

EUGENE CITY GUARD.

L. L. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Good Report From a California Gold-Mining District.

HARD FROSTS KILL CRICKETS.

Treasurer of an Arizona Grocery Company Skips Out With a Portion of the Funds.

Santa Barbara, Cal., has decided to hold its flower festival during the third week in April.

A bar of gold valued at \$63,000 from the Bonanza mine in the Harjina Flats was shipped to San Francisco from Phoenix, A. T., recently.

Two employes of the Washington State printing office have purchased fifty acres of land five miles east of Olympia, and will start a prune ranch.

The closed hanging over the title to land at Nogales, Ariz., has been removed by the Private Land Claims Court, and there is great rejoicing at Nogales.

A number of prominent merchants at Boise, Idaho, are indicted for having made false returns on the amount of business done upon which a state tax is levied.

Harney Valley ranchers are in hopes of having wild rice of the cricket pest. During the warm weather of early fall the eggs hatched by millions, and later on hard frosts killed the young hoppers.

H. F. Burgess, Treasurer of the Warner Grocery Company at Phoenix, A. T., is insisting again with the bank funds of the company estimated roughly at \$2,000. Burgess went to Phoenix from Portland, Or., a year ago with a young woman who left him.

George Parsons, who shot a tramp in Virginia, Nev., in June last, has been sentenced to twenty-one years at hard labor in the penitentiary. The tramp had picked up an article of clothing belonging to Parsons, and the latter pursued him and killed him. The Judge characterized the act as cruel and unprovoked.

On several occasions during the past two years deadly assaults, and in two or three cases murders, have been committed in the mountainous regions of Yuba county, Cal., some fifty or sixty miles from Marysville. It is pretty well determined now that Indians and squatters were the principal actors in this country. The Sheriff has made two arrests, and offers a reward for a notorious Indian desperado.

The Northwestern Steamship Company has been incorporated by several Seattle capitalists representing several millions of dollars. It is the intention to purchase the City of Seattle and the City of Kingston, now owned by the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and with other boats controlled by the company—one on the Sound and one in San Francisco—to control business on all the principal Sound routes.

Mrs. Jane Stanford, widow of the late Mrs. Leland Stanford and executrix of his vast estate, has confirmed the telegraphic report that Leland Stanford (Jr.) University is to receive an endowment of at least \$500,000 from one of the brothers of the late Senator. In the latter's will \$500,000 is bequeathed his brother, Thomas Weldon Stanford of Melbourne, Australia. This bequest has been recently put under an executor. C. F. Crocker, Vice-President of the Southern Pacific, denies the statement that the directors of the company have determined to put armed men on their freight trains. He says the company has not determined what course to pursue in combating the tramp nuisance. It is believed, however, that the Pinkerton agency has perfected arrangements to put gun-fighters on the Southern Pacific trains not only in California, but in Arizona, New Mexico, Texas and clear through New Orleans. Armed men were recently being carried out of Portland, Or., after a few days were taken off. About that time William Pinkerton was in San Francisco.

John McNulty, a longshoreman who five years ago murdered Patrick Collins, another longshoreman, at San Francisco, was to have been hanged December 20. It now appears that the date of execution has been set five different times McNulty's neck will yet be saved through the efforts of the daughters of the toast shepherd of that city. Governor Markham was notified that the Sheriff had granted a reprieve until January 20, and the probability that his death sentence will be commuted to life imprisonment. The governor announces that he has received a petition signed by 3,000 people asking that this be done. Among the signers are United States Senators White and Perkins, Archbishop Riordan, Irwin C. Stump and eight of the jurors who convicted the prisoner.

A peculiar lawsuit has just been brought by the New Zealand Fire Insurance Company against the Standard Oil Company. Two years ago the company sold a certain quantity of coal oil to retail dealers in Selma, Fresno county, Cal., representing it with a fire test of 100 degrees Fahrenheit. The retail dealers in turn sold the oil to their customers. Mrs. May Belle Brown, a housewife of Selma, was among the purchasers. When Mrs. Brown used some of the oil in filling a lamp the kerosene exploded and burned the house. She was insured for \$1,000 in the New Zealand Company. Mrs. Brown has joined the insurance company in the suit against the Standard Oil Company for the amount of her loss. The complaint alleges the oil was found to explode 83 degrees Fahrenheit. It is reported other suits similar in nature will soon be filed.

