EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

OCCIDENTAL MELANGE

of County Officers.

NAVAJO COUNTRY IN NEW MEXICO.

General Strike Among the Trainmen on the San Joaquin Division of the Southern Pacific.

The highbinders at Sacramento are unusually quiet.

The work of coaling and repairing the Boston at Mare Island is going on rap-

Notwithstanding the application from Governor Willey of Idaho. no Federal troops will be sent to the Cour d'Alene

country. A Chinese highbinder arrested at Sacramento was encased in a boiler-plate coat-of-mail. He carried two revolvers

San Bernardino is much excited over the discovery that its street bonds are

been expended so far, Thirty-five miles of the new line built by the Southern Pacific to avoid the flood districts in the Colorado River Valley have been completed.

Dr. Lutz and wife (Sister Rose Gertrude) reached San Francisco from the Hawaiian leper colony the other day en route for Europe or Japan. At Tucson, Ariz., City Policeman William Elliott attempted to arrest a drunken

Mexican, and was stabbed through the heart. He shot the Mexican dead, and then expired. The official military commission to in-

vestigate the possibilities of metallic wealth in lands on the Navajo reserva-tion in Arizona and New Mexico has reported the country worthless for mining The Deciduous Fruit Growers' Associ-

ation in Southern California, who entered into a compact not to sell their peach and apricot crops for less than \$25 a ton, are more than pleased with the way their association is working.

There is a general strike among the trainmen on the San Joaquin division of the Southern Pacific Company. They are dissatisfied with the superintendent of the division, J. H. Whited, who has increased their work and not their wages.

Information was received at Klamath Falls recently that the Commissioner of Indian Affairs has ordered the survey of eight townships on the reservation, which is preliminary to the allotment of lands in severalty and the final opening of the reservation. Work will begin at once. This information will tend to turn the eyes of all Oregon to Klamath county.

The little five-stamp mill of the Annie Consolidated Mining Company in the Bohemia district, Lane county, Or., has produced during the month of June about \$4,000 in bullion in development work. The President, Dr. J. M. Taylor, says that the concentrates are found very valuable, and that new machinery will be placed in working order at the mine in about fifteen days, which will increase the value of the builion produced about one-third.

Teamsters from Grant county, Or., state that the entire wool clip of that county and Harney will seek a railroad outlet at Baker City this year. The reason for this is that better inducements are offered the producer, and it is money in their pockets to go to Baker City with their shipments. Another thing that tends to Baker City's advantage is that quired to pay an examination fee of \$1, the road to Heppner is in such a bad condition that heavily-loaded wagons cannot travel over it.

A wonderful geological specimen was accidentally discovered by a laborer in
Astoria the other day. In digging his
pick struck a round stone imbedded in the bank, the blow splitting the stone open. In the center was a perfect clam shell, both sides being shown and measuring 31/4 inches in length by 31/4 inches in diameter. Considering where it was found and the heavy formation of stone, the clam must have lain in its stony

A water velocipede has been invented Will Raymond of Clatsop county, . It is made of zinc. It has double wheels on each side with a seat between It is propelled with a crank like a land velocipede. Mr. Raymond has his model, and has applied for a patent. E. R. Hawes has just completed one of the velocipedes for Mr. Raymond, and it will tested in Young's Bay in a few days. It is believed a speed of twelve miles an hour can be obtained. It cannot be uphour can be obtained. It cannot be up-set, and its occupant is absolutely safe on the water. the coming season at Chautanqua will be the greatest in its history, not only in the number of visitors, but in the extent

There is much interest at Boise, Idaho over the prospective building of a line of railroad from Nampa to Silver City, by which that city will be afforded rail ceived last month a gift of \$250,000, of connection with the rich mining districts of Owyhee county. Major Wickersham of Pittaburg has been examining remainder of the sum to be used to adthe scheme on behalf of capitalists of that city, and it is positively asserted that the line will be constructed if his report is favorable. While he has noth-ing to say that would indicate what the tenor of his report is to be, the idea seems to prevail that he will recommend the scheme. If the road is built, the proposed new mills of the Delamar Company will be located near that city. The project for building a road eastward through the mining and timber regions of Central Idaho to Butte City is also in a promising shape, a more detailed survey having been ordered by the capitalists who have been investigating the D. He has been a diligent student and matter.

