OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Chinese Spring Another Scheme to Outwit the Law.

INDIANS ON THE WAR PATH

An Ex-Member of the Idaho Legislature Victimizes a World's Fair Commissioner.

Mining is booming all over New Mex-

Lightning-rod awindlers are getting or

pretty well among Oregon farmers. The combined American and British gon. sealers on this Coast will hardly number a donen this season.

Governor McGraw, it seems, has incurred the criticism of Governor McCon-nell because of apparent indifference to the irrigation congress. Seattle and Townsend are quarreling

about harbor facilities with ulterior depatronage is in great favor.

water power generated at Folsom. The Indians are on the war path in the Bunker Hill mining district in Arizona. Four Indians attacked a pros-

pector named Clark, who escaped to Mammoth and gave the alarm. Thompson Campbell of Butte, Mont. has five suppliites taken from the giz-zard of a Montana turkey. The sap-phires are all of good size, and one of

them weighs about two karats. There is a general belief that the many stories told about Evans and Morel are inventions. The public outside of the neighborhood where the two outlaws receive sympathy are becoming incredu-

E. E. Barnard, the noted astrone of Lick Observatory, has been awarded the famous Arago medal by the French Academy for his discovery of Jupiter's finh satellite. This medal has been awarded to only two astronomers be

Tum Lin Ying has been landed at Portland by a ruing of the United States District Court. The woman claimed to be a wife of Chung Chu, a merchant of Portland, and that she was married to him by proxy six mostle ago in China. The court heid that the marriage walegal according to Chinese custom, and equently was legal in this country.

A suit has been commenced by the United States at Los Angeles against the Southern Parine Company for 1,530,000 acres of land lying along the latter-track between Hanning and Yuma, and it is part of the .exas Parine grant. It is what is said to have been recently sold by C. P. Huntington to the Colorado Ir rigation Company. It forms the Colorado Desert, and without water is worth-

J. G. Watts, an ex-member of the Idaho Legislature, borrowed several gold nuggets and then obtained money from banks on them. He told the State World's Fair Commissioner that it he would pay the banks he could have the nuggets for exhibition, with the privi-lege of selling them atterward, remixing rowed, and he is called upon to pay for

At a recent meeting of the Directors of the Midwinter Fair Association at Portland it was decided to abandon the attempt to make an exhibit at the fair in progress in San Francisco. The rea-son for this is that sufficient interest has not been manifested in the matter by Organians generally. Portland has sul scribed very handsomely with a laudable desire of assisting the State in small amounts that Portland Las contributed more than 90 per cent of the sum raised. In view of this state of alfairs and discouraging reports received as to the probable success of the fair the Directors appointed a committee to wind

The San Francisco Chronicle prints a long article exposing the methods by which the Chinese may evade the exclusion law through a system of tales cer-tificates of registration. It states the Chinese are systematically stuffing registration books opened under the Mc Creary act. The law provides no penalty for the punishment of those who register twice, and on account of the great similarity of Chinese in features and names many are able by going to different places of registration to secure from two to a dozen certificates of registention. These, it is claimed, will soon have a marketable value of from 450 to \$100, and will find a ready sale among the Mongolians sinuggled into the coun try. The Chronicle declares the Chinese iave no trouble at all in securing many bugus certificates.

Oregon's mammoth cave will soon be explored and rendered accessible to the public. A company has been incorporated at San Francisco for the purpose of developing what bids fair to be one of the greatest natural attractions on the c Coast. For years rumors have reached civilization that way back in the monatains of Josephine county, Or., in the widest part of the Cascade Kange was a cave in which one might wander months without finding an end. These reports came from lounters and of any certainty was known concerning the cave until jour years ago, when W R. Hearst of the San Francisco Examiner sent a reporter, Charles Michelson. stographer to explore its miles from tirant's Pass, and in order to reach it they were compelled to go by stage about lifty miles and the remainder of the distance with a pack train, From reports given the public by the Examiner party the cave is arger and excels in beauty the great Mam-moth cave of Kentucky. The other day moth cave of Kentucky. The other day John C. Quinn, Thomas T. Williams, dittings and Samuel Backus of San Francisco, Thomas H. Morton and A. J. Henderson of Kerbytion of the Oregon Cave Improvement Company. The capital stock is \$500,000

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Thomas Moonlight of Kansas to be Minister to Bolivia. The plan of inspecting immigrants at oreign ports before embarkation for this ountry provided in the bill of Stone of

Pennsylvania has been approved by the House Committee on Judiciary. The report upon the Holman resolution for the investigation of the system of premiums to builders of naval vessels

for extra speed, which approves of the system, has been adopted by the House Naval Committee.
The House Naval Affairs Committee has ordered a favorable report on the resolution expressing pleasure and satis-faction at the prompt action of Admiral Benham in protesting American com-merce at Rio de Janeiro.

merce at Rio de Janeiro.

