

EUGENE CITY GUARD.

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EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

CONQUERING AN OBSTACLE.

How One Boy Who Was Small Succeeded in Life in spite of His Defect. Tom Pippet was always a little fellow; so small that when he was in the senior class in college the smallest boy in the preparatory school "looked down" upon him in a literal sense.

Every boy who has himself a physical defect can understand how mighty a matter this lack of size had seemed to Tom. For some years of his life it was to him the most important thing in the world. There were such great deeds to be done, and he felt that he could do them, only—he stood but five feet in his boots!

It was hopeless to try to be a hero! His name, too, was unfortunate. The boys changed it to Pippet, to Pipes, to Pipkin, to Pint. It was easy to be witty at the expense of the little fellow.

One day an old professor, seeing him shrink at some game, said to him: "Tom, there is a something within you which which your little body has nothing to do. Show that to the world. Ignore and disregard your size and you will teach others to ignore and disregard it."

This kindly word was the pebble which turned the stream of Tom's life into a new channel. He had thus far failed from very despair to try to make something of himself; he now began to study vigorously. He was a born orator and his voice was fine. The class soon began to be proud of him and to boast of his size as another reason for their approval of him.

When his small figure appeared upon the platform on commencement day, the storm of approval which greeted him was due as much to his triumph over this physical defect as to the actual work which he had done.

At the bar in the town in which Tom practised as a lawyer he was known as "Little Webster," so accurate was his knowledge and so effective his eloquence.

The civil war began, and Tom, with thousands of other sincere men north and south, rushed to the battlefield. His men followed their little captain as confidently as though he had been seven feet high. He was badly wounded at Chancellorsville and sent to a hospital, whence he was discharged minus a part of two limbs. He had been engaged to a woman whom he had loved for years.

"Tell her that she is free," he said to her father, who came to see him, adding, with a sad smile, "There never was much of me, but now I am only the wreck of a man."

She wrote back, "If there is enough body left to hold his soul I will marry him."

They were married, and Tom became a useful citizen in the community in which he lived. He acquired influence and property, and used both to noble purpose. When the great disaster at Johnston occurred, he hastened to the place and worked among the homeless, starving people, surrounded by thousands of unburied dead. He went home worn out by labor, and died, strong, bright, cheery to the last.

Is there nothing in this true story of a true life to help those who have some bodily defect which seems a hopeless obstacle in their path?—Youth's Companion.

A Feat in Conjuring. The most remarkable conjuring trick I ever saw was done in Calcutta by an Arabian. Spreading a white cloth on the floor he sat down with his back to the wall, and, turning to a member of the party, he asked for the loan of a rupee, which he requested should be given to one of the ladies present. This done, the conjurer told the lady to hand it back to the gentleman from whom she had taken it. The gentleman took it, and then the conjurer said to him, "Are you sure that it is a rupee?"

"Yes," replied the gentleman. "Now close your hand upon it," said the Arabian, "and think without speaking of some country in America. Now open your hand and tell me if the coin is not one of the country you thought of." The gentleman opened his hand and found a Mexican dollar. He said that he had been thinking of Mexico.

He was about to give the coin to the conjurer when the latter declined it, requesting him to give it to another one of the party. He gave it to me. I looked at it closely, my hand tight, thought of France, and found it had turned into a five franc piece.

"How do you suppose that was done?"

"I really can't tell," was the reply. "I wish I knew."—Interview in New York Times.

A Road Sacrifice. There is in use in London a machine known as the macadam scriber, which possesses great advantage over hand labor in the breaking up of roads. It is operated by a small traction engine and will do from 2,000 to 2,500 superficial yards of road in a day, the depth of the work being entirely under control and varying as desired from one and one-half inches to three inches. It also enjoys the advantage of being able to be operated at night, when traffic does not interfere with work of this character, a thing practically impossible with ordinary labor.—Philadelphia Record.

The Evils of Poverty. Small Boy (after a visit from his rich uncle)—How much is that candy? Confectioner—Fifty cents a pound. Small Boy—How much is all in the case? Confectioner—All! It would be worth thirty or forty dollars.

Small Boy (gloumily)—Uncle only gave me ten dollars.—Life.

The German police have surprised a gang of counterfeiters at Dobru in Prussia. In the struggle that followed a police detective was killed. Counterfeit currency representing 75,000 silver rubles was found, and a dozen of the counterfeiters were arrested.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The State Geologist of Washington Makes His Report.