Search by customs officers at San Di ego of the British steam schooner Eliza Edwards has failed to unearth evidence that she is being used for illicit purposes. There were no Chinese on board nor any evidence of opium. Captain Van Bremer threatens that, if his vessel is not re-leased at once, he will apply to the Britsh Consul for protection. No one is alowed to visit the schooner nor sailors to come ashore. A suspicious circumstance in the case is the fact that the Captain at first cisimed he had chartered the craft for a cruise to Mexico and Central America, while afterward he told an entirely different story. He now says that by the advice of his physicians he purchased the vessel for a cruise to the Hawaiian Islands for his health. For two years past he has been considering the that the ancient University of St. Anvoyage, and cleared at Vancouver for drews in Scotland had decided to admit San Diego to enable his physician, Dr. women to the december of the de Winchester of Santa Barbara, to board the sciences and the arts. All of the four

CONGRESSIONAL MATTERS.

mportant Decision on Appeal of State of California From the Action of the Land Commissioner.

tion providing for an investigation relative to the slums of cities. This was The conference report on the river and harbor bill has been agreed to, and a concurrent resolution for a final adjourn-

Grand Jury Recommends Removal ment July 20 was offered by Senator Aldrich and referred to the Committee on Smallpox in Chicago—Keeley Institute Appropriations. General Schofield has received a tele-

gram General Brooke, in which he states he has turned over the Wolcott party to the State authorities of Wyoming for trial. This puts an end, so far as the military authorities are concerned, to the "rustler" troubles.

The Senate bill to increase the pen-sions of those who lost limbs in the service of the United States, and which will add \$700,000 to the pension charge, has been passed by the Senate, while the House bill to pension the survivors of the Indian wars was, after the provisions were considerably extended, recommitted to the Committee on Pensions.

The conference on the naval bill has finally been agreed to, the house accepting the Senate amendments appropriat-ing in the aggregate about \$66,000 and the Senate receding from all further amendments except one providing for the construction of one sea-going coast battle ship of 9,000 tons, which, with an armored cruiser of 8,000 tons provided for in the House bill, will constitute all illegal. About \$100,000 of them, have the new construction authorized. As no appropriation is made for a battle ship, the bill as it passed the House is only increased \$66,000.

The Senate Committee on Appropria-tions has finished its consideration of the sundry civil bill and reported it to the Senate. The amount of the appropria-tions made by the bill is \$36,797,816, that being an increase over the bill as it passed the House of \$11,574,816. There is an appropriation of \$5,103,000 in aid of the World's Fair, and no requirement as reported to the Senate that the World's Fair shall not be kept open on Sunday. The requirement is that government exhibits shall not be kept on exhibition on that day.

Secretary Noble has rendered an important decision on the appeal of the State of California from the action of the Commissioner of the general land office in respect to certain applications made by the State to select indemnity school lands in lieu of townships made frac-tional by the existence of damp and overflowed lands. The Secretary holds that the State has no valid right to select indemnity for school lands, using swamp lands as a basis, for the reason that the swamp sections went to the State under the swamp-land act. He further holds that the act of February 28, 1891, amending Sections 2275 and 2276 of the Revised Statutes does not authorize new or fu-ture selections in California on the basis of Sections 16 and 36 when they are swamp in character, nor did this amend-ment give the State any rights it did not previously possess under former statutes. For this reason he affirms the Commissioner's decision. About 10,000,000 acres of land are involved in the case, which has been pending before the department for several years.

EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

Yale University Determines to Enlarge the Educational Opportunities for Feminine Students.

About \$3,000,000 is appropriated each year to the New York city schools.

United States last year was 14,200,000. The teachers and School Superintendents in this country receive \$80,000,000 annually, and the money is well earned. Applicants for certificates to teach in \$187. the schools of Birmingham, Ala., are re-

which is applied to the library fund. A few years ago there were but two or three advanced schools in this country that were open to students of both sexes.

Queen Margaret's College is the only college for women in Scotland that fits them for university degrees. It was ounded about fifteen years ago, and has 200 students in art, science and medi-

cine. President Angell of Ann Arbor has written that graduates of the Leaven-worth High School will be admitted to the Michigan University without further examination, which is no mean compli-

President Gilman conferred degrees ipon seventy-four students of the graduating class at Johns Hopkins University week before last. He appeared in a gown and hood, and graduates all wore caps and gowns.

There is every reason to believe that of its courses of study and the variety and ability of its lecturers.

The Women's College of Ba'timore re vance the general interest of the college.

The Iowa State University is located at the old "has-been" town of Iowa street cars to stop running on the same City, and is not commonly spoken of with Harvard and Yale, but it has 900 students, and its late commencement was the greatestest it ever had. Universities can grow west of the Miseissippi river.

James Richard Cocke, who was graduated at the Boston University school of medicine at the head of his class last week, is the first person totally from infancy to receive the degree of M. reader of anatomy for eight years past. and obtained 98 per cent, on his exami-

nation.

