NOTED MINISTERS.

Archbishop Ireland and Rev. Mr. Dixon on the Strike.

New Yorker Advocates the Govern-Injustice Perpetrated.

CHICAGO, July 15 .- Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul, when asked to-day what ican Railway Union.

Phelan's denial of personal agency had Phelan's denial of personal agency to the

The moment such things happen all pos-sible questions as to the rights and grievzens and of public officials made to serve in maintaining public order and guard-ing at all costs the public welfare. Labor must learn that, however sacred its rights laws of public justice. There is no civil crime so hideous, so pregnant of evil re-sults as resistance to law and the consti-tution of the country. This resistance is revolution; it begets chaos; it is anarchy; it disrupts the whole social fabric,
"Labor, too, must learn the lesson that

the liberty of the citizen is to be re-spected. One man has a right to cease from work, but he has no right to drive another man from work. He who re-spects not the liberty of others shows imself unworthy of his own liberty and incapable of citizenship in a free country. Riots and mob-rule, such as have occurred in Chicago, do immense harm to the cause of labor, and set buck its advance for whole decades of years. Lahor thereby loses the earnest sympathy of thousands of friends, and gives courage and triumph to its enemies. Worse yet, the principle of popular government

"It is no wonder that, reading of the

defend his rights and to improve his condition. But all this must be done within the lines of social order and law. They are led on by irresponsible and tyrannous chiefs. Labor unions have great statutes, but there is one marked evil in them, in that they put the liberties of man or a few, who become their absolute masters, their despotic Czars.

"The solution to the differences be-tween capital and labor is necessarily

REV. MR. DIXON'S SERMON.

had its origin in a great injustice perpetrated by somebody. It is impossible to imagine the laboring classes, after enduring the miseries consequent on the retiring from active politics. depression of the past year, leaving their workshops unless there was injustice somewhere. Three lessons, however, have been learned by the strike;

"The railroad managers were utterly incapable to handle the railroads the moment the strike was precipited; that mob violence and disorder will under no ican people, and that the national government alone has the power to break each a strike and raise the railroads'

From these follows the logical conclusion that the national government should own the railroads outright. The railroads were built strictly for accommodation, and neither labor leaders nor railroad managers should have the power nor be permitted to interfere with the public rights. If the national governsent owned the railroads, it would be high treason to do such a thing.'

BICYCLE RIDERS.

The Englishman is No Match for the American.

Pages, July 16 .- Fifteen thousand people assembled to-day at the Velodrome originate shall consent thereto. to witness the contest between Zimmerman and Barken, an Englishman. Thfirst race, one mile, was won easily by Zimmerman, who finished a dozen lengths shead of his competitor. In the second race, five miles, Zimmerman followed with the pacemakers until the fifth lap was entered upon. Then he let mself go, and shot ahead so fast that Barken, seeing there was no chance to weighed down by the heavy box, con win, retired. Zimmerman's time was circled to jde it. They buried it along 11.50-5. Zimmerman then won an-side a creek, in such a way that the other race, Wheeler finishing second, water would flow over it. Further on The crowd went wild over Zimmerman's they abandoned their wagon and guns victories, and he was given an ovation, riding off on horses. Two of the per A number of spectators waved small sucre yesterday morning caw the end of American flags when they saw how east the box cticking out of the ground and not covered by water. ily Zimmerman had won.

JUDGE TAFT'S DECISION.

To Strike is Legal, But There is No War-

CINCINNATI, July 14.-Judge Taft of his decision to-day in the case of F. W. Phelan, charged with contempt of this ourt by impeding and obstructing the receiver of the Cincinnati Southern, appointed by this court, in the management and operation of his road and directing and inciting the employes to leave his employ and by interfering with the business of other roads with which the Southern road does business. The courtroom was crowded, and large num-BOTH SPEAK THEIR MINDS.

BOTH SPEAK THEIR MINDS.

The Archbishop Blames Labor, and the New Yorker Advocates the Govern
New Yorker Advocates the Govern
The Acceptation of the Speak Their Minds of the Leading of the Lea ment Ownership of Raifways A Great tute and direct a boycott in order to com-

spoke as follows:

"I do not desire to speak of the Chicago strikers, because in so doing I shall passing between him and Debs, as well blaze in the face of the telegrams of the cap strikers. blame labor, while because of my deep as his public utterances. He knew the sympathy with it I should wish to have never said but words of praise for it.