Under the New Vagrancy Law of California the Records of the Police Stations Show Many Entries.

Bogus \$1 pieces are plentiful in Washington.

Port Townsend is to have a telegraph fire-alarm service.

San Diego reaped a winter crop of \$150,000 from visitors.

About 200 acres of sugar beets have been planted near Ontario, Cal.

North Yakima has decided to issue \$60,000 in bonds for a sewerage system.

Portland shippers say there will be no cut in rates in four to Japan and China.

Salt Lake has voted to issue \$300,000 in bonds for school sites and school-houses.

The sale of Unatilla-reservation lands has begun at Pendleton, Or., and will continue about forty days.

The projected dry dock at Vancouver will be built this summer. It is intended that it shall receive the largest vessels afloat.

Surveyors of the Southern Pacific have laid out the line of a new road along the mesa at Yuma above flood height. Work will commence shortly.

The anti-Sunday Saloon Association of Tacoma failed to secure convictions of saloonkeepers whom it caused to be arrested, and was forced to pay the costs.

The report, which was given by an Albuquerque (N. M.) paper a month since, to the effect that a number of Chiricahua Apaches had been quietly removed to Arizona from Alabama was untrue.

Within twenty-five miles of Olympia is a tin mine, which promises to develop into a valuable property. It is in Mason county near Shelton. The ore has been tested in a crude way and found to be rich in that metal.

The snow has gone from the prairies of Eastern Oregon. No stock to speak of has been lost. The grass is good, and the prospects for abundant crops are very promising. The bunch-grass folk will be prosperous this year.

Under the new vagrancy law of California, which went into effect last week, the records of the police stations show many entries. It is reported the police will soon raid the well-dressed vagrants who infest the more frequented streets.

The finding of coal in Marin county, Cal., does not cause a furor in San Rafael, as it has been generally known for years back that coal veins of some considerable size exist along the bay shore of that county. A re-examination of the veins may cause a development that will prove of value.

The tall electric towers at Sacramento are being removed from the streets, and in their place the intersection plan of electric lights in a line along the middle of the street is being substituted. This will prevent footpads hiding in the shadows cast by the leaves of trees from the light of the tall towers.

The published statement that Italian fishermen in direct violation of the law were shooting and killing the seals upon Seal rock at San Francisco is found upon investigation made by the Italian Consul and also the police to be untrue. The shots fired were at sea gulls, which were wanted for bait, and were fired by some German crab fishers.

A Sisson dispatch says the saw mills are preparing for a large output of lumber this season, and several new mills are in process of erection, and steam engines are in use hauling logs. The timber land is nearly all taken up for forty miles by a syndicate. The contemplated railroad from Mott to Modoc county is opening a large section of country.

It was half a century ago that Willamette University was removed to Salem, says the Statesman. It was at first located near where the Chemawa school now stands. There was but little discussion over its removal to Salem then. Every body wanted it to come. The school is now to be returned north, but will be several miles from its early site, when it was merely a mission school for the Indians.

George A. Bethune, State Geologist, has made a very complete report of the mineral resources of Washington, giving facts regarding every mining district, every mine of promise or prospective worth, every industrial and commercial enterprise born of the mineral development of the country and all geological formations indicative of the existence of merchantable metal in Washington as far as known.

A report comes from Carson, Nev., that the men employed in the Holmes mine at Candelaria have suffered terribly from the ravages of la grippe. Out of 600 men employed in and about the mine more than 400 have been prostrated, and something more than 100 have died. Work in the mine had to be practically abandoned. There has been an abatement of the disease within the last few days.

A new tariff schedule has been issued by the Northern Pacific to operate with the Hunt system of roads. The joint schedule makes a new proportional rate on wheat and flour in straight carloads of 2,400 pounds and over from all points on the Northern Pacific, Wallula Junction to Houser Junction, including stations on the Spokane Falls and Liano division, Spokane and Palouse road and branches of the Central Washington, as well as points on the Oregon and Washington. The rates call for 60 cents per 100 pounds when shipments are destined east of Chicago and St. Louis, and apply to the Wisconsin Central as a Northern Pacific leased line.

The Chinese merchants of San Francisco at a meeting held recently agreed to forward a petition to the Chinese Minister at Washington protesting in the name of the Chinese residents of California against the appointment of ex-Senator Henry W. Blair as Minister to China and requesting the Chinese Minister to bring the matter to the attention of the President of the United States. The Chinese merchants state that Senator Blair has shown antagonism toward their race, and that their protest is made on that account. They declare that Senator Blair will not be received as United States Minister by the Chinese government. The Chinese assert that in a speech made before the United States Senate while the late restriction act was under discussion he declared that "he would rather see a shipload of yellow-fever subjects land in the United States than a cargo of Chinese laborers," and words to that effect. That in his interview published in papers recently he is opposed to Chinese, and that he has nothing to take back in his record.

