## EUGENE CITY. OREGON.

THE AFTER TIME

There cometh time for hughter And Joy for the days and years, Lot over there cannot hafter A time and a place for tears. Weary of revel and riot,

Eich of the wordly strife, Cometh the mane—the quiet— That quickness the founts of life. And the spirit is disenchanted With joy-that are bitter swret.

And the soul which for rest had panted.
Falls down at the Moster's feet.
The world and its ways seem localy.
And love at the best seems loss. What help is there then but only To cling to the crimson crows?

To cling to the cross that blessoms With blood for the error whell On the tenderest of tender become To fillow the weary head;
To feel the love that is glowing.
From the least that is quick to beat With even the harsh nails going In the heautiful scarred white feet.

O bird, by the storm winds driven From the wild and angry heaven Fly homeward with veury wings.

And ye that are worn and weary.

Who faint by the way and fall. Fly fast from the darkness dreary To the Rock that was rieft for all!
-Atlanta Constituti

The Specier of the Brocken.

The "specter of the Brocken" belongs to a class of beautiful and deceptive atmospheric phenomena known as "mirages." The particular mirace referred to is to be seen at only one known place on theearth's surface-on top of the Brocken, the highest summit of the Harz mountains in Hungary. In the Hungarian language it is referred to as the "Brockengespenst" (mean ing "Brocken ghost" or "ghost of the Brocken", and those who have been for tunate enough to get a good view of it deare that the apparition is very specter

There is an observatory near the point where the "specter" is to be seen to the best advantage, and you no sooner step out upon the little platform to the south of the tower than your shadow, grim and gigan tic, is projected out against the eastern all y. where with unlimited space for a play ground it flits swiftly from place to place accurately following your every motion. It is only in the evening just before sunset that the phenomenon may be seen at all. This being the case, the shadow is doubly exaggerated-first, by the distance remoteness of the background upon which

the shadow is projected.

The explanation of this extraordinary atmospheric curiosity is very simple. To the east of the Harz mountains there is always a very dense and lazy atmosphereso deuse, in fact, that it presents a surface expable of receiving the impression of an object and reflecting its shadow just as a wall does. When, therefore, the sun gets around to the west, the shadows of all objeets which are near enough to the wall of atmospherie particles are projected upon it. -St. Louis Republic.

### A Marriage In Cairo.

There was a young girl married while I was in Cairo. The streets around the palnce of her father were bong with flags for The garden about his house was tuclosed with a tent, which was worth in money \$20,000 and which was as beautiful to the eye as the interior of a mosque. For a week the sheiks who rented the estates of the high contracting parties were fed at their expense. For a week men sone, and bunds played, and the whole neighborhood feested, and on the last night everybody went to the wedding and drank coffee and

women who did see her described her as very beautiful, barely 16 years old and covered with pearls and diamonds. She was weeping bitterly. Her mother, it appeared, had arranged the match. I did not see her, but I saw the bridegroom. He was fat and stopid and over 10, and he had white hair and a white beard. A priest recited the Korns before him at the door of the house, and a band played, and the people chevred the khedive three times and then the crowd parted, and the bridegroom was marched to the door which led to the stairs, at the top of which the girl awaited him. Two grinning connchs crouched on this dark staircase with lamps held high above their heads and closed the door be

lands, but it is much too serious a matter to be cynical about .- Harper's Weekly.

One day, as I was walking across the river bridge with two friends and happened to look down in the water (which, by the way, is about 40 feet distant from the bridge), I saw a pickerel about 3 feet long lying there in the clear water near the shore. I told my friends to stay there and I would get my rod and line and a five minnow and catch the fish. I did so and put a nice little shiner on the book. I had automatic reel with 10 feet of line on it. I let the minnow down in the water, and it hardly reached there before a kinglisher game down from under the bridge, sexual my minuow and started down the river When he got the line straightened out, he let the minnow drop, and I supposed he went on down the river, so I started once more to catch the pickerel, but had hardly came Mr. Kingdisher and took the minnow nggititt.

