NEW SILVER BILL

Carlisle Currency Plan.

RETAINS NATIONAL BANK LAW

And Provides for Coin Notes Redeemable

strike out all after the enacting clause in tute a measure he has prepared for a woman. Mr. Bland proposes that the government the violence ought to be checked, issue the notes, calling them coin notes. These are to be redeemed in gold and silver coin and the government is to coin both metals. The Bland measure would have been offered as a substitute for the British gunboat Pelican also landed a war tax. pending bill, but as Mr. Walker of Massachusetts has given notice of presenting

a substitute embodying the Republican view of the subject, Mr. Bland's plan they were being transferred from the will be offered in connection with a motion to strike out all after the enacting

The Bland bill provides for the free coinage of silver and for the deposit of gold and silver bullion and the issuance of legal tender notes upon it. The bullion is to be subsequently coined and the coin notes are to be redeemed in gold and silver without discrimination, as may be most advantageous to the gov-ernment. Provision is also made for issuing coin notes on standard silver coin. All the outstanding gold and silver certificates are to be retired and coin notes are to be substituted therefor.

Provision is also made for the redemption of outstanding greenbacks and treasury notes in gold or silver coin without discrimination. An emergency fund

depositors of the bonds coin notes.
Interest on such bonds is to go to the government while they are on deposit, and should they mature while on deposit they are to be cancelled.

TO FIGHT, IF NEED BE.

England and Russia Would Object to an Invasion of Nanking.

London, December 20.-It is understood that the agreement between England and Russia in regard to the war in the East does not permit any warlike operations in the vicinity of Shanghai. This includes the prohibition of a hostile fleet passing through the entrance of the Yang Tse Kiang river, Japan has re-cently threatened to disregard this agreeetc. It is believed the third Japanese action and welcome it when they desire army at Hiroshima is destined for Nan-it into an equal and honorable union." king. The English and Russian governments have intimated they would pre vent this movement, and the recent assembling of the British fleet at Chusan and the Russian fleet at Che Foo is ac counted for. It is understood England and Russia have decided to fight, if nec-, to prevent hostilities on the Yang

HAI CHENG CAPTURED. London, December 20 .- A Tokio dispatch says Japanese Lieutenant-General 5,000, while the Japanese numbered only Liao Vang. The losses were trifling.

Asks for Information. Washington, December 20.-Repre sentative Pence of Colorado has introduced a resolution asking the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to the

probable revenues and deficiencies for the current year; whether internal rev enne taxation or customs duties can best meet possible deficiencies; what revenue yielded by taxing ale, beer and fermented liquors from \$1 to \$1.25 per barrel, and what revenues have been or will be gained by the increased tax of distilled spirits.

Portland's Public Building.

WARRINGTON, December 20.-Senator Dolph has introduced an amendment to the sundry civil bill, providing an appropriation of \$150,000 for the Portland public building, with the further provision that the Secretary of the Treasury may contract for the completion of the building. The Senator says this amendment will be favorably reported from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, which will give the amendment a parliamentary status. It will then be incorporated in the appropria-

Entire Mine on Fire.

SEATTLE, December 20.-The whole Newcastle coal mine appears to be on fire, and it is feared that the entire mine will become a wreck, involving a loss of \$500,000 to the Oregon Improvement Company. Coal creek is pouring into it, but it will take several weeks to thoroughly flood the mine, and when the fire is extinguished it will take four or five months to pump it out. About 250 men are made idle.

End of a Baseball Association NEW YORK, December 20.-The Tribune to-morrow will say: An important baseball conference will be held in the Fifth avenue Hotel to-day, and at its conclusion the alleged association which was to give war to the National League will probably be a thing of the past. is said that a great deal more notoriety had been given to it than it deserved.

Bearer of Helica Rows, December 20,-United States Ambassador MacVeagh gave a dinner to-day to the officers of the cruiser Detroit, which brought home the Vatican relies exhibited at the Columbian Expo-A solemn reception of the offi cers by the Pope is now regarded as un-

Another Lexuw Spacin. Washington, December 20 .- The police department of the city may be lexowed after the holidays. Some startling tales of alleged corruptness have come to light, and a searching inquiry has been under consideration for the past RIOTING AT BELIZE.

