EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

THE WILY CHINESE

Midwinter Fair Exhibitors Try to Register.

Find of a Mexican Prospector Proves a Bonasca-Quartz All Studded With Gold-Land for Sale.

San FRANCISCO.-By the action of the property valued at from \$10,000,000 to 112,000,000 in charge of the land department of the Central Pacific road for disposai. The Pacific Improvement Com- expert. One is that Mrs. Stanford, who is a neavy down which it will face. It would thus stockhoider, is anxious to secure a large be brought near the edge of the bluif in amount or ready cash in order to carry full view of the Sound. The building out the wishes of her late husband. Any will be placed on a terrace six feet high. other reason is that the affairs of the Pacific Improvement Company have not been prosperous intely, and that its days of the dumers as an auxiliary of the Southern Pacific have passed. The offi-cers of the company, however, deny it is the intention to dissolve the corpora-tion. The sale will include over 125,000 acres or land, scattered over the States of Catifornia, Oregon, Nevada and Utah. Some of it is improved and some not Also included in the list are 125 town sites, comprising such places as Reno, Truckee, Corning, Willows, Montague, Merced and others on the lines of the Southern Pacific and its branches. Near Santa Barbara are 4,000 acres, and in Siskiyou county are 32,500 acres, 15,000 of which are under sence. The great Hotel del Monte at Monterey will also probably be placed on the market, though this is not decided. The property at Monterey comprises 14,000 acres. Pacine Grove and El Carmeso near Monterey and the big hotel at Castle Crag near Mount Shasts will also be sold.

RED ROCK'S RICH MINE.

The Discovery of a Ledge That is Studded With Gold.

Los Angeles .- A gold mine, which bids fair to turn out an immense bonanns, has been discovered thirty-eight miles northeasterly of Mojave. Notwith standing that the find was made three weeks ago the news has not reached the ontarde world yet, although in that region the excitement is running high and the people are flocking to the new fields as fact as they can. The first news wa-brought to Los Angeles by State Sena-tor Del Valle, who returned from Red He brought with him specimen of the quarts, picked up from the dump Implement, which are so full of free gold, running in size from a speck to the or distons of a pea, that it is no exaggertion to say that the ore inust average a latest have been worked for several months, have caused quite a little settlement to On March 30 a Mexican in-There is none of it in which the gold is not distinctly visible, and most of will go to pieces before the wreckers the pieces are literally studded with it. gin work. The report of Captain the pieces are intensity studied with it. Senator Dei Valle says that the assays and of the wrecked ves-el, handed to show almost increation returns, but this is plain to see on examining the speci-els, does not differ materially from the mens which he brought. The quarts is story told by the captain at the inquest soit, and the gold particles are so readily held at Monterey. extracted that a man with crude means can get a dollar or so in a few minutes. The ledge is 4,000 test above sea level, and wood and water are scarce, a few small springs being the only supply of the latter. The Senator says people are rushing in by the hundreds, all bent on nothing eise tus been lound which promises returns. Extensions on this ciaim, however, show good returns.

CHEAPER GRAIN BATES.

Secure a Reduction.

WALLA WALLA, -The recent decisions made by the Interstate Commerce Commission in the Pullman and Ritzville It is safe to say that the total pack for cases have convinced the people of Walla the year will not reach last year's figures. Walla county that a reduced rate can be secured for the transportation of grain from Walla Walla to Portland. At a meeting of merchants and farmers the matter of bringing a case before the Commission that it is in no sense a party commission was piaced in the hands of a committee, consisting of F. W. Paine, Milton Evans, Sol Center, Henry Kell-ing, Miles C. Moore, M. Baumeister, M. ing, Miles C. Moore, M. Baumeister, M. Company explained that the proportion McCarthy, W. S. Gilliam, J. B. Gebr, of the fare from Ogden to this city is Daniel Stewart, Jesse Drumbeller, N. F. part of the through rate only and cannot be considered as a rate from Ogden to Cal Butler and David Miller. This come tee organized by electing Milton Evans formia points. It will decline to accept Chairman, Henry Kelling Secretary and any tickets sold at less than the full M. McCarthy Treasurer. The commit-tice will ask for a rate of 1 cent per ton per mile. The present rate from Walla Walla to Portland is 14.1 cents per bushel. If the rate applied for is given, it would be 7.35 cents per bushel. As Walla Walla county ships annually 3,000,000 bushels of grain, this saving of SAN FRANCISCO.—As many predicted bi cents per bushel would add much prosperity of the farmers of Walla Walla. This committee is actively at winter Fair concession to bring in quite work, and will find no difficulty in securing tunds to carry the cases before

THE TIDE-LAND DECISION.

It May Cause the State a Great Deal of Annoyance and Litigation.