This time, however, he went back under the bridge, and after a moment or two let the minnow fall back in the river, a then went after the pickerel again, and for the third time down came Mr. Kingfisher. but he got the book along with the min tow, and I had him fast. He few right straight up in the air, and I let him have the whole 153 feet of line. Then I revied him in from the sky, and you never beard such a titles as he made, but I kinded him all right. I then took him and showed him to all the delicroner in town and then let him go, and he went back to the bridge. - Amer

# Points About Point Lace.

You mustn't be feeled into thinking that lace is made in the country whose name it bears. The Irish took Nottingkara lace, embreidered it and cold it for real Irish point. I have seen many of our good Americans, who so dearly love to be humbugged, buying "real Irish point lace" from dealers abourd ship in Queenstown harbor, when it was nothing more than they could have got in Nottingham or any city at home for half the money .- Interview in Clerk and

A Small Town Proud of Its Years The little town of Newport, Hants county, N. S., has a population of about 1,400, and there among them 40 persons. 29 of them women, whose united area amount to 3,000 years, an average of 84 years each. The townspeople ask if there is another small town in the world that can equal theirs for longovity .-

### THE USEFUL BAMBOO.

VANKEE MACHINERY COMPETES WITH JAPANESE FINGERS.

Are Popular, but Contrary to General Beilef They Are Made In This Country. Japanese Curtains. The light tumboo curtain is giving the mme privacy to suburtum New Yorkers this year that the venetion blind has long given to West Indians and other dwellers in warm climates. Several years ago these rolling excentes of split hamboo made their

Manufactured Products of a Foreign Wood

appearance in this city under the name of sidarris, and they were found so useful that they soon became popular favorites, particularly to the suburban towns. The autorium New Yorker and fallen into the habit of living much in public when outside the walls of his house.

Fashiou elected long ago that the front fence must come down, and the plazza, usually not far from the street, was so exposed that it was uscless for comfortable lounging and demanded the same dress that must be worn for walking or calling. The bamooo curtain come to remedy this evil and to give to the American plazza greater privacy and comfort. It is cheap enough for the smallest cottage, pretty enough for the most expensive and useful for everybody who has a plazza. Like most things that are cheap, pretty and use ful, it has inade a place for itself.

Possibly there may be some remote ham let in the United States where the bamboo curtain has not yet appeared, and for the benefit of that hamlet it may be necessary to describe it. It is simply a rolling shade made of thin strips of split bambon, with a round bamboo rod at top and bottom to give it strength and ropes running through two small pulleys to raise it or let it down It is so loosely made that the wind whis tles through it readily, yet it has enough solidity to make a shield from the sun. It may be run up or down as easily as any shade, and it is not only a protection against the sun, but a valuable screen to shield the summer lounger from the gaze of every pusserby. It is used only upon the

The bamboo curtain is too familiar here abouts to need any description for the New Yorker, urban or suburban, but there are some curious things about it that must at tract the idle notice of the summer loung er. It has a foreign look throughout and reems to bear the delicate odors of lacquer and fine cabinet work that we associate with Japan. The slats are tiny things perhaps a quarter of an inch wide and and level of the sun, and, secondly, by the sixteenth of an inch thick. Wherever the marks of a joint appear, they are not in on sint or two, but in enough of the slats to cover a fort or more in height, and each one exactly over the one below it, showing that all those slats have been deftly cut from one stalk of bamboo. So neatly and evenly is this cutting done that the summer lanuger is fikely to wonder at the pathence and dexterity of the Japanese work

men who make these things. But the patient Japanese workmen who make these survens are usually good Amerium citizens, and all the foreign look i manufactured to order and by machinery It is not in Tokio or Yokolomna that the aboo cartains are made, but in New York or Brooklyn. Sidarris is a good name for them because it has a far away sound, and few people know what it means. The bamboo is a genuine product of the tropics, but the manufacturing is all done on side or other of the Last river-largely in Herokiya, and not far from the pavy juri This applies, however, only to the bamboo shades and other bamboo work used in and about this city. Nearly every large city in the country has at least one factory where bambon goods are made. Some of the limest of these factories, after those of New York and Brooklyn, are in Philadel phia, St. Louis and San Francisco. In all man singing Arabian lave songs.

I maturally did not see the bride. The of these factories, although the price of labor is 20 times higher than in Japan, the goods are made as cheaply as they can be made in the cast because the work is done

with machinery.
Leyond a few ornamental chairs and ta bles, the hamboo cartain is the first popular use to which bamboo bas been put in this country. It probably will not be the list, for bumboo ties a limbit of making it self so useful wherever it goes that its ac quaintance is cultivated. The raw mate rial has to be imported, for bamboo has not yet been successfully raised in this coun LIV. The Chinese in California have tried it, but without any great success. Some lonely trees grow in St. Augustine in Flor ida, but they are mere travesties upon the

now—him and his canache—antil he or she
dies. We could show similitudes between
this wedding and some others in the two as sels, the dies in long evindage in the sels. quently see unloading in South street are not good samples of the bamboo of the East Indies, except for business uses. The inmense stalks, sometimes a foot thick and Offset long, seldom come here, because they are not needed. Our bamboo goods are bet ter made from small growths, and it is not much matter whether the stationare straight or crooked. They are often crooked, but