A deficiency appropriation of \$400,000 for the expenses of the United States Courts, which has been asked by the Attorney-General, is being considered by the House Appropriations Commitmittee, and will probably be granted.

In the House Ellis of Oregon asked manimous consent for the consideration of the Senate bill to extend the time allowed the Umatilla Irrigation Company for the completion of its canal across the Umatilla Indian reservation in Ore-

on. The bill passed. The War Department this year has reports of the militia from the Adjutant-tienerals of every State in the Union. The reports show 9,270 commissioned officers, 102 912 enlisted men in the National Guard and about 9,000,000 men in the unorganized militia.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations has decided to report in favor of signs on the scaling patrol fleet. Their the ratification of the treaty with Greet Britain for the extension of the trea-The street-car system of Sacramento for completing the survey between Alassa has changed hands. The new owners and Northwest Territory, which was sent to the Senate Monday by the President.

In the session of the Public Lands Committee adverse reports were ren-dered on the bills for a survey of lands. The hard times have induced granted to the Williamette Valley and Cascade Wagon Road Company in Ore gon; to prevent the consolidation of land offices in Colorado, and to dispose of several abandoned military reservations.

Senator Allen has introduced a bill repealing all laws enacted relating to the sinage or use of silver since January 1, 1873, and re-enacting all laws relating to silver and in force previous to that by authorizing and directing the issue of United States legal-tender notes and to prohibit the further use of United States nterest-bearing bonds.

Senator Pettigrew has introduced an amendment, intended to be offered by him to the Wilson tariff bill, providing or the appointment of a commission of ive persons to be known as the Customs ariff rates and their effect on industries much as the Secretary of War recomin this and other countries and to report

quest of the Secretary of the Treasury or 1450,000 to enforce the Chinese exlusion act. This item has nothing t to with the Geary act, but is to furnish neans to carry out the law of May 5, 802, by policing the border and shipie Chinamen caught attempting to enter the United States unlawfully.

The Court of Appeals of the District of Communa has reversed the decision of follow the departure of fudge Bradley in the Palmetto trade- have not been fulfilled. mark liquor case, and Commissioner of Patents Seymour has scored a point against Governor Tillman of South Carlina. The Commissioner refused to regster the trade mark sought by Governor l'iilman for the brand sold by the State inige Bradley granted a mandamus to ompel the registry. The Commissioner appealed, and the Court of Appeals reversed Judge Bradley's decision.

There are not enough men enlisted in every twenty minutes. he navy to properly man the United money on them. This was done, and States ships which go into commission the Commissioner has just discovered before May 1; and, moreover, the limit that the nuggets were originally bor-rowed, and he is called upon to pay for distment of a sufficient number. The big cruisers Columbia and Olympia, of the mint at Carson City, Nev. Marbiehead and Montgomery, Atlanta and Boston, Raleigh, Cincinnati, Alert and Marion are all to be manned, requiring about 1,500 men. About half but number is available. Additional authority will be required from Congress. o enlist sufficient men, and Secretary Herbert will probably lay the matter before that body,

Representative Abbott of Texas has making a creditable display, but the introduced a bill for the coinage of silver country towns have subscribed such in the Treasury on a new plan. The ecretary is to coin into standard silver dollars or minor coins not less than 2,000,000 ounces a month of the silver purchased under the Sherman act. The coin certificates issued under that act are to be redeemed in either gold or up the affairs of the corporation and dis- ver, according to which metal is held in he largest quantities in the Treasury, and the Secretary is to issue coin notes to the amount of the seigniorage of the which purpose it was presented. sherman act upon the pian apparently fevised to place gold and silver on equal footing.

Responding to a resolution which passed the Senate, the Secretary of the freasury has sent to the Senate a stateent showing the names of bond subscribers offering 117.223, whose subscripions were accepted, together with the amount subscribed for and the amount allotted at that price. The statement also gives the list of those offering to purchase at a higher price and the list d those not considered for various reasons. Among the allotments on the National Bank, New York, \$1,420,050; Kuhn Loeb & Co., New York, \$1,420,-050; United States Trust Company, New York, \$2,336,700; Farmers' Loan and Crust Company, New York, \$1,893,400; Union Trust Company, New York, \$2,-266,700; New York Life Insurance Company, New York, 12,840,050. The above original bids to the extent of 5.331 per cent of the amount. In the aggregate this class is \$40,704,700. All bids at figares over the 117,223 amount in the ag-

gregate to 169,295,300, The President has sent to the Senate a treaty negotiated with the representatrappers, who occasionally visited that tives of the government of Great Britwild region in search of game, and but ain for extension of the time for making little credence was given them. Nothing Alaska and the British possessions. The original treaty providing for a joint com-mission for this work was negotiated and ratified during the summer of 1802 and Commissioners were appointed on The care is about seventy-five behalf of the two governments. In ac eine and California and Western Pacific No time should be on Grant's Pass, and in order to cordance with the terms of the treaty railroad, amounting to \$27,853,000; also affair with France." boundary line of the United States and Canada and dividing Alaska from the Northwest Territory from latitude 54.5 degrees north to a point where the boundary line enters the 141st degree longitade west. The purpose of the survey is to set at rest some questions of dis-pute going back of the time of the own-ership of Alaska by Russia and Involvville, Or., and Alphonso B. Smith of ing a conflict in claims made by the two Grant's Pass filed a ticles of incorpora , countries to land along the seacoast opcountries to land along the sescoast op-posite the Chaunel Islands. Under the erms of the treaty this commission was was. He replied sententions to complete the work within the period haps a little bit facetionsly:

EASTERN MELANGE.