Caused by Trouble Setween Employers

New ORLEANS, December 20.-News received here this afternoon from Beize, British Honduras, under date of December 14 is to the effect that there has been considerable rioting there in consequence of the refusal of the employers to pay the wages demanded by the men. The laborers are prin-Bland Has a Substitute for the cipally those employed in mahogany and logwood cutting. They sought an interview with the Governor, and complained of the low rate of wages paid them, asking him to interfere in their behalf. The delayed reply of the Governor was to the effect that, while he felt much sympathy

at the Option of the Government in ated at the reply, and toward evening of the day the reply was given they constituted in Also Created.

ated at the reply, and toward evening of the day the reply was given they constituted in large crowds and began riot-captured. Several other cities have also "The aim of our opponents can only The laborers were very much exasper-Washington, December 20.— Repre-rifle large stores; and, while no one was sentative Bland of Missouri will move to seriously hurt, many were badly bruised.
When the mob reached Multrie's store it was confronted by the clerks armed with the Carlisle currency bill now before the revolvers. They fired over the heads of House of Representatives and substi-The mob then rushed into currency system based on coin and coin number of watches. The mob finally notes. Mr. Bland's plan does not inter- attacked the police station, having been fere with the existing national bank system, but instead of allowing banks to lary, and the entire city was at its mercy. At this time Captain Macallister of the British gunboat Partridge, realizing that a force of marines and stationed them.

> police station to the jail, but the blue jackets drove them off. Wednesday Cramer & Co. poeted a notice offering to

ANNEXATION OF CANADA.

The Full Text of Senator Gallinger Resolution.

Washington, December 20.-The folowing is the full text of the Canadian resolution introduced to-day by Senator Gallinger

Whereas, we believe that the political union of the two great English-speaking communities who now occupy and conis created so that in case of panic or money stringency the Secretary of the Treasury may, on deposit of United States interest bearing bonds, issue to trol North America will deliver the conprogress and lessen the per capita cost of government defense; insure the rapid development of its boundless natural resources; enlarge its domestic and foreign commerce; unite all interests in creating a systematic development of its means of internal communication with the seaboard by rail and water East and West; protect and preserve its wealth, resources, privileges and opportunities as the undisputed heritage of old; immensely add to its influence, prestige and power; promote, extend and perpet-uate government by the people and remove forever the causes most likely to seriously disturb cordial relations and kindly intercourse to the motherland

therefore, be it Resolved, That we invite Canadian people to cast in their lot with their own continent, and assure them that they ment on the ground that the Shanghai shall have all the continent can give arsenal is supplying Chinese with arms, them. We will respect their freedom of

CONFIRMED BY BAKER.

Mosquito Indians Incorporated With Nienragua.

Washington, December 20.—The Department of State has received a dispatch from Minister Baker at Managua, saying that the Mosquito Indians have surrendered their rights under the treaty of Managua, and have become incorpor Katsira captured Hai Cheng December ated with Nicaragua, This surrender Chinese garrison numbered it is understood, disposes of the last ves tige of the claim of sovereignty by the The Chinese retreated toward Mosquito Indians over the Mosquito reserve set apart by the Managua treaty of 1860 and the award of the Emperor of Austria thereunder. It also termi nates any ground for continued pretext of a British "protectorate" over the Mosquito reservation, and greatly simplifies the right of transit across the

> ANDERSON, Ind., December 20.—The Indianapolis gas trust began a new experiment in natural gas production vesterday on the Waddell farm, nine miles east of Noblesville. Twelve gas wells will be drilled on a section of land. Near the center a well will be sent down into salt water. To this well a powerful pump will be attached and the water drawn out. This will be done with view of keeping the other wells dry The experiment on a large scale is the result of one made a short time since by Superintendent Shackleton, when he put comp into a wet well, and in less than forty-five minutes bad a half a dozen wet wells in the vicinity flowing dry gas, Many gas companies and citizens were present to learn the result.

McBride Regarded as Conservative. Columbia, O., December 20.-John McBride, the newly elected President of the American Federation of Labor, is and Venice are increased \$500. recognized here as one of the most conservative labor leaders of the country. Concerning the policy of the organizaon when he shall have assum duties of its executive office Mr. McBride preferred not to talk at this time; but, considering his conservative course through years as the head of the miners' organization of the country, the friends here of the new President naturally expect a continuation of this course in his new position.