they are easily straightened. 'Our raw material." says a ninker of tumboo goods, 'comes principally from countries we flist more than 63 varietics ranging between 2 feet and 60 feet in beight and half an tuch and 8, 10, 12 inches in diameter. Every one of these varieties is to bend when stanned, its culque property of splitting into pieces of any thickness distrest, and the high polish it will take. For any of these qualities no other wood computes with it. In some varieties the joints are only from five to eight inches spart, and in others they are apward of five bet sport. These larger kinds are rare and are sped only in the manufacture of

the more costly furniture.
"What bomboo arricles do we make? A great many, and still not wratty as many as might, the as many as we probably shall when Americans come to know bund la o better We make Salartis or Japanes enriches, serveus, fretwork, bushels and hampers, famey hours, parosels, chairs, tools flower stands, settles, hatracks tables, galunets, brackets, casels, portiores scription. Most of these things you will notice, are thing articles. Planter and more useful things will come to time. As

ting of a treese Pers burnton. "He not confound temples work with and musty, while cutton is solid and theore. Hattan is a presinct of a species of paim tree and has likely in commi samboo. We make in those matry about CONCORNING THE OF INSTRUMENT CONTRACTOR STATES

-New York Sun. In Austria servants and people of menial rank of every hand are accusto sed to Liss the hand of their employers, a some what oriental fashiou to which it takes some time to get accustomed.

On the little tideland island opposits Eliamoltawa, Wash., the cranes have built | his patriotic ancestry. their nests in the big cottonwood trees. and the cries of the young birds may be beard for quite a distance.

What is reputed to be the largest diamond in the world is to the possession of Jagersfontein, a Mexican. He claims that the stone weighs 973 carata.

### EVERROW AND NOSE.

How Character May I'm Studied From Featores of the Pare.

The "rainbow of pence," as the eyerow has been called, and the eyelids s treated of at considerable length as cing among the most expressive, animated and mobile features of the face. In fact, so highly are they extelled that one is a limest forced to think that a person occassed of nothing else but a pair of symmetrical eyebrows could easily express his desires or his emotions, no matter how complicated these might be. Highly arched brows are said to denote vivacity and brilliancy, but not the power of profundity that are allied to the more level kind. Regularly curved syebrows are said to express cheerfulness; square, deep thought; irregular, fickleness, verantility, excitability; raised at the inner corner, melanchely; joined over the nose, an unsettled mind.

Andamautius likened individuals with thick eyebrows which met over the root of the nose to swine. This might by some be considered actionable, but these would do well to remember that Andamantius is no more. Thick and bushy eyebrows are supposed to denote strength and energy on the part of their possessors, while the contrary development indicates delicacy, refinement or merely weakness, which is hardly a satisfying diagnosis. A lack of eyehrows is not considered a sign of mental strength. The eyebrows and the eyelids are on terms of close intimacy, and the form of the former is connected with the opening of the latter. Only in the romantic novel are black eyes to be found. By those who have studied the question deeply four primary shades of color are recognized. These are brown, green, blue and gray, and each of these has five tones.

It is considered a somewhat singular fact that the rarest of all noses is that found in the middle of the face, and taking 100 noses at random one will not find on on an average more than three in which the bridge of the nose descends perpendicularly from a straight line drawn exactly between the eyes. A well proportioned nose, according to most authorities, should take upone-third of the profile, measured from the commenment of the bair to the tip of the chin. Napoleon used to say that a long nose meant a long head; therefore the longest headed club in London should have been that whose members were elected for the length of their noses, the chairman having the longest nese and the ball porter none. A long nose is generally considered the mental superior of a short one.

Hogarth classified noses as angular. iquiline or Roman, parrot beak, bulbova or bottle, straight or Grecian, turned up and snub. Other kinds, which may be added or not according to taste, are mixed and broken. An unduly red nose does not necessarily indicate that the wearer is a toper. It may be due to tight lacing, indigestion or emotionality of temperament. There are also other ways of explaining the trouble. The smile is purely human, as brutes are unable to clevate or depresa the corners of the month as a means of expression. As is the case with almost every other feature of the face, physicomomists are found who claim that the lips are of all features the most susceptible of actioand the most direct indices of the feel ings. These champions of the mouth maintain that every shade of feeling can be described by the lips with more facility than by any other feature .-Pall Mall Budget.