But in a moment of social crism, such as the was the active agent here of an interest of the sympathy with it I should wish to have never said but words of praise for it.

Cincinnati Southern was in the hands of a receiver, and yet his first efforts were directed against it. The court found that he was the active agent here of an the one through which we are passing, unlawful conspiracy with Debs and it is our duty to speak loud and to others to paralyze the business of the make the avowal of the truths and United States, or, in other words, to principles which will save society and starve the nation in order to force en The fatal mistake which has been to the facts the court held that to undermade in connection with this strike is take to force a breach of contracts was that property has been destroyed, the liberty of business interfered with, human lives endangered, society menacest and the institutions and freedom of the country put in most serious jeopardy.

The moment such things have reall research of contracts was an inlawful conspiracy. Moreover, the whole plan was a boycott, which has mad the institutions and freedom of the country put in most serious jeopardy. and even to coerce their employers for the purpose of obtaining a better price ances of labor must be dropped out of for their labor. They were warranted sight and all efforts of law-abiding citi- in striking; that is, leaving their emin striking; that is, leaving their em-ployers in a body to better their own interests, but there was no warrant of

law for a boycott.

The Judge, having found Phelan guilty be, there is something above them and as charged, said in reference to the sen-absolutely supreme—social order and the tence that it was the duty of the court to enforce obedience to its orders. To do otherwise would court an anarchy. The penalty for contempt after warning should be sufficient to enforce compli-ance with the orders of the court. The sentence was confinement for six months in the Warren county jail at Lebanon, O., and the Marshal was directed to immediately execute the order of the court.

RAILBOAD SCHEME.

It is Said Mormons Will Build From Sait Lake to This Coast.

NEW YORK, July 13 .- A Washington lispatch to a morning paper says that the day the President's signature is affixed to the Utali admission bill will be launched one of the greatest railroad enterprises that has been started for years. A transcontinental scheme has been matured, and is only held back until Utah can be dealt with as a State. Behind occurrences in America, Europe an-nonnees that the Republic is a failure, the plan of development is the wealth and that a strong monarchy only can and influence of the Mormon Churchnot had its grievances in America, nor that redress must not be sought. I would not respect the laborer who seeks not to defend his rights and to improve his two corps of engineers are here and With the quickness characteristic ready to be used for construction purposes. The road surveyed and to be built The remedy for these ills is a healthy extends from Salt Lake southerly and the expenses of the Territorial Convenand all legitimate efforts in these directions, whether by single or united force, are laudable. For my own part I believe Topeka in Southern California, then this voters, it the large number of men who join strikes | Utah road will be built through to the of 117 de are more to be pitied than to be blamed. Coast, but the probabilities are that a traffic arrangement can be made with the Atchison and Topeka from The Necdies through to the coast. The projectors of the new road have already sounded tens of thousands in the keeping of one President Reinhart of the Atchison and the constitution of the United States. if it was properly pushed. Topeka, and are to have a formal ing with him immediately after the statebood bill is signed.

By reference to the map a branch of make no distinction in civil or political complicated, and no one precise formula the Union Pacific will be seen running rank on account of race or color, except has been or can be found. A generous southwesterly from Salt Lake toward the as to Indians, who are not entered; that has been or can be found. A generous southwesterly from Salt Lake toward the sense of injustice toward all, a deep love of one's fellows and attentive listenings to the teachings of Christ will lead on laid out a route which is a marvel to the principles of the Declaration of Independent of the most crucial reall sides to a better understanding and engineers who have seen profiles. They pendence. One of the most crucial reto happier mutual relations. Certain it parallel the ridges instead of crossing is that, so far as it is possible, the laborer should not lack support for himself and seventy miles long, demonstrating that the Mormon Church is that it shall pro-He should not be overburdened what appears to be the longest route is in weight or time of labor; he really the shortest way to the Coast. should be treated as a rational and moral Southern Utah are anthracite coal beds, the people of the State, that perfect being, with all the respect due his human which exceed Pennsylvania's by one-dignity. His remuneration, if diminthe Gentile railroad butider. These coal State shall ever be molested on account increase in periods of prosperity."