Helen A. Keller, who is a pupil in the school for the blind where Laura Bridgman was taught, is according to all accounts a most remarkable child. She all lie very close to hand while i lost sight and hearing when a mere babe, are seeking them in the clouds. and was sent to the school to be taught finger speech. Although only 11 years old, she is an intellectual wonder learns with wonderful rapidity, has acquired oral speech and manifests a men-tal power and grasp that would be phenomenal in a child in full possession of

The news of the determination of Yale University to enlarge the educational opportunities for feminine students came almost simultaneously with the news women to the departments of theology,

BEYOND THE ROCKIES.

An Estimate of the Prospective Wheat Surplus. Senator Kyle has introduced a resolu-

THE HARVEST SEASON IN MISSOURI

Accomplishing Good in Kansas -Our Gold Exports.

The wheat yield throughout Illinois will be very large. Chicago is threatened with another

smallpox epidemic. A Garfield monument costing \$100,000 proposed in Chicago. Chicago's people drink 50,000 gallons

of soda water every hot day. Gas at \$1 per 1,000 is very acceptable to the consumers of Cincinnati. A bichloride of gold cure has been de

clared a necessity in Sedalia, Mo. The Rio Grande Western has been authorized to increase its capital \$3,000,-

The Board of Health now estimates the population of New York to be 1,826,-

Louisiana's Legislature wants United States Senators elected by ballot of the Thousands of cattle are being brought from Mexico into Western Kansas for

A shake-up of officials has taken place in the freight department of the Texas and Pacific.

During the past three months this country has exported 779,900 barrels of flour to Cuba. The last census in the State of New York develops the fact that 11 per cent.

of the population are aliens. No less than thirty sardine factories in Maine are closed because there is no run of suitable-sized fish to pack.

The harvest season in Missouri is ac companied by the usual hailstones, which break through roofs and kill chickens.

A movement has been started in Chicago to secure the pardon of Neebe, Schwab and Fielden, the Haymarket

Secretary Foster has much hope of the beneficial outcome of the international monetary conference, which will be held in Paris or Dresden.

The Keeley Institute at Herington has already turned out two graduates. Thus the work of cheating the devil goes briskly on in Kansas. The Superintendent of the New York

Lunatic Asylum says that the excitement while engaged in a game of baseball has cured several patients. In all of the New England States the smaller industries are beginning to run

full time, and a busy summer seems to be assured on all sides. Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians refused to accept 500 head of beeves from the government agents, who, they claim,

have been robbing them. The troubles along the Rio Grande frontier have no political feature. They are caused by individual acts of desperadoes from both countries.

The bodies of President and Mrs. Polk will soon be removed from their present

Tenn., to Mount Olive cemetery. A bill is to be introduced into the next ssion of the Pennsylvania Legislature The total school enrollment for the the headwaters of principal rivers. for the creation of forest reservations at

Of the \$45,000 stolen from the United Express Company at Pittsburg on June 21 by E. J. Ryan the company has recovered \$44,813, Ryan having spent only

Three hundred negroes at Haynes, Lee county, Ark., took one of their race named Donnelly from jail and hanged him. Donnelly assaulted a twelve-yearold colored girl.

Electricians are very busy designing new plants for the smaller towns and cities throughout the West, and quite a number of cable and electrical roads are

A lottery agent is suing the town o Ludlow, Ky., for \$200, which he paid for a license to keep open his office. The Goebel bill, he says, shut him up, and he wants his money back.

The net exports of gold for the months ending with May were \$16,902,-790, and the net loss to July 1 will not exceed \$34,000,000, as against about \$68,-000,000 in the first half of 1891.

Almost \$4,000 was realized at an open air performance of "As You Like It" in Senator Farwell's residence grounds at Chicago. Ada Rehan was the Rosalind. The performance was for charity.

Huffman & Hohlers of Cincinnati for weeks have been engaged in making stills and other distilling machinery ostensibly for gentlemen in Brooklyu, but it is widely gossiped the stills are really for the sugar trust, which will distill high wines.

Rev. J. S. Ives, paster of the Congregation Church at Stratford, a suburb of Bridgeport, Conn., was hanged in effizy the other day. He was unpopular be-cause he had the drug and confectionery stores closed on Sunday and wanted the day.

Bradstreet's estimates that on the basis of the latest government wheat crop this country will be able to export 220,000,-000 bushels of wheat in 1892-3 and leave reserves on July 1, 1893, equal to those 125,000,000 bushels,

The breaks in the Lower Mississippi That such a simple, handy and inexpensive stopgap should avail where the wisdom of the best engineers of the country has found itself at fault is one more if-Instration of the oft-attested truth that Clay and the birthplace of Lincoln. the great discoveries of the earth after very close to hand while inventors

The attempt of the company which has secured the privilege of transporting particular section for years as a sort of space could be secured. headquarters for pleasure boats, and a The sailors were worsted,

but propose to legally test the matter.

