

### EUGENE CITY GUARD.

L. L. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

### OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

#### The Libel Suit Against the Itata Dismissed.

#### POLITICAL SCANDAL AT YUMA.

#### A Will Contest for the Possession of a Colored Recluse's Estate in California.

San Diego's tax levy has been fixed at 85 cents on the \$100.

The San Jose Council has passed the Sunday-closing ordinance.

Santa Rosa voted to bond the city for the purchase of water works.

The Reed Hotel at Ogden has closed its doors, because the patronage did not make it pay.

The Directors of the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railroad Company have made arrangements for the sale of the road to the Canadian Pacific.

Director Ames of the Union Pacific Railroad writes that the company is making an active inquiry with the view of extending its track to Astoria, Or.

The by-law for Vancouver, B. C., to guarantee the interest on \$400,000 of debenture bonds to be issued by the street railway company has been defeated by 152 majority.

Health inspectors visiting Chinatown at Los Angeles found filthy buildings that, in their opinion, cannot be cleaned or made healthful, and recommended their being razed at once.

Inquiries are now being made into the practicability of shipping frozen mutton by the Australian system to Vancouver. A company will probably be formed to build a cold-storage warehouse at the latter place and go into the business.

The damming of the Mojave river at Victor, creating an artificial lake nine miles long, three miles wide and 130 feet in depth, water sufficient to irrigate 200,000 acres of desert land, is a project on foot in San Bernardino county, Cal.

The arrest of ex-Prison Superintendent M. McInerney at Yuma, A. T., on warrants charging him with embezzling Territorial property from the penitentiary at Yuma at the beginning of one of the most sensational political scandals ever developed in Arizona.

Alderman Towler of Vancouver, B. C., refused to apologize for saying the members of the City Council went around with their hands behind their backs seeking bribes. He said he would go out in the alley and take his coat with any Alderman that tried to make him eat his words.

James Reedy, an old miner who is now janitor of the City Hall at San Jose, claims to have discovered rich gravel in Santa Clara county, and in support of the claim exhibits a small bottle containing flakes of gold, which he claims to have washed out.

No fewer than thirty daggers, butcher-knives, saws, files and stonch shots have been found, beside morphine and other drugs, in the Arizona Prison at Yuma. The former Superintendent, M. McInerney, is in arrest for appropriating Territorial property.

A public meeting was held at Creswell, Lane county, Ore., a few days ago to agitate the question of re-annexing the county-seat from Eugene to that place. It was argued that Eugene was only a temporary county-seat, and that land and money would be donated at Creswell for county building, and that the county property at Eugene could be sold for sufficient money to pay off the debt of the county. It was charged that affairs were now in the hands of a corrupt and extravagant set of men, who need the public offices for private gain.

David McPhanah, living on Mud Creek, below Milton, Ore., was bothered with snakes; a few days ago he killed a whole lot of them, and he would swallow the young chickens. So great was the annoyance he could not raise any young fowls. He finally studied up a plan to rid his premises of the snakes. He bought a big lot of porcelain eggs and laid them around so the snakes could get them. They swallowed them the same as the genuine ones, but they could not digest them, and death was the inevitable result.

A sensation has just come to light at Pacific Grove by the absconding of E. M. Carver, the cashier of the Bank of Pacific Grove, with \$10,000 of the depositors' money. The creditors who were duped by the wily cashier were Mrs. Goodrich of San Jose for \$5,000; William Haunton, a real estate broker of Monterey; Rev. Dr. Clark, a Presbyterian minister of Monterey, of whose church the money was stolen; and others. They swallowed them the same as the genuine ones, but they could not digest them, and death was the inevitable result.

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### CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

One of the most striking features of the Chicago Fair is the absolute and starting nudity of the statuary.

The charge for a room in Chicago—hotel or boarding-house—ranges from \$1 to \$15 a day. The average price for an average room is now \$2 a day.

The Countess di Branza, sent to Chicago by Queen Margherita to watch over Italy's collection of lace, is an American who before her marriage was Miss Cora Skocum.

Washington State day at the Chicago Fair, which was to have been May 17, has been postponed until some time in June, owing to the unfinished condition of the State building.

The Chicago City Council has unanimously passed a resolution declaring for Sunday opening of the World's Fair grounds, and as representative of 40,000,000 of stock in the exposition effected the financial management which closes the gates on one day out of the seven.

