

EUGENE CITY GUARD.

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EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

OCCIDENTAL MELANGE

Deeming Said to Have Once Been a Resident of Los Angeles.

A POSTOFFICE ROBBER CONFESSES.

The Anaconda Mining and Smelting Works Receive Order to Continue Their Operations—Etc.

Eureka, Cal., is to have free mail-delivery service after June 1.

The Printers' District Convention met at Whitcomb, Wash., last week.

The new mill at Needles has begun work. The process is the cyanide method, and is pronounced a success.

Taylor, one of the Boise City (Idaho) postoffice robbers, has confessed his guilt and turned State's evidence against his pal, Hinton.

The two men who kidnaped Norman St. Claire at the Harqua Hala mines in Arizona recently have been held in \$1,000 bonds each.

Chinese are being smuggled into the country at Tia Juana. The border line to be guarded is very long, and but few deputies are doing the work.

Operations are being pushed on the Southern Pacific's new pier and harbor at Santa Monica Canyon, which, it is estimated, will cost \$1,000,000.

George Montgomery, a rancher and miner well known in Coconino county, A. T., has been murdered at his camp on Silver creek in the Chaco Mountains.

The Consolidated Wyoming has begun suit against the Champion Mining Company at Nevada City. The claim is that the latter has been working on a vein that belongs to the former.

The new municipal authorities at San Jose have inaugurated a vigorous policy toward the suppression of dives, gambling dens and all places suspected of entrapping and fleecing the unwary.

It is believed that Deeming, the Australian murderer, was in Los Angeles between 1886 and 1888, where he married a Mrs. Nathan Catching and made way with all her money and then disappeared.

After issuing orders to close down half of the Anaconda (Mont.) mining and smelting works another order was received to continue operations. The Parrot works have closed down, affecting 350 men.

By a decision of Judge Van Dyke at Los Angeles a non-resident's goods are not liable to attachment if such non-resident at the time of the seizure of the writ is personally within the State and hence is liable to personal service.

The Southern Pacific is running a line for a branch from the Palms on the Santa Monica road to Coldwater Canyon, and the extension from Ingwood to Santa Monica, where trains will be running by June 1.

Dick Bender and Captain Jim, both full-blooded Washoe Indians, have left Carson, Nev., for Washington for the purpose of interesting the President and the Indian Commissioners in the establishment of a reservation in Carson Valley, or if that cannot be obtained, a home for the aged and needy Indians.

Millions of wild geese, ducks, sandhill cranes, curlew and snipe remain at their fine feeding grounds on the Lower Colorado and on New River. Parties in from that section say they never saw them so plentiful as they are this spring nor to remain so late before starting for the North.

A thriving business is being done by smugglers who carry liquor from British Columbia into Alaska. The liquor is sold to the Indians in small quantities, and the white population experience no inconvenience in consuming what is left. The United States is thus defrauded of a vast amount of lawful revenue. Captain Wallace of the steamship City of Topeka thinks that the only way this illicit traffic can be stopped is by sending a well-equipped revenue cutter to Alaska.

Thomas Y. Tallman, the manager of a local drug store at Sacramento, applied to the State Board of Pharmacy for a certificate of registration as a pharmacist, but was refused on the ground that he was not what he claimed to be; that he was simply conducting a place for another person. Tallman then brought suit in the Superior Court for a writ of mandate to compel the board to issue the desired certificate, and the court has sustained the State Board of Pharmacy in its refusal.

The steamer Thompson, which met with a slight accident in the Skamokawa Slough the other day, has arrived at Portland without trouble, and will be once put in the boneyard. She will be hauled on the ways and her hull repaired, and in a short time will be in running order again. The report that the Sound steamers will not be brought around, as first intended, has been confirmed. The boats will remain tied up on the Sound for the present, as it is not decided what to do with them.

The San Francisco Examiner publishes an article stating that the Western Mutual Benefit Association has collapsed, and that W. H. Kiddell, who managed its affairs, has left the city, and with him has gone, it is alleged, some \$70,000 of the association's funds. It is said that the association is the outgrowth of the Occidental Self-Endowment Association, which collapsed three years ago. A majority of the members of the Western company, it is said, reside in Marysville, Sacramento, Santa Rosa and Vallejo. J. M. Henderson of Sacramento, who represents a number of members, is about to commence civil and criminal proceedings against the managers of the concern.

CONGRESSIONAL MATTERS.

Any Increase in the River and Harbor Bill Need Not be Expacted at This Session.