New York Gambling Resort Frequented by Women.

THE INSANE LAW OF MINNESOTA

Great Amount of Distress in Ottawa. Canada - The Old Jefferson Davis Mansion.

Iowa legislators cannot agree on a liqnor bill. A bill designed to put a stop to "treat-

ing" has been introduced in the Massachusetts Legislature.

The insane law of Minnesota has been declared unconstitutional, and 470 inmates have a right to new trials. The Montreal Hebrews are organizing

a society for the purpose of assisting des-titute Jews and bringing others to Canda. which was imposed in France last April, Sackett, the silhouette artist, who yielded in the first half year over 780,nda.

has been arrested at Topeka. The girl has been returned to her home. The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Philadelphia Conference has that island.

memorialized Congress against the admission of Utah as a State. The State of Mississippi is proposing to discontinue the penitentiary lease system and to establish a farm on which

its convicts will be employed. Tree-planting on the streets at Orlando, Fla., is encouraged by a bounty of 50 cents for each tree in good condi-

The hard times have induced the presentation of a bill in the Massachusetts Senate to prevent attachment of graveyard lots and tombstones for debt. A bill has been introduced in the Mas-

sachusetts Legislature to empower cities and towns to make and distribute electricity for light, heat and motive power. The Connecticut Board of Health will vigorously prosecute irregular medical

practitioners, disregarding any injunc-tions which may be obtained by the latter. Senator Gray has announced a bill to enable purchasers at judicial sales of railroads organized under the laws of the United States to organize new corpora-

The Committee on Harbors and Rivers Commission. The duty of the proposed commission is together data concerning. San Pedro and Port Harford, but not as

Department was before the Appropriations Committee, and explained the request of the Secretary of the Treasury The joint committee of the Massachu-

The Legislature of Kentucky has had sfore it for some time a bill providing for the compulsory education of the youth of the State, but the bill is not ikely to become a law.

A Chicago dispatch to the Philadelphia Times says: Prophecies of ruin in the World s Fair district of the city to follow the departure of the great show A dispatch from Ottawa, Ont., states liberty,

that there is a large amount of distress in that city, and the City Engineer's office is besieged every morning by men who hope to get a job at stone-breaking. A company of Canadian capitalists are going to stretch a cable from below

the Niagara Fails to Table Rock on the

Canadian side on the plan of the Ferris wheel. It is proposed to run cars across Secretary Carlisle has called for the resignation of H. H. Lawrence, assayer of the mint at San Francisco; P. B. Et lis, assayer of the mint at Carson City,

and E. B. Zabriskie, melter and refiner the Treasury Department is paying some of its deferred obligations. Sugar bounties to the amount of \$11,500,000 have been awaiting payment for some time. They are now being paid at the rate of

\$100,000 a day. It is now believed that Henry Carr, young lawyer at Denver, was shot by his wife and killed, and not by burglars, as first reported. The woman lived in a notorious house before he married her, and frequently became intoxicated and quarreled with her husband.

The old Jefferson Davis mansion, which was donated by the city of Richmond to Society, will soon be turned over to the proper authorities and made ready for the museum of Confederate relics, for

A gambling resort, frequented only by women, was raided in New York city the other day. Many inshionably dressed women were present and became panic-stricken when the officers appeared, and several attempted to escape by jumping out of windows. They were allowed to depart unmolested.

The bill by Terry, making railroad corporations citizens of States in which their lines may be for legal purposes, received a favorable vote in committee Under the existing laws according to re cent decisions of the Supreme Court the habitation of a railroad is in the State where its principal office is located,

The House Judiciary Committee has referred back to the subcommittee Mc Cann's resolution calling for an investi gation of Judge Jenkins' action in en joining the Northern Pacific employes from striking. The subcommittee is in structed to inquire whether there are allotments were the result of scaling the any charges that Jenkins was influenced by corrupt motives.

Collis P. Huntington was before the Senate Committee on Railroads the other day, giving the committee information about the Pacific railroads. C. P. Huntington made a suggestion to the committee in the shape of a bill looking to the reorganization of the Central Pacific system. His proposition is the company shall give a mortgage to the government covering all its property, in considera tion of which it may issue \$134,000,000 25 per cent bonds, to run 125 years, to be applied first to the replacement of the mortgage bonds of the Central Pathe commission was to make a survey of to the redemption of bonds issued on the territory adjacent to that part of the account of the California and Oregon extension of the Central Pacific indebtown signature just what his proposition was. He replied sententiously and per-

POREIGN PLASHES.