EASTERN ITEMS.

Illinois Sheriff Works the Gallows as a Ten-Cent Museum.

Annual Report of Glibier-Pasteur Institute Shows That Not One Patient Has Died From Hydrophobia.

The farmers are organizing unions in Canada.

The Indians at the Carlisle School have \$11,000 on deposit in bank.

A community of Benedictine monks is to be established in New York city.

About forty-seven of a class of fifty-two at the Naval Academy will graduate in June.

The carpenters and joiners of St. Louis will make a demand for 40 cents an hour on May 1.

It is said that the consumption of imported beer in New York city has greatly increased of late.

Work has been ordered to commence at Portsmouth on the outfits of the cruisers and gunboats now being built.

The Arkansas Legislature has approved a joint resolution favoring the election of United States Senators by the people.

The United States Steamer Galena, which went ashore off Gay Head, Mass., has been floated and taken to Vineyard haven.

Millionaire Perrien, who was recently abducted at Detroit, has offered \$300,000 for the arrest and conviction of the abductors.

Governor Hill of New York has signed the bill appointing police matrons in all cities of that State containing over 25,000 inhabitants.

The Supreme Court of Nebraska has adjourned without rendering an opinion in the case of ex-Governor Thayer vs. Governor Boyd.

Pittsburg has been chosen as a nucleus for the eight-hour movement in the building trades, to extend all over the country, in May.

Peter McClelland, Jr., has won a suit in the United States Court at Waco, Tex., which gives him property in the town worth \$500,000.

The annual report of the Glibier-Pasteur Institute in New York shows that 828 persons were treated for dog and cat bites. Not one patient died.

It is stated at Indianapolis that the grand jury has found an indictment against the Big Four road for violation of the interstate commerce law.

Captain Henry E. Catley, Second Infantry, has been acquitted by the court-martial at Omaha. General Brooke, it is said, disapproves of the finding and acquittal.

The Standard Oil Company has reduced the price of fuel oil to 20 cents a barrel. This is the beginning of a war of endurance with the Manhattan Oil Company.

There is a report in New York that Count Karolyi has bought off the young woman to whom his son was married, and the young Count had returned to Buda-Pesth.

The efficacy of Koch's lymph has been successfully demonstrated at San Antonio, Tex. It is claimed that twelve lives have undoubtedly been saved by the remedy.

Thomas B. Wanamaker, son of the Postmaster-General, denies the Wall Street report that the Vanderbilts have bought his father's interest in the Reading syndicate.

The will of Lawrence Barrett bequeathed to his wife all his furniture, pictures, clothes, plate, china, jewelry, wines and household stores, and the rest of the property in trust to his three daughters.

It is believed on Wall street that a new syndicate of American and European capitalists is being formed for the completion of the Nicaragua canal.

Major Estes G. Rathbone of Ohio, at present chief postoffice inspector, has been tendered and has accepted the office of Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General, created at the last session of Congress.

Secretary Noble states as his opinion that the Cour d'Alene reservation in Idaho is now open to settlement and may be entered under homestead act upon payment of \$1.50 per acre, half of which is to be paid within two years.

The Illinois Sheriff, who a few days admitted the public at 10 cents a head, has his gallows, sold at the office of the sheriff for \$1. This was a fancy price, however, because the piece had blood on it. The people talk of having him indicted or removed from office.

The appeal of the Catholic Bishops of Canada against the allowance of the act passed by the Legislature of Manitoba abolishing separate schools in that Province has created quite a sensation in political circles at Ottawa. The authority of the provincial government will not be questioned.

Van Horne, President of the Canadian Pacific, Chauncey M. Depew and Walter S. Webb have completed a deal by which the New York Central lets the Canadian Pacific bring its freight and passenger trains into New York over the West Shore and Central with all good facilities as the New York, New Haven and Hartford.

A sensation has been caused at the Treasury Department at Washington by the discovery of a counterfeit \$2 silver certificate, so nearly perfect as to be almost impossible of detection. Paper with a silk thread through it for the first time almost perfectly imitated in the counterfeit just discovered. A new series will have to be instituted.