The President has approved the act in regard to the construction of a bridge across the Columbia river between the States of Washington and Oregon.

The House Committee on Postoffice and Post Roads ordered favorably reported the bill consolidating third and fourth-class mail matter under the head of third class and fixing the rates of postage at 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

The majority and minority reports of the resolution proposing an investigation of the Pinkerton system will probably be soon made to the House. The majority report will be adverse, but the resolution is to go on the calendar, and the Alliance members will strive to get it before the House so soon as possible.

Representative Ryan has asked the House Committee on Appropriations to grant a hearing to the committee from the Grand Army Posts of Nebraska, who are in opposition to the appropriation of \$100,000 for the entertainment of the members of the Grand Army at the encampment at Washington. The hearing will be accorded.

Several Senators have been notified by the Senate Commerce Committee that they need not expect any increase in the river and harbor bill at this session. This is not the case so far as the Washington Senators are concerned. As they are invited to present the needs of their constituents, it is thought in the committee Washington has not been very well treated in the present bill.

There will be no appointment made for the Supreme Court to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Bradley until December. The President wants to appoint Attorney-General Miller to the vacancy, and he evidently believes the appointment had better not be made before the election. The same authority for the above says there will be no Cabinet changes until after the election.

On application of Senator Mitchell to the Secretary of the Navy, requesting that the naval vessels present May 11 at the centennial celebration of the discovery of the month of the Columbia by Captain Gray be ordered to visit Portland, the commanding officers of the vessels under their command to the month of the Columbia river by May 7, to take part in the centennial celebration, and from there proceed with these vessels to Portland.

The House Labor Committee has agreed upon the bill relating to the limitation of hours for the daily service of laborers and mechanics employed upon public works. It limits and restricts to eight hours in any one calendar day service and employment of all laborers and mechanics employed by the government of the United States, by the District of Columbia or by any contractor or subcontractor upon any public works of the United States or District of Columbia. Violations of the law are to be punished by a fine or imprisonment. The vote on the bill was not unanimous, several members dissenting.

The New York delegation of colored men sent to Washington to memorialize the President regarding the Southern outrages was introduced to President Harrison by Hon. John D. Lynch, Fourth Auditor of the Treasury. Dr. William B. Derrick stated the objects of the delegation, and presented the resolutions adopted at the recent mass meeting at Cooper Union. In replying the President explained just how far he could exercise his authority under the constitution, stating very clearly the difference between the State and Federal authority in regard to crimes committed in any particular State. The President advised the delegation to collect the details of lynchings for the year and present them to him and the public press, and said he would assist in creating public sentiment against the lawless methods of punishing colored men in the South.

In anticipation of the passage by the House of the river and harbor bill Senator Squire is strenuously urging upon the Senate Committee on Commerce the necessity for speedy action upon his bill to appropriate \$500,000 to begin the construction of a canal (which will ultimately cost \$2,500,000) to connect the waters of Lake Union and Lake Washington with Puget Sound. The committee will report favorably upon the bill, and at the instance of Senator Squire will incorporate it as an amendment to the river and harbor bill when that measure reaches the Senate. The principal objection is said to come from Senator Doherty, who fears Congress cannot be induced to embark upon another project of this magnitude without interference with the scope of the Columbia river improvements, but Senator Squire feels he has secured a majority of the Committee on Commerce for the project.

While it is an open secret that the President is endeavoring to secure an international conference on the silver question, the closest reticence regarding the whole subject is maintained at the White House and Treasury Department. S. Dana Horton, the confidential representative of this government, spent a year or more among the financial offices of the governments of Great Britain, France, Prussia, Austria and Italy for the purpose of obtaining their views on the subject of bimetallic standard. He made elaborate private reports of his mission. He is now in Washington, and has just received a visit from the Secretary of the Treasury. It is said the reports received from the different countries satisfied the President of the advisability of an international conference. He has practically decided to take the initiative in the matter, and it is understood that he will soon send a special message to Congress transmitting the correspondence on the subject.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs has taken action looking to a further enlargement of the reciprocity policy recently entered upon on an extensive scale by the United States. This time it is the Republic of Mexico with which it is proposed to enter into closer commercial relations. The committee's recommendation is accompanied by a joint resolution and an interesting report, in which are exhibited the benefits to result to each country from reciprocal trade relations in certain commodities. The resolution, the passage of which the committee recommends, provides for a joint reciprocity commission on the part of Mexico and the United States, and requests the President to invite the government of the Republic of Mexico to denote three commissioners, who shall meet three commissioners designated by the President of the United States and negotiate a treaty whereby greater reciprocity in the commercial relations between Mexico and the United States shall be established. The President is not to appoint the commissioners on the part of the United States until Mexico has signified her willingness to enter into such a treaty and has appointed her commissioners. The report suggests that the concessions on our part which will probably be of mutual advantage would be the removal of duty on lead in the admission of wool free of duty.