In Illinois there is an old law on the statute books to the effect that in criminal cases the jury is "judge of the law an well as the facts." Though not often quoted, once in awhile a lawyer with desperate case tankes use of it. In one ense the judge instructed the jury that it was to judge the law as well as the facts, but added that it was not to judge of the law unless it was fully estisfied that it knew more law than the judge An outrageous verdict was brought in centrary to all instructions of the court. who felt called upon to rebule the jury At last one old farmer arose.

"Jedge," said be, "weren't we to jedge the law as well as the facts?"

"Certainly," was the response, "but I told you not to judge the law unless you were clearly satisfied that you knew the law better than I did."

"Well, jedge," answered the farmer as he shifted his quid, "we considered that p'int."-San Francisco Argonaut.

this truth. But work is not the only good thing in this world. It is not a felich to be adored, neither is it to be judged, like a sum in addition, by its outward and immediate results. Dr. Johnson had scant sympathy with inconsistent and arrogant industry. "No man, sir, is obliged to do as much as he can. A man should have part of his life to hunself." a more handmaid of labor, it is something we should know how to cultivate, is but six feet to the mile. In the next 2 to use and to enjoy. It has a distinct miles, however, the fall is over 2,000 feet, and henorable place wherever nations and so precipitous is the sudden descent are released from their first rude needs. that in many places depths of 1,000 to 1,000 their first homely toll and rise to hap- mity to the 100 fathon line. pier levels of grace and intellectual renose. "The success of any society worth in this part of the Atlantic becomes a considering is to be estimated largely by slightly undulating plain, whose gradients the use to which its fortunate put their are so light that they show but little alter spare moments."-Agnes Ropplier in amon of depth for 1,300 miles. The extraor Scribner's.

The Spanish wit und philosopher, ation for knowing everything, was saed if he knew of a means whereby a person could avoid growing old. "Most growing old.

What are they?" "Keep in the san in summer and in the wet in winter; that is one rule Nevergive yourself rest; that is another. Fret at everything that happens: that is another. And then if you take care always to eat meat cold and drink plenty of cold water when you are not you may be perfectly sure that you will never grow old?"-London Tit-Bits.

I saw Andy Leavitt, the ex-minstrel, the other day. The old man is chatty as ever. He loves to think and talk about

"My great-grandfather," said be, "was one of the men who fought the redcoats at the battle of Bunker Hill. Further than that I can't trace him, but he made a good beginning, and I am proud to know that my blood flowed in the veine of one of the soldiers at Bunker Hill."-

### Lemonado Bests Bandoline.

"I was out to a dance recently," said an acquaintance to me, "and a funny thing happened. It was not so very funny either, but it made me laugh after it was over. You see, it was as hot as a bake oven, and the room was crowded to suffocation. I had a girl, and we were waltzing around as test we could when suddenly the girl gasped, turned pale and said. 'Get me out to the air. stopped and released her and offered her my arm, when bump! down she went on the floor in a heap. Fainted away, see! Dead as a herring. What did I do! Why, I tried to pick her up and couldn't to it, for she was a heavyweight. Then succeeded, with the aid of others, in getting her to the porch, but she wouldn't revive. Then I ran into the refreshment room for water, but the tank was empty, and the only thing they had was lemonade.

"Something had to be done, and I got two glasses, ran back and emptied their contents into her face-not exactly 'inbut 'onto.' After using 30 cents' worth of nice, sweet lemonade she came Well, say. You would have died to see her hair. Sticky? Why bandoine, quince seed, gum arabic and kindred concoctions were not in it. Lemonade beats them all. Was she mad? Well, I guessyes. She said I was intoxicated and a natural born fool. Some one else took her home, I didn't."-Youngstown affairs. (O.) Telegram.

### Freals of Globe Lightning.

A very singular story is told concerning the vagaries of one mass of globe ghtning. A tailor in the Rue St. Jacnes, in the neighborhood of the Val above the floor. The spectator, in con- some swell function. versation afterward with M. Rabbinet, of the Academie des Sciences, said it reliability of the predictions and the into a ball and moving without showing test. It is doubtful, moreover, if any its naws. It was bright and shining, yet | country on the globe has a better equipbe felt no sensation of heat. The globe ped service. This is due in some meascame near his feet, but by moving them aside he avoided the contact.

ferent directions it ross vertically to the | make the work of weather prophesying to prevent it touching him-steered to employment of men of wide experience ward a hole in the chimney above the and learning. It is by no means an unposed it had had time to reach the top." varieties of storms over the country in a the tailor said—there was a terrible ex- day. It may be hailing in North Daplosion, which destroyed the upper part kota, a tornado may be making sad of the chimney and threw the fragments havec in the western farming belt, a onto the roofs of some adjoining build- windstorm may be bowling along the ings, which they broke through.-Cham-