Delivered Over to Mexica. San Antonio, Tex., December 20,iraldo Saiz, who was Captain of one of the bands of so-called Garra revolutionists, who made a raid on San Ignacio. It Mexico, two years ago and massacred and burned the bodies of the garrison of nto Texas, was vesterday delivered to he Mexican authorities by United States Marshal Wars. The delivery was made the Vatican. The Pope views the situa-tion most seriously, and fears that the on the authority of an extradition order by Acting Secretary Uhl of the State Department at Washington.

Howgate's Case Washington, December 20,-Captain Henry Howgate pleaded not guilty to seven indictments brought against him for embezzlement while disbursing clerk of the signal service when arraigned to-day before Judge McComas of the Criminal Court. Counsel were also notified to appear before the court next Saturday to arrange for the date of the trial on the other three indictments, two for ember-alement and one for forgery.

AFTER TIEN TSIN.

The Two Japanese Armies Are Now Consolidated.

CAPTURE OF NEW CHWANG

The Two Armies, Amounting to Seventy Two Thousand Men, Are Marching Direct to Tien Tain-An Outbreak Anticipated in Shanghai.

for the men, he could not see his way to a morning paper from Shanghai, clear to interfere between employer and dated December 18, says: The first and to a morning paper from Shanghai, been taken without any serious fighting. The force of the two armies combined amounts to about 72,000 men. FROM THE FRENCH CAPITAL.

Paris, December 19.—A dispatch from changhai says the first and second Japanese armies have joined each other north of New Chwang and are now marching direct to Tien Twin.

AN OUTBERAK PEARED. SHANGHAL, December 19,-The Shanghai officials of the native city have removed their wives and families to the foreign settlements for safety in antici when a heavy gun had been put in posi-tion the violence was checked. The in consequence of the imposition of the

Lospon, December 19.-The Times rrespondent in Tien Tsin says that there are only fourteen shells to each gun in the city's defenses. This scarcity is due largely to the action of the Peking Board of Finance, which has curtailed pay woodchoppers \$15 per month—the amount the strikers demanded,

TIEN THIN POORLY DRFENDED.

THE FIGHT NEAR PENG HUANG. YOKORAMA, December 19.-In fighting near Feng Huang the Japanese lest twelve killed and sixty-three wounded. The Chinese had 129 killed.

WERE SOLDIERS IN DISCUISE. Washington, December 19.—The Japanese legation to-day received another telegram from Matsu, Minister of Foreign Affairs, regarding the reported could find a hall fo atrocities by Japanese soldiers at the fall | ed to his summons. of Port Arthur. Dispatch says the government is not yet in possession of the full facts, but has ascertained the following circumstances: Many Chinese sol-diers both at Port Arthur and those who came in from the outlying fortifications taken by Japanese soldiers discarded their uniforms, and it is now known to certain that nearly all the Chinese killed in plain clothes were soldiers in disguise. The Chinese inhabitants presumably a majority) of Port Arthur left before the engagement, though a few remained, having been armed and ordered to resist the Japanese and fire upor them. This they did, and in the confusion of the fight it was impossible to dis tinguish them from the Chinese soldiers The Japanese army entering Port Arthur was greatly excited by the sight of the fearfully mutilated bodies of their comrades, some of whom had been burned alive and some crucified. Notwithstanding this the discipline of the army was naintained. Numbers of Chinese oners were taken and kindly treated.

Washington, December 49,-An official telegram was received by Miss for some time. ara Barton, President of the American Red Cross Society, to-day from the Japanese legation to correct the erroneou statements going the rounds of the press, that the Red Cross had been rejected by Japan, etc. The Japanese Minister very ourteously volunteered to ascertain the facts from his government, and as a result the following message was received y him from the Minister of Foreign Affairs at Tokio, dated December 16, 1894:

"After the fall of Port Arthur a Chi ese steamer entered Port Arthur with a few foreigners on board, who stated that they belonged to a so-called private Red Cross Society of Tien Twin, and asked that the wounded Chinese should be delivered to them for treatment at Tien Tsin. They produced certificates rom Li Hung Chang and some foreign Consuls. Our military authorities re-blied that, while they appreciated the philanthropic spirit which prompted this action, the Chinese wounded were prismers of war and could not be allowed to be taken to their own country, which was hostile to Japan, even though the request was made through the good offices of the Consuls of neutral powers. They added that the Japanese field hospital would care for the wounded Chinese, for which purpose it had abundant facilities, and requested the Chinese vessel to leave the harbor within a specified

Consular and Diplomatic Bill. WARRINGTON, December 19.—The con sular and diplomatic appropriation bill months in 1804. was reported to the House to-day. It carries an appropriation of \$1,562,118, which is a decrease of \$1,800 from the appropriation for the current fiscal year, hree thousand dollars are appropriated as compensation for the services of John Bassett Moore in compiling the diplomatic correspondence of the revolution nounts paid by the other governments ed the for the support of the bureau.