BEYOND THE ROCKIES

Judge Maynard Indorsed by the Majority Report.

Bob Ford Driven From Creede.

Delegates From the Seamen's Unions Meet for the Purpose of Forming a National Body.

Railroad rates at Chicago are in the worst shape for years.

A Chinaman in Lynn, Mass., asks to take the poor debtors' oath.

Many negroes are leaving Oklahoma on foot, saying they are sick of it.

Building and loan associations of fifteen States are forming a national organization.

Reports show that nearly 20,000,000 bushels of wheat are in Northwestern elevators.

Mrs. Collis P. Huntington has subscribed \$1,000 toward the actors' fund fair at New York.

Bob Ford, the slayer of Jesse James, has been ordered out of Creede by a committee of citizens.

The Standard Oil Company is endeavoring to gain possession of the natural gas plants and form a trust.

Colonel Frank Wheaton of the Second United States Infantry, it is said, will get the Brigadier-Generalship.

Chicago men interested in mining enterprises are endeavoring to establish a mining exchange in the Windy City.

An English syndicate headed by Lord Brook is buying up mines in Mexico, and, it is said, will invest \$60,000,000.

A plan has been nearly perfected for a great car-service association to cover all junction points in Missouri and Kansas.

Assistant Cashier Carl Nelson of the Union National Bank of Grand Forks, N. D., is under arrest for extensive defalcations.

The coal-carrying companies have decided to advance freight rates on coal to the Lakes and to the Mississippi 25 cents and 50 cents per ton.

The people of the United States consumed 45,000,000 more of woolen goods and imported \$20,000,000 less last year than they did in 1890.

The Sheriff of Star county, Tex., has had a fight on the border with a party of revolutionists or smugglers. The Sheriff's party was worsted.

The net export of gold from January 1 to April 2, this year, was only \$7,026,361, as compared with \$13,698,845 in the corresponding period last year.

Opposition to the opening of Monmouth Park racetrack has developed, and mass meetings are to be held in Monmouth county, N. J., against it.

There is great excitement among the inhabitants of Columbia county, Ark., in the vicinity of Buckner over a discovery of gold near that place. People are flocking there.

The Dubuque (Ia.) Malting Company has been organized for the purpose of driving beer from other States out of the market. Prices will be reduced and the output increased.

The Senate has passed the bill granting to the State of California 5 per cent of the net proceeds of the cash sales of public lands in the State. The amount involved is \$500,000.

Delegates representing the different seamen's organizations of America convened at Chicago recently for the purpose of organizing all American sailors into one mighty society.

THE CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

Model Hospital Conducted Entirely by Women to be One of the Illinois Exhibits.

The World's Fair Directory has reduced its President's salary from \$12,000 to \$3,000 a year.

The Chicago street-car companies say they will take no part in the World's Fair Sunday-closing controversy.

The Directors of the Columbian Exposition have received to date \$5,128,770.67 and expended about \$4,500,000.

The Silk Association of America and the Silk Industry Association have decided to combine in making the finest possible exhibit of silk goods and products.

Artist G. A. P. Healy, recently returned to this country from a long residence abroad, intends to exhibit some of his finest pictures at the exposition. Those which he has thus far selected for that purpose are a full-length portrait of the Duc d'Annam, third son of Louis Philippe, and portraits of Jules Simon, Whitelaw Reid and George Pict.

The exhibit which Illinois women will make in the woman's building will be a model hospital conducted entirely by women. The women physicians and trainees of the State and the Illinois Training School for Nurses will manage the matter. Three rooms in the woman's building have been reserved for the exhibit, and the State Board has appropriated \$6,000 to defray the expense.

The New South Wales World's Fair Commission is contemplating sending for exhibition at the exposition copies of the Aboriginal cave inscriptions of Northern Queensland and also a whole tribe of aborigines.

Little Denmark, the smallest country in Europe, with an area of 14,789 square miles, a population of 2,172,000 and a national debt of \$54,300,325, has voted to expend \$67,000 on an exhibit at the Chicago World's Fair.