French Art In Manipulating Plaster. It is stated that French builders, who iron or zine, the iron giving the strong- a tornado." ed .- New York Sun.

ion, being now only used for draping about flank movements, and he began to buildings and monuments, or for shroud- figure out where the main attack might ing the lighted lamps of the vehicles be expected. Work is good. No one seriously doubts and long streamers. Indeed, at the pres east segment of the circle, and before 9

The Bottom of the Atlantic Ocean, Proceeding westward from the Irish Leisure has a value of its own. It is not const the ocean bed deepens very gradually -in fact, for the first 23 miles the gradient nathoms are encountered in very close proxdepth or 1,800 to 2,000 fathoms, the sea bed dinary flatness of these submarine prairies resulers the familiar simile of the basin rather inappropriate.
The believe of the Atlantic is not strictly

Quevelo, who in his time gamed a reput a basin whose depth increases regularly dishlike one, so even is the contour of its bed. The greatest depth in the Atlantic has been found some 100 miles to the porth certainly, said he. I know of certain ward of the island of St. Thomas where rules which will surely prevent you coundings of 3,573 fathoms were obtained. The seas round Great Britain can hardly be regarded as forming part of the Atlantic bollow. They are rather a part of the plat. form banks of the European continent which the ocean has overflowed. - Nautical

## e Hew Some Girls Walk.

Some girls walk gracefully. They unthe "good time" over the pavement, but their movements are not abrupt nor awkward. There is no apparent effort in their locomotion. Some girls are now effecting a man's stride. The imitation is a ludicrous failure. Other girls are trying an odd kind of turn of the shoulders that gives to their appearance a top wobble and a lower swing. - Exchange.

### First Pickpocket-Well, did you do a ood business while you were out at the

Second Pickpocket (back from Chicago) -No. Somehow or other I couldn't get my hand in. - Triffic.

## FORECASTING STORMS

Consideration in a Silver Mine.

"It is very astonishing," said a gentle-

man whose business frequently requires

long journeys into the interior of the

country, "how many examples of innate

perintendent, was most kind in showing

and explaining everything to her. One

bad fall, he said, 'his shoulder is dis-

located and they fear his leg is broken.

Why do they not bring him up at once?

brawny, red shirted miner who had

lady, and wanted me to come first,' he

What's In a Name?

From the extraordinary inscriptions

over the doorways and on the vestibule

glass of the apartment houses in the up-

per sections of the city it would appear

that the owners and builders of these are

driven to their wits end to provide strik-

ing names for their houses. They re-

mind one of the endless rows of "villas"

with romantic names one sees in the su-

burbs of London. Only the London af-

fair consists chiefly of name and is usu-

ally proportionately significant inversely

with the grandeur of its appellation

Here it may be a first class apartment

house at expensive rentals, a mere flat-

house for people in ordinary circum-

The most fantastic, poetical, histor-

adopted, but you'll find when you come

to flat hunting that there is nothing in a

name. In some instances the builder

has vaingloriously given the building his

own name and left it to serve as a prac-

tical tombstone to register an existence

on earth. But experience has demon-

strated that "The Crowley," or "The

Boxwood" and that ilk do not draw like

"The Moselle," or "The Amsterdam,"

or "The Paderewshi" and so on. Senti-

mental people will demand something

His First Thought.

Fowling is now very little practiced in

the Shetland islands, although many

eggs are secured annually. Many thril

"Sketches and Tales of Shetland."

influence. Being of a most mercantile

and managing temperament, they be-

come the self constituted stewardesses,

treasurers and bucksters of the home or

national character is docile, indolent,

Bishop Utterton's mother was a re-

and her husband were at Gibraltar dur-

ing the peninsular war, the latter was

known to be particular about his shav-

ing water. From his friend, the Spanish

governor of Algeciras, he received the

rainwater in bottles, which the butler,

thinking it to be wine, duly took charge

brother officer was asked to take his

place at the table. In due course the

bock was handed round, but it was ob-

served that the guests were singularly

abstemious in regard to it. The explana-

parted. The well stored and savory

Origin of the Red Cap of Liberty.

The red cap of liberty had a very pro-

saic origin. Instead of being the "Phyr-

gian bounet" it is just the galley slave's

headgear. The Swiss of the Chateau-

their share in the Nancy riots were re-

leased and came into Paris with the red

caps still on their heads. "They are the

victims of despotism," said the people

forgetting the circumstances of the riot.

book!-Notes and Queries.

with the extreme party.

light hearted, gay. - Fortnightly Review.

months of passersby.

spread out before her.

for their money.-New York Herald.

answered."-New York Tribune.