OLYMPIA.-It would appear from the recent decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Smith against the Commissioner of Public Lands that the State is liable to be deprived of valuable tideland reserves, unless there be some legal means of avoiding it. All this is attrib-utable to the total tide-land appraisers in failing, as required by law, to file with the Commissioner of Public Lands a plat of natural oveter beds in their several of natural oveter beds in their several counties. The inference drawn from the decision is that, there being no such plats died, the segui presumption is there are no such beds; hence the Commissioner other expenses (which the Supreme Court has just finally decided, is worth about \$4,000,000. Out of this sum the costs of litigation and other expenses (which the Supreme Court has just finally decided, is worth about \$4,000,000. no such beds; hence the Commissioner other expenses (which the successful must usue a certificate of purchase at claimant. Florence Blythe, estimates hank says, should not be taken as an intermediate will be about 40 per cent) will have to be hank says, should not be taken as an intermediate will be about 40 per cent) will have to be hank says, should not be taken as an intermediate the rate of 110 an acre, although the fact will be about 40 per cent) will have to be hank says, should not be taken as an intermediate the flattern bank is in the large sum of \$2,400,000 dication that the Hariem bank is in trouble. The institution is sound.

Treasurer of the Union Pacific fund shall be alwead as further security for the new bends to be issued.

was the intent of the law to reserve from sale. No doubt an effort will be made to avoid such loss. Possibly steps may be avoid such loss. Possibly steps may be taken to compel county appraisers to do their duty or resign in favor of those who will respect the provisions of the law. Allen Weir, one of the counsel for Smith, takes the ground that a person desiring to establish the existence of natural oyster bels should compel the local appraisers to file a plat with the Commissioner, they being the only agents of the State authorized to do that duty. Further, under the decision the Commissioner of Public Lands is authorized and com-Public Lands is authorized and com-pelled to sell tide lands unless there exists a contest, and the appeal board has no authority except to hear a contest.

WASHINGTON'S STATE CAPITOL.

WASHINGTON STATE CAPITOL. Ernest Flagg of New York is the Su-

OLYMPIA.-Out of 187 plans submitted by architects from every State in the Union for Washington's State capitol the commission selected that of Ernest Flagg of New York. The second prize of \$1,500 was awarded to William Ken San Francisco.—By the action of the von of Minneapolis, the third prize of Board of Directors of the Pacific Im- 1000 to W. H. Dennis of Minneapolis provement Company at their meeting and O. P. Dennis of Tacoma, the fourth the other day it was decided to place prize of (500 to German & Dewaard of Duluth and W. E. Brown of Chicago. All the plans receiving awards were from the six selected by Prof. Ware, who was engaged by the board as architectural The building will cost \$1,000, pany and the Southern Pacific, although | 000, to be paid for from the sale of 132. organized under different charters, are 100 acres of land granted for that purpractically one and the same, as the Statehood. Work will commence at stock of both corporations is owned in once. The capitol grounds proper cover great part by the same persons. Various twelve acres. It is proposed to place reasons are surmised for the setting out the central line of the State building out of the Pacific Improvement company, the central line of Fourteenth street,

Mr. C. Sallivan's Estate. TACOMA.—The estate of the late M. Sullivan is estimated by S. E. Marshall, assistant manager of the New York office of the Thiel detective agency, who was sent here by Mr. Thiel when Sullivan died for the purpose of inquiring into the value and extent of the estate, to be worth \$250,000. Mr. Marshall says sul ivan carried most of his business pa pers in a gripeack, and that he neglected his business interests while showing a capacity to make money. He reports over \$1,000 in taxes unpaid. From here Mr. Marshall will go to Portland, San Francisco and Los Angeles, where he says Sullivan left several good properties, and that Mr. Thiel will establish about a half-interest in the entire estate. He does not anticipate Mr. Thicl will have any difficulty in d ing this.

To Number and Name Streets. ASTORIA.-Mayor Kinney has signed an ordinance to change the names of all the streets in this city. The ordinance was introdu-ed into the Council on ac count of the expressed desire on the part of the United States postal authorities that the nomenclature of the streets should be put into some condition less perplexing than at present, for now it Astoria one name does duty for three treets and another answers for eleven The ordinance provides for naming all streets by numbers from west to east and with the letters of the alphabet from north to south. Most of the new namewill be the same as those of streets an-avenues of New York. The signing of the ordinance ends an agitation in this

The Los Angeles Shifting. Sax Francisco.-The bones of the old Los Angeles do not rest well on the rocky bottom of the ocean off Point Sur. The value of many thousand dollars a ton.