> Washington, December 19. - Secretary mith of the Interior Department has written a letter to Senators Teller and Wolcott of Colorado, disapproving the bill for the location of the Ute Indians on lands in severalty in the western part

of their reservation. He says they are

Not Ready for Allotment.

still in the blanket stage and unfit to take lands in severalty. The Pope Takes It Seriously. Lospox, December 19.-The Stand-Mexican troops at that place and escaped and's correspondent in Rome telegraphs that the developments of the Giolitti documents have been followed closely by

> Cosk, December 17.— The Mayor ansed an uproar in the Town Council day by moving that the government condemned for refusing to release

scandal is the forerunner of still sadder

events.

ANTI-REVOLUTION BILL

Introduced in the Reichstag, But That BEHLIN, December 19.-Dr. Neiberling,

Imperial Secretary of Justice, introduced the anti-revolutionary bill in the Reichstag to-day. He said it was not intended to upset public opinion; nor was it a disguised anti-Socialistic law, but it was directed against excesses of a criminal nature and against the work of revolutionists seeking to undermine the State. The Secretary of Justice then proceeded to refer to several inflammatory pamphlets which have recently appeared. In-New York, December 19.—A dispatch and of such a nature that the President of the Reichstag, Herr Von Levetrow, was compelled to several times call them to order. Dr. Neiberling then produced second Japanese armies are marching a revolutionary broad sheet, which he the barracks of the soldiers. He added: The aim of our opponents can only be obtained by overthrowing all order, and I trust the majority of the House will that Herr Singer's point was well taken; consequently Herr Von Levetzow, President of the Reichstag, adjourned debate on the anti-revolutionary bill until Jan-PARLIAMENTARY CONFLICT COMING.

Beaus, December 19.—The Governor of the Zwickau district has dissolved the ocial Democratic organization within his jurisdiction on the ground that it is a society without the rights of a corpora-Wilhelm Stolle is the Social Demotrat who sits in the Reichstag for the constituency. This summary action with Mr. Koehler's defiant utterances in the Reichstag are taken by many radicals and Social Democrats to indicate that he government is steering straight for a parliamentary conflict. Several opposi-tion Deputies say that the Emperor evidently seeks to govern with a Federal Council as suggested by Councillor Roessler in a recent pamphlet, but without a leichstag.

The anarchist meeting called to protest against the anti-Socialist bill was a fizzle. Waroenecke, the mechanic who got a permit for the meeting, was arrested yesterday for writing a virulent article in Der Sozialist, and nobody could find a hall for those who respond-

THE ITALIAN SCANDAL.

Premier Crispi Accused of Having Pur

posely Avoided Debate. ROME, December 19.—The political tion. Ex-Premier Giolitti has gone into the country, where he is followed and the native race of Turkey to prove their sympathy with the suffering and opment has created a bad impression passing vigorous resolutions in condemthroughout Italy. It is interpreted as are doing their best amid no little peril indicating that Premier Crispi intends to themselves in the interests of those

Ex-Premier Rudini in a letter to the electors accuses Premier Crispi of hav-ing purposely avoided debate in the hamber of Deputies on the Banca Romana scandal by forcing prorogation.

THINKS CRISPI'S FALL IMMINENT. Lospon, December 19,-The Daily Chronicle correspondent in Vienna con-tends that Crispi's standing with the The wounded who could be moved are on the way to Tokio, and will arrive in King has been shaken and his resignation may be expected at any moment. He thinks that Crispi would not survive his fall long, as he has been apopiectic

says that it would be difficult to exaggerate the profound impression made there by the exposure of the scandals in resulted some of the Kurds were killed, He hints that the revelations are likely to prevent the renewal of the triple alliance when its period shall ex-Some newspapers regard Crispi as pire. proved guilty, others not.

GIOLITTI SAID TO HAVE PLED, VIENNA, December 19 .- A dispatch says Signor Giolitti, ex-Premier of Italy, passed through this city last evening or is way to Berlin. It is reported he has fled from Rome to avoid being arrested.