Consul Partelle of Dusseldorf has informed Chief Skiff that, since the Emperor has expressed a particular desire that the iron industry of Germany shall be adequately represented at the exposition, those engaged in the mining and metallurgy of iron throughout the Empire have taken on great activity in that direction.

The grounds surrounding France's building at the exposition will be decorated by Vilmorin, who is the most noted florist in France and at the head of the largest seed house in the world. Vilmorin has made fine floral displays at all of the world's fairs for twenty-five years or more, and it is reported that he is now planning to outdo all previous efforts.

At an expense of \$79,300 contractors have been let for furnishing the fair with boilers of 10,000-horse-power capacity. The exposition power plant will burn oil instead of coal. About 225,000 barrels will be required, for which the exposition company will pay 7 1/2 cents a barrel. The contract has been let for putting in about twelve miles of sewerage pipe in the grounds for \$57,780.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Mrs. Anna H. Wilsath Bequeaths a Valuable Art Collection to Philadelphia.

Robert Louis Stevenson is so much liked in Samoa that the natives have a notion of making him King, it is said.

Senator Carlisle recently received a \$25,000 fee for winning a suit involving \$200,000 before the Kentucky Court of Appeals.

The mother of Miss Francis E. Willard cast her first vote at the Evanston (Ill.) school election last week. She is now 90 years old.

Senator Plumb used to be the greatest newspaper reader in Congress. His place in that respect is now partially filled by Senator Palmer of Illinois.

Parnell's widow is said to be very fond of birds. Her house in Walsingham Terrace, Brighton, is full of songsters. Even in her boudoir she keeps breeding cages for canaries.

Spurgeon's grave in Norwood cemetery is marked by a simple marble slab bearing the inscription "C. H. Spurgeon." Mrs. Spurgeon has suggested that the word "Waiting" be added, and the engraving is to be carried out.

M. Deibler, the executioner of France, has expressed the official opinion that the murderers whom he executes nowadays are a much more elevated class intellectually than those on whom he practiced at the beginning of his career.

Charles Bradley of Newark, N. J., a son of the late Justice Joseph P. Bradley, has signified his intention to continue the Bradley mathematical prize that was established by his father at Rutgers College.

Mrs. Anna H. Wilsath of Philadelphia left her valuable art collection and \$500,000 to be spent in caring for it to the city of her residence. The pictures will be placed in Memorial Hall under the supervision of the Commissioners of Embelement.

Emperer William would not allow the death of his cousin, Duke of Clarence, to interfere with either his own amusement or with the court entertainments, and now at the death of his uncle, the Grand Duke of Hesse, he has shown the same indifference, and has permitted his own court, alone of all those of Europe, to continue uninterrupted in its festivities.

The Countess d'Eu, only surviving daughter of the late Emperor of Brazil, is about to take up her residence definitively in England. She has just concluded an agreement with the republican government of Brazil whereby in return for her abandonment of her pretensions to the crown of Brazil the whole of her father's private estates and property are restored to her.

Prof. Norton's volume or rather two volumes of the letters of James Russell Lowell are looked for with some impatience. The editor has been remarkably successful in making his collection of letters in the hands of literary and other friends of Mr. Lowell. It is possible that a young Boston sculptor may receive a commission for a bust of Mr. Lowell, to be placed in Westminster Abbey.

FOREIGN CABLEGRAMS

The English Premier Clinches His Hold on the Khedive.

SOME BRAZILIAN RADICALS EXILED.

Gladstone Replies to a Memorial of Irish Baptists and Other Dissenters Against Home Rule.

There is a surplus in the English revenue of \$5,335,000.

Soup is dealt out gratis to 8,000 poor in Berlin every day.

The Durham (England) miners have voted to continue the strike.

There is apprehension in Europe that Bulgaria will precipitate a war.

Money is plenty in London. The outlook is for better times in Europe.

A company has been organized in Paris to make false teeth for horses.

A company has been formed to run a railway up the Table Mountain in South Africa.

The Hindoo nose ring is to be abandoned and a flower worn instead in the nose of Indian women.

England is said to be now willing to join a conference to concert international action against Anarchists.

The Berlin Post announces that Dr. Cannon of the Moabite Hospital has discovered the measles bacillus.

Mrs. Maybrick, the convicted husband-poisoner, is said to be failing rapidly, and is likely to develop quick consumption.

Latest advices from Pahang, India, show that the town is now safe, all danger of an attack by natives having passed.

A dispatch from Calcutta reports the British as having defeated the Lunahis in their recent battles near the Indian border.

