

Eugene City Guard.

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1891.

Protection's Pauper Pensioners.

The announcement that the direct bounties paid from the treasury to American sugar producers will be between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000 in the first year ought to excite indignation at what is nothing more than an outright robbery of the people. For this money is to be paid in pensions to men who have no shadow of a just claim to public bounty. They are the cripples of thirty years of high tariff taxation, it is true, but this gives them no title to public support as a pension, justice demands that they should go into some other business, or, if they are hopeless paupers, go to their county poor farms, as doctors, lawyers, carpenters, merchants, bricklayers, farmers, editors and all others who do not depend upon the public treasury of the United States would be obliged to do under similar circumstances.

Bright Crop Prospects.

Reports received at the agricultural department bear out the high expectations heretofore created as to the harvest. The railroads are preparing to transport products promptly, speculators are whetting their appetites, and there is a general feeling of satisfaction at the prospects of seeing come back the \$60,000,000 of gold that has lately gone to old countries to keep them on their feet.

The harvest throughout Western and Central Europe will be late and of poor quality, and as a consequence Europe must import large quantities of wheat. Russia will not have the surplus crops expected, and Europe must, therefore, depend on the United States mainly for her supply.

The crops in Oregon will be large and farmers are encouraged over the prospects of good prices. A big crop and paying prices will make thriving times this fall.

The city council has endeavored to improve Willamette street between 6th and 7th by giving the gravel a coat of some kind of a decomposed rock of a clayey nature. We have heard considerable complaint about the result when this substance was used on streets in other parts of the town. We suggest that similar work on the rest of the streets be postponed until the block mentioned is given a trial. It does not seem possible to improve a graveled street by hauling dirt upon it. The people asked for the improvement to get rid of the mud.

The hum of machinery and the rush of steam are heard today at the Eugene cannery, for the first time canning fruit. It will give employment to many idle hands. The enterprising business men of Eugene have done their part. Now the farmers and fruit growers should furnish the material on which to work. This season the principal supply for canning, it is to be regretted, will have to be procured from abroad.

The cut being made through the bank below the Eugene flouring mill is a reminder that a part of the city at least will be provided with a first-class system of sewerage before the summer is over. The city council was fortunate in procuring the services of the supervising engineer, Mr. Kelly.

The Eugene people should respond to the request of the encampment and celebration committee for sleeping accommodations for the multitude of people that will be in Eugene during the encampment and Fourth. We believe that no one appreciates the number of visitors that will attend at that time. Our people should make every effort to supply their wants so that they will go home with good words for our beautiful town.

Eugene will witness the largest crowd known in her history on the streets the Fourth of July. From every part of the valley comes word of visitors to our Fourth of July celebration. The citizens of Eugene should strain every nerve to entertain and render comfortable the guests on that occasion. The facilities of public entertainment will be entirely inadequate and the private homes should be opened to visitors as far as possible.

Governor Penney has been invited to address the greatest political organization in America. The Tammany society, of New York, has earnestly requested him to speak before them on the occasion of their annual banquet on the Fourth of July.

Address Before the Law Class.

Charge to the graduating class of the Law Department of the University of Oregon, delivered June 18, 1891, by Hon. Martin L. Pipes, Circuit Judge of the Second Judicial District.

YOUNG GENTLEMEN: At the request of the President of the University of Oregon, and by authority of the Faculty and Board of Regents, I have the honor to hand you severally the diplomas, which are to evidence, to whom it may concern, that you have earned the honorable degree of Bachelor of Laws.

You are entering an ancient and honorable profession. There has been lawyers since the dawn of time. Your chosen vocation therefore, traces its origin to that code which is the foundation of all codes, the tables of stone, writ by the fingers of God. Every page of history, sacred and profane, is illumined by the names of great lawyers.

You come into illustrious company—no less illustrious than the great Demosthenes and Cicero, Moses and St. Paul, and (if in this presence I may with propriety speak of them) the eminent representatives of the profession in this chamber.