At an enthusiastic meeting at St. Johns, N. F., the agreement of arbitration between Great Britain and France was condemned, because it makes no provision for the termination of the French treaty rights, and no arrangement would ever be assented to unless it included the entire abrogation of these rights, which are inconsistent with the principle of the colony.

Chief-Justice Fuller in his decision in the case of Duncan vs. The Sheriff of Bixar county, Tex., says: "The State of Texas is in full possession of its faculties as a member of the Union, and its Legislative, Executive and Judicial Departments are peacefully operating by orderly and settled methods prescribed by fundamental law. Whether certain statutes have or have not a binding force for the State to determine, and that determination in itself involves no infraction of the Constitution of the United States and raises no Federal question giving this court jurisdiction."

FOREIGN NEWS.

Count Tolstoi's Socialistic Colony Proves a Failure.

It is Rumored in Berlin That the Kaiser is Showing Continued Evidences of Insanity.

Germany's population by the recent census is 49,420,542.

Every trade in France is being organized for a general strike.

The Chilean government is planning naval operations in the north.

Albert Drecas, French Ambassador at Vienna, will probably succeed Herbetette at Berlin.

It is said Emperor William has deeply offended by his arrogance nearly all the German Princes.

The Archbishop of Chili has issued a pastoral condemning the strong revolutionary sympathies of the clergy.

Bavaria by a recent census numbers 5,589,382 inhabitants, the female exceeding the male population by 131,396.

There are indications that the Czar was not unaware of the attempted assassination of Stambouloff at Sofia.

A submarine gun sunk to a depth of 350 feet in Lake Como expelled a projectile with sufficient force to sink a boat.

It is stated on good authority from Rome that Monsignor Charles Edward Fabre, Archbishop of Montreal, will be made a Cardinal.

Governor Costa has joined the Rocca-Mitre coalition, thus settling the Argentine political question. The elections passed off quietly.

It is estimated in the Allahabad Pioneer that the treasure lying idle in India in the shape of hoards or ornaments amounts to \$1,350,000,000.

One of Meissonier's suggestions to the French government is about to bear fruit in the shape of the establishment of a grand military museum in Paris.

The Pope has re-established the donation of the astronomical observatory at the Vatican and declared that he is solicitous for the interests of science.

Italy, while not taking part officially in the Chicago World's Fair, will give every facility to those artists and manufacturers who desire to exhibit their works.

A new departure in cremation is reported. A patent has been taken out in France for an electric furnace for the rapid incineration of human remains.

The Salvation Army, which has flourished in Berlin only a short time, has already drawn members of the nobility to its ranks. The Baroness von Lillencranz is now an officer of the army.

The movements of Russian troops near the German frontier and the evidence of cordial intimacy between Russia and France have caused much anxiety in Berlin.

At Moran, Argentine, during the elections 200 voters attacked the police, and general firing ensued, which lasted two hours. The killed and wounded number twenty.

It is rumored in Berlin that the Kaiser is showing continual evidences of insanity, and the Russian Ambassador is said to have declared that his acts ought to be treated as those of an irresponsible person.

Rumors are current in Europe of the probable abdication of King George of Greece. His son Constantine, the Duke of Sparta, will assume sovereignty if abdication takes place.

Buenos Ayres has been wildly excited since the dastardly attempt to murder the Minister of the Interior, General Julio A. Roca, on February 20, and a state of siege has been declared.

Sergeant Meyer of the German reserves has been sentenced to sixteen years' imprisonment for inciting men to Socialism and disobedience of the orders of the Emperor during the maneuvers near Berlin.

The London Times published a long article on Congo matters, and warned King Leopold not to unduly extend the Belgian influence in Africa, lest the European powers partition the Congo State among themselves.

The Council at Calcutta has passed the age of consent bill and the factories bill. The latter prohibits the employment of children under 9 years of age, and establishes regulations to govern the labor of children under 14 and women.

Public opinion in Rome goes to show that no sympathy for the lynched Mafia is manifested, the excitement over the first news having died away. Many Italians say it would be well if other members of the Mafia were treated in the same way.

Minister von Boetticher is about to take a leave of absence from Germany, and will be away till autumn for the sake of his health, and he will then resign, owing to the recent unpleasantness arising from the supposed borrowings from the Guelph fund.

The Netherlands-American Steamship Company, owing to the unsettled condition of affairs in Buenos Ayres, has decided to withdraw its fleet of four ships plying between Rotterdam and River Plata and put them in service between Rotterdam and Baltimore.