Commissioner Foreth has presented a communication from wine growers of California. There have been charges that restaurant keepers at the fair placed such high prices on California wines that no one will call for them, as they can obtain foreign wines at almost the same price. Californians assert that restaurant keepers at the grounds will not place any wines upon their lists unless a bonus of \$2,000 to \$5,000 is paid them. Californians say this would exclude their wines, as they cannot afford to pay any such sums. They propose therefore to establish a canteen at the California building, in which all the wines of the California exhibitors will be listed. New York, Ohio and other domestic wine-makers will give a show on the same cards. The council of administration is asked to reduce the usual 25 per cent. turned in to them as their share of sales to 10 per cent. to enable wine to be sold at reduced prices.

The World's Fair gates will be open to the public Sunday, and the vexed question is settled. At the regular monthly meeting of the local Board of Supervisors of the World's Fair, it was decided to open the gates of Jackson Park to the public for half the sum of the admittance to the fair during the week, viz: 25 cents. This action has nothing to do with the opening of buildings. The latter will remain closed as required under the provisions of the act, and as agreed to when the \$2,500,000 was accepted from the Fifty-second Congress. The vote by which the resolution was adopted was twenty-seven to seven. Under the resolution Midway Plaisance is also to be open.

Edwin Walker, attorney at law, has submitted an opinion, and on the strength of the opinion the board acted. Briefly, Walker decided the exposition grounds altogether a distinct and separate thing. Unless the National Commission acts vigorously to prevent it, Jackson Park will be open Sunday, the exposition buildings remaining closed.

After much hard work the committee investigating misunderstandings in the Bureau of Census has made a report to the National Commission. It is a most severe arraignment of Theodore Thomas and his methods of conducting the bureau of music. It gives a fearful raping to Chief Harpist Schencko, who proposed a local firm of musical instrument manufacturers that he would play their harps for a bonus of \$1,000 a year. Schencko in his testimony, it appears, admitted having made the proposition. Before the committee Thomas denied being in any way connected with any house engaged in selling or manufacturing musical instruments. Thomas declared that the authority of Director General Davis over him was merely nominal. The committee concludes by the expression of the opinion that no piano exhibited for awards should be used for performance; that the usefulness of Prof. Theodore Thomas as the head of the bureau of music of the World's Columbian Exposition is so impaired in the judgment of the committee that his services should be further dispensed with, and recommends that the Director-General be instructed to request his resignation.

### FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

Andrew Douglas of Wisconsin has been appointed Examiner of the Chilpeau Indian lands in Minnesota, vice Otis Staples, resigned.

Charles H. Martin of Illinois has been appointed Examiner in the Mineral Division of the general land office, vice Charles T. Yonder, resigned.

The Secretary of the Navy has appointed Medical Inspector Rufus Tyson Surgeon-General of the Navy to succeed General John Mills Brown, retired.

Secretary Herbert has authorized the statement that he will decline to extend leaves of absence to any officers of the navy who are engaged in private businesses.

Officials of the State Department at Washington confirm the prediction heretofore made that ex-Representative Blount would be appointed Minister Resident to Hawaii.

The members of the Diplomatic Corps in Washington expect that in the course of a few months the Spanish government will elevate the legation in Washington to the grade of an embassy.

The President's rule regarding personal applications for office has caused a large increase in the number of callers at the departments, and it is believed that Cabinet members will have to follow the President's course.

Supervising Architect O'Rourke of the Treasury Department says it is his determination to remove, just as soon as it can be done, all Republicans holding positions of Superintendents of Public Buildings, and to fill their places with Democrats.

Secretary Carlisle has set aside the decisions of his predecessors, and has decided that the Statute of 1874, known as the anti-society act, except in the case of societies having all officers of the United States from receiving money, or an inferior share of the fine account of information given in reference to a violation of the statute.

Edward O. Leech, Governor of the Mint, has sent in his resignation to the President to take effect the end of this month. The resignation of Leech is purely voluntary. He desires to accept the position of cashier of the National Currency Bank of New York which is to be opened in that city the 1st inst. Director Leech was born in Washington, and has been connected with the mint service since the organization of the bureau in 1837, having entered the department with Dr. Henry B. Linderman, the first Director of the Mint. He has served in every position in the bureau from the bottom to the top. In addition to having a thorough knowledge of the business of the mints, acquired through years of experience as a creation of Leech has made a study of monetary subjects and built up a line of notes statistics covering the production of precious metals in the various countries of the world, which have been generally accepted as authority in this country and Europe.