The placers around Red Rock, which 1,000 feet toward the shore from where -he first went down. The wreckers hop--he will move still farther toward th beach. Her new position will facilitate sabitant of the camp discoverd this ledge the work of the wreckers, and now there in question about nine unless west of the is more hope that a greater part of the piacers. A shatt has been sunk quite steamer will be saved. The only danged keep, and the ore is richer as it goes is that in a shift the hull may be bange around on jagged rocks so hard that she

Salmon Not Running Well. Astonia.-The cannerymen have al most given up hope of a large pack of salmon this year. Despite the fact that expires in July next. It therefore fol all the conditions so far have been favor beating claims, but besides this bonance able for a heavy run, fish are still scarce. and the average pack per cannery is not above sixty cases. Since the opening of the season, and in fact for two weeks previous, the weather has been all that could have been wished; and it was con-fidently expected that the high temper-Farmers of Walla Walla County Hope to expectation failed of realization. There has been little or no trap fishing yet or account of the freshet, and until the wa ter clears it would be a waste of tin and money to get the traps in readiness.

Emigrant Rate Question. SAN FRANCISCO.-The Southern Pacific has notified the Interstate Commerce Western Passenger Association. In a important change suggested, and which telegram sent to the commission the company explained that the proportion lates to the playing time. The present of the lare from Ogden to this city is a playing time was reduced to thirty-five part of the through rate only and cannot be quoted as a rate from Orden to Cali-

the Chinese took advantage of the Midmaking a home in the United States. It was represented that after the fair was over they would return to the Flowery Kingdom. That this assurance was only a misrepresentation is evident from cer tain facts now in the possession of the Federal officials. It is believed that many of the "exhibitors" have scattered throughout the country, and that others were prepared to make prolonged stavs is evident from the fact that five of them boidly attempted to take advantage of the registration act. The estimates of those registered in San Francisco range

from 3,000 to 6,000. Plorence Blythe's Share.

San Francisco.-It is estimated that the Blythe estate, the disposition of June,

ADMIRAL WALKER.

Proposed Organization of Persons Distinguished in Literature, Science, the Fine Arts and Invention.

Washington,-A plan for the creation and operate the road. of a select body of twenty-five persons di-tinguished in literature, science, the fine arts and invention has been submitted to the House by Representative Black of Chicago. The plan is embodied in two bills on somewhat similar lines. The first was drawn by General Lew Walace, the author, and the other by Librarian of Congress Spofford. They provide for the appointment of committees of three from the Senate and two from the House, who shall make the select ommittee of five members to form the nucleus of the organization These five shall be "citizens of the United States, of culture, and distinguished in literature, science, fine arts and inventions. These five shall elect twenty other per sons emicently distinguished in literature, arts, etc. The twenty-five elected are to constitute a continuous body. They are given the power to establish a name for the body and to fill vacancies by electing new members so the quota of twenty-five shall be preserved. Section 2 of the bill provides that the Librarian of Congress shall set aside a chamber in the new Congressional Library for the ise of the body, with attendants, lights and the use of all books and materials in the pos-ession of the library. Prof. Spotford's bill also adds a provision that the body shall furnish reports to Congress on memorials concerning the language of literature which may be submitted to Congress from time to time. The purpose of the bill is to create an organization in this country similar to the "Immortals" of France and to the national academies of tireat Britain,

sermany and other countries. THE SUPREME COURT.

Controversy of Great Importance Be tween Maryland and Virginia.

Washington,-The Supreme Court has lecided the case of Robert L. Wharton against the Sheriff of Account county, Va., which involves the regions having syster fisheries in the waters between and belonging to Virginia and Maryland This question has grown into an inter -tate controversy of great importance. Justice Field delivered the opinion of he court, holding that the compact 1785 between the two States was still in orce, but that the courts of Virginia orce, but that the courts of Virginia ffenses against citizens of Virginia and not for offenses against the State of Virinia. The decision was in favor of Virginia and against Wharton.

The higation between the steamship-Britannia and Beaconsfield over their offsion in New York harbor has been lecided. Justice Shiras delivered the pinion reversing the Circuit Court's de sion and sustaining the decision of the District, that both vessels were at fault and there should be a division of dam-tges. He declared that the Britannia was bound to have forescen the current. which interfered with her intention to follow her signals and pass astern of the other vessel, and that the Beaconsfield was at fault in not keeping her headway movement, Justice Brow seing unable to conclude that the Beaonsfield was at fault.

STAY WILL BE SHORT.

Admiral Walker Expected Back From Hawaii This Summer.

Washington,-There can no longer be any doubt that Rear-Admiral Walker's essignment to the command of the Parific squadron is of a temporary nature and is directly connected with the estabdishment of a coaling station at Pearl Harbor and for a vigorous enforcement of the Monroe doctrine in case there should be any danger of foreign interference during the coming elections. Admiral Walker has been selected for the superintendency of the Naval Academy to relieve Captain Phythian, whose term was assigned to the command of the Pa cific squadron the department had a special object in view in sending him to Hawaii, and that his mission would be short. He may not return to the United States in time to relieve Captain Phythian in July, but he is likely to take harge of the academy before the beginning of the school year in September.

NEW POOTBALL RULES.