Certain Austro-Hungarian railroad trains are to be lighted by electricity. Tudor accumulators are to be used for the purpose, and the system is for the present to be confined to express trains. Should the results prove satisfactory, however, the electric light will be used on all the trains.

The Socialist colony established by Count Leo Tolstoi on the estate of a wealthy man in the neighborhood of Charkoff, Russia, has been broken up. The owner of the estate gave the colonists every opportunity to fulfill their utopian dreams, but the continued quarrels prevented it.

A distemper which has recently appeared among the peasants of the Russian province of Kazan is attributed by the medical authorities to be "the bread of poverty" which the famished population eats. For want of rye, wheat or potatoes they bake bread of acorns, which produces colic, swelling of the limbs and distension of the abdomen. The disease is fatal in many cases.

It is said that the Empress Frederick of Germany is sorely hurt by the disastrous result of her visit to Paris. This complete failure, the first time that she has been admitted to any participation in her son's plans, is doubly annoying to her, because it gives her enemies a chance to laugh at them. Prince Bismarck is said to have more fun out of this incident than anything else that has happened since his fall from power.

PORTLAND MARKET.

The Flour market is firm, with a fair demand both local and foreign. The market is quiet. Receipts and consignments are small. Exports are small, and trade is mostly local. Millstuffs are steady, and the demand is fair. The potato market is weak, and the supply is in excess of the demand. Other vegetables are in fair supply. Peas are scarce and higher. Oranges and Lemons are firm. Poultry is scarce and a little higher. Eggs are more plentiful. Hops are dull and very little trading going on. There are no changes in Hides and Wool.

Flour—Quote: Standard, \$4.50; Walla Walla, \$4.15 per barrel.

Oats—Quote: 60c per bushel.

Hay—Quote: \$16.67 per ton.

MILKSTUFFS—Quote: Bran, \$18@19; Shorts, \$19@20; Ground Barley, \$29; Chop Feed, \$25 per ton; Barley, \$1.25@1.30 per cental.

BUTTER—Quote: Oregon fancy creamery, 37½¢; fancy dairy, 30@32½¢; fair to good, 25@27½¢; common, 20¢; California, 25¢ per pound.

EGGS—Quote: Oregon, 18¢ per dozen.

POULTRY—Quote: Chickens, \$6.50@7.00; Ducks, \$10@12; Geese, nominal; \$12 per dozen; Turkeys, \$4@15¢ per pound.

VEGETABLES—Quote: Cabbage, \$1.50@1.75 per cental; Cauliflower, \$1.25@1.50 per dozen; Celery, 90¢ per dozen; Onions, 4¢ per pound; Carrots, \$1.00 per sack; Potatoes, \$0.75 per cental; Tomatoes, \$2.50 per box; Sweet Potatoes, 4¢ per pound; Asparagus, 7¢ per pound; Parsnips, \$1 per sack; Lettuce, 20¢ per dozen; Squash, 2¢@2.25¢ per pound; Green Peas, 10¢ per pound; Rhubarb, \$2.00@2.25 per box.

FRUITS—Quote: Los Angeles Oranges, \$2@2.25; Riverside, \$2.25@2.75; Navel, \$4.50@4.75 per box; Sicily Lemons, \$6@6.50; California, \$4@5 per box; Apples, \$1.00@2.00 per box; Bananas, \$3.00@4.00 per bunch; Pineapples, \$5.00@8.00 per dozen.

NUTS—Quote: California Walnuts, 11¢; Hickory, 8½¢; Brazil, 18¢; Almonds, 16¢@17¢; Filberts, 13¢@14¢; Pine Nuts, 17¢@18¢; Pecans, 17¢@18¢; Coconuts, 8¢; Hazel, 8¢; Peanuts, 8¢ per pound.

HOPS—Quote: Nominally, 18@20¢ per pound.

WOOL—Quote: Willamette Valley, 16¢@20¢; Walla Walla, 14@17¢ per pound.

HIDES—Quote: Dry Hides, selected prime, 8@8½¢; 5¢; under 5¢, 7¢; 2nd, 6¢; Sheep Pelts, short, \$1.20; 2nd, \$1.00; medium, 60¢@80¢; long, 90¢@1.25; shearings, 10¢@20¢; Tallow, good to choice, 3@8¢ per pound.

The Merchandise Market. COAL OIL—Quote: \$1.95 per cask.

RICE—Quote: \$6.00@6.75 per cental.