These coal State shall ever be molested on account fields will be pierced by the new road, of his mode of religious worship, pro-Bishop Clawson of the Mormon Church vided that polygamous or plural mar-New York, July 15.—Rev. Thomas is the active representative of Zion in riages are forever prohibited. Dixon, Jr., who finds a text for each this project. He is here and in charge Sanday's sermon in the events of the of the lobby which has put the statehood previous week, preached in Association bill into the President's hands so smooth-Hall to-day of the strike. He said in ly. Associated with the Rishop is Mr part:
"This great uprising of the laboring Stanford estate. Co-operating with the classes, which has cost the country \$1,- Mormons in the road and statehood 000,000 and is likely to cost it \$5,000,000, scheme is Colonel J. S. Clarkson, who represents the capital to be invested in the road, and who will probably give his

GEORGE'S AMENDMENT.

Commission of Labor to be Composed o

Eleven Members. Washisaros. July 14.—George of Mississippi to-day offered in the Senate since the property of the Kansas Pacific an amendment to his bill creating a board of arbitration. It provides for the establishment of a commission of labor to be composed of the Commissioner of Labor and ten additional memsers to be appointed by the President The oath of office prescribes that each member will fairly and impartially discharge the duties of arbitration imposed upon him by law, without respect to as well as the rich. This commission is to be charged with the settlement of all accounts separate. It is rumored here that the settlement of all accounts separate. It is rumored here that this is a step toward the reorganization. We shall never yield." transportation companies which may be rought before them in accordance with the law. They are also required to arbi trate such disputes as may be sub to them between the employers of labo and their employes in other business onnected with the interstate commerce when the Legislature of the governmen

Rowas Found in the Water.

HELENA, July 16 .- Particulars of the recovery of the cash box stolen from the Great Northern express Gessenger at Wicks Friday are at band. The box was recovered with all its treasure, \$1,000 The robbers were closely pursued and

THE NEW STATE.

he United States Circuit Court delivered She Will Take Her Place, as the Forty-fifth Star.

HER FUTURE VERY BRIGHT.

The Conditions Under Which the Territory of Etah is to Admitted to the Union - Polygamous or Plural Marriages Forever Prohibited.

tary Thurber has in his custody at the fight was for the full amount of the es-White House a gold pen set in a silver timates at these points in order that the the agent and coworker of Debs to insti- but if it fulfills its mission, it will never not eligible to membership in the Amer- scribe the name of Grover Cleveland on

of the act, secured the pen and holder and entrusted them into the keeping of Secretary Thurber until the time To-morrow Rawlins, having secured the signature of Vice-President son's absence from the city, and it was hoped to have Speaker Crisp's name on the document; but the Speaker will not return from Georgia in time. No one but the President will sign the act, and At first it was intended to have a solid gold pen and holder, but as Utah comes in as a bimetalism State, and Westerners, who are making the silver fight in

The signing of the act does not make one. December of 1895 will probably be the time when Utah will be entitled to the forty-fifth star in the flag. The pointed by the President in pursuance constitutional convention will meet next of the provision of the act of Congress March to frame a State constitution. approved July 13, 1892, and entitled 'An March to frame a State constitution, which will be submitted to the people ber, 1895, when the Governor and other state officers and a member of Congress and for other purposes,' with their re-will be elected. If the constitution is port, which is contained in Senate execratisfied, and if the President finds that utive document No. 7, Fifty-third Cont provides for a republican form of government under the provisions of the act that contracts may be entered into by of Congress, he will issue a proclamation the Secretary of War for such materials announcing the fact and declaring Utah and work as may be necessary to com-November election will meet early in as appropriations may from time to time becomber, and one of its first acts will be made by law, not to exceed in the agse to choose two United States Senators. It may mafely be said that the senior Senator is likely to be the present Delegate from the Territory, whose fight for statehood is expected to certainly re eive recognition, if the views of his Congressional colleagues are shared by his constituents. The government pays

There will be a new registration of the ditions now prescribed by law. voters, upon which the apportionment There was some talk about legates to constitute the convenlitional for every 2,000 of population, First the convention must declare on be Several important requirements for the State constitution are made by Congress That it shall be republican in form and quirements of the State constitution vide by ordinance, irrevocable with In the consent of the United States and toleration of religious sentiment shall be secured, and that no inhabitant of the

TO FORECLOSE BONDS.

Suit Brought Against the Union Pacific Railroad Company.

TOPEKA, July 17.-Suit was filed in the United States Circuit Court to-day pany to foreclose bonds amounting to \$111,725,000. The suit was filed by tees of the bondholders of the Kansas Pacific, by their attorneys, Rossington, passed under the control of the Union Pacific its revenues, which were sufficient to protect bondholders, have been used to defray expenses on other parts of the system. Plaintiffs ask for the appointment of receivers to look after their interests. Judge Foster appointed H. H. Clark, Oliver W. Mink, and E. Ellery Anderson, three of the five reeivers of the Union Pacific, as receivers of the Kansas Pacific, with instructions ntinue to operate the road as a part tion of the Kansas Pacific.