PURELY PERSONAL

General Booth Delegates Another Son to Assist in the Work of the Salvation Army in America.

Justin McCarthy once indulged in writing poetry. He reformed, however, before entering into politics.

Emin Pasha has had more obituary notices written about him than any other trayeier. And he loves to read

Mme. Emma Nevada, the singer, is making a successful tour of Spain, and is being received everywhere with almost regal honors.

Marshall P. Wilder says that one of the strangest things of his entertain-ment business in England is the custom prevailing among managers of paying him in advance.

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria is deeply interested in ornithology, and devotes much time to the pursuit of that science. He is a member of the Ornithological Society of Vienna.

The eye cures of the oculist Grand Duke Theodore have attracted crowds of sufferers to Moran this year. Several hundred patients seek the Grand Duke's assistance every day, and he is aided in his charitable labors by his wife and children.

Governor Russell rides in on his horse every morning from his home in Cambridge to the State House in Boston, a distance of about three miles, and takes his seat at his desk, booted and spurred, for the transaction of the morning's official business.

Paderewski is spending a few days in Paris, having left London over a week ago. He doesn't intend to return to the British capital before October. Meantime he will after a short stay in the French capital go to some of the European watering places.

Horatio Greenough's widow has bequeathed to the Boston museum all the examples of her husband's sculptures that remained in her possession, which were numerous. They had been loaned to the museum more than once. Among them are busts of John Adams and John Quincy Adams.

Ballington Booth, Commander of the Salvation Army in the United States, is to have reinforcements, and from the membership of his own family. brother, Commander Herbert H. Booth, has been delegated by their father to come to this country before long to as sist in the work of the organization.

Henry George believes that writers' paralysis or cramp comes from the use of steel pens. "Who ever heard of it in the days of the quill pen?" he asks. Mr. George himself, like Mr. Howells and other up-to-date literary men, uses a typewriter to compose with.

Bourke Cockran, who made the most eloquent speech of the Chicago convention, is an Irishman. He is short and stout, and has a massive head. He is one of the leading lawyers of New York, but, having married a rich wife, is now devoting himself to politics. He is serv-ing his second term in Congress.

You may pronounce Mr. Stevenson's given name as Ad-lay, Ad-lye or Ad-lay-eye, as you please, for it is a case where everything goes. The two last-mentioned pronunciations have the sanction of the etymologists and the first of native Illinoisans, who consistently pronounce the syllable "ai" in Adlai as they do in Cairo.

Ex-King Milan lives in some style in a fine house on the fashionable avenue du Bois de Bologne in Paris. known in his exile as the Count de Ta-kova, and though there is not much left of the glitter of royalty about him, he resting place in Polk Place, Nashville, still has around him a circle of friends 28 cents a pound. who show no signs of dropping away while the fallen monarch's money lasts.

A young Memphis bride, Mrs. P. B. is considered a total loss. Her crew has

climbing to the very top of Mount Vesu- the stranded vessel. vius and looking down into the crater. She is the second American woman to attempt this hazardous undertaking successfully. Mrs. Coate was born Blanche Steele, and was married only a few weeks ago after her graduation from St. Mary's School in Memphis. She is but 20 years old, and is said to be a very pretty

THE CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

Great Britain, France, Germany and Many Other Foreign Nations Asking for More Space.

A Buffalo man proposes to furnish the World's Fair with an attraction in the 2.000 varieties.

An exact fac-simile of the San Luis Rey Mission, perhaps the finest and most celebrated of all the famed old mission ruins in Southern California, will be seen at the World's Fair. A group of Caribs from the Lesser An-

tilles, descendants of the cannibal race discovered by Columbus on his second voyage, will be at the World's Fair, engaged in making baskets and in other native industries. An agent of the Turkish government

is on his way to Chicago to superintend the construction of the Ottoman pavilion and a Turkish village for the World's Fair. Accompanying him are native masons, who will build the pavilion. The Swiss National Congress has ap-

propriated 120,000 francs (\$24,000) for an exhibit at the World's Fair of the Swiss watch-making industry. It also approved subsidies for exhibits of other industries, including female work in the manufacturing line. Again the cable has announced that