The Changes Made to Avoid Boughnes of Play.

New York.-The revision of the play ing rules of intercollegiate football is practically completed. The former ac-tion of the committee has been ratified the Department of Justice for the reorexcepting only that it is decided to allow the scoring to remain as at present. An after some discussion was adopted, re minutes. Another point settled is that the ball must be put into play after going "in touch" either by a kick or by down from a point in the field of play at east five yards and not more than fifteen yards from the point at which the ball went "in touch." This was done to prevent the almost unavoidable rough ess of the plays as the rule now stands The rules framed by the experts will now be codified by Walter Camp, the Secretary of the Board of Experts, and he will forward a copy to every member of the committee for his signature.

Prizefighting Lawful.

NEW OBLEANS.-The Supreme Court as decided the matter of the State vs. he Olympic Club. It affirmed the desion of the lower court, which was by majority vote of the jury in favor of the club. The case has been pending for months, and the decision will permit re-sumption of glove contests in Louisiana.

Noted Billiard Event.

Carcago.-The most sensational event recorded in the billiard world at Paris this season is a cushion-carora contest,

0 Has No Significance. New York .- The refusal of the Garfield National Bank to clear for the HarWASHINGTON CITY NEWS.

Attorney-General Olney has appointed John M. Gearin an Assistant District Attorney for Oregon to assist in the pros-ecution of the Chinese and opium-smug-

The President has nominated Pay Director Edwin M. Stewart to be chief of the bureau of supplies and accounts and Paymaster-General with the rank of

Senator Peffer has introduced a bill to provide for a collection of the rebate due from the Union Pacific Company. The bill authorizes the sale of the road, and provides that in case no bid is made equal to the amount of the indebtedness he government shall take the property

Secretary Herbert has reduced the serience of Commander Heyerman, found guilty by court-martial of causing the wreck of the Kearsarge, from two years' to one year's suspension from duty. Lieutenant Lyman was sentenced to one year's suspension and a public There were about 1,000 people present, reprimand. Herbert set aside the reprimand.

son of Washington is a member of the commission, and gave the measure strong The bill will be favorably re-

The estimates by the Director of the Mint of the silver product of the United California, Colorado, Idaho, North Carolina, South Carolina, South Dakota,
Texas and Washington, while in all other
States and Territories the figures show a decrease of production.

A voluminous report from Mr. Brady,

United States Consul at Greytown, has been received by Secretary Gresham. the Consul tells how he came to go to Bluefields and how he lost his exequatur, but the department has not yet gathered ufficient information to make a satisfactory response to the Senate resolution calling for an account of the late troubles and the existing conditions at Bluefields. The House Indian Affairs Committee has made a favorable report on the com-promise bill for the settlement of the Ute question. The bill provides for carrving out the treaty of 1880, settling the Indians in severalty anywhere on the present reservation within ninety days, and those not electing or qualified to settle in severalty to take the western orty miles of the reservation and four townships in New Mexico. The rest of the land will be thrown open to settle-ment and the proceeds of the sales given

to the Indians. In many Oregon cases of Indian deplaw of the Fifty-first Congress there have srisen disputes as to what is meant by the words "in amity" and "bands" as applied to Indian tribes. Senator Dolph has introduced a bill defining these words. "In amity" is to be construed

Wants Nicaragua to Explain. to mean Indians at peace or in treaty relations with the United States. "Band" is to be a tribe having a sepbles which are raised by Judges and lawvers in cases where attempts are made by citizens to obtain their just dues from the United States.

Lieutenant W. A. Beeler of the navy hydrographic office has returned from a trip to Europe on the Weimar, made by authority of Secretary Herbert to test the new aid to navigation, the solarom-eter. This instrument is intended to re-place the sextant aboard ship in showlong arithmetical calculations. One feat ure of the greatest value is the capacity of the instrument to record observations in fogs, when the sun or stars shine dimly or the horizon cannot be seen, and the sextant is useless to locate the ship. The Lieutenant reports that the instru ment worked admirably on the Weimar under all kinds of weather, and that the North German Lloyd Company is making arrangements to equip all their ves-sels with it. It is probable the instrument will also be used in our navy.