Pence and Bell; "On behalf of our Pacific Coast neighbor we argently request favorable action on the Nicaragua canal bill before Com grees adjourns.

nerce of San Francisco this message ing your request."

DOLPH MADE A FIGHT.

Increases Secured by Him for Oregon's Waterways.

Washington, July 13.-Senator Dolph made a hard fight for Oregon improvements from the moment the river and harbor bill was taken up in the Senate Committee on Commerce. The engineers made estimates for the full amounts to complete the improvements now in progress on the lower Willamette and Columbia, and for the mouth of the Columbia. The policy of the Democrats who are in control, and the administration, on account of the condition of the treasury, is to scale down all ap-

complete the jetty.

He asserted that, having been in use a parchment headed:

"An enactment to authorize the people of Utah to form a constitution and savailable. If it should break down, it swould necessitate the building of another."

"As near as I can in the depletion of the standing army of unemployed in this country by return of from St. Paul, likewise at Livingston, workers to their homes abroad. It is expected that, naving north from St. Paul, likewise at Livingston, workers to their homes abroad. It is expected that, naving north from St. Paul, likewise at Livingston, about 14:30." Prendergast rested well fast might and seemed calm and collected.

State government and to be admitted to would necessitate the building of another. would necessitate the building of another

After discussing the matter with the committee Senator Dolph became convinced that, so far as the committee was oncerned, there was no possibility for any other improvements at the dalles Stevenson and Acting Speaker Richardson to the enabling act, will carry it to sentiment in favor of a portage road; in the White House for the Presidential autograph. The ceremony would have taken place Saturday but for Richardson to sentiment in favor of a portage road; in fact, there was decided opposition to such a scheme. It then became the purpose of Senator Polph to get some slightly increasing nervousness, but on purpose of Senator Dolph to get some kind of an appropriation for the dalles in the committee and in the Senate, and then, if the House conferrees on the bill offer any project that can be agreed upon, it will be time enough to consider when he has done so Rawlins will take the matter. Senator Dolph's proposi-charge of the pen which made it a law. tion for a boat railway is as follows: "Improving the Columbia river, Ore-egon and Washington, at Three-Mile

Rapids and the construction and equipnent of a boat railway from the foot of politics attach some sentiment to the The Dalles Rapids to the head of Celilo fact, the white metal (silver) was allowed to share honors at the accepted at each terminus with hydraulic lifts After the pen has done its work and other necessary appliances for the Rawlins will take possession of it. It purpose of raising and lowering the boats will be suitably engraved and enshrined on suitable cars to and from its tracks, Rawlins will take possession will be suitable engraved and enshrined in the State capitol of the new State in the State capitol of the new State and equipped for the passage of eight and equipped for the passage of eight boats of 600 tons each in each direction Ctah a State, but merely sets in motion in twelve hours, on the south side of the Columbia river, substantially in accordance. December of 1895 will probably be act making appropriations for the conratification at an election in Novem-r, 1895, when the Governor and other tain public works on rivers and harbors The Legislature elected at the plete such improvements, to be paid for gregate \$2,064,467, exclusive of amount herein appropriated: and provided, further, that the Secretary of War nay, and he is hereby authorized, to expend so much of the amount hereby appropriated as may be necessary in acquiring by purchase or condemnation the right of way for said boat railway and the right to the use of lands required for terminal facilities for said boat railway n the manner and according to the con-

but it was found that it would take at tion will be made. Each county is to least a year to get proper surveys and have at least one delegate and one ad- estimates for a canal, while it would take several more years to complete the work. half of the people of the State to adopt | could be completed in two or three years

TALK WITH DEBS.

The Union's President More Confident of Success Than Ever.

