

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is well adapted to children that is recommended in the prescription known to all. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of infants and children. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of infants and children. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of infants and children.

Young Ladies Outwit Highwaymen

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 23.—Two masked highwaymen with drawn revolvers made a daring attempt to hold up a phaeton occupied by four prominent young ladies tonight. Miss Sadie Gannett was driving, and her guests were Miss Georgia Brewster and Miss Grace and Bessie Whitaker. While driving through Forest Park, the men suddenly appeared and commanded Miss Gannett to stop the horse. She gave the animal the whip instead, and outwitted the highwaymen. Valueable jewelry worn by the young ladies was doubtless the incentive to the attempted holdup.

Crossed by Business Worries

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 23.—Clarence Stewart, the missing Riverside capitalist, passed through Los Angeles this afternoon in charge of City Clerk Phelps, of Riverside. Mr. Stewart does not even know his own name. From a vigorous business man in full physical strength he has lapsed into almost an idiotic state. Business worries are supposed to be the cause of his sudden dementia. He will be sent to an asylum.

Daily Firing at Rio

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The steamer Campana arrived from Brazilian ports today. She brought eight of the crew of the cruiser Detroit, whose time had expired. They state that when they left Rio there was daily firing between the rebel and government forces, but mostly at long range. The health of the American fleet was good when the Campana left.

To Restore Hair which has become thin, and keep the scalp clean and healthy, use AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

It prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray. The best Dressing



LOUIS D. VANDERVERE, One of the best known business men in Chicago, representative of the great Bradstreet Co.

HEADACHE, SLEEPLESSNESS, NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind. Gentlemen: I take pleasure in informing you of the best remedy for the ailments which have followed the use of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine in the case of my wife. She had been subjected to a discharging pain at the base of the neck and upper portion of the spine, and was unable to sleep. She was greatly troubled with sleeplessness, and was recommended to me. My wife had been so afflicted for some time, and I was induced to give it a trial. Much to my surprise, I experienced marked benefit. My sleeplessness disappeared, my headache was removed, my spirits and general health improved. I have since used it several times, and I can say that it is a most valuable remedy. I have since used it several times, and I can say that it is a most valuable remedy. I have since used it several times, and I can say that it is a most valuable remedy.

TRY DR. MILES' PILLS, 50 DOSES 25 CTS.

Golden West Baking Powder

Purity and Leavening Power UNEQUALED. CASH PRIZES

To introduce our Powder, we have determined to distribute among the people a number of CASH PRIZES. In each of our 100,000 packages of our Golden West Baking Powder, we have placed a small slip of paper, which, when inserted in the envelope, will entitle the holder to a cash prize. The prizes range from \$5 to \$100. The drawing will be held on the 1st of February, 1904. The prizes will be awarded to the holders of the winning tickets. The drawing will be held at the Golden West Baking Powder Co., Portland, Ore.

READY-MADE COMPOSITIONS.

A circular has come to our notice advertising a business which it seems to us is contemptible. A so-called "institute" in the East, to use the word of the circular, "thoroughly appreciate the fact that the curriculum laid down by colleges, which must be followed in order to take a degree, requires literary labors of the student for which he has often neither time nor adaptability; and this is more keenly felt if he has the desire or inclination to pursue any special line of study. Our literary bureau overcomes this difficulty." Then follows a price list of ready-made college essays, orations, debates, outlines, suggestions, references, etc., at varying prices.

Such an attempt to dwarf the faculties of invention and reflection in the minds of college students throughout our country and to obstruct the development of such necessary propensities as self-reliance, careful research, and close observation, cannot but be most pernicious in its effect should it meet with any degree of success. The work in question is that which is depended upon invariably among the colleges and universities to give the student that discipline of mind which he cannot acquire from any other source.

It is hoped that very few students fall into such a snare. Certainly all self-reliant students with honest purpose will despise such a method and discard without even a second thought so apparent an evil.

Jacksonville Times: The truthfulness of the tables produced by ex-Senator Slater, showing that "during seventy years since wool was placed on the dutiable list domestic wools have brought better prices under the lower than under the higher rates of duty," is not denied by the Oregonian. But, considering the present low prices of wool, the question is asked: "Was it due to the protective duties, or to the apparent fact that the protective duties were to be removed?" That question is answered by propounding two or more: First, Was the remuneration price of wool kept up before there was a duty upon it because it was contemplated that any duty on wool would be repealed in 1894? Second, As the price of wool has declined under all high tariffs and the tumbling price of wool was higher thirty, twenty, and ten years ago than it is now, does it follow that those results were due to the apparent fact that the protective duties were to be removed in 1894?