James A. Tallott, administrator of the A. J. Davis estate at Butte, Mont., over which a great deal of contest is pending, has commenced suit against A. J. Davis, Jr., and the First National Bank, of which Davis is cashier, who has not returned over to the administrator 950 shares of bank stock, worth \$1,000 a share. Young Davis has all along claimed that his uncle gave him this stock a short time before his death, and refused to report it in the assets of his estate. The court authorized Tallott to bring suit and employ special counsel. Several leading attorneys have been engaged by him, men who have been consulted for contestants in the will case. There is no legal record of the dead millionaire ever having given his nephew the stock. It is said that Tallott and Davis have a falling out over matters connected with the estate, hence the suit. It has caused much surprise. The report that the heirs have compromised the suit is denied.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

The Navy Department has ordered the cruiser New York and the monitor Michigan to get ready for sea.

Senator Foraker introduced a bill providing funds for immediate use in relieving want and distress in the country.

Representative Hermann has introduced a bill to pension Ralph Summers, who served in the Oregon Indian wars in 1857.

Representative Wilson has introduced a bill to validate all outstanding soldiers' addition of unpaid land taxes. This bill will affect numerous settlers in Oregon and Washington.

Representative Hermann has presented many more protests from Oregon lumbermen against the Wilson bill. There is no possibility of defeating the bill in the House. The Senate may kill it.

Representatives Wilson and Doolittle have prepared an amendment to Montana bill for selecting lands granted under the enabling act for state institutions. This bill will allow Washington to make selection on unreserved lands; to secure title when surveys are made.

Wilson of Washington tried to have an amendment made to the bill allowing Montana to select lands in the Hitterfoot Valley, so as to allow his State four months in which to select surveyed lands previous to being thrown open for settlement. The Chairman of the Committee on Public Lands has promised to report a separate bill for the purpose.

Secretary Carlisle has requested Secretary Sherman to instruct Minister White at St. Petersburg to inquire into the statements, cabled from there, that a large number of indigent immigrants were being "assisted" out of Russia and sent to the United States. In case the fact should be found substantially correct, Mr. White is requested to enter a formal protest to the Russian government in the name of the United States.

The dismissal of the appeal in the Chinese case before the Supreme Court on the appeal of the Chinese consul at San Francisco is expected to be decided in the next few days.

The national government is running behind at the rate of about \$6,000,000 per month.

Boston proposes to have closer connection with her suburbs by means of electric railroads.

Work on the erection of the Grant monument at New York has been discontinued for the winter.

Seventeen Pittsburg churches united Sunday week in raising funds for the poor, and collected \$5,000.

Hon. William F. Coyle, "Buffalo Bill," is seeking the Republican nomination for Governor of Nebraska.

The wheat crop for next year, as far as observation goes, appears to be in a fairly healthy and promising condition.

In North Park, Routt county, Col., about two dozen buffaloes are protected by the farmers, who feed them regularly.

It is estimated that up to December 1 the Government made 4488 100-ton of the World's Fair through custom-house duties.

Georgia will try to recover \$200,000 from the Federal government for territory which is now Alabama and Mississippi.

A 240,000-watt candle-power electric light, the greatest in the world, will be placed in Fire Island lighthouse of New York.

The number of suicides in East Side tenements, New York city, has been greatly increased by lack of employment.

A carload of beef was recently sent by Jesse Spalding, a Chicago bank president, to the destitute of Iron Mountain, Minn.

Foreign capitalists will build a \$1,000,000 beet sugar factory at Omaha, if farmers will raise 6,000 acres of beets annually.

The highest court in Missouri has decided that debts contracted in option before a notary public are not collectible at law.

Five tons of the curtains hung under the skylights of the manufacturers' building at the exposition have been sold for old rags.

The Kentucky Court of Appeals has decided that the purchase of a lottery franchise by authority of the State Legislature is not valid.

Topska has ordered his police to give the unemployed entire freedom in building and going. The rock pile and bullpens have been abolished.