Cuba's Flour Importation Washington, December 19.—Senato Washburn of Minnesota to-day offered a resolution, which was agreed to, di- a thorough investigation conducted by recting the Secretary of State to inform the Senate as to the rates of duty imposed on flour and breadstuffs imported from the United States to the Island of Cuba prior to September 1 last and subsequent to that date; also that he be remired to obtain from the United States consul-General at Havana a statement showing the regulation price of flour in that city for the twelve months prior and the three subsequent months to that date; also the number of barrels and ing signatures are known. But such in bags of flour imported into Havana from the United States and from other countries, stated separately, for the months of September, October, November and December, 1893, and the corresponding

Great Lakes to the Atlantic. Washington, December 19.-In the enate to-day Mr. Vilas gave notice of an amendment to the sundry civil bill. providing for the appointment by the President of a commission of three per ns to act with any similar comm

inion of Canada, who shall investigate reau of American Republics receives and report upon the feasibility of such \$28,000, which will be offset by the canals as would enable vessels engaged in ocean commerce to pass between the Great Lakes and the Atlantic Ocean. Purchased by a Syndicate. CHEVENNE, Wyo., December 19 .- All

the Rock Spring coal mines have been sold to a syndicate of Chicago capitalists representing a capital of \$12,000,000. The Union Pacific railway, however, rebeen producing from 6,000 to 7,000 tons monthly. It is believed that the syndicate controls the Illinois, Indiana and ging affair. Ohio mines, and has recently made in vestments in Kansas and Nebraska.

An Old Concern in Trouble, PHILADELPHIA, December 19.- Joh Batti's Sons, one of the oldest establishments in yarn and carpets in Kensington district, are financially embarrassed, with liabilities aggregating \$200,000, member of the firm said: "The present field, who put the Sheriff on us for a Hotchkiss guns. The Moquis gathered with obtaining goods and charged us in large numbers and all its gathered with obtaining goods under false pre-

Favor Restricting Immigration. Washington, December 19.—Senator Quay to-day presented a voluminous pe- taken to Fort Wingate. tition from the citizens of Pennsylvania Irish political prisoners. After a heated debate the anti-Parnellite members withdrew amid jeers and hisses, and the motion was adopted by a vote of eighteen cante for admission and establishing a consular inspection abroad.

ARMENIAN AFFAIR

The American Board of Foreign Missions' Statement.

THE HORRIBLE DETAILS GIVEN

The Position of the Missionaries of the American Board Within the Turkish Empire is an Extremely Delicate One

Boston, December 18.—The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Misorganization in America centralizes its work in behalf of Armenians in Asiatic Turkey. Its Western Turkey mission began in 1819, its Eastern Turkey mission in 1836 and its Central Turkey missupport the government against this sion in 1847. These three missions compensions who deny everything sacred to people." Herr Singer moved adjournment of the Reichstag, expressing a doubt whether a sufficient number of Deputies were present to enable a vote be taken. After roll call it was found that Herr Singer's point was well taken. 791 native laborers. These laborers occupy 200 places. The Sunday schools number 264. The adherents are esti-mated at 46,864. There are 112 churches with a membership of 11,181, of which 498 were received within a year. The educational work is extensive. There are four theological schools; thirty-one colleges, high and boarding schools for boys; twenty colleges, high and boarding schools for girls, and 372 common schools containing 16,833 pupils. The contribuions of the natives last year to the American Board amounted to \$34,758. These facts do not include the work in European Turkey.

Numerous inquiries have been received from the press and from others in the United States, which have induced this rganization to furnish the following statement relating to affairs in Turkey

"We are not unconcerned by the reports of the massacres in Eastern Turkey. he position of the missionaries of American Board within the Turkish Empire is an extremely delicate one. Symare suffering by reason of poverty, op-pression and misrule, they have yet been nanced sedition or rebellion. It has been their blessed privilege while preaching the gospel of Jesus Christ to aid the the sake both of the helpless and for the believe. Some things we may properly say prior to the full investigation of the our government and of the European