A fact well worthy of being carefully weighed is, that times are hard the world over. In Australia, France, Spain, Germany, Italy and Canada, people are actually suffering. Is it the menace to the tariff laws of the United States that causes times to be hard in these foreign countries? According to the history of protectionists a reduction of the tariff is in the interest of the foreigner. Then times should be good in foreign lands but they are not, and this another protection proposition is broken into smithereens.

Swung Up in a Hurry

JELICO, Tenn., Jan. 23.—Yesterday George Gamble, a negro, assaulted the 11-year-old daughter of A. B. Francis. A mob pursued him, overtook him, and brought him to the scene of his crime. After he was fully identified they strung him up. The child will probably die.

An Atlas Line Steamer Ashore

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The Atlas line steamship Andes went ashore at Point Pleasant, on the New Jersey coast, this morning, and is in a dangerous position. She has a cargo of coffee and hides. The Andes is one of the old ships of the Atlas line, and has been sailing between ports of the United States of Colombia, the West Indies and New York for many years.

Corvallis to the Front

PORTLAND, Jan. 23.—The Corvallis football team today defeated the junior of the Multnomah Athletic club in this city by a score of 6 to 0.

War and the World's Fair

As the first great world's fair held in London in 1851 was shortly afterward followed by the Crimean war, so some of its successors have had more or less great wars closely on their heels. If the world's fair is not being held on those wars, they certainly did not prevent them. But our Columbian celebration presented one spectacle which is probably without precedent and should be of great augury.

Many of those who witnessed the great parade of sailors and marines on the streets of New York on April 27 may not have been mindful of the fact that they saw something that perhaps has never happened within the memory of the present generation and would not be possible any where else in the world—soldiers and sailors of 10 different nations with arms in their hands united in one festive array—Englishmen, Russians, Germans and Frenchmen belonging to the armed forces of rival powers that may, as is thought, at any moment come to blows among themselves—peaceably marching with muskets on their shoulders and swords at their sides behind one another in one column.

It was a spectacle emblematic of the position of this great American republic among the nations of the earth—the great peace power of the world embracing in its hospitality the great war powers of the world for a celebration of human progress and mutual good will.—Harper's Weekly.

Zola's New Religion

The Parisians ought to consider themselves singularly honored in having received direct from M. Zola his revelation of the new religion—the "religion of work." Nothing brings happiness, not even science and the progressive familiarity with the truths of nature. The philosophy of life consists in work, continual work, which makes men good because it does not give them time to do mischief or to allow their minds to dwell upon the illusions and chimeras of the idealists. M. Zola points to himself as an example of a man who has followed this religion of work steadfastly and who has found his consolation in it.—St. James Gazette.

The first public appointment held by a woman in Ireland was bestowed recently on Miss Frey, M. D. She was made clinical assistant to the Richmond asylum.

Continued Demands.

Today's Salem Journal continues its fight in the O. P. matter. Speaking of the action of Judge Fullerton's action in the matter it says: "It is officially responsible for the misapplication of the findings of the Oregonian. As Judge Fullerton acts for the state and must act according to law, and not according to the wishes of the men he puts in charge of the road. People all along the line of the road would petition for his removal as a judge or for removal of the whole case from his jurisdiction. He has shown himself to be weak and a tool of the men who have robbed the property right laws. He has allowed the exorbitant attorney bills of Gest and Fay. He has not demanded to know in detail what was done with the earnings of the road before they were paid out. He is continued the execrable management that has swallowed up every dollar received without paying a dollar of just debts. If these are not the facts the people have a right to know it."

"If they are facts, if any of them are facts Judge Fullerton should be impeached and removed. What is the use of the poor laborers losing attorneys if the court stands in with the robbers and authorize the robbery of the property? This corrupt corporation management has gone far enough. The people along the line of the road have been patient and forbearing to a remarkable degree that they have endured plundering of the property. With honest management, there is no good reason why the road should not pay operating expenses and more. It is a remarkable fact, that while the Union Pacific and Northern Pacific are bankrupt and in the hands of receivers, the Canadian Pacific and the Jim Hill system are paying dividends because they are honestly managed. The day has come when such a railroad can be treated as private property, as a goose to be plucked by corporation foxes and rascally lawyers with impunity.

"A few first class hangings, if the right men could be got hold of, would improve these properties. That is what will be done if the state government can guarantee an honest management. The state owes it to the citizens to protest against gross frauds and oppression of the poor. The state owes the people honest enforcement of the laws or it is a farce. The state owes the people proper protection and regulation and control of the public utility corporations. If it does not furnish that it is a fraud. The people are taxed fifty thousand dollars a year to maintain a governor, an attorney general, a railroad commission and a state court, and what do they receive in return? Nothing whatever. No protection whatever. It is time some of our public officials were awake if they expect to awaken in this world."