" "Tom was afraid of frightening the

brought the news.

continued, addressing the great,

tions and, we thought, groans.

ACCURACY AND TIMELINESS IN FORE-CASTING WEATHER

Remarkable Success of the United States two ago I had a survey to make of some Weather Bureau In Foretelling Sudden and Dangerous Changes In the Atmosphere in Various Sections.

The signal achievement of the government weather bureau in predicting the disastrous tornadoes in Iowa 24 hours in advance of their awful visitations brought into new prominence the remarkable accuracy with which in these days of advanced science a weather forecast can be made.

The prediction of the Iowa tornado offers a noteworthy example of the value wife as the cage came up and a big, of the government bureau and illustrates the perfection of the system it employs, but the forecast in point of accuracy is duplicated daily. It isn't every day that a tornado starts on a wild stampede, but the weather sharps are expected to keep the cities and towns of the country posted in advance in regard to the weather. The daily forecast has become an all important element in all calculations, whether of pleasure or of business, and could no more be dispensed with than the telegraph or any of the other agencies which have revolutionized

Several years ago a couple of young army lieutenants who saw tornadoes in every cloudcap kept the western farmers dodging in and out of low ground cellars until they became round shouldered and neglected their crops, but the young lientenants' experience is now one le Grace, was getting his dinner one day of the amusing traditions of the office. during a thunderstorm, when he heard It is told, too, possibly as a joke, that a loud clap, and soon the chimney board the colored janitor who had rheumatism il down, and a globe of fire as big as a and looked upon his left leg as a relichild's head came out quietly and moved able gauge did the prophesying business slowly about the room at a small height when the lieutenants were invited to

Things are run differently now, as the looked like a good sized kitten rolled up able administration of the bureau ature to the opportunities of study offered by the diverse climatic peculiarities of After trying several excursions in dif- the United States. These peculiarities height of his head-which he threw back | here a most difficult task, requiring the mantalpiece and made its way into the common circumstance for the weather Shortly afterward-"when I sup bureau to chase half a dozen different Atlantic coast, imperiling shipping, and

With all these complications, a short, eave carried the art of hardening plast thickset man, with gray eyebrows and ter to where it is used for flooring, either gray mustache, calmly looks over the in place of wood or tile, employ for this maps which are made on the reports of purpose six parts of good quality of plas- every one of the government observers ter intimately mixed with one part of throughout the country and figures out freshly slaked white time finely sifted. just the kind of weather that may be The mixture as thus composed is laid expected in every state and section. down in as quick time as possible, care This short, thickset man, with gray being taken that the trowel is not used eyebrows and gray mustache, is the upon the surface for too long a time. official who, on examining the maps on After this the floor is allowed to become the night of July 5, paused for a modry and is subsequently saturated in a ment, and then, to the surprise of his most thorough manner with sulphate of assistants, murmared, "This looks like

four or five thunderstorms may be

creating alarm in as many different sec-

est surface, its resistance to breaking Major Dunwoody was the officer who for a little, and it was not till he had keep the coolies in line. Behind then being found to be 10 times the strength read the signs aright. The government shricked many times "I am going" that marches on each wing one of the shricked many times "I am going" that It appears that observers at Sioux City, Des Moines, with sulphate of zine the floor remains Keckuk and Omaha had all reported white, while when iron is used it be- threatening atmospheric conditions, and comes the color of rusted iron. But if lin- their reports when reduced to tracings seed oil, boiled with litharge, be applied on the maps showed that the center of to the surface it becomes of an attractive the atmospheric disturbances was at mahogany color, this being especially Cheyenne, with the winds racing from the case if a coat of copal varnish is add- all four points of the compass toward the Wyoming capital. Major Dunwoody has had an intimate acquaint ance with storms for years, and this The so called "deepest mourning" is tornado didn't fool him by pretending to no longer considered good form in Eu- rendezvous at Cheyenne. The major is rope, and crape has dropped out of fash- an old army officer, who understands all

figuring in the funeral cortege. No one He was sitting on a high stool in the would ever dream of taxing either the forecasting room at the weather bureau, empress of Austria or the Princess of calculating on the tornado's probable Wales with indifference to the death of evolution. The major read the report of their respective sons, yet each has been the storm sentinels at Sioux City and ders the spittoon an indispensable articontent to mourn her offspring without Des Moines over again and then drew a crape, either in the shape of a veil or as circle, with the center at Cheyenne and the great splashes of red saliva that may all know, the tusk of the wild hear call a trimming to her dress. The result of the circumference toward the east, this has been that widows, especially touching Davenport. The major's exwhen young, dispense not only with perience taught him that the most crape, but with the characteristic cap trouble might be expected in the southent rate, there will be no outward sign o'clock that night all the observers who left by which we shall be able to distin- furnished the alarming reports were inguish from the ordinary woman those structed by wire to send out warnings to fair sirens against whom we have been cities and towns on the respective secso pathetically warned by Mr. Weller .- tions, and orders were also given to employ every means to inform the country districts of the impending peril.