The breaking out of cholera in the Punjab, British India, is simultaneous with the return of the pilgrims from Harwar.

For the first time in the history of the Messrs. Thompson ship-building yard at Clydebank there is not a ship on the stocks just now.

Berlin is to have a new cathedral, and the Budget Commission of the Prussian Diet has just voted \$75,000 as a first installment toward its construction.

Salsbury has clinched his hold on the Khedive by inciting him to an open quarrel with the Sultan in requesting the withdrawal of Moulkhar Pasha.

An epidemic of cholera prevails in the Nanterre (France) penitentiary. Fifty-two deaths have occurred within a week and as many as twenty in a single day.

The London Aldermen have decreed that "henceforth the voyages and feasts on board the city state barge Maria Wood shall be paid for by those who enjoy them.

The French Minister of Justice has ordered the Prefect to forbid the priests criticizing the laws or acts of the government and to report any disturbances in churches.

The Austrian government contemplates taking stringent measures to prevent the emigration of young men to America without having served their time in the army.

A hitch has occurred in the negotiations between the Spanish and British Tariff Treaty Commissioners, owing to the Spanish Commissioners adhering to an absolutely protective tariff.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Produce, Fruit, Etc.

WHEAT—Nominal, Valley, \$1.35 (\$1.40); Walla Walla, \$1.30 (\$1.35 per cental); Flour—Standard, \$4.20; Walla Walla, \$4.30; Graham, \$3.75; Superfine, \$3.00 per barrel.

OATS—New, 38¢ @ 40¢ per bushel. HAY—\$11 @ 12 per ton.

MILKSTUFFS—Butter, 42¢; short, 42¢; ground barley, \$22.50 @ 25; chop feed, \$18.22 per ton; feed barley, \$24 @ 25; middlings, \$26 @ 28 per ton; brewing barley, \$11.10 @ 11.15 per cental.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 22 1/2 @ 25; fancy dairy, 17 1/2 @ 20; fair to good, 15 @ 17 1/2; common, 10 @ 12 1/2; California, 34 @ 36 per roll.

EGGS—Oregon, 16¢ per dozen. POULTRY—Old Chickens, 45¢ @ 50¢; broilers, \$1.50 @ 2; ducks, \$6 @ 9; geese, \$11 per dozen; turkeys, 16¢ per pound.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, quoted \$1.50 @ 1.75 per cental; cauliflower, \$3 per cental; Onions, fancy, 43¢ per cental; potatoes, 40¢ per sack; new potatoes, 1 1/2 @ 1 3/4 per pound; carrots, 75¢ per sack; parsnips, \$1 per sack; asparagus, 8 @ 10¢ per dozen; lettuce, 30¢; Oregon, 40¢ per dozen; celery, 50¢; squash, 2 @ 3¢; green peas, 10¢ per dozen; cucumbers, 75¢ per dozen; rhubarb, 5¢ per pound; radishes, 30¢ per dozen; tomatoes, \$2.25 per box.

FRUITS—Strawberries, 20¢ per pound; Sicily lemons, \$5.50 @ 6.00; California, \$3.00 @ 4.00 per box; oranges, seedlings, \$3.00 @ 3.25; navels, \$4.25 @ 4.50; St. Michaels, \$3.50; apples, 75¢ @ 1.75 per box; bananas, \$3.50 @ 4.00 a bunch; Smyrna figs, 16¢ per pound; citrus, 20¢ per pound.

STAPLE GROCERIES.

HONEY—10 @ 18 1/2¢ per pound. SALT—Liverpool, \$15.50 @ \$18; stock, \$11 @ 12 per ton.

COFFEES—Costa Rica, 21 1/2¢; Rio, 20¢; Salvador, 20¢; Mocha, 27 1/2 @ 30¢; Java, 25 @ 27 1/2¢; Arbuckle's 100-pound cases, 20 @ 20¢ per pound.

BEANS—Small white, 3¢; pink, 2 1/2¢; bayos, 2 1/2¢; butter, 3¢; lima, 3¢ per pound. SOYBEAN—D, 4 1/2¢; Golden C, 4 1/2¢; extra C, 5¢; Magnolia A, 5 1/2¢; granulated, 5 1/2¢; cube crushed and powdered, 6 1/2¢; confectioners' A, 5 1/2¢; maple sugar, 15 @ 1 1/2¢ per pound.