HONEY—Quote: One-pound frames, 17¢.

CRANBERRIES—Quote: Cape Cod, \$11 per barrel.

SALT—Quote: Liverpool, \$16, \$16.50, \$17; stock, \$10.50 per ton in carload lots.

COFFEE—Quote: Java, 25¢; Arabica, 20¢; Mocha, 20¢; Java, 25¢; Arabica, 20¢; Mocha, 20¢.

BEANS—Quote: Small Whites, 3½¢; Pink, 3¢; Bayos, 4½¢; Butter, 4½¢; Lima, 4½¢ per pound.

SUGARS—Quote: Golden C, 5½¢; extra C, 5½¢; dry granulated, 6½¢; crushed and powdered, 6½¢ per pound.

DRIED FRUITS—The market is firm. Raisins, \$2.50; Currants, 10¢ per pound; Raisins, \$2.10; sun-dried and factory Peas, 10¢@12¢; evaporated Peaches, 18¢@20¢; Smyrna Figs, 2¢; California Figs, 9¢ per pound.

CANNED GOODS—Market steady. Quote: Bartlett Peas, 25¢; Peas, \$2.50; Table Peas, \$1.90; Beans, \$2.50; Strawberries, \$2.50; Cherries, \$2@2.50; Raspberries, \$2.50; Blackberries, \$2.50; Apples, \$2.50. Pie fruit: Assorted, \$1.50 per dozen; Peaches, \$1.50; Plums, \$1.25; Blackberries, \$1.05 per dozen. Vegetables: Corn, \$1.25 @1.50, according to quality; Tomatoes, \$1.45@1.50; Sugar Peas, \$1.40@1.50; String Beans, \$1.10 per dozen. Fish: Salmon, \$1.25@1.50; Sardines, 75¢@1.50; Lobsters, \$2@3; oysters, \$1.50@3.25 per dozen. Condensed milk: Eagle brand, \$1.10; Crown, \$7; Highland, \$6.75; Champion, \$6 per case.

NAILS—Base quotations: Iron, \$10; Steel, \$8.10; Wire, \$8.30 per keg.

SUET—Quote: \$1.75 per sack.

The Meat Market. Beef—Live, 4¢; dressed, 7@8¢.

MUTTON—Live, 4½¢@4½¢; dressed, 9¢.

HOGS—Live, 4½¢@4½¢; dressed, 7@8¢.

VEAL—5@8¢ per pound.

SMOKED MEATS AND LARD. Quote: Eastern Hams, 11¢@12½¢; Oregon, 10½¢@12½¢; Breakfast Bacon, 10½¢@12½¢; other varieties, 9¢@10½¢ Lard, 9¢@11½¢ per pound.

They Stole a Freshman. A dispatch from Ann Arbor, Mich., says: The city is thoroughly excited over an abduction that took place last night. Frank J. Evans is president of the freshman class and took master at the class banquet which took place tonight. Last night he was missed from his accustomed haunts, and inquiry developed the fact that five men had seized him on the street and hustled him into a hack, driving rapidly away. Meetings were called, and searching parties were organized and sent in every direction. One party traced him to Mooreland, sixteen miles from Ann Arbor, where, with the marshal and police force of Saline, they found the party lodged in a hotel.

They formed a cordon about the house and demanded his release. The party refused, and the Saline marshal threatened to charge the hotel with his party, numbering thirty-two men. Then Evans was given up. It was found that the abductors were five sophomores, who had run away with Evans in the hope of breaking up the freshman event. When they reached Mooreland with Evans they had put him to bed and hid his clothing. It was 4 o'clock this morning before the party having him in charge returned to the university, and some of the boys did not get in until noon. A crowd of twenty freshmen have acted as his body guard all day, and the banquet came off to-night advertised.

The faculty will take action, as the abductors are all known.

His Speech Came Back. Fred Couch, who suffered an accident in Ansonia, Conn., whereby he lost all power of speech, has gained it again. He was riding on the cars to Great Barrington, Mass., with his wife and child, when he felt a peculiar itching in his throat. As the train neared Great Barrington Couch looked out the window, and, turning toward his wife, exclaimed: "Mother used to go by that road!" These were the first words he had spoken since the accident. He continues to improve.—Philadelphia Ledger.

HE WAS GREAT SOCIALLY.

But It Only Required the Payment of a Quarter to Make Him So.

An old negro was chopping down sassafras sprouts in a fence corner, when a white man came along and asked: "Can you direct me to Col. Phil Henderson's house?"