Secretary Herbert does not intend that from the party in the belief that its for-the vessels of the Behring Sea patrol fleet on their summer cruises shall make not likely, he said, to believe so longer, such a mistake as to give poachers warn- as the government was determined to ing of their approach. The coal he has maintain the unity of the Empire abroad sent to Ounalaska for the ships is of a and the unity in the best sense of the smokeless variety from the Comox mines word of the three kingdoms at home. British Columbia. The selection brought forth a voluminous patriotic protest from residents of the State of Washington, and the Secretary has sent a letter to Commander Clark, the officer of the navy at Port Townsend, directing him to have all the vessels of the fleet to take sufficient coal from the Fairhaven mine in Washington to enable many had been consulted in the matter, them to reach the coal supply at Ounalaska and to make a full report of its quality. The instructions continue: "As this coal emits a very black smoke, not deemed expedient to use it while the vessels are patrolling Behring Sea. After reaching the base of the coal which has already been contracted for, as far as practicable no other coal will be used,"

Attorney-General Olney has sent to readjustment of the claims of the United States against the company. According to the terms of the bill the aggregate amount of indebtedness shall be com-puted and ascertained as follows: First -To the total amount of the principal of said bonds of the United States shall be added the interest which shall then have been paid, and the interest then and thereafter payable by the United States thereon until the respective dates of the maturity of said bonds, as if no payment had been made or credit given thereon. Second-From the aggregate amount so ascertained shall be deducted any and all payments or credits upon the said indebtedness to the United States, as shall appear in the bond and interest accounts of said company, respectively, with the United States July 1. 1894 Third—The present worth of the balance of the fond shall be comouted as of July, 1894, by discounting the said balance at the rate of 2 per cent per annum for the period between said ast-mentioned date and the average date maturity of said bonds of the United States. The amounts so computed and ascertained shall be deemed to be the amount due to the United States on July, 1894, and the bonds of said company shall be received by the United States as herein provided and paid for said amount. The bonds to be received by the United States are to run 100 years. to mature July 1, 1994, and to draw which has been arranged between Ives per cent per annum interest. The bonds and Schaefer on one side and Vignaus shall be secured by a mortgage covering and Carter on the other. The match all the property, real, personal and will be played about the first week in mixed, of the railway company. Under the terms of this mortgage the Union Pa-cific, beginning with the year 1850, shall pay annually into the said treasury sink-ing fund \$1,650,000, default for six months

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SAMOAN SITUATION

Are Awaiting an Answer From the United States-Etc.

nese and whites. There were five speak-Commissioner of Indian Affairs in advo-cacy of a bill ratifying the treaty with the Nez Perce Indians and the opening of the surplus land to settlement. Wilpolicy of inactivity, taking no part voting while awaiting the answer of the United States to the pending protest or appeal of the Hawaiian people. Nothing was said of loyalty to the Queen or of a desire to return to monarchy. reases are shown in Alaska, Arizona, to the provisional government and to oppose the re-establishment of the monto United States Minister Willis, with the request that they be forwarded to Washington. To date 715 have regis-tered in Honolulu. Ten days more remain of the twenty-four. The Portuguese are holding back in fear of losing Portuguese citizenship by taking the

Not Almed at Americans PARIS.-There is no truth in the story the decree signed by President Carnot, forbidding members of the French dipomatic and consular service under pain of dismissal to marry without the permission of the Foreign Minister, provoked by the marriage of M. Jules Patenotre and Count d'Aunay to American ladies. It is explained at the foreign office that the marriages of representatives of the French government to foreigners are becoming more frequent, and that it may affect the position of those already having foreign wives, but it is not aimed at Americans. Premier Casimir also explains distinctly that the redations coming up before the Court of President's action is not due to the num-Ciaims under the Indian depredations ber of Americans who have married Frenchmen, but is in consequence of the

LONDON.-Great Britain has demanded of Nicaragua an explanation of the withdrawal of the exequatur of the British arate or independent organization. This drawai of the exequatur of the British bill is made necessary by the many quib- Minister at Greytown. The exequatur of Mr. Bingham was withdrawn on April 2, at the same time as that of United States Consul Braida. The Nicaraguan government complains that Mr. Bingham and Mr. Braids had acted, together with the commander of the British war ship Cleopatra, in a way which imperiled the rights of Nicaragua in the Mosquito territory, and it was therefore determined they must go. The Nicaraguan acting Secretary of State, when the exequatur

Rosebery, in a speech at a meeting of 4.75; Japan, \$5.0065.25. the City Liberal Club said he was of the exceedingly weary of the eternal struggle for and against Irish coercion. He Lima, 45c per pound. asked the Unionists whether apart from the Irish question it was worth their while to hold aloof from the Liberal party owing to its copyright of the word | ter gallons, \$1.75 per dozen. "Liberal." If they formerly held aloof from the party in the belief that its for-

London.-Sir George Baden Powell in the House of Commons inquired whether it was proposed that New Zealand should administer the government of Samoa, and whether the United States and Ger-If so, would the government make a statement as to the attitude assumed by tiermany and America. Sir Edward Grey, Under Foreign Secretary, said that a telegram to the effect that New Zealand proposed to administer the affairs of Samoa had just been received at the colonial office, but it had not yet been communicated to the foreign office. The proposal as described in the telegram, he said, did not seem consistent with the terms of the Berlin act.