### EASTERN MELANGE.

#### Secretary Hoke Smith Trying to Correct Evils.

#### AN AUTOMATIC VOTE RECORDER.

#### Heavy Rains Disclose Some Valuable Relics on the Historical Massie Farm in Ohio.

Drought will cut Kansas' wheat crop down one-half.

A postal computation gives Detroit 283,000 population.

A "Colored Tariff-reform Club" has been organized in Atlanta.

The Michigan Legislature has indorsed an automatic vote recorder.

The licenses for 6,000 dogs are annually taken out in New York city.

Cold and frost has rendered necessary much replanting of local crops.

Carter Harrison has forbidden smoking in the Chicago Council chamber.

A new law precludes the possibility of an absolute divorce in Massachusetts.

The population of Johnston, Penn., has increased over 6,000 since the flood of 1889.

The coal and coke business of Colorado is now in the hands of four great companies.

The Duke de Veragua is so much taken with America that he proposes to stay indefinitely.

Milwaukee has been taking a little census of its own, and is satisfied that its population is 245,919.

The Ohio Legislature has again rejected a measure looking to the granting of the veto power to the governor.

St. Louis banks have turned over \$2,000,000 in gold to the United States in exchange for Treasury and bank notes.

Alabama reports an increase of 6 1/2 per cent in the average in cotton, 2 1/2 per cent in corn and 6 per cent in wheat.

Last year there were 3,500 arrests for violations of the excise law in New York, but the convictions numbered only thirty-five.

The consumption of domestic beer in the United States last year was about one-half a barrel per capita, or something like a barrel, barring teetotallers.

According to official report the prohibition town of Portland in Maine uses 176,000 worth of liquor a year for "medical and mechanical purposes."

Deaths from exposed electric wires, very frequent in New York before Mayor Grant's crusade against the dangerous and unsightly poles in 1891, are now a thing unknown.

The great tunnel which is to drain the Valley of Mexico is nearly finished, and will be completed in fifteen months. It is expected to transform Mexico into a very healthy city.

The New York Board of Electrical Control has condemned three-fourths of the electric-light iron poles in that city, and ordered them replaced by wooden poles with cast-iron bases.

American consular shipments are moving into Mexico as heavily as last year. It is estimated 7,000 car loads will be shipped into the republic before the close of the year if the duty is not restored.

There seems to be a fair chance for the restoration of the death penalty in Michigan, if the Judiciary Committee of the Legislature has reported favorably upon the bill introduced to that end.

A stone 150 feet long and 10 feet square at the base has been quarried at Franconia, Wis., and it is proposed to use it as a monument to James G. Blaine. It is forty-six feet longer than Cleopatra's needle.

The Western General Agent of one of the larger New York insurance companies is authority for the statement that a number of retirements of insurance companies may be expected before many weeks.

Wall-street brokers have adopted a new gambling device in the shape of a phonograph which speaks out from a colossal funnel quotations on mining and stock markets, and the fluctuations being recorded in a minute.

Secretary of the Interior Smith is trying to correct the evils that have been constantly growing at Yellowstone Park in the way of monopolies and consequent excessive charges for everything the tourist is required to use.

A question which agitates fashionable men is as to where they can be scientifically fattened. It is correctly reported that a celebrated fattener from Yokohama will be at the exposition at Chicago during the coming summer.

The chances now are that the present Illinois Legislature will not pass a Congressional apportionment bill. There is apparently a too serious difference of opinion in the Democratic majority as to how the State should be sliced up.

Senator Faulkner, Chairman of the Committee on Territories, has selected, and ordered authority for the statement that Platt, Bate and Davis, as a sub-committee to investigate the condition of the Territories now seeking admission to the Union. The committee starts June 10.

Heavy rains near Chillicothe, Ohio, have washed the earth away and disclosed some valuable relics on the historical Massie farm, consisting of stone implements, bullets, coins and silver buttons. The gold coins are dated 1727 and 1750.

The Yaguas have sent word to the Mexican authorities that no troops or strangers will be permitted to enter their territory, and as the governing officials send a large force of regulars against them, an exciting and bloody campaign is expected.

General F. E. Beale's will has been filed at Washington. He intentionally fails to make any provision for his three children, Emily E. Beale, Truxton Beale and Mrs. M. E. Bakewell, and leaves all his property to his wife, Mrs. Mary E. Beale.