'In the Sassonn region, south of part of the summer the Armenians pur sued the robbers in their endeavor to re cover their property. In the fight which among whom were some who were en rolled as Turkish soldiers. When information was given that the Armenians had killed some of the Sultan's troops the charge of rebellion was made and orders were sent to put down the insurred tion. The result was these lawless and incontrolled soldiers made indiscriminate slaughter of the people who had sought to defend their property. In the orrible massacres which followed thousands were slain, some state 6,000, others The details of this borrible affair are not obtainable even by those near the scene. They will never be obtained unless fore gn governments insist upon foreigners. The poor people are in terand do not tell the truth unless under protection. A document has been prepared near the scene of the carnage purporting to give the indement of the people that the thousands slain in Tal vorie met their just deserts, and express ing regrets that it had been thought best to send Consuls to investigate since there has been no need for their coming The value of such a document will be understood when the methods for secur vestigations should be most vigorously pushed, either to relieve the governmen from unjust charges, if the statments are ncorrect, or, if they should be proven to bring about the conditioning punish ment of the guilty parties,'

AN END TO BOXING.

The Authorities Will Not Even Permit Amateur Exhibitions.

CRICAGO, December 18,-All exhibi ions where fists are brought into con-The salaries of the Consuls at Cape Town appointed by Great Britain or the Do- tact with face and body, even amateur boxing bouts at the swell clubhouse of the Chicago Association, have been strictly prohibited by special order of the Police Superintendent, who is backed by Mayor Hopkins. The order may even be applied to the theatrical perform ances of the Corbett and Fitzsimmons order. The New Orleans tragedy served to make the authorities more determined than ever to suppress boxing. A \$200 fight to finish was in progress the rear of a saloon last night when the by courier to Thompson's Springs, says: with the aid of citizens generally tains its coal lands. These mines have police entered at the end of the eighth round and arrested everybody present. The fight was a bloody and brutal slug-

> received to-day by General McCook from are well satisfied and feel secure. Captain F. U. Lawton of the Second Cavalry, who was ordered to capture the Mooni Indians who created a disturbance recently and took refuge among the Oriba cliffs in an isolated village. occupied a position on the mesa over the

The Indians Were Surrendered.

were ordered to come out in view of the troops. Captain Lawton made a speech, giving the names of the Indians wanted, and one by one they surrendere Ountil nineteen were placed under guard to be Recognized by the President.

Washington, December 17.-The Pres-

THE GERMAN EMBARGO,

Washington, December 18 .- In view

There is No Amelioration as Yet of the Stringent Order.

the consequent improbability of any such action as was recommended by the President, looking to the repeal of the duty of one-tenth of 1 cent on sugar woture action of the German governmen is being awaited with some apprehension here. The speech of the German Chan-cellor in the Reichstag, in which he made a strong point of the discrimination imposed by the United States to ward German sugar, is believed to indicate a strengthening of the policy which that government has adopted directed to one more than any other missionary the exclusion or severe restriction upon the American products sought to be imported into Germany. At present Mr. Runyon, our Minister to Germany, is working hard to secure an amelioration of the stringent order of exclusion in the case of American cattle, and Secretary Greeham is in almost daily consultation with the German Minister here upon the same subject. Up to this time rose as last as the currency increased, no appreciable degree of success has atmiled the efforts of our government, as character of the negotiations appearto indicate a purpose on the part of Ferman government to procrastinate until Congress has decisively announced ts intention in the matter of sugar duty. As long as these conditions remain our government is likely to wait patiently; ut, should there be any fresh attacks by the Germans upon American interests, there is ground to believe the administration will have recourse to the retaliation act of 1890 and single out some German article, the importation of which into the United States about equals in volume the normal cattle and meat trade with Germany, and forbid its importation.

THE CALIFORNIA FARMERS.

Holding Their Own Wheat and Import ing From Oregon.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 18.-With nearly every warehouse in the State filled with wheat California is importing its breadstuils in a large part from Oregon, says a morning paper. Wheat and flour are coming in by the shipload and vespathizing deeply on one side with all who sels are leaving San Francisco ballast-are suffering by reason of poverty, op-laden to return from the north with wheat. California farmers and speculaloyal to the government under which tors are holding their grain, while those they have lived, and have never counted of Oregon and Washington seem as anxious to get rid of it. June last 394,351 tons of wheat of the crop of 1893 were carried over, Exports from California to Depoor, to protect, as far as possible, the cember 1 are less than that amount. oppressed and to deliver from unjust of There have been received from Oregon ficials multitudes who have been arrested during that period between 30,000 and or imprisoned. It is not necessary for 50,000 tons, which affects local conrisis continues to absorb public atten- our missionaries after these scores of sumption and wheat used for seeding. watched by detectives. There is no pressed by joining others who, at a safe vember gave the earth a thorough drench-doubt news of the proroguing of Parlia- distance from the scene of danger, are ing, and enabled the farmers to seed a large area to wheat. The rains which have fallen in December, should favorable weather follow during the latter indicating that Premier Crispi intends to themselves in the interests of those portion of the season, will insure an to remain in power in spite of the opposition.