Emperor William of Germany has de-cided to visit the World's Fair at Chicago next year. This time the Allgemeine Zeitung, a leading paper of Munich, furcarried over a year ago. For ten years past the average annual wheat exports of the United States have been less than The celebrated blue grass of Kentucky will be displayed in the exhibit which

that State will make at the World's Fair. evees are effectually closed by sandbags. The display will possess additional in-that such a simple, handy and inexpen-terest from the fact that the sod and grasses are being collected from historic spots in the State, such as the battlefield of Perryville, the home of Henry Great Britain, France, Germany and,

in fact, many other nations are asking and almost insisting that more space given for their exhibits at the World's Fair, Sir Henry Wood of the British passengers to the World's Fair to take possession of the portion of the lake that so great is the interest in England front selected for a landing place was retained that he believes the English exhibit front selected for a landing place was re-sisted by sailors, who have used that would fill half of all the buildings if the Prince

More than 1,000 men are now at work on the mammoth manufactures building the world's Fair. The force was recently doubled by order of the exposi-tion authorities, who concluded that the the Santa Fe railway the trains are daily contractor was not making as rapid progbesieged by farmers trying to secure ress as was desirable. The authorities The Municipal Council of St. Etienne, men to work. They offer from \$2 to \$3 a are determined that all of the buildings France, has decided upon an interesting without going North. A special dispatch from the latter place to the San Diego few years past adopted a very broad pollower known to prevail in the State believe as students. In this respect they are in will probably exceed that of any previous year in the history of the State.

In October, and the public may be assumed to the sam biego few years past adopted a very broad pollower to 18,000 looms scattered about in the homes of the inhabitants, number of workmen at Jackson Park will probably exceed that of any previous year in the history of the State.

FOREIGN CABLEGRAMS

The Production of Tobacco in the Argentine Republic.

RANDOLPH CHURCHILL ELECTED.

\$1.10@1.15 per cental.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 22½
@25c; fancy dairy, 17@20c; fair to good,
15@17½c; common, 10@12½c; California, 38@40c per roll.
CHEESE—California, 12@13c; Young The Chilian Chamber of Deputies Adopts a Bill Imposing Duties on Nitrates and lodine

France is to hold a world's fair in 1900. Italy's export trade has begun to show

A revolutionary movement is in progress in Bolivia.

Randolph Churchill has been elected to the Thirteenth Parliament. The number of cholera cases in

outskirts of Paris is increasing. Londoners talk of charging half-price for admission to a theater after 9 o'clock The Peruvian Ministry has resigned,

being dissatisfied with the administra-Scarlet fever is raging in London. There are 2,430 patients in six public hospitals.

It is proposed attempting to stamp out

tuberculosis in cattle in Denmark by vaccination. Anarchists at St. Denis, France, propose to blow up Montbrison prison and rescue Ravachol.

public money held by the London banks do not bear interest. The revenue collected from last year's ascents to the top of the Eiffel tower

It is estimated that two-thirds of the

amounted to \$115,000. Colonel L. Nuila heads a revolution in Honduras, and has had successful battle with the government forces.

The English railway lines have con tracted for coal at an average of 1 shill-ing per ton less than in 1891. The Austrian government has taken

hold of the matter of improving all races of horses in Austria-Hungary. Zanzibar has just been put in posses-sion of a weekly newspaper—the first journal started in East Africa.

The outbreak of pleuro-pneumonia in Lisburn district, County Antrim, Ireland, has turned out a very serious mat-

The trouble between the Shoemakers' Federation in Leicester, England, and the manufacturers has been submitted to arbitration. The Russian government is preparing a bill intended to stamp out Mohammedanism by means of harsh measures

such as those applied to the Jews. The first International Club for women has been founded. The incorporators are a group of American, French and

German women, residents in Nice. The fortune of the late Jules Lebandy. the great sugar refiner and speculator of Paris, is estimated at 300,000,000 francs, probably the largest fortune in France. The French and a body of Tonquinese pirates have had a battle at Thanon. The French were successful, but lost six-

The production of tobacco in the Argentine Republic has increased wonderfully. The price has fallen about onehalf, and tobacco is now selling at about The City of Chicago, which went on

teen men killed and seventeen wounded.

Coate, recently accomplished the feat of declared it unsafe to longer remain on The London Standard's Berlin correspondent says: A private telegram from Constantinople represents the whole southern shore of the Caspian Sea in-

fected with cholera. The Spanish government has taken possession of the largest ship-building works in that country for the purpose of entering upon the construction of war vessels on a large scale.

A discovery of great importance to South Africa is a stone capable of being burned into a natural cement of good quality. The deposit covers 1,000 acres, and varies in thickness from ten to twenty feet. The Governor of St. Helena reports

affairs there as being in a wretched state. Work is scarce, revenue is short of expenditure, business is declining, and shape of a collection of snakes. He there is great poverty and suffering dium, 60@80c; long, 90c@\$1.25; shear claims to be able to show as many as among the inhabitants.

