OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Sensational Mining Suit Commenced at Boise City.

LIBERALS OF OGDEN DISBAND.

The Consolidated Virginia Mine on the Comstock Lode Begins Active Operations.

Three Los Angeles mashers wer soundly whipped a few days ago.

Two hundred families are reported to have moved away from Astoria, Or., the past two months.

An overhauling of the Ranger's engines at Mare Island has led to a corretion of the defect. George P. Royster, who sned the Sac

rangento Bee for \$20,000, charging libel got a verdict for \$250. Strendous efforts are being made to

have a fruit growers' convention assem-ble in Spokane in February. Active operations in the Consolidated

Virginia mine on the Comstock began other day with the repairs of the shafts. The news is gratifying to miners. A move is being made at Los Angeles to extend the Nevada Southern railway from its terminus at Vanderbilt to the coal and iron fields of Utah and Nevada.

The Indian convicted of burying a child alive at the Parker Indian agency. A. T., was sentenced to three years and seven months in the Territorial prison.

The Liberals at Ogden, U. T., have disbanded as a party. They were composed of gentiles or non-Mormons, and have long bitterly opposed the Latterday Saints. Dio Malcom, who made a small fortune

from the sale of the Goldbug mine and equandered it, attempted suicide at Kingman, A. T., by shooting himself through the body with a pistol.

San Diego's latest sensation is a well dressed, fine-labring woman, who goes about the streets barefooted. Her name is Mrs. Mary Alling Aber, a very intelligent woman and well versed in lan-

Captain Donaldson of the steamer Arago on his last trip reports that the bar Coos Bay is very much improved. This he attributes largely to the splen did improvements being made by the United States authorities.

There are grave suspicions that the explosion on the collier San Mateo the other day, which ripped open her decks, was not caused by coal gas, as was first given in explanation. It is proposed at Victoria, B. C., to have an official inves

The charge of arson against Trotter, the owner of the dye works at Spokane, has been dismissed. This is the case where an explosion killed Mrs. Reane and the works were set on fire. It was stated that Trotter had fired the building in order to obtain the insurance,

Tiptop has heretofore been the m prosperous mining camp in the Terri-tory of Arizona. It was a chloride camp, but yielded from \$50,000 to \$100,000 year-A company organized last spring to] work the properties in the district on a large scale gave up the enterprise three months ago on account of the low price of silver, and the camp has been totally abandoned. Six months ago it was prosperous little village with a school store and the hum of industry. To-day nothing is left but two lonely individunis, who remain to look after the prop-

C. J. Wetmore, Chief State Viticult urist of California, reports that the vintage of the present season will be about 18,000,000 gallons, or about 3,000,000 gallons in excess of last year's yield, and will be of good quality generally. About 4,000 tons of grapes will be used in the must factory at Healdsburg, the product which is in great demand abroad. During the next ten years, however, it is expected that the State vintage will show a decrease, owing to the ravages of phylloxera in various sections and also the recent check in the planting of vineyards caused by the low prices that have generally prevailed during the past his country seat, Ophir farm, in West-few seasons, the growth of the industry chester county. His visitors were frefew seasons, the growth of the industry in the past having been too rapid, so much so that the output in one year rose from 9,000,000 to 18,000,000 gallons.

sensational mining suit has been filed in the United States Court at Boise City, Idaho, by Arthur Neal of Seattle against Fred Page-Tustin and H. F Parker of Seattle and several Boise peo-ple interested in the Eldora Mining Company, operating in the Neal district about twenty miles from Boise, Neal sold two valuable mines to R. P. Plowman, a Boise capitalist, for \$10,000, receiving half in cash and the balance is notes secured by mortgages. Neal aleges that Tustin and Parker got hold of him in Scattle and kept him under their influence for over two weeks by mean During that time he signed what he thinks is a power of attorne authorizing Tustin to forclose a mort He says he might have signed iced to everything be possessed. Tusting forclosed the mortgage in his own name and, it is claimed, never paid cent. The Eldora Company was formed purchasing mines from Plowman, agree ing to give him \$15,000 and one-half the stock of the company. Neal asks for a receiver to take charge of the prophas been paid him by the company.

The indications are that there will be lack of space in all buildings at the Sar Francisco Midwinter Fair except the agricultural and horticultural. It is not known just how much space Chicago exhibitors in the various departments Arrangements have made with the Director-General and Viscount Corbely in Chicago. known, though, that the de space exceeds the amount the fair man-agers have to give. The manufactures and mechanics buildings, large as they are, will be jundequate to hold all that has been offered, and it is already appar ent that the walls of the fine arts build ing will not hold the works of art and alleged art that will be offered. The agricultural and horticultural building is the only one that gives promise now of accommodating all comers. This would be filled to the dome if it were not that so many of the counties have their own The managers have found it necessary to exact agreement from the various county commissioners to contribute toward the general horticultura and agricultural display. There is fear that the natural products of the State will be so distributed that the general affect will be lost. If possible, this will

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Pepper is second only to rice and tea se the principal export from Siam. The railway mileage in this country o-day amounts to 171,563.52 miles. The State of Illinois has used this year

Trusts are a coming power in busine They aiready control over \$2,000,000,000 It is estimated that the civilized na-tions pay annually for food \$13,000,000,

ore than 4,000,000 barrels of beer.