I assume that you have mastered the elements of your science. I know nothing more fitly to be spoken to you here, than what relates to the ethics of your profession. When the request was made that I address you to-day, a suggestion fell that in the fervor and crisis of this hour, so memorable to you, my words might, from the very depth of your emotion, find their permanent lodgings in your memory. Let my lips be touched with truth.

It may be known to you, if not it will be known to you, ere you shall win three victories, that there is a certain popular distrust of the profession. This is evinced in the oft-time jest, the frequent sneer, the recurring imputation of insincerity, of untruth, of over-reaching. As against this distrust the anomaly exists that the members of no profession or calling, are more thoroughly trusted in private relations or so frequently honored with public trust. Call the roll of the Presidents of the United States, of the statesmen of the country, and the names are rare of those who have not been lawyers. Nevertheless, in common speech and common thought there is a tincture of depreciation of us.

I am pleased to believe that we are no worse, if no better than other men. So far as the distrust is not warranted, there need be no defense. So far as it is warranted, there can be none. My purpose in speaking of this, is to engage your help to make the just against us lose its point, the sneer to be responded to no more, the insinuation to be no longer understood. You remember the definition of justice: "Justice is a place wherein justice is judicially administered." You, perhaps, remember, too, how that definition has been distorted by the transposition of a space, to read: "A court of justice is a place where injustice is judicially administered." That, if witty, is not true. It shall be a part of your business to make it cease even to be witty.

The elemental rule to which you shall be bound is this: Bring up cause that is not just; defend one that ought not to be defended. You may interest yourself in the question of casuistry how far you may prejudice your client's case, but when you shall have been convinced that his cause is not a just one, discussion with your conscience ought to cease. The purpose of the law is to do justice; it is your duty to help, not hinder, its accomplishments. You are bound in your own affairs by the same moral obligation that binds other men, to wrong no one, to give every one his just due. Observing this rule in your other relations, by what reasoning can you in your character of lawyer, rightly help other men to violate it. Can you be just, and aid injustice? Can you be honest, and defend fraud?

I am aware that you will find a rule less strict sometimes followed in the profession, which justifies your espousal of a cause that is bad in morals, because good in law. That rule relieves you from the obligation to be better than the law in the particular case. But you ought to be better. The law, because it is human, is imperfect in its administration. It can only approximate justice. Courts must sometimes render bad judgments, because it is deemed better so, in the interest of that larger justice that results, in the aggregate, from certainty and uniformity of rules. But that gives you no leave to invoke judicial power to help iniquity. For the court to give such judgment is a grievous duty; for you to ask it, is a grievous wrong. The court can not help it; you can.

So far I have appealed to you upon the rectitude of the rule suggested. It is right. That settles the question, whether it ought to be followed. But for your comfort, let me say that I think it is the only rule of high casuistry.

Unjust causes are hardest to win, even if the law be on your side. If the perfection of the judicial system compels the court sometimes to side with legal injustice, it is also an imperfection of the system. I suppose I shall have to say, that juries sometimes understand the natural justice of the case better than they do the law of the case. So a verdict comes that will make you think the jury system is a failure.

But if you, unmindful of right, shall have taken that kind of a case, pray for defeat. Victory will associate you with the triumph of fraud. The reputation of sharp practice will come to you, honest and upright men will cease to seek you out, and if you rise at all, it will be "as the dead body in a mill pond rises, which as long as there is any soundness in it, lies securely at the bottom, but when the gases of putrefaction have engendered in it, becomes buoyant by its own corruption, and rises at its own cost."

And good manners, too, shall form a part of your armor. Be courteous to your brothers who are opposed to you. This is something more than the obligation to be gentlemen, which devolves on all men. The champions in the ancient wagers of Babel shook each others' hands in token of such a fair play. The dusky nations shake hands with each other. Even the modern pugilist is polite in the ring. That which is implied in all this is the chivalric notion that malice should be absent from the contest. Of all contests, yours ought to be waged in good will. And if in the zeal of the conflict, you are about to carry beyond the limits of courtesy, remember that "he that raleth his spirit is greater than he that taketh a city."