Cincago, July 13 .- Mr. Debs was today more confident of the success of his noon, and it was passed. The bill cause than at any time since the strike amends the act of September 29, 1890, began. He said in an interview:

"I feel that this day is fraught with the utmost importance. As I view the aid in the construction of railroads to largest revenue-producing items, which says: The fact has just come to light situation now, it presents a more favor- the extent only of lands opposite to and has not heretofore been considered in that the administration, through secreable outlook for us than ever before. The excitement and turbulence inevitably incident to the lapse of a great upheaval is past. The strife and moil are elements that have passed in the night. One is now enabled to obtain a clear perspective of the immen conflict now waging. The cool-headed and steady purpose has succeeded passion and diverse contention. Now public sentiment can calmly and truly judge of the right and wrong in this struggle. All these things, I say, tend to strengthen our position. When the mass of the people are aided in rendering an impartial verdict on the merita against the Union Pacific Railroad Com- of the case, I feel certain we will not be degraded in public opinion. Indeed, we are now deemed in the right by the majority of the 64,000,000 inhabitants of ticorge J. Gould and Russell Sage, trus- this country, and the adage has it, When you are sure you are right, then go shead,' so we shall fight it out until

> "Then any reports that you are preparing to give up the struggle are not true, Mr. Debs?"

our aims are accomplished.

true. "Most emphatically they are not. Telegraphic rumors may say that I have sent word to our men in this city or that Commodore Carpenter, who has been on we are about to throw up the sponge, but they will be falsehoods without the necessity of a denial. Our stand is this: We have at all times shown our willingness to make a reasonable settlement of the difficulties that confront the country. We have even gone beyond what should be demanded of us to arrange for

Cost to the Government.

Nicaragua Canal Bill.

Washington, July 13.—The cost to Denvan, July 17.—The Chamber of the United States of putting down the Commodore Kirkiand before the latter Commerce to-day received the following strike in the West is estimated by the could reach his flagship, it was rumored from the San Francisco Chamber of government officials at fully \$1,000,000. It may foot up more. The items include tary in giving the Commodore the our "Will you aid by telegraphing to your telegraph bills. Deputy Marshals' pay mand of the favorite station, and one For the first time in many months the Senators and Representatives in pre- and the transportation and maintenance which will soon be reinforced by some of receipts of the government are exceedventing an adjournment until the Nicaragua canal bill is reported?"

After due consideration the following

The estimate for Marshals' the finest ships in the navy, is strong pay in Chicago alone is from \$150,000 to \$200,000, and Congress in a lew days

to \$200,000, and Congress in a lew days

to \$200,000. telegram was sent to Representatives will be asked to appropriate this, as it dore Kirkland will hold the rank of Adis urgent.

Sir Charles Tupper Will Preside. Loxnon, July 13,-Sir Charles Tupper To the President of the Chamber of will preside on speech day at the Colonia college in Suffolk July 28. The students "Reciprocating favorable action on silver by your people, we have sent a telegram to Messrs. Pence and Bell urging your request."

**Steamers at present in Japanese waters Dunham has died in great agony, and in this college are training themselves for the transportation of troops. Own-transportation of troops. Own-transportation of the point of death. It is supposed that the milk address the Scottish Geographical Society on the progress of the Dominion.

**Steamers at present in Japanese waters Dunham has died in great agony, and two or three others are at the point of lowed to plead guilty to receiving sent for the transportation of the war risks in Eastern was poisoned by being in a vessel with a copper bottom.

THE PENALTY PAID

The Cowardly Slayer of Mayor Carter Harrison Hanged.

DEFERENTIAL TO THE PRIEST

The Assassin Made Not an Audible Sound From the Time He Left His Cell, Apparently Being Lost in Contempla- to various points in Europe has figured

but it it fulfills its mission, it will never be dipped in ink but once. That will the trestle upon which is the tramway the crime with his life. Jailer Morris to the "old country" in case the the and direct a boycott in order to compel the Pullman Car Company to treat be Monday, July 16, 1894, and it will insuffice the proper the pullman Car Company to treat be Monday, July 16, 1894, and it will insuffice the proper than the treatle upon which is the transported to and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to an and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to an and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to an an analysis and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to an analysis and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to an analysis and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to an analysis and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to an analysis and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to an analysis and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the proper transported to an analysis and assistants made the final test of the interesting phases of the phase phase and the phase phase phases of the phase phase phase phase phase p Morris at 10:45 said: "As near as I can in the depletion of the standing army of He refused until late last evening to re- there are not a few who figure on a seathe Union on an equal footing with the original States."

Would necessitate the building of another the Union on an equal footing with the original States."

Belegate Rawlins of the Territory of Utah, whose efforts were largely instrumental in bringing about the enactment mental in bringing about the enactment of the original States. The original States of the Territory of Utah, whose efforts were largely instrument and to decessitate the building of another the Union on an equal footing with the at a great expense, and the cost of complete in the pleast six months unsuccessful door. Between 6 and 7 o'clock Prenderation recommended by the engineers.