To themselves in the interests of those portion of the season, will insure an abundant harvest. With a good Eurosition. hensive that freights may go to 60 shilhelped it is inexpedient for us to pre- lings. Instead of using the tonnage now sent a full statement of all we hear and in port and arriving to ship the State's believe. Some things we may properly surplus wheat to Liverpool from two to three out of every five vessels which aralleged atrocities, which we trust will rive are engaged to load in the North. be made by the representatives of both From one to four vessels a week have been leaving here for the Columbia river and Sound ports. There is a likelihood that prior to the first Monday in March, Moosh plain, there are, or were many when the tax gatherer comes around, villages inhabited by Armenians. These the holders of wheat will seek to dispeople were systematically robbed of pose of it, but with the limited tontheir flocks by Kurds, and in the latter | nage here and to arrive and the immense nantity of wheat on storage, this may

not prove an easy task Governor Foster on Glove Contests NEW ORLEANS, December 18,-Governor Foster was seen this evening and asked for an expression of opinion on the plans in his opinion would not give the so-called glove contests in the light of the tragic outcome of the Lavigne-Bowen fight. The Governor expressed nimself as opposed to such exhibitions. He said: "I have always been very positive and emphatic in my opposition to the glove contests as carried on in New Orleans by professional prizefighters. I regard it as a brutal exhibition tending to the demoralization of sentiment, and in nowise calculated to elevate the tone of public morals in the to have Corbett-Mitchell fight take place | troduced in the Senate by Hill at the all the power of the State to prevent it, and is now on the calendar of the House and so declared at the time. The unfor- was the subject of consideration to-day tunate termination of the Lavigne-Bowen

io Monument to Prof. Richard Proctor Contemplated.

GREAT HONORS ALREADY.

NEW YORK, December 17.—Miss Mary Proctor has received numerous communications lately with regard to a proposed memorial observatory to be erected to the memory of her father, the late Prof. Richard Proctor, astronomer in California. While thoroughly appreci-tive President. ating the kind sentiment of he spondents, she wishes to say that a year or so after her father's death her stepmother suggested that such a memorial might be erected, but the idea has since fallen through. Miss Proctor wishes to say further that she feels that this country has already greatly honored her father's memory in the beautiful monu-ment erected over his grave in Greenwood cemetery by the late George W. Childs of Philadelphia.

TROUBLE AVERTED

Their Reservation. SALT LAKE, December 17 .- A special

"This morning the Indians agreed to move out of Utah, and will begin the DESVER, December 18.—A report was of the adjoining mountains. The people Territory of this nuisance and menace

> thrust the Utes upon the Territory. Forsyrn, December 17 .- At Cannaba, ten miles south of here, last night Nolley and Dun McCord and Claude Holder, white, went to the house of Calvin Dris kill, colored, to settle an old difficulty. Driskill escaped and, raising an alarm returned with a mob of negroes, who attacked the three white men. The whites, all badly wounded, fled to the house of

is the last attempt that will be made to

ABOUT CURRENCY

House Committee on Banking of the disinclination of Congress to take up the sugar schedules of the tariff and Taking Testimony.

WARNER, PLATT AND RIPLEY

They, as Well as Broker Jackson of Box ton, Give Their Views Upon the Unc. rency Problems-Pract Opposes the Retirement of Greenbuchs. Washington, December 17.-Ex-Rep.