More than 2,700 Jews have started The Italian bank circulation will be increased by the issue of 125,000,000 lire. from Odessa on their way to England. The French navy is to be strengthened by the addition of 101 swift torpedo

boats. France voluntarily pays \$80,000 in-temptity to Italy for the Aignes Mortes nassacre.

Hon. Joseph Chamberlain denies any enowledge of a Unionist scheme for nome rule.

The number of books published in England last year was 6,382, says the

London Telegraph. France is uneasy over the political significance of Bismarck's reconciliation with the German Emperor.

The Pope is said to be preparing to ssue an encyclical on Catholic Poles in a tone conciliatory to Russia. The Austrian Cabinet has decided to ntroduce in the Reicherath a bill in-

creasing the tax on corn flour to 7 francs. Fewer German emigants left the port of Hamburg, the great point of embar-kation, last year than in any year since

The tax of 10 francs a year on cycles

eloped with an Elkhart (Ind.) heiress, | 001 francs. The French authorities of Corsica have forbidden English and German

doctors to practice their profession in The Appeal Court in Dublin has granted to Michael Davitt a certificate in bankruptcy, thus rendering him again

eligible to sit in Parliament. Only five out of the thirty-three members of the new Standing Committee on

lustoms Duties in the French Chamber f Deputies are not protectionists. For the first time in her known hisand the rest of England and Wales in

the rate of population for a decade. Henceforth all Russian emigrants entering Germany on route for the United States must be healthy, and if over 10 years of age, be possessed of 400 marks

The fortune of Cecil Rhodes, Premier of Cape Colony in Africa, is set at some where from \$60,000,000 to \$75,000,000all made in the diamond mines of that country.

The French Senate by a vote of 132 to 84 agreed to give votes to women engaged in business at elections for tribunals of commerce. This is the beginning of woman's suffrage in France.

Orders for 250 locomotives and several bousand railway carriages have been equired for the Transiberian railway. There was a decrease of 7,000,000 lire

in the italian customs receipts during last month, while the revenue from indirect taxation shows a total falling of 1,000,000 lire in the last six months. Even Bulgaria, with her 100 or less niles of coast line on a small inland sea, has caught the naval fever, and the gov-

rnment has just voted a sum equal to about 15,000,000 for the establishment of a navy. The political leaders in the Basque stone a gold-mounted casket containing pictures by well-known American, an address and a sprig from the historic French and German artists, and promian address and a sprig from the historic ak of Guernica, the symbol of Basque

A government decree has been issued of the Pacific Coast. Connoisseurs as at Madrid abolishing the obligation of a that the Midwinter Art Palace is the opecial passport for entry to the Phillipoine Islands, which for centuries has irritated foreign visitors and closed the

Attention was called in the House of Commons the other day to the injustice of maintaining the Church of England rus display naturally attracts the most establishment in India by taxation raised attention. It seems to be good for Eastalmost entirely from persons of the Mos

lem and Hindoo faith. A "commer tal museum" is about to be established at Tangier, Morocco, in heaps and piles and buildings that there which manufacturers and merchants from all countries may exhibit samples With the money from the sale of bonds of those of their wares which they think best adapted to the Moorish market.

Women typewriters, who have hith- tion grounds, has been happily producerto been employed in the government tive of the best displays in this line that offices in London as supernumeraries. have ever been made, even in Califorare according to a decision of the Treas ary Department henceforth to be incor-

orated into the regular civil service. Three clergymen of the Church of England went over to the Church of Rome in the course of one week of last Fourteen English clergymen have thus changed their church since the judgment in the noted Lincoln case.

Though Jules Verne's works of scientific fiction have sold by the hundreds of the Confederate Memorial and Literary thousands and returned millions of has emphasized itself since the opening francs to the publishers, they have day is the excellence of the electric illu-earned for their author only \$4,000 a minations. The system of arc lighting year-not even enough for him to buy is as complete as anyone could wish, and the house he rents at Amiens.

boys instead of sending them to prison has been sent to the British Home Secetary, signed by a number of Magis trates. rates. The proposition is to birch boys under 16 for all offenses at the discretion of the Magistrate.

The Argentine Republic is rapidly be oming a promisent competitor in the mainess of supplying grain to the Euopean markets. Ship owners of Nova otia and New Brunswick are taking loyment for their vessels.

President Carnot gave a shooting party custom the greater part of these we distributed among the Paris hospitals.