And in this matter is involved the respect due to the Court of Justice of your country. You are in a great measure the keepers of that public regard for the Courts which is the substantial pillar of their jurisdiction and power. Decorum is due to the presence of them all. They differ in the extent and nature of their jurisdictions, but I think from the precise court to the supreme court, they are equal in dignity, each representing, in its sphere, the dignity of the commonwealth.

THE DALLES, Or., June 23.—Mrs. Poorman, the 70-year-old widow lady who was brutally outraged about ten months ago, was again assaulted about midnight last night. The fiend has been captured and is now in the county jail with no possible chance of escape, so strong is the evidence against him, and it appears that he also committed the previous assault.

When Baby was sick, we cried for Castoria. When she was a Child, she gave for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Lane, on the 25th day of June, 1891, in a suit wherein Sidney Horn was Plaintiff and John Smith and Francis Smith were Defendants, commanding me to sell the following described real property to-wit: Lot No. seven (7) in Block No. (7) in Scotia addition to Eugene, Lane county, Oregon, to satisfy the sum of \$619 with interest at 8 per cent per annum from the 12th day of June, 1891, and the further sum of \$80.25 costs; and accruing costs.

Now, therefore, in compliance with said writ, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder at the Court House Door in Eugene, Lane County, Oregon, on Friday, the 31st day of July, 1891, the aforesaid described real property, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. to-wit at 1 o'clock p. m. on said day.

Terms of sale, cash in hand. Dated at Eugene this 25th day of June, 1891. JAS. E. NOLAND, Sheriff of Lane County, Oregon.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an execution issued out of the circuit court of the State of Oregon for Lane county, on the 22d day of June, 1891, in a suit wherein Sidney Horn was plaintiff and E. L. Soerg and Wilhelm Soerg were defendants, commanding me to sell the following described property, to-wit: Lots 5 and 6, Section 36, Twp 18 S., R. 12 W., W. M., in Lane county, Oregon, containing 95 acres, also all the tide land fronting and abutting on the same; to satisfy the sum of \$431.65, with interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from June 11, 1891, and the further sum of \$29.25 costs and accruing costs. Now, therefore, in compliance with said writ, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Eugene, Lane county, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 26th day of July, 1891, the aforesaid described real property, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., to-wit, at 1 o'clock p. m. on said day. Terms of sale, cash in hand.

Dated at Eugene, this 23d day of June, 1891. JAS. E. NOLAND, Sheriff of Lane County, Oregon.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an execution duly issued out of the circuit court of the State of Oregon for Lane county, on the 22d day of June, 1891, in a suit wherein E. J. McAnahan was plaintiff and George P. Brumfield was defendant, commanding me to sell the following described real property, to-wit: Beginning at a point 41 in Twp 17 S., Range 5 W., Sec. 24, of the North 4 of the North West 4 of Sec. 18, Twp 17 S., Range 4 W., W. M., and running thence east 53.90 chains, south 62 degrees, east 3 chains, south 63 degrees, east 11.80 chains, south 74 degrees, east 4.8 chains, south 22 degrees, east 1.40 chains, south 71 degrees, west 50.30 chains, south 181 degrees, east 2.81 chains, south 81 degrees, west 17.50 chains, north 162 degrees, west 33.01 chains to place of beginning, containing 142.42 acres in Lane county, Oregon, to satisfy the sum of \$2709 with interest at 10 per cent per annum from June 10th, 1891, and the further sum of \$271.75, costs, and accruing costs.