New York has over 2,000 hackmen Tokio in Japan has 20,000 jinricksha Last year no less than 3,000,000,000 gallons of beer were imbibed in Europe

Nebraska has raised 100 bushels o orn for every human being in the State this year. During the next seven weeks it is ex-

ected that the mint will coin \$15,000,-000 of gold.

Canada supplies nearly all the plum-bago used by American manufacturers of lead pencils.

More than 25,000 women are employed in the United States alone in the decoraion of china and pottery.

Manufactured gold is worth \$1 a pen-nyweight, and any value in excess of this represents workmanship. In Zanzibar alone some 500,000 pounds

of ivery are marketed every season from the tusks of 10,000 elephants. The steamers between Europe and

North America carry on an average about 70,000 passengers a month. The most useful insect is the silkworm.

It is estimated that 5,000,000 persons gain a livelihood by raising the worms Farms in Interior New York are wort ow little more than half their value

1870, and no more than before the war.

The property owned by New York city is estimated to have risen in value from \$277,000,000 in 1871 to \$559,000,000 in

For the first six months of 1893 the to Mexico. mines of the United States—mostly gold and silver mines—paid \$5,700,000 in div-

British coach and carriage builders import from America their choicest spokes, hubs and ribs for wheel manufacture.

Georgia is rapidly developing as a fruit-growing center. Within a few years ousands of peach and pear trees have een set out.

The King of Portugal has the most costly crown in the world. The gold and ewels of which it is composed are valred at \$6,500,000.

It appears from a Treasury statement that there are 36,880 \$10,000 bills, 14,805 \$5,000 bills and 47,324 \$1,000 bills in circulation in this country.

During the first nine months of the ear over 2,000 miles of railway were milt, and it is expected that possibly by January 1 the mileage will reach 3,000. Types are not used in printing Persian

newspapers. The "copy" is given to an expert penman, who writes it out neatly. Then the work is lithographed. The world's hop crop this year is estimated to be 7,000,000 pounds less than last year, although the United States

very day, there being no Sunday. The percentage plan. ours range from twelve to seventeen. The Supreme (out the pace is slow and there are frement holidays.

Mrs. R. E. Willard has a barber shop n Chicago. She runs six chairs, and each one is in charge of a woman barber. They are paid \$12 a week, with a balf of what they take in over \$23.

up into \$350 worth of needles; made and other public places. into knife blades, it is worth #3,285; made into balance springs the same bar would be worth \$250,000.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Miss Dod, the best of the Englishwomen tennis players, won the West of England championship when she was only 15 years old.

"And how do you do, Mr. Justice Holmes?" was the greeting Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes gave his son, Judge Holmes, last week when the "Autocrat" visited the courthouse in Boston and was met at the door by his son.

Lord Houghton, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has Celtic blood in his veins (one of his ancestors was the fourth Viscount Galway), while his children are descended through their mother from Richard Brinsley Sheridan.

Whitelaw Reid has been entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Batley Aldrich and General and Mrs. Lew Wallace at quently seen at the county fair horse show.

Massenet told an interviewer the other day that he could play a Beethoven so nata on the piane when only 4 years old. The composer is now but 51, and will soon celebrate the thirtieth anniversary of the production of "David Rizzio," his first successful bid for fame.

The Archbishop of Canterbury ceives a salary of \$75,000. Next to the Queen he occupies the position of head of the church. The Archbishop of York and the Bishop of London receive \$50, 000 each, the Rishop of Winchester nearly as much, and other salaries of the piscopal body range from \$10,000 to

£25.000. Prince Komatu, a near relative of the operial family of Japan, with his wife is about to begin a journey to Europe to pay his respects to the various crow leads there. In all probability he will also visit this country. The Prince is oung man, not more than 30 years old and an officer in the Japanese navy. He was formerly attached to the Japanese Embassy in Berlin.