The new taxes imposed by the Spanish government on various branches of business is bitterly opposed. At Madrid the other day there was a riot. The civil guard was stoned, and it turned and fired into the crowd, wounding many severely.

The young Grand Duke of Hesse,

grandson of Queen Victoria, who succeeded his father a few weeks ago, has ommemorated that event by pardoning 179 criminals, who were serving terms in the penitentiaries of Hesse-Darmstadt. Official returns establish the fact that whereas only five passengers were killed on the railways of the United Kingdom put together last year, no fewer than 147 persons met with fatal accidents and

5,784 were injured in the streets of Lon-The investment of £4,000,000 made by the British government in the Suez canal shares will in a year or two according to Mr. Goschen be worth £19,000,000. which proves it to have been an excellent stroke of business as well as of di-

The Chilian Chamber of Deputies has adopted a bill imposing duties on ni-trates and iodine. The rate fixed by the measure is 71d per metric quintal for ni-trates and 23d per kilo on iodine. Payments will be made as often as the gov ernment requires. A troop of Cossacks from the Don un-

Show at Earl's Court. It is said that this is the first body of Cossacks ever permitted to leave Russia. Trial by Judge Lynch is no longer seculiarly American institution. In Altelling the milkman to leave an extra geria eight criminals have been hunted down and shot by the people without pretense of trial. Only the other day an Arab, who had slain a little girl, was

der the command of Prince Ivan Mak-

haradze recently arrived in London to take part in Buffalo Bill's Wild West

flung over a precipice by his fellow-coun-Prince Alexis of Russia missed the last train that would reach the English derby in time, and telegraphed a polite request to have the races delayed, as he was exceedingly anxious to see them. When he arrived at the derby, however, he found that the races had come off as a

matter of course.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Produce, Fruit, Etc. WHEAT — Nominal. Valley. \$1.30@ 1.32½; Walia Walia, \$1.25@1.27½ per cental

America, 13@15c per pound. Eggs—Oregon, 20c; Eastern, 18c per

POULTRY-Old Chickens, quoted

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, quoted \$1.50 per cental; new Oregon, 60c per dozen;

cauliflower, \$3.50 per crate; Onions, \$1

dozen; young carrots, 15c per dozen; beets, 15c per dozen; California corn, 25c

Hongy-10@18c per pound. Salt-Liverpool, \$15.00@18.00; stock,

\$11@12 per ton. COFFEE—Costa Rica, 211/2c; Rio, 20c;

Salvador, 20c; Mocha, 27 \@30c; Java, 25 @27 \c; Arbuckle's 100-pound cases,

Beans—Small white, 3c; pink, 2½@
3¾c; bayos, 3½c; butter, 3½c; limas,
3½c per pound.
Sugar—D, 4½c; Golden C, 4¾c; extra

C, 5c; Magnolia A, 5½c; granulated, 5¾c; cube crushed and powdered, 6½c; confectioners' A, 5¾c; maple sugar, 15@

Syrur—Eastern, in barrels, 40@55c; half-barrels, 42½@57½c; in cases, 35@ 80c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg. California in barrels, 20@40c per gallon; \$1.75 per

steel, \$3.00; wire, \$3.50 per keg

14x20, prime quality, \$7.75 per box.

LEAD—1%c per pound; bar, 6%c. Shor—\$1.75 per sack.

NAVAL STORES—Oakum, \$4.50@5 per bale; rosin, \$4.80@5 per 480 pounds; tar, Stockholm, \$14.00; Carolina, \$7.00 per

barrel; pitch, \$6.00 per barrel; turpen-

Hides-Dry hides, selected prime, 7!

@8c; 1½c less for culls; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 4c; under 55 pounds, 3c;

sheep pelts, short wool, 30@50c; me

ings, 10@20c; tallow, good to choice, 3

Hors-Nominal; 10@18c per pound,

The Ment Market.

BEEF-Live, 2@3c; dressed, 41/2@6c.

Murron-Live, 3¼(3)%c; dressed, 7c lambs, live, 3¾c; dressed, 8c, Hogs-Live, 5@5½c; dressed, 8c.

SMOKED MEATS-Medium ham, 141/46

4 c; large ham, 13 @14c; breakfast

bacon, 1316@15c; dry salt sides, 1034c;

smoked sides, 1134@1134c; smoked ba-

1214c; Oregon, 1014@1214c per pound.