American Polar Expedition. ALESUND, Norway.-The American polar expedition under command of Walter Wellman has started for the Island of Spitzbergen on the steamer Ragnvold Jari, which has been chartered for the expedition. Experts here pronounce the teamer the best ice boat in Norway. The aluminium boats the expedition carry were generally admired here for their beauty, strength and lightness, Prior to the departure a large number of cable dispatches expressing well wishes for the success of the expedition were received from the United States.

Germany Should Take a Hand. Berlin.-The Kruez Zeitung, commenting on the proposal that New Zealand administer the affairs of the Island of Samoa, says that Germans have made Samoa desirable and their interests there far outweigh those of the United States

Importing Diseased Cattle.

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of Agriculture, Sir Gardner, in replying to the questions in regard to the importation of cattle from America said the affected animals had been imported in such numbers during the last few years as to prevent him from being satisfied that reasonable precautions were taken in the United States.

The Emperor a Strict Captain. Benun.-Emperor William has dereed that army officers shall ride only in uniform and shall not mount race grand ducby.

THE PORTLAND MARKET.

WHEAT-Valley, S5c; Walla Walla, 75c

Pound from the Most Disagreeable of Equine Habits.

Rosebery Trying to Increase the Liberal Majority.

Flour. Fred. Fred. Fred. Fred. Fred. Flour. Fortland, \$2.55; Salem, \$2.55; Waling Majority.

Flour. Fred. F

Hay-Good, \$10@12 per ton. DAIRY PRODUCE.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Advices have just been received per barkentine W. H. Dimond from Honolulu under date of April 11 to the effect that the announced mass meeting of royalists took place on the evening of April 10 on Palace square.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 20@ 223gc; fancy dairy, 15@17/gc; lair to good, 123g@14c; common, 10c per pound; California, 30@40c per roll.

CHEESE — Young America, 12@15c; California flat, 113g@82c; Swiss, imported, 30@32c; domestic, 16@18c per

Eggs-Oregon, 10c per dozen, with ome shading reported.
POULTRY—Chickens, old, \$3.50@4.00; broilers, \$3.50@4.50 per dozen; ducks, \$6.00; geese, \$8.00; turkeys, live, 14@ 15c per pound; dressed, 16@17c.

VEGSTABLES AND PRUIT. VEGETABLES-California cabbage, 114c per pound; potatoes, Oregon (buying price), 40@45c per sack; Early Rose, for seed, 80@90c; new potatoes, 2\\(\ext{see} \) 3c per pound; onions (buying price), \$2.50@2.75 per sack; sweet potatoes, \$1.75@2.00 per box; California cel-States for 1893 give a total of 60.000.— olutions were adopted pledging royalists
to decline to take the oath of allegiance california lettuce, 25c per dozen; Orecreases are shown in Alaska, Arizona, to the provisional government and to er, \$2.75 per crate, \$1.00 per dozen : parsley, 25c per dozen; string beans, 30c per pound; asparagus, \$1.25cs 1.35 per box; rhubarb, 3cs to per pound; peus, \$1.50 per box; cucumbers, \$1.50 per dozen.
FRUTTS—California fancy lemons, \$3.25

@4.00; common, \$2.00@3.00; Sicily,\$5.00 @5.50 per box; bananas, \$1.75@2.50 per bunch ; Honolulu, \$3.00@3.50 ; California navel oranges, \$2.50 @ 3.25 per box; seed-lings, \$1.75 @ 2.00; Rose, \$2.75 @ 3.25; Malta blood, \$3.00; apples (buying price), green, \$1.00 @ 1.25; red, \$1.25 @ 1.75 per box; strawberries, 20 @ 223 c per pound.

CANNED GOODS.

CANNED GOODS—Table fruits, assorted, \$1.75@2.00; peaches, \$1.75@2.00; Bartlett pears, \$1.75@2.00; plums, \$1.37\g@1.50; strawberries, \$2.25@2.45; cherries, 1.50; strawberries, \$2.25@2.43; cherries, \$2.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.85@2.00; raspberries, \$2.40; pineapples, \$2.25@2.80; apricota, \$1.65. Pie fruits, assorted, \$1.20; peaches, \$1.25@1.40 per dozen. Pie fruits, gallons, assorted, \$3.15@3.50; peaches, \$3.50@4.00; apricota, \$3.50@4.00; plums, \$2.75@3.00; blackberries, \$4.25@4.50; tomatoes, \$1.10. Maccolories, \$4.25@4.50; tomatoes, \$1.10. Mgars—Corned beef, 1s, \$1.50; 2s, \$2.25; chipped, \$2.40; lunch tongue, 1s, \$3.50; 2s, \$6.75@7.00; deviled ham, \$1.50 2s. \$2.25.