Dr. Wendell Oliver Holmes, speaking Boston, said that perhaps the most teresting object he saw was Judge Shaw's old rocking chair, and that perhaps the nost interesting thing he did was to sit in it himself. Judge Shaw, he thought, was the first Judge to use a rocking

hair at his duties on the bench, According to foreign papers Prince Bismarck is allowing his beard to grow, not being able to handle his razor, and n the hope that it will help to preven the pains in his face. Those who have seen photographs of the ex-Chancello taken with a beard in his younger days will regret his decision, as the addition s not an ornament to his handsome an

powerful face. "Cousin Ben" Folsom, having taker a wife, will probably settle down in erable real estate. It is said that "Cousin Ben" has not visited the White House since he returned from the Con-sular position at Sheffield, England, an-that his relations with the Presiden have been badly strained since la-March, when he asked for a better place and was refused. From that momen political life lost its charm. He was allowed to retain his Consulship at Shef-field during Mr. Harrison's term as an

EASTERN MELANGE.

A Kansas Man Convicted on Thirty-five Counts.

APPENDICITIS ON THE INCREASE

An Effective Measure Being Taken to Close Gambling and Pool Rooms in St. Paul.

Large beds of porcelain clay have been iscovered in the Cherokee Strip.

A war of extermination against ol argarine has begun in Pittsburg. Opposition to the electric railroad Gettysburg has apparently died out.

Nearly \$10,000 is paid for pensions to fremen in New York city every month. The grand jury of Baxter county, Ark., has indicted sixty persons for ** aring. A. C. Burnham of Champaign, Ill. has given \$10,000 to found a hospital in the town.

New York is developing a bountiful harvest of cranks since the Harrison nurder in Chicago.

Crop failures and the opening of the Cherokee Strip have almost depopulated Southwestern Kansas. Survivors of the recent floods in Lou-

isiana propose to establish a colony of 1,000 families in Colorado. The tobacco crop in the Housatoni Valley, Conn., has an estimated value of \$3,000,000, the highest on record.

The exportation of coke has recently become a feature of Baltimore's trade. A large supply is dispatched every month

The United Press has taken up its abode at Washington, D. C., in a suite of ten of the handsomest newspaper rooms in the country.

A society has been formed in Balti-more, the avowed object of which is to assist in perpetuating the memory of Christopher Columbus. There is talk of transporting the New

Hampshire State building at the Chicago Exposition to Manchester, N. H., and turning it into a public mus-It has been suggested that the many duplicate volumes in the Congressional Library be made the nucleus of a free

irculating library for Washington. C. O. Beardsley has been convicted on thirty-five counts of selling liquor ille-gally at El Dorado, Kan. His fine will be \$3,500 and his jail sentence 1,050 days. After a careful investigation the New Orleans Times-Democrat states that the

ovster industry of Louisiana was not seiously injured by the late severe storms. Encouraging results are said to be obained from the exploration of the Piedras Negras coal mines of Mexico, which is being made for the C. P. Huntington nterests.

Within twenty-four hours after the rop is 4,000,000 pounds greater than Battle Creek disaster on the Grand Trunk railroad fifty lawyers were on the The operatives in Japan mills work ground looking for damage suits on the

The Supreme Court of Massachusetts has decided that a man is justified in \$5,000,000 is made to begin the work, stopping a dog fight, and if he gets bitten while doing it, the master of the dog is liable for damages. The Medical Society of New York has

adopted a report calling attention to the danger of drinking water from the aver-A bar of steel costing \$1 may be worked | age water tank, as found in railway cars Most of Wisconsin's fine fish exhibit at the fair will be taken to foreign

> to further experiments in propagation. The Chicago public schools will receive a portion of the display. In view of the alarming spread of apendicitis a prominent life insurance empany proposes to insert the ques-

> in its application blanks, been selected to be Chaplain of the

of Rev. S. W. Haddaway, deceased. The exhibits at Chicago of grain and from Mexico, Liberia and Trinidad are to be disinfected, with the object of preventing the introduction in this cour

try of insect pests not native to our soil. A Toronto capitalist is at Niagara Falls trying to organize a company to build a bridge across the river for the exclusive use of trolley cars. He estimates that the structure could be constructed for

\$400,000. The Real Estate Congress at the post on La Saile's map, made in in 1690, and that it was then designated "Shekaw-gu."

Albert Abbink at the St. Louis (Mo. city hospital is suffering from a disease called anchylostomum dodenale, the effect of which is to render him as white as marble. Even his tongue, gums and

finger nails are devoid of all color. The Lighthouse Board has demo may be established from the shore to vessels near shore. The method will b put into practical operation as soon funds are available for the purpose.

The murderer of the Wrattan family tone, who was before the grand jury at Washington, Ind., stated that Charles McCafferty, whose wife is heir to the Wrattan estate, and Robert Swanegan were among his accomplices in the mur-

The opinion of the bankers who were be that the perpetuation and extension of the national banking system without Dr. Wendell Oliver Holmes, speaking a bond basis is perfectly practicable by of his visit to the new courthouse in the application of the safety-fund

The resolution authorizing the Com littee on Agriculture and Forestry to continue during recess the investigation of State agriculture, authorized by the resolutions adopted April 19, 1892, and March 3, 1893, was agreed to by the Sen-

The merchants of St. Paul have taken what promises to be an effective measure toward closing the gambling and pool rooms of that city by resolving to watch for and instantly discharge such of their employes as may frequent them.

