 1.60; No. 2, talls, \$2.25 @ 2.50; fancy, No. 1, flats, \$1.75 @ 1.85; Alaska, No.