Bags and Bagging.

burlaps, 10-oz., 40-inch, net cash, 71-oc., burlaps, 10-oz., 60-inch, net cash, 8c.

burlaps, 50-oz., 60-inch, net cash, 8c; burlaps, 15-oz., 60-inch, 12c; burlaps, 20-

23x36, spot, 8c; three-bushel oat bags,

The debt of the city of Paris now

amounts to 790 francs for every man,

woman and child within the city lim-

its; in Frankfort the debt is 317 francs

per head, in Milan 219, in Berlin, 154,

in The Hague 136, in Brussels, the most heavily indebted of all European

Old Gentleman (calling from the

head of the stairs at a late hour)-Su

san! I wish you'd tell that young man

down there that he'd do us a favor by

quart if he meets him on his way

home. - Harper's Bazar.

cities, 1,605.

Burlaps, 8-oz., 40-inch, net cash, 636c

ound, according to condition.

according to condition.

VEAL-5@7c per pound.

tine, 65c per galion in carload lots.

STREE-1034c per pound.

\$24@27 per ton.

Horseshors-\$5.

20 17-20c per pound.

lee per pound.

@5.50 per cental.

Faurrs - Raspberries, 7@10c

dozen.

per pound,

per dozen.

per barrel.
OATS-New, 43@45c per bushel.

The Ohio Agricultural Experime FLOUR-Standard, \$4.30; Walla Walla, \$4.30; Graham, \$3.75; Superfine, \$3.00 Station Results.

HAY-\$11@12 per ton.

MILISTUFFS—Bran, \$ 9; shorts, \$22;
ground barley, \$22.50@25; chop feed, \$18
@22 per ton; feed barley, \$24@25; middlings, \$26@28 per ton; brewing barley, \$1.10@1, 15 per cental. FEEDING SUGAR BEETS TO CON

THE FARM AND GARDE

It is Possible to Raise Much More Sixteen Tons of Beets to the Acre-Other Facts.

A bulletin of the Ohio agricultural periment station gives the results experiment in feeding sugar beets \$4.50@5; broilers, \$2@3; young ducks, \$3.50@5; geese, old, \$5.00@7.00; young, \$6.00@9.00 per dozen; turkeys, 12@13c milch cows, made during the past win with a summary of two similar en-ments, one made by the station in and one by the farm department, the last-named experiment eight were kept under the test for weeks; in 1889 twelve cows for per cental; new potatoes, \$1.25 per cental; old, 80c per sack; asparagus, 8@10c per pound; lettuce, 10@15c : per bunch; squash, 2@3c; green peas, 3c per pound; cucumbers, 75c per dozen; tomatoes, \$1.50 @2.00 per box; Oregon turnips, 15c per dozen; tomatoes, \$1.50 @2.00 per box; Oregon turnips, 15c per dozen; tomatoes, \$1.50 per dozen; tomatoes weeks, and in 1890 twelve cows for weeks, the cows in each case be weighed daily, as well as their feed milk. In each of three experiment cows ate more hay and more total matter when feeding on beets than other foods, and in each case more was given from the beets than from other foods, but it is not yet demons that the increase of milk was proeconomically.

Fgurs — Raspberries, 7@10c per pound; strawberries, 5@6c per pound; blackberries, 10c per pound; gooseberries, 5@6c per pound; currants, 5@8c per pound; cherries, 5@8c per pound; California apples, \$2.00 per box; California peaches, \$1.00 per box; Sicily lemons, \$7.50; California, \$4.50@5.50 per box; oranges, seedlings, \$4.00: Smyrna figs, 16c per pound; For twelve years records have kept on the farm now occupied b station, which shows that the av yield of beets over this period has nearly sixteen tons per acre, agains annual yield of about fifty-five but of shelled corn per acre. But a cra fifty five bushels of shelled corn with fodder will contain nearly twice as m \$4.00; Smyrna figs, 16c per pound; plums, \$2.00 per box; apricots, \$1.00@ 1.25 per box; California pears, \$1.00 per dry matter as sixteen tons of beets, these experiments indicate that, when fed dry as cornmeal and dry fodder or corn ensilage, the dry matter of the or crop will be found as effective, pound pound, as the dry matter of the brown of the brown to be street to the street to the street to the brown to be street to the street t than sixteen tons of beets to the One crop of two acres is reported at a tons per acre, and smaller areas is given still larger yields, but such a require very rich land and thoray culture. Whether it is possible to be dure a pound of dry matter in duce a pound of dry matter in best economically as it can be done in con not definitely settled, but the probabilities

Horses on the Farm.

ties are against it.