The great dam now being built across the Colorado river at Austin, Texas, is built of large, rough blocks set in concrete in the interior faced on both sides and on top with cut granite. It has a total length of 1,275 feet, and a maximum height of 96 feet.

The story is revived in Washington that the White House is to be devoted exclusively to residential purposes. President Cleveland is said to be considering the moving of his office to suitable apartments in the army, navy and state Department buildings.

Southern California is the Mecca toward which the restless negroes of the section about Chattanooga, Tenn., are flocking in thousands. Great excitement exists among them over an exploration scheme to the Pacific slope. The impression among the negroes is that all that is to be done is to go out there with a few dollars, buy as much land as is wanted and live like a nabob.

### PURELY PERSONAL.

Mark Twain's eldest daughter, Miss Clara Clemens, not yet 20, has written an alluring play.

Ismael Pasha, ex-Khedive of Egypt, 60 years old, lives in regal splendor on the shores of the Bosphorus. His wealth is \$25,000,000.

Alva Gage has presented to the Unitarian Church of Charleston, S. C., a handsome brick parish-house, costing over \$11,000.

A son of the Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England, is a Captain in the artillery and an enthusiast in the art of war.

Mrs. Laura de Force Gordon, a well-known woman lawyer on the Pacific Coast, has filed her application for the Consulship at Honolulu.

Queen Victoria is traveling in Italy, and in England she isn't missed, so little does she really have to do with the government that country.

Dr. Haffkine, the bacteriologist who has been investigating cholera, writes that he has conquered the disease by an inoculative method, which he will give the world for \$1 a day.

Frederick Weyerhaeuser, one of the richest of the lumber kings of Minnesota, began work in a brewery when he came to this country from Germany. He worked for \$1 a day.

Connelly Dierrell, who has just come into his inheritance at Hingham in a manner, is described as bearing a striking resemblance in personal appearance to his uncle, Lord Beaconsfield.

The ex-Empress Eugenie is said not to put trust in French medical men. When she fell ill of a sore throat in Paris not long ago she telegraphed to England for a physician to attend her.

The Trustees of Lane Theological Seminary have accepted the resignation of Prof. Roberts, one of the professors of Prof. Henry P. Smith in his trial for heresy. The Trustees also re-elected Prof. Smith for the ensuing year.

Dr. Bachner, the African traveler, broke from the highest point on Mount Kilimanjaro, one of the highest mountains in Africa, a piece of rock, which he presented to the German Emperor. The Kaiser now uses a mountain summit as a paper-weight on his writing desk.

Miss Paul Mink is a picturesque candidate for a seat in the Paris municipal council. She is the wife of a French anarchist and the mother of a child named "Lucifer Satan Veronique's Mink."

Her political platform is that of "woman, worker, Socialist and Republican."

Pope Leo XIII. spends most of his mornings in the Vatican gardens catching birds with nets, a sport which he has taken up since he became pope. Hundreds of birds are caught every morning and distributed among the hospitals and the poor.

### BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Great Britain has more than twenty-thousand trained nurses.

There are nearly three thousand miles of railroads in Canada.

Great Britain levies a tariff on about twenty articles of commerce.

The streams of Wisconsin yield \$100,000 worth of pearls in a year.

There are 20,000 American publications, a gain of 1,292 in a year.

The money circulation of the United States is estimated at \$1,900,000,000.

Of the 31,000 breweries estimated to be in the world 20,000 are in Germany.

Fifty 25 per cent of all the champagne made is lost by the bursting of bottles.

It requires more than 1,000,000 sheep to supply the mutton consumed in London.

April saw three bank failures in Australia, representing liabilities of \$169,000,000.

The nine rum distilleries of this country put out about 1,000,000 gallons annually.

Cleveland carpenters will be paid 20 cents an hour for a nine-hour day, beginning May 1.

It is estimated that there were 19,573 papers published in this country and Canada last year.

The domestic rice crop of the country for the current season is estimated at 225,000,000 pounds.

According to the Wake's Fibre and Fabric the cotton average of 1894 will be as short as that of 1893.

A total destruction by fire in the United States for eighteen years before 1892 was \$1,760,944,617.

Eight hundred and thirty-eight pairs of corsets for men were made by one firm in England last year.

It costs \$30 to decorate a room properly with flowers for a wedding or an entertainment.—Philadelphia Record.

A dollar loaned for 100 years and compounded at 24 per cent, will amount in that time to \$2,581,799,404.