Fish—Sardines, 34s, 75c@\$2.25; 34s, \$2.15@4.50; lobsters, \$2.30@3.50; salmon, tin 1-lb talls, \$1.25@1.50; flats, \$1.75; 2-lbs, \$2.25@2.50; 4-barrel, \$5.50. STAPLE GROCKRIES. COFFEE Costa Rica, 23e; Rio, 22@23e;

cases, \$24.30 DRIED FRUITS - 1893 pack, Petite runes, 6@8c; silver, 10@12c; Italian, 8@10c; German, 6@8c; plums, 6@10c;

evaporated apples, 8@10c; evaporated apricots, 15@16c; peaches, 12@14c; pears, 7@11c per pound.

Salt — Liverpool, 200s, \$15.50; 100s, \$16.00; 50s, \$16.50; stock, \$8.50@9.50. Syrup-Eastern, in barrels, 40@55c; in half barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@ 80c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg; California, in barrels, 20@40c per gallon; \$1.75 per

Lord Rosebery Speaks.

London,—The Prime Minister, Lord maple sugar, 15@16c per pound. RICE-No. 1 Sandwich Island, \$4.50@ BEANS-Small white, No. 1, 354c; No.

opinion that the English were becoming 2, 3c; large white, 314c; pea beans, 314c; exceedingly weary of the eternal strug-pink, 3c; bayon, 314c; butter, 314c; -Barrels, No. 1, 28@30c per PICKLESgallon; No. 2, 26@28c; kegs, 5s, 85c per keg; half gallons, \$2.75 per dozen; quar-

Sricks—Whole—Allspice, 18@20c per pound; cassia, 16@18c; cinnamon, 22@ 40c; cloves, 18@30c; black pepper, 15@ 2214c; white pepper, 20@25c; nutmeg,

Raisins-London layers, boxes, \$1.75 @2.00; halves, \$2.00@2.25; quarters, \$2.25@2.75; eighths, \$2.50@3.00. Loose Muscatels, boxes, \$1.50; fancy faced, \$1.75; bags, 3 crown, 4)4@5c per pound; 4 crown, 5@5)4c. Seedless Sultanas, \$1.75@2.00; bags, 6@8c per

pound. LIVE AND DRESSED MEATS BEEF-Top steers, \$2.50@2.75; fair to good steers, \$2.00@2.25; cows, \$1.75@2.25; dressed beef, 4@5c per pound. MUTTON - Best sheep, \$2.25; ewes,

\$2.00. Hous-Choice heavy, \$4.00; light and feeders, \$3.75; dressed, 6@7c per pound. VEAL—Small choice, 5c; large, 3@4c per pound. PROVISIONS.

EASTERN SMOKED MEATS AND LARD Hams, medium, 12@12\c per pound; hams, large, 11\c @12\c; hams, picnic, 11@12c; breakfast bacon, 13@15c; short clear sides, 9\c @11c; dry sait sides, 9@10c; dried beef hams, 12\c @13c; lard, compound, in tins, 84@10c per pound; pure, in tins, 104@114c; pigs' s. \$5.50; pige' 'eet, 40s, \$3.25 kits, \$1.25.

Hors—'93s, choice, 12½@13½c per pound; medium, 10@12c; poor, neg-lected.

Woot-Valley, 10@10%c per pound salted, 60 pounds and over, 3½;; under 60 pounds, 2@3c; sheep pelts, shearlings, 10@15c; medium, 20@35c; long wool, 30@60c; tallow, good to choice, 3@3½c per pound. CORDAGE.

Manilla rope, 134 in. cir. and up, 10c; manilla rope, 12-thread, 34 diam., 103c; manilla rope, 6 and 9-thread, 34 and 5-16 diam., He; manilla bail rope, in coils or on rees, 10c; manilla lath yarn, tarred, 9c; manilla hawser-laid rope wellboring, etc., 13c; manilla transmissionand Great Britain put together. Germany has hitherto neglected to assert
her rights in Samoa, but she certainly
ought to do so now.

Gerof-power rope, 14c; manilla paper twine,
11c; manilla spring twine, 14c; sisal
rope, 12-thread, 3g diam., 73gc; sisal
rope, 6 and 9-thread, 1 and 5-16 diam., 854c; sisal lath yarn, tarred, 754c; hop-Loxpox .- The President of the Board vine twine, tarred, 7c; sisal paper twine,

> Civil Service Reform In China. A court physician in China enjoys rather

Want Ads In Luxemburg. In the grand ducky of Luxemburg persons desiring work or help have only to send a postal card to the director of the postal administration in order to have their

wants advertised in every postoffice in the

salaries for a year.

RAISING TURKEYS

During Their Colthood.