W. H. Rijey, senior member of the large dry gods importing house of W. H. Biley & Co. of New York and Paris. has been arrested in the latter city and

Mello and to the disadvantage of the investigated in any case where they trade relations between Brazil and this should fail to make report. He thinks, country. Minister Thompson has referred instructions to protest against any reckless and unpenfitable hidding for

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

The President has ordered a court martial to meet at Fort Reno, O. T., to try Captain Daniel F. Stiles (retired) for charges arising out of the disposition of government property in which he made himself beneficiary.

Postmaster-General Bissell has transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury estimates for the Postoffice Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895. The total amount is 190,399,485, as against \$84,004,314 for the present fiscal

Advices received at the Treasury Department state that the United States mmigration arrangement with Canada for inspecting immigrants at Quebec is working most satisfactorily. Every con-venience and courtesy has been extended to the United States officials. The class of immigrants is said to be improving.

Brigadier-General D. W. Flagler, chief of ordinance, has made his annual report to Secretary Lamont. It shows the amount of expenditures during the fiscal year 1893 was \$3,702,202. Among first matters treated in the report is that relating to the inadequacy of the general appropriation for arming and equip ping the militia of the United States.

Secretary Herbert says that there is no truth whatever in the report that Brazil has been actively negotiating with the United States for the purchase of the new United States war ships Machias, Montgomery and Marblehead that the Navy Department is utterly without power to sell the vessels, for only Congress could do that. No nego-tiations to that end are pending.

The Chinese extension bill, as it goes to the President for his signature, requires all Chinese laborers in the United tates, entitled to remain before its passage, to secure their certificates of esidence within six months of the time fixed by the Geary act. Chinamen failing to register within six months shall be deported under the former act, except that the requirement of a white witness All proceedings for violas removed. tions of the Geary act as originally enacted, except as to criminals, are sus-pended. The word "laborers" in the act is construed to mean skilled and unskilled manual laborers, and the term 'merchant" is defined to mean a person engaged in buying and selling mer-chandise at a fixed place of business, carried on under his name. vided that the certificate shall contain the photograph of the applicant, together with his name, his local residence and his occupation.

Senator Butler has introduced a bill which has for its object the establishment of a government system of tele graph lines. The bill directs the organ-ization of a board, to consist of the Secretary of State, the Secretary of War and the Postmaster-General, who are directed to arrange a system of trunk-line telegraphy connecting the various sections of the country with the city of Washington, with connections along these lines at such cities as shall best serve the public good. The system is to be carried on as a part of the postal system of the country, and discrimination n rates is prohibited, except that a less rate is allowed for press messages than for current business. The carrying on of the telegraph business by individuals or corporations is not prohibited. The bill is voluminous, and deals largely with the details of how the lines shall constructed. An appropriation of

The House Committee on Territories has been busy several weeks perfecting a bill for the admission of Utah. Though the administration has not wished to see the admission of the Territories pressed just now, the fact that the men who will come to the Senate and House from all Italy's finances, and all chance of that the proposed new States would be silver men has caused the promoters of the ent to nause. In order to get around any such difficulty as this Delegate Joseph of New Mexico has proposed to have the bill admitting his Territory changed so that admission will not become operative until 1895. For Utah, Arizona and New Mexico it is pro-Rev. Edward Bagley, pastor of the Christian Church at Washington, has seen selected to be Chandain of the were grants made for the purpose. House by Democrats, to take the place and it is claimed the lands which the three Territories now knocking at the door will receive are mostly, if not entirely, and and fit for nothing until the have been made valuable by a costly system of irrigation, The last six States admitted received as grants for various State institutions about 100,000 acres of land each. The three Territories asking for admission think they will need at least 1,000,000 acres.

In a communication to Congress the Secretary of the Treasury asks for an appropriation of \$15,000 for freight on bullion and coin between mints and as-World's Fair developed the fact that the say offices for the current fiscal year. He site of Chicago was marked as a trading says that, owing to the necessity of says that, owing to the necessity of transporting a large amount of gold bullon from the assay office at New York to Philadelphia for coinage and of gold and silver bullion from the mint at Carson lity to the mint at San Francisco for oinage, as well as the increased deposits gold bullion at the minor assay offices, it will be necessary to obtain an appro priation to supply a deficiency in the appropriation for this purpose. iency grows out of the fact that for several years past there has been no trans fer of bullion from New York to Philadelphia, and consequently no approprian therefor, and from the further that by reason of the suspension of coin-age operations at Carson City it will be cessary to transport both the gold and silver bullion from that institution to San Francisco for coinage. The expense of transporting this bullion is less, howover, than it would be to coin it at Carson City. At Carson City there is \$000,-000 of gold bullion and \$600,000 silver. The amount of gold bullion in New York scently convened at Chicago seems to that is to be carried to Philadelphia aggregates \$20,000,000.