Timbuctoo, which has been occupied a French column, has been so seduon-ly granded against European intrusion that only four Europeans up to within a year ago had succeeded during this century in gaining access into it-Laing in 1826, Caillie in 1828, Barth in

1850 and Lenz in 1880. The Governor of Sierra Leone tele British forces on the frontier of Sierra dome that surmounts the building. Leone, and says several were killed on both sides, and that the French attacked the prettier picture is presented by day, the British, whose force consisted en-tirely of natives. Touching on the affair, the Pall Mull Gazette says: cannot have these things happen weekly, No time should be lost in settling the

Stockton in order to place itself out of city a capacions canal, which, it is Committee of the Senate in favor of the thought, will carry away all the surplus extension of the Central Pacific in lebt-edness by issuing bonds payable in 125 years, bearing interest at 2 per cent, answer the double purpos of leves and

The avowed purpose is to buy and improve the great Gregon cave, build hotels, roads, parks and do a lumbering and mining business.

It is a bord struggle the work within the period luaps a little bit facetionsly: "It is a proposition to use the credit of the temperance people have carried the day in their ficht not to have any saloon at pay off the indebtedness. That is all I the site of the new water works, where

MIDWINTER FAIR.

sition Established.

WHOLLY UNIQUE AND NOVEL.

isfaction Heard on Every Hand-The Fine Arts.

Exclamations of Surprise and Sat-

Nearly 200,000 people have passed the turnstiles of the California Midwinter Exposition during the first two weeks of its existence. This fact establishes the sure success of the Exposition from the standpoint of attendance, and the verdict of the thousands who make up this grand total has been unanim to in favor of the success of the Exposition from every point of view.

Since the opening day, Jan. 27, no special effort has been made to draw the crowds. It has been the aim of the Exposition management to let the many features of the Exposition speak for themselves, and exclamations of surprise and satisfaction have been heard on every hand. The exhibits are now practically all in position. There are no holes in the floor, so to speak, and it is noticeable by those who visited the great Columbian Exposition that even the exhibits which were seen there appear to have taken on new form here in San Francisco, and the exhibitors have undoubtedly profited by the experience gained on the shore of Lake Michigan. The largest spaces in the center of the \$4.75 great floor of the Manufactures and sack; Liberal Arts building are occupied by France, Germany, Russia and Italy, Each of these countries is represented by a display of artistic and useful manufactures which has never before been seen outside of the great Columbian Exposition, and in most instances the displays brought from there have been augmented by new supplies brought across the Atlantic and across the continent especially for this display.

But in the midst of all this that is not new to everybody, there is so much in the Midwinter Exposition that is universally unique and novel that there is nothing of the "old story" about it. given by the Russian government to The American rection is particularly Austrian and Belgian firms, presumably prolific in novelty, and it occupies the prolific in novelty, and it occupies the largest space assigned to any one country, so that the international character of the Exposition by no means shuts out the glorification of home industries in this beautiful industrial fair.

The Palace of Fine Arts has already proved to be a revelation. Such a display of pictures has never before been seen in this part of the world. This department did not depend on Chicago for its pictures, though it got a great many of the best that were shown there. On provinces of Spain will send to Mr. Glad- the walls of this building are hung later nent among them are something like a bundred of the works of the best artists of the Pacific Coast, Connoisseurs say best arranged picture gallery that the world has ever seen, and it certainly is well adapted for the purpose to which it

In the eyes of Enstern visitors the citern eves to encounter a pear as big as a baby's head and peaches almost as large, to say nothing of so manmoranges in is a great gleam of yellow before them All the while. The rivalry between the Northern and the Southern Citrus Fairs, both of which are held in the Exposinia. The Northern Citrus Fair awarded its premiums during the past week. The Southern Citrus Fair does not open until Feb. 20. The buildings devoted to this class of displays are proving quite as popular as some of the main Exposition buildings, and California citrus fruits are getting the best advertisement they have ever had.

One feature of the Exposition which the incandescent system is well calcu-A resolution, in favor of birching bad lated to arouse the enthusiasm of the most latent soul. In these beautiful midwinter evenings, whether the moon shines or not, the entire Exposition grounds are as light as day. Long lines of incandescent lights stretch the entire length of each of the main build nes and outline all their architectural points. The dome of the Administration building is outlined against the deep blue sky, the straight lines of the sivantage of the trade and finding em- Mechanic Arts building are clear cut against the background the night, the classic outlines of the ecently to the military attaches of the Fine Arts palace enhance the effect that vign powers and to several Magistrates structure always has, and the peculiarly of the courts of Paris. The bag included effective architecture of the great palace ver 900 head of game. According to of Manufacturers and Liberal Arts seems never to be seen at better advantage than when its thousands of incandescent electric lights are lighted.