The President has sent to Senator Mills a letter thanking the latter for his recent speech in defense of the administration's Hawaiian policy.

The wheat crop in Oklahoma is reported to be in excellent condition. A much larger acreage has been planted this year than was sown last year.

A bill has been introduced in the Virginia Legislature providing for submission of a constitutional amendment which will insure white supremacy in politics.

The discovery that one of the jurors in the Meyer poisoning case on trial at New York had been been confined in an insane asylum has brought the case to a standstill.

EASTERN MELANGE.

Pittsburg Churches Unite in Practicing Charity.

THE WHEAT CROP IN OKLAHOMA

The President Thanks Senator Mills for Defending His Hawaiian Policy in the Senate.

There are 281,000 registered voters in Chicago.

Baptizing through the ice has begun in the Marais.

Chinamen are being brought to Florida from Cuba.

A phosphate combine is being organized in Florida.

The Kansas State exhibit at the World's Fair cost \$62,800.

The Cherokee has sustained the House impeachment of Chief Harris.

Samuel Gompers has been re-elected President of the Federation of Labor.

Twenty-two women have founded a communal home on the Cherokee Strip.

A move is on foot looking to the development of the coal fields of Ardmore, L. T.

The shootings and hangings of negroes amount to about twenty per day in the South.

Beaver county, Oklahoma, known as No. Man's Land, wants to be annexed to Kansas.

Thousands of homeless and penniless men sleep on the tiling floor of Chicago's city hall.

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FOREIGN FLASHES.

St. Petersburg has another outbreak of cholera.

France contemplates a new raid in Madagascar.

One-third of the land property of Russia is mortgaged.

Sir Edwin Arnold says that there are about 30,000 "poetesses" in Great Britain.

Thirty relatives of the Paris bomb-throwers will likely be expelled from France.

Grating American on French vines promises to save the French plants from destruction.

A mine of pumice stone has been developed on Tenerife Mountain, 2,000 feet above the sea.

Russia's sending of an agent to Abyssinia is construed as an act of direct hostility to Italy.

The Hungarian Prime Minister has succeeded in re-establishing a Royal Court in Buda Pesth.

A single lion's frost in the district around Cognac, France, destroyed 415,000 worth of vintage.

Five-sixths of all the girls who went into domestic service in London last year had never heard of a toothbrush.

Statistics show that Russia produces and consumes a smaller quantity of beer than any other of the great nations.

An electrical launch from the Chicago Fair parades the canals in Venice, where it has created a favorable impression.

The Woman's Suffrage League has issued a manifesto protesting against any woman working to support her husband.

The first general election in New Zealand in which women had the franchise resulted in the defeat of the government.

Forty thousand francs have already been subscribed in Paris for the Congo memorial, the Municipal Council giving 1,000.

The female typewriters in British government offices are about to be made permanent officials, with a right to a pension.

Hyacinth is preaching in a French Protestant chapel still with the spirit and aim, he says, of a Catholic reformer.

The King of Corea has purchased an American incandescent-light plant, which will be used to light his palace and grounds.

London and Berlin, tabulated as having the lowest percentage of deaths from typhoid in the total mortality, use only filtered water.

Spanish merchants and producers are not pleased with the commercial treaties being negotiated with England, Germany and Italy.

The Paris illustrated papers are to be restrained from publishing pictures of an artist by an order issued by the Prefect of Police.

The first aluminum vessel ever constructed, the yacht Venduesne, built for Count Chlapowski, has been launched at St. Denis, France.

The Peruvian Congress has authorized a loan, which will probably be taken at home, of 1,000,000 soles (about \$720,000 in American gold).

The hereditary throat trouble is fast reducing the Princess of Wales to the condition of her mother, the Queen of Denmark.

Peasants of Bionto, near Rome, saturated a curious officer with coal oil and set fire to him for breaking up a fete they were observing.

Experiments are being made by the French Department of Agriculture to transform tree twigs and leaves into food for horses and cattle.

Germany has decided that cinnamon yellow is the best color for war ships. The French stick to the gray tint, which like wet sail cloth.

Last year, according to the statistics recently compiled, 24,000 men and 18,000 women left Japan to find homes for themselves abroad.

The barracks built for European soldiers are generally far better than the huts for the natives. Chelsea barracks in England cost £245 per man.