Representative Hermann has been in ensultation with the Postoffice Department as to numerous applications from his State for contracts to carry the United States mails for the next four years and for the addition of many outes not included in the published roposals. In the course of the interview Mr. Hermann represented to the department how in his State many contractors have heretofore bid so low for the mail service as to be rendered unable to comply with the law, and as a result the people have received wretched mail convenience. He stated to the depart-ment officials that should such low bids again be accepted he proposes to see that the contract shall be complied with both as to the manner as well as the time contracted for. He says the people also complain that contractors sublet at such low rates as to coneel persons to use ill has been arrested in the charged with entering imported goods at the constom-house by means of talse in also cheap and exposed conveyances and also cheap and exposed conveyances and are made to deliver the majle on and are unable to deliver the mails schedule time or in protected condition News from Washington intimates that He believes that the law should be fear the naval force of the United States in lessly enforced in all cases of fine or Brazilian waters is being reinforced to otherwise, and that postmasters should counteract the influence of Germany and be directed to report every violation or ngland, which is exercised in favor of failure of schedule, and they should be

mail contrasts would sease.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

James Gordon Bennett Injured in a Coaching Accident.

THE BIG APPETITE OF LONDON.

Chief Result of the General Election for the Lower House of the Diet in Sweden.

Constantinople is to be lighted by dectricity.

The Socialist movement is making apid progress in Austria. Italy is making an earnest effort to exirpate brigandage in Sicily.

The German soldier's cooking utensils are to be made of aluminium. A new industry in France is the sell-

ing of milk frozen solid in cans. England received 10,000,000 letters from the United States last year. The Turkish cavalry is generally ad

gitted to be the finest in all Europe. Belgian forces have captured Kirundu, an Arab stronghold near Stanley Falls. The increased expense of the German army is to be borne by a tax on wine and

The Sultan of Morocco has forbidden the export of grain from his territories after December 9, 1893. Brazieres, the Paris writer, claims

have discovered the identity of the "Man with the Iron Mask." Following the plague of wasps last summer, Europe is suffering from an un-usual quantity of moths.

Marshal MacMahon's memoirs are ikely to be suppressed by his family because too critical of contemporary men. There are at the present moment ven pretenders to the various thrones of Europe trying to make good their

The West Australian Parliament is dealing with a measure of Chinese restriction on the legislation of the other

Marquis di Rudini says Italy's military expenses should be reduced, as the taxpayers are now burdened to the limit of their strength.

According to the Roumanian papers the rumor that Queen Elizabeth contemplates an early return to Bucharest has cental. no foundation in fact. The chief result of the general election

for the Lower House of the Swedish Diet has been to strengthen the Moderate Free Trade or Center party.

According to statistics just issued in England the condition of farm laborers in thirteen counties of Ireland is now better than at any previous time. Social Democrate in Germany find great difficulty, their annual report says

in providing speakers, organizers and reading matter to meet the demand. Baron Rothschild has bought a large tract of land, the personal property of of the Sultan, near the Jordan. He intends to found there a large Jewish col-

writer can keep notes of his correspond-German financiers are disappointed over the Italian Premier's exposition of

country obtaining a loan in Berlin vanislics. An encounter between the police and the natives on the Ord river, West Australia, resulted in one policeman being \$1.75; 2-lbs, \$2.25@2.50; 34-barrel, \$5.50. speared and twenty-three natives being

Irish railways carry a great many more

every year over 400,000 oxen, 1,600,000 sheep, 500,000 calves, 700,000 hogs, fowls innumerable, and consumes 9,800,000 The government of West Australia to float a loan of £540,000, to e expended in railway construction and

in the development of gold fields and other mineral resources. Maps for the use of farmers, describ ing the chemical qualities of the land in various parts of the country and naming the best manures for each section, have

been proposed in France. A small scandal has arisen in British hurch circles from the fact that there rere 500 applicants for a place as chaplain on a vacht and only five for a curacof hard work in the slums,

James Gordon Bennett, who has been

onfined to his room by the coaching accident in Paris, is to be taken to the Riviera, but his friends are reported opeless that he will ever recover. An ex-chimney sweep, working on tribute at the White Cliffs (N. S. W. opal fields, recently struck a pocket of

ns which panned out £36,000. The finder's share amounted to £18,000. A patent has been granted in Auckland, New Zealand, for a net to catch whales. The mesh is big enough calf to pass through, and it is said to have been used already with great suc-

A locomotive is being built at Glasgov which is expected to make 100 miles an hour. It is to have twelve-foot drivers and the builders calculate that it wil draw an express train eighty miles an hour with ease. The Duke of Westminster, who owns large number of houses in the fashion-

able district of Mayflower, London, has

declined to lease or renew leases to any

surgeon, physician, dentist or medical man in general. It appears that the experiments for some time past in France for obtaining satisfactory method of color printing on leather have been so far successful a to open up a prospect of a new and at-

tractive industry.