Hours before the storm broke with its terrible fury express trains running through the isolated communities had carried the bureau's intelligence, and those who lived far from the railroad station were warned by whistles which were blown according to an established and well understood code.

How quickly all this was accomplished fllustrates the efficiency of the government system as directed by Chief Harrington. At So'clock on the night of the 5th the observations were made, and an hour later Major Dunwoody, with quick udgment based on long experience, had ocated the storm and had sent out a forecast to the threatened community telling of the dangers to be feared. How toward the anter It is rather a sancer or much greater might have been the damage to property and how much greater the loss of life but for the warnings!

The weather bureau did not announce that a tornado might be expected as tornado predictions went out of favor rith the young army lieutenants. warning, as sent out, was to the effect that severe local thunderstorms were threatened, and the farmers knew full well what was meant. As interpreted by them it signified that a ground cellar would be a good place in which to spend July 6, 1893.—Washington Cor. New

## Getting Even.

Artist-Miss Brownie-Brown-Brown, who is to marry a prince, won't let us have her photograph for publication. Editor-She won't, ch? Tell the foreman to use one of those cuts labeled Before Taking."-New York Weekly.

Ladies may be interested to learn that 1,000,000 pins are used up daily in the United States alone, most of which come from Redditch, England.

The Jerosalem artichoke has no connection whatever with the holy city of the Jews. It is a species of sunflo

## INDIAN PIG STICKING

ONE MAN WHO SAYS IT IS THE FINEST SPORT IN THE WORLD.

refinement of feeling one comes across among the roughest of men. A year or How the Wild Boars of the dungles of land belonging to one of the largest sil-India and Northern Africa Are Bunted ver mines in - territory. I had taken by Enthusiastic Sportsmen of Other my wife with me, and Mr. -, the su-Countries-Plenty of Danger.

As an ardent pig sticker I may be forgiven for advancing the opinion that it morning we were all standing near a is the finest sport in the world. By "piz shaft, listening with great interest to his explanations concerning prospects, sticking I of course mean pig sticking veins of ore, values and estimates, when as it is practiced in India and in north suddenly we heard some confused sounds ern Africa and perhaps in some other English colonies-viz, riding down the of falling, followed by various exclamapig on horseback and dispatching him with spears.

"What is the matter? exclaimed my The Indian wild pig varies naturally according to his home. The biggest I sturdy fellow stepped out. Nothing have ever seen were in the Vindhya much, lady, he answered, and he whis mountains, where I used to shoot them pered something to the superintendent, as food for my beaters. Sometimes they who turned to us with an expression of great concern on his face. One of the were of vast size, bigger, I think, than men who is working below has had a even their Ganges consins.

A peculiarity of the wild pig is the straightness of his tail as compared with the curled appendage of his domestic brother. From the top of his low forehead to the end of his snoat is almost a perfectly straight line, and he has a far longer enout and jaw than the English market pig. His ekur is a kind of bluish gray and his bristles gray or black, though sometimes an almost brown pig is found. The wild pig will never live for from water. He is happiest in the long grass, often 12 feet high. that grows along the banks of the big Indian rivers, and above all rejoices in "jao," a kind of evergreen brushwood that is as common as the grass. He only eats at night, and about 10 p. m. he sallies forth from cover and will go many miles to find the succulent sugar cane or other luxury, returning as a rule shout

an hour before the first streaks of dawn, Pig sticking begins usually about Christmas week, when the giant vegetation of the rains has died down sufficiently to get at piggy, and the marshy ground where he lives is firm enough for horses, but it is not till the end of Febstances or a tenement for poor laboring ruary that really good pig sticking begins, and it improves as the weather gets dryer and hotter till the June rains come, ical, geographical, bibliographical and and pig sticking instantly ceases. even musical and scientific names are