A large elephant had to be killed in Stuttgart on account of his temper. A single bullet from a small-bore rifle, directed in his forehead, dropped him dead.

During the last year the property in London insured by fire insurance companies and by the underwriters of the London & Lancashire fire & marine insurance company, amounted to more than 400,000,000.

MIDWINTER FAIR.

Its Fame Spreading Rapidly in the Frozen East.

AMPLE PATRONAGE PREDICTED.

The Programme for May the Most Complete of All So Far—A Successful Experiment.

[Weekly Circular Letter, No. 4.] The Exposition management has renewed cause for congratulation on each succeeding day in view of the fact that the fame of the Midwinter Fair is spreading so rapidly and so satisfactorily in the East that the number of Eastern visitors who are to be expected during the winter seems sure to succeed their most sanguine expectations.

The newspapers of the large Eastern cities, and those of the small towns in that part of the country as well, seem to have taken as kindly to our Exposition proposition as those who are near by, and who might therefore be expected to reap a more direct benefit from it. But among all the Eastern papers in this connection none has proven more valuable as an advertisement than an editorial utterance in the latest issue of the Review of Reviews, one of the most conservative periodicals in the country. This utterance was as follows:

The Exposition will help to give definite form to many a vague scheme for extending the Pacific Coast, and that perhaps will be its greatest service to its country. Every body in the East (except, perhaps, the few who are old and old men are dying every day who had meant since 1849 to see the Golden Gate some time or other) will never get so tired. The fact that the Midwinter Fair has transformed general intentions into specific plans. Patriotism, if nothing else, should impel every American who can possibly afford it, to contribute to the welfare that lie upon the western margin of this glorious country.

The above paragraph most assuredly echoes Eastern sentiment and goes a great way towards dispelling the idea which some Californians still cling to that the influx of Eastern visitors will not be large. The railroad people have long ago recognized this fact and are now making elaborate preparations for transportation. Strangers are certainly coming to the Pacific Coast this winter by thousands, and when they get here, thanks to the eleventh-hour railway arrangements, they are going to have an opportunity to visit the entire Coast, so that San Francisco can not justly be said to reap even the lion's share of the advantages at hand. This fact is becoming more widely recognized as the date for the opening of the Fair draws near, and there is a general feeling of pride in the coming Exposition, and of determination that it should be everything that has been promised for it.

An experiment was made on Sunday last in the way of charging admission to the Exposition grounds. The only special attraction offered was a balloon ascension and a parachute jump from the airship when it was at the height of 2,000 feet. Otherwise there were only the buildings to see and the workmen pushing them along toward completion, yet nearly 4,000 people paid 25 cents each to gain admission to the grounds, and several hundreds have paid the same admission on each succeeding day during the week. This is accounted for by the management as unmistakable evidence of the fact that the drawing power of the Exposition have not been over-estimated. When once the Fair is started there will be no doubt about liberal patronage.

It is the intention of the management, however, that special features shall be widely advertised during the entire duration of the Exposition, and it is to that end that days have been set apart for special objects of interest. In this way more than half the days of the Exposition have thus been programmed. For the first month the programme is not an elaborate one, inasmuch as the opening days of the Exposition are naturally supposed to take care of themselves. The California Pioneers, however, have their day in January, having selected the 24th. Stanford university will celebrate on the 29th, and Butte county will turn out her entire population on the 29th. In February there will be a grand musical festival on the 8th; the Pacific Coast Association of Fire Chiefs will celebrate on the 9th, North Dakota the 14th and Idaho the 15th. The Benevolent Order of Elks will conduct a very interesting observance of the 17th of February as their special day. Southern California will turn its self loose on the 19th. The Young Men's institute will have the 25th, Santa Cruz county the 21st and Washington's birthday will probably suffice as the special feature for the rest of the month.

In March there will be another grand musical festival on the 8th, the Teachers' congress on the 16th and a characteristic celebration of St. Patrick's day on the 17th. The state of Michigan and the state of Nevada have the 12th and 22nd of March, respectively, and Sierra county will celebrate on the 14th. In the month of April the university of California has its day; so also does the Order of Chosen Friends and the Knights and Ladies of Honor. The Native Sons of the Golden West also hold forth in April, having selected the 20th for their day. The Old Fellows have selected April 25 and the Grand Army of the Republic the 21st.