SYRUP—Eastern, in barrels, 42 @ 50¢; half-barrels, 44 @ 47¢; in cases, 35 @ 50¢ per gallon; \$2.25 per bushel; California, in barrels, 40¢ per bushel; \$1.75 per keg. DATES—Fruit—Petite prunes, 7¢; silver, 8 1/2¢; Italian, 8 @ 9¢; Persian, 8¢; plums, 6 1/2¢; apples, 6 @ 6 1/2¢; geese, 6¢ per pound.

CANNED GOODS—Table fruits, \$1.60 @ 1.80, 2 1/2¢; peaches, \$1.80 @ 2.00; Bartlett pears, \$1.80 @ 1.90; plums, \$1.37 1/2 @ 1.50; strawberries, \$2.25; cherries, \$2.25 @ 2.40; blackberries, \$1.85 @ 1.95; raspberries, \$2.40; pineapples, \$2.25 @ 2.50; St. Michaels, \$4.00 @ 4.50; Pie fruit: Assorted, \$1.00 @ 1.20; peaches, 1 1/2¢; plums, 1 1/2 @ 1.10; blackberries, 1 1/2¢ @ 1.40 per dozen. VEGETABLES: Corn, \$1.25 @ 1.75; tomatoes, 95¢ @ \$1.00; sugar peas, 90¢ @ \$1.00; string beans, 90¢ @ \$1.00 per dozen. MEATS: Corned beef, \$1.00; chipped beef, 12 @ 10¢; lunch tongue, \$3.00, 15 @ 5 1/2¢; Eviah ham, \$1.50 @ 2.35 per 10 lbs. FEED: Sardinia, 75¢ @ 81¢; California, \$2.30 @ 2.50; salmone, tin, 1 lb., 1 1/2¢; 1 1/2¢ @ 1.50; flats, 4 1/2¢; 2 lbs., \$2.25 @ 2.50; 1 lb., \$4.50. Condensed milk: Eagle brand, \$8.10; Crown, \$7.00; Highland, \$6.50; Champion, \$5.20; Monroe, \$6.75 per case.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NAILS—Base quotations: Iron, \$3.00; steel, \$3.00; wire, \$5.50 per keg. IRON—Bar, 3 1/4¢ per pound; pig iron, \$24 @ 27 per ton. STEEL—10 1/2¢ per pound.

TIN—C. charcoal, 14 @ 20, prime quality, \$8.00 @ 8.50 per box; for crosses, \$2 extra per box; roofing, 14 @ 20, prime quality, \$6.75 per box; I. C. coke, 10¢; 14 @ 20, prime quality, \$7.75 per box. LEAD—4 1/2¢ per pound; bar, 6 1/2¢.

SOLDER—13 1/2 @ 16 1/2¢ per pound, according to grade. SHOT—\$1.75 per sack. HORSEHOES—\$5.

NAVAL STORES—Oakum, \$4.50 @ 5.00 per bale; resin, \$4.80 @ 5.00 per 100 pounds; tar, Stockholm, \$4.00; Carolina, \$7.00 per barrel; pitch, \$9.00 per barrel; turpentine, 65¢ per gallon in carload lots.

HIDES, WOOL AND HOPS.

HIDES—Dry hides, selected prime, 7 1/2 @ 8 1/2¢; less for cure; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 40¢; under 55 pounds, 30¢; sheep pelts, short wool, 30 @ 50¢; mearlins, 60 @ 80¢; long, 90¢ @ 1.25; shearlings, 10 @ 20¢; tallow, good to choice, 3 @ 3 1/2¢ per pound.

WOOL—Willamette Valley, 18 1/2 @ 19¢. Eastern Oregon, 10 @ 17¢ per pound, according to condition and age. HOPS—Nominal; 12 @ 20¢ per pound, according to condition.

THE MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—Live, 2 1/2 @ 4¢; dressed, 6 @ 7¢. MUTTON—Live, 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2¢; dressed, 6¢. HOGS—Live, 6 @ 6 1/2¢; dressed, 8¢. VEAL—5 @ 8¢ per pound.

SMOKED MEATS—Eastern ham, 11 @ 12¢; other varieties, 13¢; breakfast bacon, 11 1/2 @ 12¢; sides, 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2¢; smoked ham, 11 1/2 @ 13 1/2¢; corned, 10 @ 11 1/2¢. LARD—Common, 8 @ 10 1/2¢; pure, 9 1/2 @ 12 1/2¢; Oregon, 10 1/2 @ 12 1/2¢ per pound.

BAGS AND BAGGING.

Burlaps, 9-oz., 40-inch, net cash, 6 1/2¢; burlaps, 10-oz., 45-inch,