The Horticulture and Agriculture building, however, is the one that seems to attract most attention in this particular. This is perhaps due to the fact that its lines contain more curves and more architectural eccentricities than any other, but it is undoubtedly due in graphs confirmation of the report of an- a larger degree to the great flood of light ther engagement between French and which pours through the big glass ftors seem at a loss to decide whether when the deep green of California's midwinter foliage lends its aid, or at night when artificial light plays so prominent a part. All are agreed, however, that the California Midwinter International Exposition is the prettiest World's Fair that has ever been held upon God's footstockton in order to place itself out of that has ever been held upon God's foot-ball contains numerous provisions looking to the protection of the government interest in the road. C. P. Huntington after his argument before the Railroads city a capacious canal, which, it is Industrial venture, and who may be conceded to be good judges of the promis of such an exposition, are united in the oninion that this fair will be an immens success, and that that speess will be was asked by a newspaper correspond-boulevard. This is part of the new readily recognized without cavil and ent if de would state in writing over his drainage plan indorsed by the Council. without the local jealousies that have too often surrounded similar enterprises.

Minors may be fined \$10 or imprisoned law in Oregon.

THE SEATTLE MARKETS.

The following quotations are the prices paid to farmers and producers by Scattle business houses for articles named, the goods to be delivered in Scattle: Hors-Choice, 15c; medium, 10@14c

Hay-In carload lots: Puget Sound \$7.00@9.00 per ton. GRAIN—In carload lots: Oats, choice, \$18.50 per ton; barley, \$15.00; wheat, chicken feed, \$13.00@14.00; corn, \$20; cracked, \$21.

POTATOES-\$10@13 per ton. BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY-Handled HIDES, PELTS AND TALLOW-Heavy Hides, Prices and Tallow—Heavy salted steers, over 60 lbs, 4c per lb; medium, 2½c; light, under 46 lbs, 2c; salted kip, 2c, and calf, 3@4c; green hides lc less than salted; dry hides, 4½c; dry elk, per lb, 6@8c; dry deer skins, summer, 20c; good winter, 12@15c; poor and thin winter, 5@10c; sheep skins, 15@25c; full wool, 75c; weed 5@7c; tallow 25@35c.

wool, 5@7c; tallow, 2\g@3\gc. Lava Stock—Choice beef cattle, 2\g@ 3\gc; choice sheep, 3c; good hogs, 6@ 6%c; caives, large, 4c; small, 6c per lb. Lous-Fir, superior quality, \$4.50@6.50 per M; choice cedar, \$4.50@5.50; common, \$4.00.

Jobbing Quotations. The following are the prices paid by retail dealers for round lots delivered at the wharf or on the cars, or the jobbing rates quoted by wholesale dealers:

STAPLE GROCERIES. Sugar-Golden C in bbl, 4½c per lb; extra C in bbl, 4½c; D in bbl, 4c; dry granulated in bbl, 5c; cube, 5¾c; powdered, 5%c. Prices quoted are for spot cash. Maple sugar, 15c per lb.

Flors, Erc.—Washington, straight, \$3; per bbl: patent, \$3.25@3.50; California brands, (3.60, buckwheat flour, \$6.50; per cwt, \$3.50; graham, \$2.80 per bbl; 10-1b sacks, \$1.75 per cwt; rye flour, \$4.00 per bbl; 10-1b sacks, \$2.50 per cwt; rye meal, \$3.75 per bbl, per cwt, \$2.25; oat groats, \$5.50@6.40 per bbl; hominy, \$2.75 per cwt; cracked wheat, \$2.50; rolled wheat, \$4.75 per bbl; flaked wheat, \$2.15 per sack; whole wheat flour, \$2.75 per cwt; barley, 45c per lb; split peas, 5%c; table cornmeal, yellow, \$1.90 per cwt in 10-lb sacks; 50s, \$1.80; white, 10s, \$2.00; 50s, \$1.90.

Bgans-Small white, 234@3c per lb; pink, 3c; bayos, 33c; butter, 43c; lima, Rics-Japan, \$5.25@6.00; Carolina, \$4.75@5; Chins, \$4.75 per cwt; Island,

\$5,25@5.50. SALT-Liverpool, 50-lb sacks, \$20.00 per ton; American dairy, 50-lb sacks, \$19; Coast, half-ground, 100-lb sacks, \$11; 50-lb sacks, \$12; 3-lb sacks, 77 in bale \$2.50; 5-lb sacks, 50 in bale, \$2.50; 10-lb sacks, 28 in bale, \$2.50.

LAGD — Home rendered, Sinclair, tierces, 123gc per lb; Rex leaf, tierces, 103gc; compound, tierces, 83gc. Corres—Green—Mocha, 293gc per lb; Java, 29½c; Costa Rica, choice, 24½c; Rio, 23½c. Roasted—Arbuckle's, in 100ib cases, \$24.80; 60-lb cases, \$24.90; 36-lb cases, \$25.00; Java, 50-lb tin cans, 34%c per lb; 50 and 100-lb sacks, 33%c; Java, 50-lb tins, 34c; Aden Mocha, 353c; peaberry blend, 35c; Guatemala, 253c; ground coffee, 20@243c; Mokaska, 100lb cases, \$23.80; Lion, \$23.80.