The discontinuation of the Territory of Utah, whose efforts were largely instrument and to the Union on an equal footing with the at a great expense, and the cost of completion would be at least doubled or inglification. But when have been in the past six months unsuccessful door. Between 6 and 7 o'clock Prenderation or in the past six months unsuccessful door. Between 6 and 7 o'clock Prenderation or in the past six months unsuccessful door. Between 6 and 7 o'clock Prenderation or in the past six months unsuccessful door. Between 6 and 7 o'clock Prenderation or in the past six months unsuccessful door. Between 6 and 7 o'clock Prenderation or in the past six months unsuccessful door. Between 6 and 7 o'clock Prenderation or in the past six months are past of the past gast partook of ham and eggs, and about 9 o'clock sent word to Jailer Morris he was again hungry. The jailer had the prisoner served with another hearty eal, which he seemed to relish greatly The assassin talked freely with his spirit

> the whole he was remarkably calm and collected. Father Barry was in constant attendance upon Frendergast all morning. The little assassin was most deferential. He announced with a trifle of bravado:
> "I'll die game and set a great and shining example to my country." At 11 A.
>
> By Prendergast was removed to the ante23.07 knots. By the contract she was re-

> room of the jail office, where the last quired to make 21 knots, and the connone of the companies of batteries and kind offices were performed. Prender-tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops that have been brought to Chings the last to allow him twenty makes the last to the last of \$50,000 for the last tractors were to receive a bonus of \$50,000 for the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops that have been brought to Chings the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops that have been brought to Chings the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops that have been brought to Chings the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops that have been brought to Chings the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops that have been brought to Chings the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops that have been brought to Chings the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were to receive a bonus for extraops the last tractors were the to allow him twenty minutes to make a each quarter knot, so that according to will be sent back to their posts. They dying statement, but it was thought be Commodore Selfridge's figures the will constitute the permanent garrises could at the last moment forego the de-ermination.
>
> Commodore Selfridge's figures the premium earned will amount to \$414,000, the largest ever earned by a vessel.
>
> When proposals were received for building the Minneapolis is and inspected the scaffold and appurwould at the last moment forego the dein and inspected the scaffold and appuring the minerapolis, it was found that the first units of the new system of army ranged around the corridor. At 11:42 sheriff Gilbert and Jailer Morris appeared sheriff Gilbert and Jailer Morris appeared next with a bid of \$2,745,00. The Secretor a substantial increase of the regular for a substantial increase of the regular forms.

> at the right of the scaffold. The pristary of the Navy thought the Bath Iron oner, pale and unsteady, walked behind. Works had hardly a sufficient plant to He stood without apparent nervousness, though a trifle weak and unsteady, as ship, and he offered to bestow the conhis arms were being pinioned. He looked calmiy out on the assembled crowd below him. While the shroud was placed about him barring a little realize mayor. about him, barring a little restless movement of the eves, he made no motion. Jailer Morris placed the rope about his neck, the white cap over his head, and at 11:48 his body shot downward. His head twisted to one side, his neck having been apparently broken. A short, spas-modic movement of the legs was the only sign of life apparent. Surrounded by the jury and physicians, the corpse swung to and fro, and at 11:57, nine minutes after the trigger was sprung, he was pronounced dead. The assassin made not an audible sound from the time he unchanged. It states that the Russian left his cell, apparently being lost in contemplation of his awful fate. He was gently dissuaded by Sheriff Gilbert from a determination to make a speech. At Gorean territory, but declining to with the reply of the Japanese government, disavowing any design upon Corean territory, but declining to with the solution of the rope, and the shrouded corpse was slowly lowered and laid in the contant recurrence of the disturbthe coffin standing underneath the plat. the coffin standing underneath the plat-form. The face was not badly distorted, complains. It is also stated that the though the mouth was open and the Chinese government has promptly re-tongue protruding. The color of the fused to consult with the Japanese govfeatures was a bluish tint, which, with ernment for the purpose of devising his unkept reddish hair straggling down means to assist Corea in her cause and over the forehead, made a sight long to simply reiterates its demand for the re-

be remembered.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Land Grants Forfeited and Right of Pekin tendered his personal good offices Way Granted.