The contract for boring a tunne through the Simplon has just been signed. It has been undertaken on behalf of the ura Simplon Railway Company by MM. Peand, Brandau & Co. of Hamburg and Locher & Co. of Zurich.

The monument which has been erected spon the battle field of Solferine is one of the largest, if not the largest, of its kind in all Europe. It consists of tower seventy-four meters high, surnounted by an electric lamp. The attempts made by a syndicate of

ranco-Vienese tailors to revive the ight raiment of the country of the last two centuries and of the danies of the Directory have fallen through. Evening dress will remain as it is, Newspaper life appears to be very exciting in Russia. recently discharged a proof reader. Later in the day the man returned, killed the

editor and then opened fire on the staff. Two were killed, and the other secaped

by jumping out of the window

PORTLAND MARKET.

WHEAT - Valley, 95@971/c; Walla Walla, 85@87 c per cental

FLOUR, PRED, ETC. FLOUR-Standard, \$2.90; Dayton, \$2.90; Walia Walia, \$3.15; graham, \$2.50; superfine, \$2.25 per barrel.
OATS-New white, 33@36c per bushel

new gray, 33@34c; rolled, in bags, \$6.25 @6.50; barrels, \$6.75@7.00; cases, \$3.75. Milletures — Bran, \$16.00; shorts, PAYS TO USE GOOD SEED WHEAT \$18.00; ground barley, \$220c23; cho feed, \$18 per ton; whole feed, barley, 70 per cental; middlings, \$23 a 28 per ton; chicken wheat, \$1.10 a 1.15 per cental.

HAY-Good, \$10@12 per ton. DAIRY PRODUCE. BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 30 @32)gc; fancy dairy, 25@27)gc; fair to good, 20@22)gc; common, 18@20c per Prof. C. C. Georgeson of the Kansas

CHEESE—Oregon, 10@12\c; California, 13@14c; Young America, 15@16c; Swiss, imported, 30@32c; domestic, 18 #20e per pound.

-Oregon, 30c per dozen; Eastorn, 25@27) c. POULTRY—Nominal; chickens, mixed, \$2.25@3.50; ducks, \$3.00@4.50; geese, \$7.50@8.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 13c per pound; dressed, 15c.

VEGETABLES AND PRUITS.

VEGETABLES-Cabbage, In per pound; potatoes, Oregon, 75c per sack; new on-ions, 14c per pound; tomatoes, 35oc

oranges, \$3.50 per box; Oregon peaches, 65@70c per box; fall butter pears, 80@ 90c per box; grapes, 50@90c per box; New York Concords, 40c per basket: Each of these three grades were some litalian prunes, 75cst\$1.00 per box; apples, Baldwin, King, 85cst\$1.00 per box; an acre in extent, and the comparison of Waxen, 75 290c; cranberries, \$8.00st8.50 the yields was based upon the average of the five plats in each case. I per barrel.

STAPLE GROCERIES. COFFEE-Costa Rica, 23c; Rio, 22c; Salvador, 23c; Mocha, 26; et28c; Ar-buckle's, Columbia and Lion, 100-pound

cases, 25.80c per pound. Hongy-Choice comb, 18c per pound; new Oregon, 160c20c; extract, 90c10c. DRIED FRUITS — 1893 pack, Petite prunes, 8 210c; silver, 10 c12c; Italian, 10 10c; German, 8 c10c; plums, 6 c10c; evaporated apples, 86£10c; evaporated apricots, 156£16c; peaches, 106£12½c;

pears, 7611c per pound. Salr — Liverpool, 200s, \$15.50; 100s, \$16.00; 50s, \$16.50; stock, \$8.50@9.50. Bgans-Small whites, 3@34c; pinks, 334c; bayos, 3@34c; butter, 4c; lima, c per pound Rice-Island, \$5.75@6.00; Japan, none

Synur-Eastern, in barrels, 40@55c; in half-barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@ 80c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg; California, in barrels, 200340c per gallon; \$1.75 per Sugan-D, 51/4c; Golden C, 51/4c; extra

C, 51 c; confectioners' A, 61 c; dry gran-ulated, 61 c; cube, crushed and powdered, 714c per pound; 14c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; maple sugar, 15 title per pound. CANNED GOOD

CANNED Goods-Table fruits, assorted, \$1.75@2.00; peaches, \$1.85@2.00; Bartlett pears, \$1.75@2.00; plums, \$1.375@3.1.50; strawberries, \$2.25@2.45; cherries, \$2.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.85@2.00; raspberries, \$2.40; pineapples, \$2.25@ 2.80; apricots, \$1.65. Pin fruits, France is going to try the plan of assorted, \$1.20; peaches, \$1.25; plums, printing postal cards in blocks, with \$1.0081.20; blackberries, \$1.25±1.40 per stubs, like a check book, so that the dozen. Pie fruits, gallons, assorted, dozen. Pie fruits, gallons, assorted, \$3.15@3.50; peaches, \$3.50@4.00; apri-cots, \$3.50@4.00; plums, \$2.75@3.00; blackberries, \$4.25@4.50; tomatoes.\$1.10.