CANNED GOODS. CANNED VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, 234-cans, \$1.10 per doz; gallons, \$3.25; Blair corn, new, \$1.40; Silver Shield, \$1.40; sugar peas, California, \$1.25@ 1.50; string beans, \$1.25; lima beans, \$1.25; Boston baked beans, \$2.10@2.35; mushrooms, \$2.25@3.50; French peas,

\$2.25@3.50. CANNED FRUITS-Table-Assorted, \$2 per doz; apricots, \$2.25@2.90; blackberries, \$2.10; Bartlett pears, \$2.10; white cherries, \$2.50; black cherries, \$2.25; peaches, California, \$2.15@3.50; straw-berries, \$2.60; currants, \$2.25; grapes, \$2.00; plums, \$2.00; gooseberries, \$2.50; raspberries, \$2.75; pincapple (Johnson's), \$3@3.50. Pie—Assorted in gallon

grapes, 212-lb tins, \$1.25. MEAT AND PROVISIONS. FRESH MEATS-Choice dressed beef, 5% @6c per lb; mutton, 6c; lamb, 6c; pork, 8c; veal, 6@10e. Provisions-Hams, large, 1214c; hams small, 13c; breakfast bacon, 14c; dry

salt sides, 9c per lb. BUTTER, CHERSE, EGGS AND POULTRY. BUTTER — Best Eastern creamery, strictly fresh, 60-lb tubs, 29c per lb; choice dairy, 20@25c; fresh California roll, 25@28e; pickle roll, 23e; Eastern, lb prints, 3le; choice ranch, 24@26c. CHEESE-Native Washington, Cheese—Native Washington, —c per lb; Eastern, 12@14c; California, 13@14c. Euus-Fresh ranch, 16@17c per doz; tore eggs, 15c; Eastern, 121 @15c. POULTRY-Chickens, spring,\$3.00@4.50 doz; hens, \$4.50@5.00; ducks, \$5.00

\$6.00; turkeys, live, 14@15c per lb; geese, live, \$13.00@14.00 per doz. VEGSTABLES, FRUIT AND NUTS. POTATOKS-Choice, new, \$13@15 p on; sweet potatoes, 2@21/2c per pound. VEGETABLES-Cabbages, 134@134c per 1b; onions, 13, @2c; parsnips, \$1.25 per sack; rutabaga, 65@75c; beets, \$1.25; turnips, \$1.00; carrots, 50e sack or \$7 per ton; cauliflower, \$1@1.10 good farmer, better if possible than his per dox; celery, 50@60c per dox. GREEN FRUITS - Lemons, California \$2.50@4.00; oranges, navels, \$2.50@2.75; seedlings, \$1.50 ± 2.50; Japanese, 50c ber half box; bananas, \$2.00 ± 2.50 per

punch; apples, 75c@1.50 per box; cran-berries, 18.50. DRIED FRUITS-Apricots, bleached, 15c per lb; figs, California, 7c; Smyrna, 16c; peaches, evaporated, 15c; plums, pitted 12c; apples, bleached, 10c; Washington, 12@13c; prunes, California, 10@11c; raisins, L. L., \$2.00@2.75 per box; L. M., \$1.65@2.25; seedless Sul-

tanas, \$2.10. Nurs-Best almond, 16@17 per lb peanuts, raw, Virginia, 7c; roasted 10c; filberts, 14c; Brazil, 12c; walnuts, California, 10@14c; cocoanuts, # a7 per 100; chestnuts, Sicily, per 1b 15c; Ohio, 18c; pecans, 14ct15c; pine nuts, 16e; hickory nuts, 6007c.

HAY, GRAIN AND PERD. Hay-Puget Sound, \$9@11 per ton Eastern Washington, \$11@12; straw, \$8. WHEAT-Chicken feed, \$15@16.10 per

OATS-Choice, \$20@21 per ton. BARLEY-Rolled or ground, \$17 pe Conx-Whole, \$22 per ton; cracked,

\$23; feed meal, \$23. MILLSTUFFS-Bran, \$14.00 per ton: orts, \$16. FEED-Chopped feed, \$17@19 per ton: middlings, \$17; oilcake meal, \$40.

BUILDING MATERIAL Baics . - Common, \$7.50 per pressed, \$27@40.

Violets Are Profitable.

Violets cut no mean figure in the trade of New York, and in seasons when they escape disease they are highly profitable to the growers. One florist, whose greenhouses are just on the edge of the city. picked from twenty live to thirty dollars comparatively small area. The cost of picking is little or nothing, and a skillful picker acquainted with the nature for using eigars, eigarettes or tobacco in of the plant can cull so that the fertilit any form in public under the new Gill of the plants shall be vastly increased. of the plant can call so that the fertility New York Letter

FARM AND GARDEN

Bugaboo of Overproduction of Fruit in the Northwest.

HOW TO START AN APLARY.

The Proper Time to Prepare Your. self for the Coming Season by Deep Study.

Prepare yourself for the coming season Prepare yourself for the coming season by reading up on everything pertaining to your business. If you are raising some special crop, get all the "pointers" on that special subject; then given out that which is suited to your conditions. Use your own brain as well as those of others. Study thoroughly the condition of your soil to ascertain whether it is suited to the crop you expect to raise.