No farmer should ever have anythin but mares on his place, and if more them should come on than he can prefiably keep, he should sell the worst as never the best. Geldings should need be kept after they have reached salah age, and no one should ever permitaise dollars to tempt him to part with a good mare and keep a poorer one. One span of good mares is as good a start for really profitable commercial horse-raising. RICE-Japan, \$5.00@5.25; Island, \$5.25 DRIED FRUITS-Petite prunes, 8@10c; silver, 81/2@10c; Italian, 9@11c; Ger-man,8@10c; plums,6@71/2c; apples,5@7; evaporated apricots, 10½c; peaches, 9½ @10½c; pears, 8c per pound. Canned Goods—Table fruits, assorted ly profitable commercial horse-raising fifty and better, for there is always w enough to pay for the keeping of span and there never is for fifty. Br quoted \$1.50@1.80; peaches, \$1.80@2.00; Bart lett pears, \$1.80@1.90; plums, \$1.37½ to the best always, for the good sells is better prices and that kind has a goo deal less competition to meet. One kin of destructive competition to which is @1.50; strawberries, \$2.25; cherries, \$2.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.85@1.90; raspberries, \$2.40; pineapples, \$2.25@ 2.80; apricots,\$1.60@1.70. Pie fruit: Assorted, \$1.00@1.20; peaches, \$1.25; cattle business has been subjected the plums, \$1.00@1.10; blackberries, \$1.25@ raising of good horses escapes entirely-1.40 per dozen. Vegetables: Corn, \$1.45 we mean range competition. The best coach, trotting and draft horses will a coach, trotting and draft horses will a coach. \$50.0\$; tomatoes, soc@\$1.00 per dozen. Meats: Corned beef, \$1.90@2.00; chipped beef, \$2.25; lunch tongue, ls. \$3.15; 2s. \$5.5°; devided ham, \$1.50@3.65 per dozen. Fish: Sardines, 75c@1.55; lobsters, \$2.30@3.50; salmon, tin, 1-lb. talls, \$1.25@1.50; flats, \$1.75; 2 lbs., \$2.25@2.50; ½ bbl., \$5.50. enough in form and action, a trotter the had enough speed or a draft horse with enough bone and muscle of the right Name-Base quotations: Iron, \$3.00 there is always room to do better; how ever high one may go, there are y heights beyond, inviting to further Inon-Bar, 314c per pound; pig iron, fort. We can very well remember whe 2:40 was the synonym for matches Tin-I. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime qualspeed; now breeders are dreaming a the two-minute trotter. With othe styles of horses achievement has been equally great, and hope for further e ity, \$8.00@8.50 per box; for crosses, \$2 extra per box; roofing, 14x20, prime quality, \$6.75 per box; I. C. coke plates,

forts is just as promising, although it is not quite so readily expressed in a def-nite figure indicating the progress made SOME FACTS.

Starch factories should be built in all potato-growing districts. Farmers might do well to build and run them on the or operative plan.

Keep your bees out as late in the fa as possible, but do not be in a hurry to put them out in the spring, as there i nothing for them to gather. It is said to be a fact, and we believe the statement can be proved, that its American people pay more for eggs that they do for flour. Let the keepers of the

American hen do their full duty, and the will need no other. A great flax and hemp industry i growing in Minnesota. Over 400,000 acres were devoted to flax last year. I Huron Lake in Southern Minnesota (6) 000 has been invested in a hemp and tor

mill, the owner of which grew sixty some of hemp last year to be worked up in the mill. It pays to give every sow full possession of a roomy compartment or of a pet when she farrows, and she should be placed in it two weeks before the even that she may become accustomed to he surroundings. Otherwise at farrowing times she will be nervous-the thing to

cou, 1114@1134c per pound. LAND-Compound, 9@934c; pure, 11@ be avoided. If young tree is growing very fast, it will be best to head back half its yearly growth, for trees that grow so rapidly are apt to get bark-bound and split open; they blossom, but rarely bear fruit, at the blossoms fall off. To make such cut ting back most effective it should be doss oz., 76-inch, 1414c. Wheat bags, Calcutta, when the trees are in full leaf.

Light in the Poultry House A large window admits more heat and light during the day, but it radiates the heat rapidly at night. One of the most essential requirements in a poultry house is light, as the hens will abandon a dark ened house during the daytime, no matter how warm it is. Instead of using very large windows there should be small windows on at least two sides or in fresh and at the ends, so as to render the house light and cheerful in every part. Another advantage of using the contract of the contract o advantage of using a number of amail windows is that they are cheaper that large ones, and the cost is increased be little. They also admit the sunlight free

all quarters during the whole of the day-

BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, SICK HEADACHE, COLDS. PIMPLES, all SKIN APPECTIONS, and DISEASES ARISING from A DISORDERED STOMACH.

The Genuine HAMBURG TEA is put up in YELLOW WRAPPERS with Facsimile Signature of EMIL FRESE.
REDINGTON & OO. AGENTS, SAN FRANCISCO. SALD BY ALL DEEGGISTS AND GROCERS.