WASHINGTON, July 12,-By virtue of the adoption of a special order the House was enabled to reach a vote on the Mc-Rae land grant forfeiture bill this afterwhich in substance declares the forfeiture to the United States of land heretofore granted to State and corporations to contiguous with the portions of such railways as were not completed and operated at that time. The bill passed extends the forfeiture to the portions of the several railways to aid in the construction of which the grants were made, which were uncompleted when the time expired within which the roads were reuired to be completed by law. It inrolves portions of the grants of twentyve roads, the principal one of which is the Northern Pacific, and will restore to the public domain about 54,000,000 acres. A proviso was added to the bill so as to prevent it from being construed to forit the right of way and station grounds of any company, and also confirms to purchasers from such railways the titles to land not in excess of 320 acres to any holder. An effort was made by Hartman of Montana to remove the 320-acre limit, but this was defeated-96 to 110.

ABOUT THE NAVY.

Commodore Kirkland to Command the him. The fleeing banker, for Cutter was European Station. Washington, July 13.-Secretary Her-

bert to-day made two important details. waiting orders in Boston for some time, was assigned to the command of the Asiatic station to succeed Admiral Skerritt, just retired. By virtue of his command will have the rank of Rear Admiral. He is instructed to take passsage from San Francisco on the Gaelic August 7 The Secretary also made known his tention to give the command of the European station to Commodore William A. Kirkland at his own request as soon as Admiral Erben retires, probably before September. At the time Admiral Walker was sent to Hawaii to command that he was in disfavor at the depart- from customs for the first half of the ment, but to-day's action of the Secremiral, and his assignment will leave the South Atlantic station without an Admiral.

Japan Chartering Steamers. Laxor July 13 .- The Japanese gov ernment has chartered twelve English under physicians' care. Mrs. B. L. Furnand, originally accused of steamers at present in Japanese waters. Dunham has died in great agony, and the Jacobson diamonds, but who was a

ALIENS GOING HOME.

CHICAGO, July 18 .- The Evening Jour

nal prints the following: The European low rates inaugurated by the trading

CRUISER MINNEAPOLIS.

Her Speed Even Better Than at First

Indicated.

the total cost is \$3,204,600.

Removal of Japanese Troops.

moval of Japanese troops from Corea.

This, it is understood, was the substance

of the answer made by Sung Li Yamen

last week, when the British Minister in

to effect an amicable settlement of the

TARTER CONFERENCE.

Whisky.

ment toward it is quite favorable. The

plan contemplates a sliding scale, the

minimum tax being \$1 per gallon on

six years, \$1.05; seven years, \$1.10; eight years, \$1.15. By this arrangement

the eight years' bonded period is secured

by the distillers, although it is offset by

Spokane Banker Escapes

San Francisco, July 18 .- H. L. Cutter

rossed into Mexico at Tia Juana the

rest by officers who were in pursuit of

ornia, Cutter having left Spokane and

taken up his residence in San Diego.

Receipts Greater Than Expenditures

Washington, July 17.-Receipts from

915 during the same period last year. The almost unprecedented increase is no

doubt due to the expectation that in the pending tariff bill the tax on spirits will

present month amounted to \$3,535,000,

The Milk Was Poisoned.

persons were poisoned by eating ice

cream last week at West Union, ten

miles south of this city. All have been

which is 5 per cent more than last year.

e materially increased. The receipts

Spokane for embezzlement.

for each year in bond beyond five

Washington, July 16 .- The tariff con-

difficulty between the two countries.

THE SMALL POSTS Exodus From Chicago That Will Make

steamship lines may result in a wholesale exodus from Chicago of many men connected with the late strike. Never be-THE OUTCOME OF THE STRIKE fore in the history of steamship rates has it been possible to go from Chicago to an European port so cheaply. Since The Troops Now Gathered at Chicago the cut rates have been inaugurated, the Will Constitute Fort Sheridan's Perexodus from Chicago and the Northwest manent Garrison - The Commander of tion of His Awful Fate.

Unicago, July 13.—Within the gloomy steamship lines, and the announcement His Way to Bar Harbor. Washington, July 18.—Daily reports received at the War Department from

troops engaged in preventing disturbances on the railroads in the West show that the disturbance of the strikers has generally diminished from formidating rioting to petty operations and plateurtions. General Merritt at St. Paul reports obstructions have been encountered on the Great Northern running north sary to send the trains under goard for some time. General Miles reported the frightful accident at Chicago day before yesterday, and will take steps to ascertain how it occurred, and may appoint a board for this purpose.

Will Practically be Abandoned

by the Government.