The Coal Schedule Taken Up

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The house today resumed consideration of the sugar schedule of the tariff bill, the pending amendment being Robertson's, imposing a duty on raw sugar and increasing the duty on refined, as amended by Warner, placing both raw and refined on the free list. The confusion caused by these two incongruous amendments had first to be straightened out. Mr. Warner claimed the amendment was utterly inconsistent with the Robertson amendment and should be considered as a substitute.

Mr. Robertson took issue with him, maintaining the effect of Warner's amendment was simply to place raw sugar on the free list, leaving so much of the amendment as imposed a duty on sugar below the 16 cent standard unaffected. A vote was finally taken on Warner's amendment as a substitute, and it was carried, 161 to 98.

The effect of this is to place all raw and refined sugar on the free list. The great mass of democrats and practically all the republicans voted for the proposition, only a handful of democrats, including Wilson and several other demagogues of the ways and means committee, voted against it.

The coal schedule was then taken up. The first amendment, by Oates of Alabama, is as follows: To strike out of the free list coal, etc., and insert coal, bituminous and sub-bituminous, per ton of 28 bushels, 80 pounds to the bushel; coal slack or culls, such as will pass through a half-inch screen, 20 cents per ton of 28 bushels.

Mr. Wise of Virginia followed with an amendment striking out 40 cents and inserting 50 cents.

The Unemployed in Berlin

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—The unemployed held meetings yesterday in a number of halls in the city. All the meetings were well attended. A large force of police were on hand, but their was no necessity for their services, excepting passing off quietly. Several members of the Reichstag presided at the meetings.

King Alexander Not Dead

VIENNA, Jan. 23.—There is no truth in the reported murder of King Alexander of Serbia. A dispatch from Belgrade today says the young king is alive and well.

A Treasurer Disappears

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Nothing is known at the Lehigh Coal company of the whereabouts of Treasurer Zell. He disappeared Friday last. His books so far examined are in good order.

Trial of Dr. West

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The trial of Eugene F. West, charged with the murder last September of Addie Gibson, a young milliner of Colusa, whose mutilated remains were found in a hay, commenced in Judge Wallace's court today. Five jurors were sworn in and the case went over until tomorrow.

Burned by an Ispit Stove

CORVALLIS, Jan. 23.—An old two-story frame building collapsed this morning. Two occupants were slightly injured, and another burned severely by the upsetting of a stove.

Harbored His Two Sisters

PORTLAND, Ill., Jan. 23.—John Hart was placed on trial this afternoon for the murder of his two sisters, Mary and Nellie, near here last September, the former being instantly killed, the latter being forced to swallow a fatal dose of Prussic acid. Before the trial a statement fixing the crime on her mother. The defense will be emotional insanity. It is expected that it will take several days to secure a jury.

New York and New England

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23.—In the United States court today the New York and New England receivership proceedings were postponed until Friday next.

They Are Worthless.

ATLANTA, Jan. 23.—\$80,000,000 in bills were shipped to Atlanta yesterday, the mammoth packages of money filling large dry goods boxes making in all more than a dry load. None of the bills are current, however, as they represent "nothing in God's earth now and naught in the waters below it." They were Confederate bills of the rarest type.

The huge pile of genuine Confederate money was shipped here from Richmond, Va., the former capital of the Confederacy, and is now the property of Mr. Chas. D. Barker, 90 South Fourth street, this city. The money is of every denomination issued by the departed nation, and in the big collections are bills of the rarest type. There are bills issued during every year of the war. Thousands of them are very valuable as relics, but the great number of them Mr. Barker has on hand will make them so common as to bring but little on the market.

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Normans Practising Abroad

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Another party of Mormon missionaries on their way to Europe are in town. They registered at a hotel at Wyand, in the island of Nepheli, Utah; James Larson, Spanish Fork, Utah; Christopher P. Thompson, Levan, Utah. All are old men with long gray beards. Two weeks ago a party of nine sailed from New York for Europe, and these three are the rest of the same party. They will remain almost a year and proselyte for converts in Scandinavian countries.

Fighting the Sugar Bounty.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The fight to amend the sugar schedule of the Wilson bill began today. It opened under the agreement of Friday setting apart three hours for that purpose. Melroe, Democrat of Arkansas, proposed an amendment to abolish the sugar bounty, but leaving it on the free list. He thought it was no time to pay bounties when the treasury was bankrupt and we were borrowing money at 5 per cent.

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