The next thing is the market. Are you situated in such a position that it can be marketed profitably? There are a score of things of this sort which must be taken into consideration before making a start on anything, and winter is the proper season for this portion of work of the producer.

OVERPRODUCTION OF PRUIT

We hear considerable talk about overproduction of fruit here in Oregon and Washington. Surely there is no reason to fear any such calamity, even after the present acreage is doubled and then trebled. The same fears were expressed when California started to raise oranges and fruit by the trainload, and to-cay California fruits may be found in some form all over the United States. Cheap freights and improved methods of han dling will stimulate the business; but to get cheap freights we must have large quantities to ship. Plant more prunes, more apples and more cherries. The evaporator and cannery will work up the surplus that cannot be sold in a green state. The World's Fair has opened the eyes of the millions regarding Oregon fruits. A want has been created, and the next thing to do is to satisfy the want.

TO MAKE THE DAIRY PAY.

A correspondent of Hoard's Dairyman Weed out the cows you now have by the use of the scales and milk test. Be sure to use both, and reject those that will not pay a profit. If you buy cows, buy the best you can, selecting by the same means. Get a pure-blood sire of one of the best milk-producing breeds, who has for ancestors the best of milk producers. Raise the heiler calves from your best cows—those, if possible, that have mothers and grandmothers that are good milk producers. The longer the line of good ancestry the more certain will you be of raising good heifers. Bring up your calves right. Feed and care for them so as to produce rapid growth and development, but do not feed foods that will make them fat. That will produce a beef tendency, which will be apt to cling to them through life and greatly injure their dairy qualities. At two years of age they should commence giving milk—the business of their lives.

HOW TO START AN APIARY. This will depend largely upon your resources. If you are able, you will be tempted to start in too heavily, and this is where you will make a mistake. In one year you will have gained the experience you needed, but with probably a loss of a good portion of your stock, which is liable to disgust you with the whole business, and you will be tempted to give it up. Don't do it. You have passed through the chrysalis stage of your development, and you are now on cans, \$3.50.3.90. 1 to Assort the fair road to success. The proper the fair road to success. The proper way to begin will be to purchase a crate blackberries in 2-lb tins, \$1.75; currants, of five hives in flat; what is known as gallon tins, \$4.75; plums, \$3.50; 2½-lb the dove-tail hive is probably preferable tins, \$1.25; apples, \$1.25; gallons, \$3.50; to any other. Next one or two swarms to any other. Next one or two swarms of bees. These you can usually buy at home; if not, send to your nearest dealer. If you buy at home and get the black bees, you will need a tested Italian queen. You will want besides this a smoker, bee veil and A. I. Root's A B C of Bee Culture or some other work of its sort. You get in this in a very cheap form the experience of others, which form the experience of others, which you will find very valuable to you. This outfit, figuring on one swarm of bees, will cost you about \$17.35. With this outfit you can easily find out whether you have an aptitude for the business or

ITEMS OF INTEREST. Plowing for next season's crops during winter not only aids in the destruction of insects, but puts land in good condition for culture. One of the most important points in

agricultural operations is thoroughness of culture. This applies not only to corn and other grain crops, but also to small fruits, young orchards, etc. No man was ever a poorer farmer because he possessed a liberal education. If you want to make your boy a really

Land which is too rough for grain crops can either be seeded with grass and thus furnish pasture for sheep, or can be planted to timber or fruit trees. Very tittle land need lay absolutely idle

If you have only a limited amount to

nvest and are about buying sheep, it

will be far better to buy a few good ones than many culls. It is the quality of your flock more than the size upon which your profit will depend. Selecting and planting the best farm seeds will increase the quality of grains and grasses just as selecting good breeding stock improves the farm herd; and we all know what splendid results have

been accomplished in that line. Other business men are cutting off all needless expenses, and it is advisable that farmers do the same thing. Make all the tools you can yourself and save bills in that direction. Do your own re-pairing and get rid of unprofitable stock. A thoroughly docile animal, no matter what it is, is more easily managed than one that is wild and fractious, and it is also more profitable, for it will prove a better grower on the same amfood and a better producer than the

fractions one. Sheep often cannot be kept in large flocks and limited quarters without breeding disease. Be sure that your room is proportionate to your numbers. Foul air and dampness are deadly enemies of sheep, and these are adjuncts to

A Long Hornest Serpent.

Professor A. L. Bubach, an attache of the Imperial museum of Berlin, who, with nine trusty men, has been making explorations in northern and western Brazil, sends this extraordinary information to the directors worth of violets weekly all through the of the institution named above: winter, although the plants occupied a "Have had wonderful luck. We already have over 2,000 unnamed specimens in natural history, including a snake 67 feet long, with long tusks like a boar and a horn 2 feet long on. its forehead."-St. Louis Republic.