As soon as in General Miles' judgment it will be advisable to do so, the regulars in Chicago will be withdrawn, but until General Miles so recommends no suggestion of the outside or request will have Washington, July 18 .- The Minneapany effect with the authorities. The history of the Chicago riots has conolis has done even better than the first reports indicated on her trial trip. Yesfirmed in official circles here a belief in terday Commodore Selfridge telegraphed the soundness of General Schoffeld's policy of concentrating troops at great central points near the large cities. It the Navy Department that the vessel made 23.05 knots, subject to tidal coris the intention now to carry out this idea as far as practicable. The first manrections. These corrections were made Fort Sheridan, fifteen miles distant, and none of the companies of batteries and

NO CHANGE IN COREA.

States army, arrived in Boston last night on his way to Bar Harbor. In convewith the premium earned on the trial, on his way to Bar Harbor. In conve-sation with a reporter he said that its late strike in Chicago had caused him to modify somewhat his views expressed in a recently published article signed by him, in which he had taken the ground that a small but well-disciplined army Chinese Government Still Demands the with better coast defense would be suffi-cient to protect the country from inva-sion. The question of interior disturb-Washington, July 17.-Latest telegraphic advices received here indicate ances had not been reached at that time.

GENERAL SCHOPPELD'S VIEWS.

Bostos, Mass., July 18.—Major-General Schoffeld, commanding the United

that the Corean situation is substantially The General said: 'I think upon considering the events which have recently taken place that an increase of the army's forces is needed. Several thousand men should be added at once. A small army well disciplined is obviously superior to a large one illtrained, but a larger army well drilled is now absolutely required."

In speaking of the massing of troops near large cities he said:

" It has been the policy of the governcenters, and as these centers have been large cities, the problem has been soled to a great extent. The troops are pixel near Chicago, for instance, I was in command of that division in 1884. At that time this mobilization of soldiers was done. It is done yet because Chicago is a large city and because it is the railroad center of the entire Northern frontier. We can send a large force un-

der this system to any desired point." GRESHAM'S LATEST.

Beiligerent Message Sent to the Japan-A New Plan Suggested for Revenue on ese Government.

New York, July 18 .- A Washington ferrees have had suggested to them a dispatch to a morning paper of proplan for revenue on whisky, one of the nounced anti-administration proclivities either the House or Senate. It was pro- tary Gresham, has committed another posed by one of the Senators, and senti- diplomatic blunder which is considered even more serious than the attempt to restore Queen Lillinokalani, which may whisky out of bond at the end of five have more important results. Members years and advancing 5 cents per gallon of the diplomatic corps, among whom years the facts have created something of a and not exceeding nine years. On this basis the tax would be: Five years, \$1; sensation, tell another story of it. Chinese Minister, who has been in inquent consultation of late with the Secretary of State regarding the strains relations between Japan and Cores, has finally induced the Secretary to send as the tax of \$1.15 per gallon if advantage official cable dispatch to the Japanese is taken of the full nine years. government expressing the dissatisfaction of the United States with the policy which Japan has followed with Cores and closing with the words:

"The United States views with regret the levying of an unjust war by Japan upon a weak and defenseless nation like night of June 30, and thus evaded ar- Corea.

This is considered a greater diplomatic him. The fleeing banker, for Cutter was blunder than the Secretary's action in the Hawaiian controversy, but there has Bank of Spokane and President of the not been time to realize the full extent Spokane Savings Bank, is wanted at of the message. The Japanese gover-Upon this ment has made no reply, and has procharge the grand jury indicted him, and Governor McGraw of the State of Wash-ment. At the Japanese Legation Governor McGraw of the State of Washington issued requisition papers, which were approved by the Governor of Calipress grave doubts as to the accuracy the story. There is no doubt about existence of the dispatch. Secretary Gresham has shown a copy of it to St Julian Pauncefote. The Chine-r Corean Legations have copies of it and Washington, July 17.—Receipts from the fact of its existence is known internal revenue so far this month several members of the House and Setamount to \$16,664,537, as against \$8,197,- ate Committees on Foreign Relations.

England's Eve on the Carri-London, July 17.-In the House of Commons to-day attention was called to the bill regarding the Nicaragua caral introduced in the United States Senals and the government was asked what steps it would take to maintain Clayton-Bulwer treaty. Secretary replied that attention we be given to the subject. The House ished this evening the report on stage of the budget. William Harcon Chancellor of the Exchequer, annual

Manshall, Ill., July 16 .- About thirty | the third reading. Four Years in Folsom. Sax Francisco, July 17.-Walter Il Furnand, originally accused of smaller