Mgars-Corned beef, 1s, \$1.40; 2s, \$2.10; chipped, \$2.35; lunch tongue, 1s, \$3.50; 2s, \$6.75; deviled ham, \$1.50@ 2.75 per dozen. Fish—Sardines, \(\frac{1}{2} \)s, 75cct\$2.25; \(\frac{1}{2} \)s, \$2.15cc4.50; lobsters, \$2.30cc3.50; sal-

tin 1-lb talls, \$1,25o(1.50; flats. PROVISIONS. EASTERN SMOKED MEATS AND LARD Hams, medium, 1412@1519c per pound; breakfast bacon, 1802195gc; short clear sides, 15cc16c; dry salt sides, 13cc14c

lard, compound, in tins, 10 qc per pound; pure, in tins, 13 4 6 15c. BAGS AND BAGGING. Burlaps, 8-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6e; burlaps, 10 -ounce, 40-inch, cash, 61gc; buriaps, 111g-ounce, 45-inch, Nec; burlaps, 16-ounce, 60-inch, 11c; burlaps, 19-ounce, 76-inch, 14c; bags, Calcutta, 22x36, spot, Sc; 2-bushel

oat bags, 73 c; No. 1 selected second-hand bags, 7c; Calcutta hop cloth, 24ounce, 10c. HOPS, WOOL AND HIDES. Hors-'92s, nominally at 10@16c pound, there being none in the market; new crop, '93s, 16c for choice; inferior,

Woot-Prices nominal. Hings-Dry selected prime, 5c; green, salted, 60 pounds and over, 3½c; under 60 pounds, 263c; sheep pelts, stearlings, 10615c; medium, 20635c; long wool, 30@60c; tallow, good to choice, 3@31ec per pound.

LIVE AND DRESSED MEAT.

BEEF-Prime steers, \$2.50@2.75; fair to good steers, \$2.00@2.50; good to choice cows, \$1.50@2.00; dressed beef, \$3.50@ 6.00 per 100 pounds. MUTTON—Choice mutton, \$2.00@2.50; dressed, \$4.00@5.50; lambs, \$2.00@2.50 dressed, \$6.00; live weight, \$2.00@2.50. Hogs-Choice heavy, \$5.00@5.50; medium, \$4.50@5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50@5.00; dressed, \$7.00.

VEAL-\$4.00@6.00. MISCELLANEOUS. Tin-I. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime quality, \$8.50at9.00 per box; for crosses, \$2 extra per box; I. C. coke plates, 14x20, prime quality, \$7.50@8.00 per box; terne plate, I. C., prime quality, \$6.50@7.00. Naits-Base quotations: Iron, \$2.25; steel, \$2.35; wire, \$2.50 per keg.

STEEL-Per pound, 10 gc. LEAD-Per pound, 43gc; NAVAL STORES-Oakum, \$4,50er5.00 per ale; resin, \$4.80@5.00 per 480 pounds; tar, Stockholm, \$13; Carolina, \$9 per barrel; pitch, \$6 per barrel; turpentine, 65c per gallon in car lots.
Inox—Bar, 2%c per pound; pig-iron, \$23@25 per ton.

Scribners under the title "My ompanions and Their Strange Stories. Henry's stock of legends is said to be inexhaustible. The Mongolian pheasant is being in-

troduced into the Puyalinp Valley,

Admitted. Her Father - You wish to marry my ughter, I understand.

Her Adorer-1 do, sir. Her Father (severely)-My wife tells me int you are a fool. Her Aderer-Well, I suppose I am.-

His Great Mistake. Biggle-What did Miss Dawson say when on broke off your engagement with her! Twaggle-She didn't say enything. She was speechless.

you've missed!-Tis-Rits.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Appropriate Suggestions for Careful Perusal.

What Influence the Quality of Seed Wheat Has Upon the Yield-Experimental Result.

Agricultural College contributes the following for the benefit of farmers: Dus-

ng the past three years we have experi-

ented to ascertain what influence the

quality of seed wheat had upon the vield. For this purpose the wheat has been divided into three grades, which were denominated "heavy." "common" and "light." These grades were obtained by running the wheat through a fanning mill. In the first place the wheat as came from the thresher was run through the fanning mill to blow out the pieces of straw and chaif which it contained. The wheat thus cleaned was denominated 40c per box; green corn, 15c per dozen; the "common" grade. The "heavy and "light" grades were obtained by egon celery, 35@50c.