Halter-pulling is one of the most dis-

agreeable in the list of equine habits. In Britain, if a horse is warranted free from vice and turns out to be a halter puller, he may be returned and the price recovered. Horses invariably acquire the habit by succeeding in breaking an old halter or bridle during their colthood, says the Rocky Mountain Husbandman, and it is almost impossible to cure them of it. An old friend of the writer—a vindictive old curmindgeon, who loved to get even, if only with a horse-bought a very likely four-yearold, and on his first visit after purchasing the brute to the country town near which he lived had the pleasure of seeing him pull back on the tie strap, break it and start off on a run. By and by he recovered possession of the colt and, se-curing a good inch rope, made a slip headstall and tied him up with it. Back flew the four-year-old immediately, and hung his whole weight on the rope till first one strand and then another gave way, finally freeing himself, but in too exhausted a condition to avail himself of his freedom. Then his owner deter-mined on a course of kill or cure. So he rode the colt over to the timber, and selecting a maple sapling close to the creek bank, which dropped sheer down to twelve feet of water, edged the anima around till his tail was toward the bank Then he tied the colt to the sapling, whipped out his knife and threw his old hat in the horse's face. The halter puller at once surged back for dear life, the keen edge of the knife cut the rope drawn taut against the bark of the tree, and away plunged the colt tail first into the water. He swam out on the other side, waited until his master went round by the foot bridge to get him, and afterward could never get close enough to the post to which he might be hitched. fact, it was no longer necessary to the him up when in harness; he could hardly be led away. The fall might, of course, have damaged him permanently or im-mediately destroyed him, but the depth of the water prevented both and made a useful beast of him afterward. The writer has since known of more than one halter \$3.50; 2s, \$6.75@7.00; devited ham, \$1.50 puller being cured of his vice in this @2.75 per dozen; roast beef, 1s, \$1.50; way, and therefore can recommend the remedy to those in need of advice on the subject,

One of the frequent mistakes of the season is the too early turning of the cows upon the pastures, where should-Salvador, 22c; Mocha, 2634@28c; Ar-buckle's, Columbia and Lion, 100-pound be obsolete system of feeding is still kept up. The first growth is too succu-lent to be healthful and too small to give a full feed, and it lessens the appetite for dry food. Two weeks' delay will make a difference of fully 50 per cent in the effect of the feeding through the summer. It will afford time for a vigorous root growth, without which the herbage will not be able to recover the injury by the too early spring pasturing, and thus the growth will be lessened perma-nently. It will be much better to delay the feeding and spend the time in eneter. This instrument is intended to replace the sextant aboard ship in show-larger the exact position of the vessel. It has many points of advantage over the sextant in accuracy and freedom from sextant in accuracy a couraging the growth of the grass by an herbage green and luxu carry a larger number of cows than it would otherwise do. Pasturing is a costly business anyhow, but still more so if the mista'te is made of feeding it lown before it has made much growth

To Keep Cider Sweet. The Scientific American tells how to keep cider sweet. It says that pure, sweet cider that is arrested in the process of fermentation before it becomes acetic acid, or even alcohol, and carbonic acid worked out, is one of the most delightful beverages, and gives the following scientific method of treating it to preserve its sweetness: When the saccharine matters by fermentation are being converted into alcohol, if a bent tube be inserted into the bung, with the other end into a pail of water, to allow the carbonic acid gas evolved to pass off without admitting any air into the rel, a beverage will be obtained that is fit nectar for the gods. A handy way is to fill your cask nearly up to the wooden faucet when the cask is rolled so the bung is down. Get a common rubber tube and slip it over the end in the pail. Then turn the plug so the interior of the cask can have communication with the pail. After the water in the pail ceases to bubble bottle or store your cider away.

Raising Turkeys.

A correspondent of Colman's Rural World writes: "I have been unfortunate with my efforts at turkey-raising until last spring, and think my success since is due in a great measure to the observance of these rules: First, my gobbler was no kin to the hens; and second, before taking from the nest I gave each of the little fellows a gram of black pepper; when two or three days old put them in a close pen 10x12, and keep them up until strong, say two or three weeks, before giving them their freedom. Feed mainly stale bread soaked in sweet skimmed milk or water with occasional curd, boiled until the curd separates well, but not until it's leathery. Third, I furnished plenty of grit, Kaw river sand, under the shade of a tree. have seen them coming from a grass-hopper hunt on the run for this tree, and then how they would devour the sand. They are less trouble with a turkey heb, but gentler when raised by a chicken

Chance for Making Business.

Farm and Fireside suggests a good business for enterprising young men by saying: "In one of our exchanges Prof Hunt records the good suggestion that in neighborhoods where the orchards are small some young man with pluck and energy should provide himself with a spraying outfit and undertake the proper care in the matter of spraying of a con iderable number of orchards. Doubtles the owners would be glad to pay a reasonable charge for the assurance of a crop of fruit, or the protection of their a precarious honor. Lately the emperor orchards from fungous diseases and par-was very ill and consulted four of the im-perial doctors. They were all so unsuccess-ful in treating his case that he cut off their of doing the work at just the right time.

Every year is teaching more farmers the great value of stable manure. There are some, however, who fail to note how important it is to preserve the an monia before it evaporates. There is no better way to do it than to use common land plaster or gypeum in and around stalis.