An optician genius has invented a slot machine that will furnish a small brick of ice cream.—Philadelphia Record.

The roll of paper as used in the Hoe press on which the Bulletin is soon to be printed, is four from six miles long.

Alaska produced \$1,000,000 in gold last year, and California \$12,000,000. The gold product of the United States was \$23,000,000.

The hot-house peach crop has not failed, but a man who bought enough for a large dinner party did.—Philadelphia Record.

A company of colored people is being formed at Charlotte, N. C., for the purpose of building a cotton factory to employ only negroes.

There is still an enormous quantity of gold in the banks and among the people variously estimated at between \$600,000,000 and \$700,000,000.

Kansas City tailors propose to make an effort to secure a large home patronage. They complain that too many people send East for their clothes.

The largest piece of copper ever taken out of the Michigan Upper Peninsula was brought to the surface from the Quincy mine. It weighed about nine tons.

In 1892 the total number of persons employed in and about all the mines in the United Kingdom was 721,808, of whom 6399 were females, working above ground.

In the five or six months of the year during which the marine fishery lasts something like 600,000,000 of these little fish are caught off the coast of Brittany alone.

Some idea of the amount of gold mined every year may be had from the statement that European goldsmiths make up \$24,000,000 into gold plate and jewelry annually.

Charleston is considered the first phosphatic market in the world. In 1891 \$72,000,000 worth of phosphate rock, valued at \$1.25 per ton, was taken from the South Carolina mines.

It is said to be true to send the product of an acre of wheat from the State of Dakota to England than it does to manure an acre of land in England so that it can grow good wheat.

### FOREIGN FLASHES.

#### Emigrants Leave England for Mozambique, Africa.

#### THE FOREIGN TRADE OF JAPAN.

#### Emperor William Finds Fault With the Bishop of Metz—Herr Rozwadowski—Etc.

Cholera reports are again coming from Europe.

Sir Charles Dilke wants the British government to get out of Egypt.

Emperor William forbids all German clerics to meddle in political affairs.

Steps are taking to effect a combination of all trades unions in Great Britain.

The long drought in Austria has been broken and the wheat crop placed beyond all danger.

Russia has communicated to the Pope her intention to send a permanent Minister to the Vatican.

Scotland's population in the middle of last year was 4,863,452—1,961,401 males and 2,902,051 females.

Heavy frosts have greatly injured the vines in the wine districts of Austria, Switzerland and France.

The question of ocean penny postage has recently engaged the attention of the British House of Commons.

Adelina Patti has committed the Italian composer, Emilio Pizzi, to write a short opera for her American tour.

The late William H. Astor's personal estate in Great Britain has been returned with an official valuation of \$1,320,000.

The British Consul at Bordeaux reports that last year's vintage, though large in quantity, is of very poor quality.

Russian cotton spinners boast that they will soon be in a position to dispense with American cotton altogether.

Japan's foreign trade for 1892 exceeded that of 1891 by 20,000,000 yen. The principal increase was in the values of silk and tea.

It has now been decided to light the whole of the Southampton docks with electricity, while the cranes will be worked by hydraulic power.

Bismarck according to an interviewer thinks that the anti-Semitic troubles will be gradually settled by the intermarriage of Jews and Gentiles.

Thirty miles of underground electric railway similar to the City and South London line has been proposed for Berlin at an estimated expense of \$10,000,000.

Something strange lately affected the fish in Hongkong waters. For many days they were in a state of stupor, and allowed themselves to be caught by hand, making no effort to escape.

The Jerusalem and Jaffa Railroad Company is said to have inaugurated a real-estate movement in Jerusalem: to have laid out additions and run up lands from \$1 an acre to \$3,000.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies has commenced the debate on the naval estimates, which the commission on the subject proposes to increase from 99,700,000 lire to 105,000,000 lire.

A Spanish engineer proposes to build a bridge of aluminum across the Straits of Gibraltar. The project is being scientifically discussed in the current number of La Tribuna of Madrid.

The Russian government proposes to convene a commission of Jewish rabbis in September next to take the whole Jewish question into consideration and assist in bringing it to a settlement.

The five Australian banks thus far reported to have closed their doors have a total of some \$170,000,000 of liabilities. This is an enormous sum for the small population of that part of the world.

There have been discovered among the treasures of the British Museum some papers published in this country and Canada last year.

The domestic rice crop of the country for the current season is estimated at 225,000,000 pounds.

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