Faurrs—Sicily lemons, \$6.00@6.50 per box; California new crop, \$5.00@5.50 the mill so as to divide it into the heaviper box; bananas, \$1.50@3.00 per bunch; est and plumpest seed on the one hand est and plumpest seed on the one hand and the small and more or less shriveled on the other. The former was called "heavy" seed and the latter "light" seed. Each of these three grades were some on five plats, each plat one-twentieth of an acre in extent, and the comparison of of the five plats in each case, I may explain here that the reason I use five lats is that by that means it become possible to get a better average of the soil for each experiment. If only one plat is used in such experiments, there s a possibility that some of these single lats may be located on rich spots in the field and others in poor spots, as it is well nigh impossible to find fields which are of absolutely equal quality all over, But by multiplying the plats and alter-nating them with one another over the whole area under experiment and then basing the calculation on an average yield of each set of plats it is possible to eliminate the error due to inequality in the soil, which would otherwise arise. ow for the results of these experiments. The average yield for the three years they have been carried on are as follows: in market; New Orleans, \$5.50@6.25 per Light seed, 25.19 bushels grain and 138 tons straw per acre; common seed, 26.57 bushels grain and 1.42 tons strawper acre: heavy seed, 27.07 bushels grain and 1.57 tons straw per acre. It will be seen from this that the better the seed the better the yield. It should be noted, however, that the grade here called common" is better than the average seed wheat used by farmers generally The majority of wheat growers sow the wheat just as it comes from the thresher and consequently it contains more or less chaff and bits of straw and weed seeds, which were separated in our experiments by running the wheat through the far-The wheat was seeded at the ning mill. rate of a bushel and a peck per acre, put in with a press drill, and the variety used was the "Currell." But the infi-ence of good seed can be traced far is cond the yield of the first year. It will be apparent in successive crops, owing to the inexorable law of heredity, b which the offspring partakes of the char acter of the parent stock. This law is fully recognized by all breeders of inproved live stock, who exercise the gratest care to select the best animals that they can get to breed from in orde that the offspring may be of superior quality and sell at a good price. It is due to be operations of this law that random who have only common cattle, are and lous to obtain pure-bred males for the herds in order that the steers they me may get better form, grow larger and feed better than the offspring of the scrib This law holds equally true is seed-breeding. The grain raised from superior quality of seed, which has been selected with due care, will be better seed and yield better crops when it is sown than grain raised from inferint quality of seed. Most of our Western farmers recognize this principle in the selection of their seed corn. At husking time they select the largest and bestern and hang them in the loft or some secure place, to be used for seed next spring Why not apply the same principle to the selection of seed wheat? The expenment I have quoted above proves that I is not an idle theory, but it is a fact which can be verified by any one who will go to the necessary trouble. have not been in the habit of cleaning our seed wheat heretofore, do it the

fall. It will pay you. PACIF OF INTEREST. A board floor in a poultry-house nuch easier kept clean by covering with

dry sand. Keep the poultry-house well cleaned or there is where disease and vermin will breed if neglected. Give medicine to sick fowls in drink

ng water. They will often refuse to cal. out will nearly always drink. Put the harvesting machinery under shelter. It is a needless waste to also it to stand out in the weather when lower is so cheap. Fowls shut up and fed corn and water alone for a few days before being killed

are very much better flavored than it killed off the range. Store away the sorghum seed, some clover hay as corn, oats and wheat to

feed poultry during winter. Keep farm harness in good repair. I is well to have a supply of rivets and buckles of assorted sizes and some leather n hand to use in case of an emergraci-It is not good practice to sell clover hay, as too much fertility leaves the farm with it. You will have to bur it back in later years if the practice is cor-

Increasing the production of a farm without adding to the acreage is in the line of progress. Gradually farmers are learning to increase the yield by adopt-Henry M. Stanley has made a collection of nineteen legends that were re-lated to him during his African travels, and they are to be published by the ng more rational methods.

Agriculture can be made more pest an exact science by the application of irrigation to the soil than by an other means whatever. It prevents drought and makes crops certain, and thus fixed the earning power and value of the land We shall see it much more extensively applied in the future than it has been n the past.

How Blankets Were Named. Blankets, it is said, were named after their first makers, three brothers of Bristol. England, named Edward, Edward and Thomas Hisnket, who established a large trude in this article of wrotten goods, and

the middle of the Fourteenth wurg-Boston Commercial. Solemn Affairs. Inquiring Child-Papa, why do people

were the earliest manufacturers

ery at weddings?
Paps (abstractedly)—Most of 'em have you's been married themselves.—New York

foreign intervention