resentative Warner of Ohio, President of the Bimetallic League, was the first witness to-day before the House Bank. ing and Currency Committee, He went into the principles of the entire question, and orged that an elastic currency, such as Secretary Carlisle supgests, was an impossibility, for prior rose as fast as the currency increased proved that the gold standard could not be maintained by giving to the bunks the power of expanding the current He was amazed that this proposition should be made in this enlightened age in the face of the financial experience of the world. Along discussion between General Warner and Mr over a question by the latter as to the effect the increase of the circulation would have upon the price of tabor, Mr. Sperry called attention to a statement by the Treasury Department, showing that the circulation in 1873 \$771,000,000, whereas in 1833 it was over \$2,200,000,000, and asked him bow he reconciled the facts with the decrease in wages. Mr. Warner replied by challeng-ing the treasury report of the gold in circulation at the present time, which is said was \$200,000,000 beyond the facts, and by referring to the increase of population and weasth. Mr. Sperry did not consider the reply as adequate, and in-timated that, if Mr. Warner stheoryhal nothing more to stand on, it must fall, Letters from President Cannon of the Chare National Bank of New York and ex-Secretary of the Treasury Fairchild, regretting their inability to appear, were read, and then the venerable Baltimore banker, Enoch Pratt, addressed the committee. He opposed the retirement of greenback circulation, and said he would

rather have it increased. At 1:15 P. M. the committee took a recess for an hour, and when the heating was resumed A. L. Ripley of the National Hide and Leather Bank of Boston was called to the stand. He character ized the scheme of issuing demand notes redeemable in gold as thoroughly Under this system the banks had so means of adjusting their reserves to meet the demand of the times, thus pelling them to keep a reserve, which at one time would be too large and at another too small. He opposed State banks because of the need of uniformity. A speedy and uniform system of redemp-tion he considered as necessary, and this he thought could be best secured through the national banks. Referring to Secretary Carlisle's bill, Mr. Ripley said he thought the tenth and eleventh sections would open the gates to extensive consterfeiting unless changed. thought the provision for redemption is the case of national banks would be found too inadequate. The Secretary plan in this respect would, if adopted, mark a retrogration in banking. He con sidered the present system safer than

the one proposed. Jackson, a broker of Boston, urged the committee to insert a provi-sion in any bill they might see ht to re-Treasury to begin January 1, 1806, to regal tender notes, greenbacks, month; authorize him to use the sinking fund for this purpose, and if this sufficient, allow him to issue bonds for the purpose. The Carlisle and confidence required by home or investors. It was necessary in his opin ion to adopt a plan to insure the cancellation of the treasury notes.

DEPORTATION OF ANARCHISTS.

Proposed Amendments to the Bill Introduced by Senator Hill.

Washington, December 17.-The bill to provide for the exclusion and deportsmmunity. When the effort was made tion of alien anarchists, which was in-New Orleans, I determined to exhaust last session, and which passed that body by the House Judiciary Comontest accentuates the importance of After some discussion two amendments prohibiting any such further exhibito the bill were agreed upon. One is that the power of deportation s confined to United States Courts and only conferred upon State Courts when the laws of the State provide for such action. The other amendment strikes out section 5, which provides appointment of a number of on Commissioners at an annual salary of \$2,500, and requires that their shall be performed by the United States Consuls under regulations prepared by

The Ministers Will Act-San Francisco, December 18.-The dergymen of the city are arranging for organization of a movement in this city similar to the Lexow plan for the buprovement of municipal morals. Hev. J. Cumming Smith, paster of Trinity Presbyterian Church, who has had verbal and written communication with fir-Parkhurst, took the initiative. A union movement has been inaugurated organizations of the Presbyts The Utes Have Concluded to Return to Methodist and Baptist ministers by concerted action. If the California Legislature does not appoint an officiato the Tribune from Monticello, Utah, by courier to Theoremse Services to Theoremse Serv

Fraudulent Registratio

San Francisco, December 17. - George movement at once. That very efficient officer, Colonel Lawton, will see that As soon as the conclusion was who resides on Minna street, testified reached signal fires were seen from some to-day in the "stuffers" cases in July Wallace's court that State Senator Jermuch credit cannot be given Governor ry Mahoney asked him to register at West for what he has done in ridding the from the Baldwin Hotel, stating that "he would fix it all right," and to terson to go out in company will Not a single accident has happened, nor berg to the new city hall and has a shot been fired. It is believed this Peterson replied that he had registered from his own reader honey swore at him, and walked grumbling. This is the first direct mony tending to show that Ma was the man back of Sternberg fraudulent registration from the flaid

win Hotel. Northern Pacific's Mineral Lunds. Washington, December 19,-The benate Committee on Public Lands to-lay authorized a favorable report on the biproviding for a commission to exami-Grimseli as Italian Consui-General at surrounded by 200 angry negroes. The tana and Idaho within the Northern Fa-