At about 6 s. m., after a light breek fast, the sportsmen set out-usually is "tumtums"-to the meet, having sent their spears and horses on shead ever night, together with the all importan mess tiffin basket, in which a luge block of ice and innumerable soda water bot tles and beer bottles figure largely. is rare to gather together more than II men. It may have been different b olden times, but polo is a formitals rival to pig sticking nowadays, and the ordinary British subaltern can rarely afford time and money for both. Indeal from my own experience, I should say the average field was not above five, and personally, I much prefer, except find the social point of view, very few com-

ing stories of fowling adventure are told panions. The officer in command divides the by the Shetlanders. A man who had undertaken to climb a certain steep cliff party, if large enough, into little sections of three, and each section separates from was neither very experienced nor very the other and keeps together all div. brave, although he boasted of being either at one end of the line or in the briskly without looking behand until he middle. The coolies are usually about He pushed upward, however, had got up about 150 feet, when he 50 in number and form line, c versag stopped to breathe. The pause was fatal about 200 yards of ground. Each is to his self possession, and he called out armed, or should be, with a his steel in tones of terror, "Men, men, I am go and the end men carry flags, which ca ing-I am going." But he still held on be seen above the long grass and leipte kari's satellites, and in the c shikari himself on horseback, and these His comrades, having thus been warned, moved the boat out of the way, so officers, like sergeants, keep the list that the poor fellow came sheer down straight, and exhort, often in language into the deep water. Mighty was the more forcible than polite, the apathetic coolies to strenuous exertions. The plunge, but at length he rose to the sursportsmen generally ride a few yards in face when of course he was instantly advance of the line, unless, from themscaught hold of and dragged into the ture of the covert, the pig is likely to hoat. After many gasps and much splut-

tering of sea water from his mouth, his break back. A pig lies usually in a hind of form only remark was, "Eh, men, this is a sad like a hare and will sometimes let a story - 1 have lost my snuffbox." man or horse almost tread on him be fore moving, and being often coverel with mud or dust is very difficult to see To a European eye the good looks, if in the grass and weeds. When, howthey anywhere exist, of both men and ever, he does jump up, he slips a long at women in Siam are irremedially de- an incredible speed for the first more yards and then settles down to a very stroved by the universal use of the betel. which blackens and corrodes the teeth fast gallop. I have known boars at corr and causes them to protrude, which ren- on being put up make straight for the cle of furniture and is responsible for have been wounded or touched, and, like a razor, though luckily the county be seen everywhere adorning the ground as they have been ejected from the is usually a healthy, clean cut-very different from a mauling by the fetal claws of a tiger or leopard or the thrust of a Like their fellows in Anam, the Si-

amese women enjoy great freedom and stag's born. Wherever a pig gets up one of the sections go after it, and there are variets little rules as to how the pig should be attacked and in what order. The most shop or store. They may be seen by the important rule is never to drop rust hundred going to market, each seated spear, still less throw it at the pig. 23 alone in her own cance, with her wares some beginners have been known to do Spears are weighted with lead at the The last king kept a bodyguard of handle, and when dropped from the kind amazons, with red coats and trousers in the long grass, the sharp end, being and small carbines, but the present the lighter, naturally at cas up, so that sovereign has converted them into a the next horseman or heater may be wounded. I know of several berrills so species of interior palace police. The cidents that have happened in this way-

The man who first draws blood gats "the first spear" and is entitled to the carcass. The body is given to the cooles to eat, and the head is taken home by the markable woman and inherited much of triumphant sportsman to adorn the burgalow hall, or the tushes are taken cut the vivacity of her father. When she and made into some knickken course he is in honor bound to help fairly kill as well as prick his for, but it is the second borseman, riding perhaps four lengths behind him, who has the most dangerous part to play. A pix when wounded rarely pursues his fer-mer course, and the leader often less torsels with less than the second secon sympathetic present of some dozens of touch with him, while his fol o hear the full brunt of a terr Some time afterward the colonel gave It is fatal to receive a boar's o One cannot go a dinner party, but at the last moment walk or trot. not straight at the pig, but at a sight was called off by official duty, and a

angle to him as he charges. In Bombay a long spear is used and the boar is stuck by an wanderman thrust. In eastern Bengal spear is used and is more dan-Of course it is unlawful to all They cannot fight well, having no users

tion was discovered when they had de-Married Over Sixty Venes. John Ewing and wife of Warwick shaving water had been supplied for Chester county, have been wedded of years; William W. Rhoads and wife of Pottstown were married Nev. 19, 15.3. nearly 64 years ago, and David Wells and wife of North Covenity, Country county, were married March 30, 1833. over 63 years since.—Cor. Philadelphia roux regiment sent to the galleys for Ledger.

The Bud-Why does Mr. Spatts west

Brother-Because they fit him | asked such short trousers? and so the red cap became the favorite has for a small loan, and he said he was so short his corns ( Nade his head ache.