Now, therefore, in compliance with said writ, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder at the court house door in Eugene, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 26th day of July, 1891, the aforesaid described real property, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., to-wit: at 1 o'clock p. m. on said day. Terms of sale, cash in hand. Dated at Eugene, this 23d day of June, 1891. JAMES E. NOLAND, Sheriff of Lane County, Oregon.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an execution duly issued out of the circuit court of the State of Oregon for Lane county, on the 22d day of June, 1891, in a suit wherein Robert Bluff, Robert Brodie, Froman and Alexander Guthrie were plaintiffs, and Wm. G. Furkerson was defendant, commanding me to sell the following described real property, to-wit: The South West 4 and the South 4 of the North West 4 of Sec. 18, Twp 17 South, Range 4 W., W. M., also Lots No. 1, 2, 7, 8 and 9, in Sec. 13, the South 4 of Section 14, and Lots No. 1 and 2, of Sec. 24, all in Twp 17 S., Range 5 W., W. M.; also all that part of the Donation Land Claim of Godfrey Ragsdale and wife, Not. 5118, Claim No. 56, in Twp 17 S., Range 5 W., W. M., lying South of the North line of the South 4 of Sec. 13, in said township; also all that part of the Donation Land Claim of Elijah A. Breeding, Not. 5119, Claim No. 57, in Twp 17 S., R. 5 W., W. M., described as follows: Beginning at the North East corner of said claim, running thence South 30 chains, thence West 20 chains, thence North 20 chains, thence East 20 chains to the place of beginning, all in Lane county, Oregon, and containing in all 1,020.82 acres to satisfy the sum of Eight thousand and Forty-Nine (\$8,049) dollars with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum from the 9th day of June 1891, and the further sum of \$734.85, costs, and accruing costs.

Now, therefore, in compliance with said writ, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Eugene, Lane county, State of Oregon, on Tuesday, the 26th day of July, 1891, the aforesaid described real property, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., to-wit at 1 o'clock p. m., of said day. Terms of sale, cash in hand. Dated at Eugene, this 23d day of June, 1891. JAS. E. NOLAND, Sheriff of Lane County, Oregon.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have filed their final account executors of the estate of John Millhorn, deceased, and the county court of Lane county, Oregon has set Monday, August 3d, 1891, at the county court room in Eugene, Oregon, at the time and place for the hearing of said account. All persons interested are hereby notified to appear at said time and place and show cause why they should not be allowed and said executors discharged. T. A. MILLHORN, H. HOFFMAN, Executors of the estate of John Millhorn, deceased. June 25, 1891.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT F. W. Osburn and J. W. Johnson, executors of the estate of William Osburn as a partner of the firm of Wm. Osburn & Co., have filed their final account for settlement of the partnership account, and Monday, July 6, 1891, has been set for hearing the same. By order of the Court. J. W. JOHNSON, Executor.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

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WASHINGTON, June 24.—Attorney General Miller to-day passed an opinion that all claims for horses and property lost in the suppression of Indian hostilities in Oregon and Washington in 1855 and '56, filed since June 30, 1874, are barred under the provisions of the act of March 3, 1873.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, OREGON, June 17, 1891. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or County Clerk of Lane county, Oregon, at Eugene, Oregon, on Saturday, the 1st day of August, 1891, viz: John W. Sims, Homestead entry No. 256, for the SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 and NE 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 17, T. 18 S., R. 9 E., W. 2 M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John W. Sims and James H. Belknap, of McKenzie Bridge; Henry C. Humphrey and Wm. T. Campbell, of Eugene, Lane county, Oregon. JOHN H. SHUPPE, Register.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Eugene Manufacturing Company, there will be a special meeting of the stockholders of said company at the Board of Trade rooms on July 9, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to hear report of directors, and transact any other business that may come before the meeting. R. H. PARKER, Secretary. Dated this 6th day of June, 1891.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that D. R. Harris has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of William Harris, deceased, by the County Court of Lane county, Oregon. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to the administrator, at Cottage Grove, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice. Dated this 19th day of June, A. D. 1891. D. R. HARRIS, Administrator.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, OREGON, June 23, 1891. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or County Clerk of Lane county, Oregon, at Eugene, Oregon, on Thursday, August 6, 1891, viz: Isaac L. Washburn, homestead entry No. 451, for the SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 and SW 1/4 of sec. 14, T. 18 S., R. 5 W., W. 2 M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: A. J. Reeves and John Davis, of Hale; Fred Peters, of Walton, and J. B. Richardson, of Giletta, Lane county, Oregon. JOHN H. SHUPPE, Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an execution duly issued out of the circuit court of the State of Oregon for Lane county on the 22d day of June, 1891, in a suit wherein Geo. W. Weiler was plaintiff and J. B. Haskell was defendant, commanding me to sell the following described real property to-wit: Lot No. one (1) in block No. five (5) in Shelton's addition to Eugene, Lane county, Oregon, to satisfy the sum of \$504.60 with interest at 8 per cent per annum from the 12th day of June, 1891, and the further sum of \$74.25 costs, and accruing costs. Now, therefore, in compliance with said writ, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder at the Court House Door in Eugene, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 26th day of July, 1891, the aforesaid described real property, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. to-wit at 1 o'clock p. m. on said day. Terms of sale, cash in hand.