The programme for May is the most complete of all so far, beginning on the 1st of the month with California day, and including between that and the 21st a half dozen county days, to say nothing of a grand San Rafael rose festival on the 7th and German May festival on the 9th. Knights of Pythias day on the 18th, a day for the Order of Druids on the 16th, Good Templars' day on the 20th and a characteristic Decoration day observance on the 30th.

The closing month of the Fair includes a Foresters' day on the 9th, United Workmen's day on the 19th and a day to be observed under the auspices of the San Francisco Federation of Women on the 21st. In addition to these the Italians will celebrate the 2d, Santa Clara college the 9th, Santa Clara county the 14th, Sonoma county the 15th and the Bunker Hill association the 16th, the entire enthusiasm of the Exposition to reach its climax in a grand closing celebration on Sunset day, June 30, 1904.

PORTLAND MARKET.

WHEAT—Valley, 92 1/2 @ 95; Walla Walla, 81 @ 82 1/2 per cental.

HOPE, WOOL AND HIDES.

Horns—33c, choice, 15 @ 16c per pound; medium, 10 @ 12c; poor, 5 @ 7c.

Wool—Valley, 10 @ 11c per pound; Eastern, 11 @ 12c; Eastern Oregon, 6 @ 8c, according to quality and shrinkage.

Hides—Dry selected prime, 5c; green, salted, 60 pounds and over, 3 1/2c; under 60 pounds, 2 @ 3c; sheep pelts, shearings, 10 @ 12c; medium, 20 @ 25c; long wool, 20 @ 25c; tallow, good to choice, 3 @ 3 1/2c per pound.

LIVE AND DRESSED MEAT.

Beef—Top steers, 2 1/2c per pound; fair to good steers, 2c; No. 1 cows, 2c; fair cows, 1 1/2c; dressed beef, \$3.50 @ 5.00 per 100 pounds.

MUTTON—Best sheep, \$2.00; choice mutton, \$4.75 @ 5.00; lambs, \$2.00 @ 2.25; Hogs—Choice heavy, \$4.50 @ 5.00; medium, \$4.00 @ 4.50; light and feeders, \$4.00 @ 4.50; dressed, \$6.50.

VEAL—\$5.00 @ 5.00.

PROVISIONS.

EASTERN SMOKE MEATS AND LARD—Hams, medium, 12 1/2 @ 13c per pound; large, 12 @ 13c; Eastern Oregon, 6 @ 8c, according to quality and shrinkage.

Short clear sides, 11 @ 12c; dry salt sides, 10 @ 11c; dried beef hams, 12 @ 13c; lard, compound, in tins, 9 1/2 @ 10c per pound; pure, in tins, 11 @ 12c; pigs' feet, 8 @ 9c; 45 @ 50; pigs' feet, 4 @ 5c, 6 @ 7c.

MANILLA ROPE, 1 1/2 in. cir. and up, 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1 1/2 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 3/4 and 5/16 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/2 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/4 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/8 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/16 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/32 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/64 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/128 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/256 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/512 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/1024 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/2048 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/4096 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/8192 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/16384 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/32768 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/65536 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/131072 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/262144 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/524288 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/1048576 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/2097152 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/4194304 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/8388608 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/16777216 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/33554432 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/67108864 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/134217728 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/268435456 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/536870912 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/1073741824 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/2147483648 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/4294967296 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/8589934592 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/17179869184 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/34359738368 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/68719476736 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/137438953472 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/274877906944 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/549755813888 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/1099511627776 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/2199023255552 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/4398046511104 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/8796093022208 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/17592186044416 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/35184372088832 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/70368744177664 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/140737488355328 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/281474976710656 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/562949953421312 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/1125899906842624 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/2251799813685248 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/4503599627370496 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/9007199254740992 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/18014398509481984 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/36028797018963968 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/72057594037927936 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/144115188075855872 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/288230376151711744 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/576460752303423488 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/1152921504606846976 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/2305843009213693952 in. cir., 10 @ 11c; manilla rope, 1/4611686018427387904 in.