Dated at Eugene, Oregon, this 23rd day of June, 1891. JAS. E. NOLAND, Sheriff of Lane County, Oregon.

M. SVARVERUD & CO.,

Light Running PLANO Harvesting Machines, AND JONES' CHAIN-DRIVE MOWERS.

THE CELEBRATED MITCHELL Farm, Freight and Spring Wagons, Buggies, CARRIAGES AND ROAD CARTS.

Russell & Co.'s Engines and Threshers, Canton, Clipper and Gale Chilled Plows and Cultivators.

Call and examine our stock and get prices, as we cannot be undersold, quality of goods considered. Corner of Eighth and Olive streets, Eugene, Oregon.

WE ARE HERE TO STAY.

Goods Sold at the Lowest Rates. We will not be Undersold. CRAY & SON, (Successors to J. O. RHINEHART.)

Fine and Staple Groceries!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES. PRESENTS GIVEN AWAY WITH COFFEES AND TEAS. A Prize Atlas With Every \$30 of Purchases. Goods delivered with care to any part of the city.

RHINEHART'S CORNER - Eugene, Oregon.

MAMMOTH STOVE EMPORIUM.

STOVES, Tin and Granite Ware, PUMPS, PIPE, HOSE, Etc., Etc. Plumbing, Tin and Sheet Iron Work A SPECIALTY.

Sole Agent for the "Superior" Stoves and Ranges, AND FOR THE INDIANA STOVE WORKS. JACOB MITCHELL - (Odd Fellows' Building) - EUGENE, OR.

SPECIAL SALE. 1,200 Pairs! Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Hosiery, A PAIR 20c A PAIR. S. K. Friendly CLOSING UP SALE. ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS! LADIES' SHOES, Other Shoe Wear at Away Down Prices. J. D. MATLOCK.

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, and Feverishness. Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me. THE CHESTER CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

MOORE & LINN, Furniture Dealers. UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS. SPRING CLOTHING JUST RECEIVED. CHILDREN SUITS, \$1.50, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$4.50, \$5 and \$7. YOUTHS' SUITS, \$5.00, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10.00, \$12.00. Men's Light Weight Summer Suits from \$10 to \$22. Men's Fine Prince Albert Coats and Vests, Stiff and Soft Hats.

HOWE & RICE, Opposite University Book Store. RETIRING FROM BUSINESS. Commencing May 7th. W. SANDERS, General Merchandise. ASTONISHING BARGAINS. VERY LOWEST PRICES IN PLAIN FIGURES. W. SANDERS, Selling Below Cost.

W. SANDERS, Selling Below Cost. Notice is hereby given that the school tax for 1891 is now due and payable. Blanks for Sale. The GRAND office keeps in stock blank deeds, mortgage deeds, chattel mortgages, bonds, bonds for deeds, notices of location of quartz claims, undertaking for and bond for attachments. These blanks are printed from approved forms on first quality paper. Dated Eugene, Oregon, May 19th, 1891. Geo. F. Cray, Clerk. J. L. Hoffman, one of the proprietors of the Eugene ice factory, is in town.

Notice is hereby given that the school tax for 1891 is now due and payable. I will be in my office in the postoffice building, Eugene, Oregon, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 7 o'clock p. m. daily until July 12th, 1891, to receive the same. All taxes not paid in sixty days from this date will be declared delinquent. Dated Eugene, Oregon, May 19th, 1891. Geo. F. Cray, Clerk. J. L. Hoffman, one of the proprietors of the Eugene ice factory, is in town.