

The people at the World's Dispensary of Buffalo, N. Y., have a stock-taking time once a year and what do you think they do? Count the number of bottles that've been returned by the men and women who say that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery or Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription didn't do what they said it would do.

And how many do you think they have to count. One in ten? Not one in five hundred!

Here are two remedies—one the Golden Medical Discovery, for regulating and invigorating the liver and purifying the blood; the other, the hope of weakly womanhood, and they've been sold for years, sold by the million bottles; sold under a positive guarantee, and not one in five hundred can say:

"It was not the medicine for me!"

And—is there any reason why you should be the one? And—supposing you are what do you lose? Absolutely nothing!

"German Syrup"

For children a medicine should be absolutely reliable. A mother must be able to pin her faith to it as to her Bible. It must contain nothing violent, uncertain, or dangerous. It must be standard in material and manufacture. It must be plain and simple to administer; easy and pleasant to take. The child must like it. It must be prompt in action, giving immediate relief, as children's troubles come quick, grow fast, and end fatally or otherwise in a very short time. It must not only relieve quick but bring them around quick, as children chafe and fret and spoil their constitutions under long confinement. It must do its work in moderate doses. A large quantity of medicine in a child is not desirable. It must not interfere with the child's spirits, appetite or general health. These things suit old as well as young folks, and make Boschee's German Syrup the favorite family medicine.

ELECTRICITY CURES A CANCER

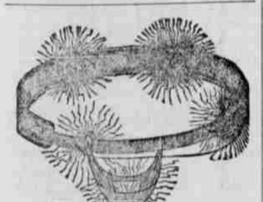
After All Other Means Had Failed.

Last week Mr. George F. Wilkie of Wichita, Kan., came to Peoria—a distance of 700 miles—to have Dr. Toel remove a cancer from his nose. He had had it removed several times by means of plasters, but it had returned every time, so he finally concluded to consult Dr. Toel. The operation was performed by means of electricity in a few minutes without the loss of a drop of blood, and the wound is now healed, so that Mr. Wilkie will return to his home in Kansas next week.—National Democrat.

Dr. Toel is now located in Portland, Ore., and tumors successfully removed by him, can be seen in his office. Dr. Toel has studied four years at the Universities and large hospitals of Germany, Switzerland and England, and is the only surgeon in the Northwest who operates by electricity without loss of blood.

DOCTOR TOEL

Makes a specialty of Diseases of the Nose, Throat and Neck, Skin, Urinary Organs, Female Diseases and all Surgical Operations, as for Fistula, Piles, Stricture, Cancer, Polypus and all other Tumors and Ulcers. Operations performed by means of electricity without loss of blood. Office—No. 70 1/2 Washington street, corner Fourth, rooms 3, 4 and 5, Washington building, Portland, Or.



DR. JUDD'S ELECTRIC BELTS

Will positively cure Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Catarrh of the Bladder, Hemiplegia, Paralysis, Dropsy, etc. Also Druggists, Crutches, Elastic Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Electric Insulators, etc. Send Agent for full particulars. Homeopathic Remedies, sent to your orders.

JOHN M. A. LAUE,
The Reliable Druggist,
Third and Taylor, Portland, Or.
(Mention this paper.)

J. McCRAKEN & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—
Roche Harbor Lime, Portland Cement, Galvanized Sheet and Sheet Pile, Hair, Fire Brick and Fire Clay. LAND PLASTER,
60 North Front Street, Cor. D,
PORTLAND, OR.

I CURE FITS!

When I say that I can cure fits in any form, I mean that I can cure them in any form. I have cured many cases of fits, and I can cure any case of fits. I have cured many cases of fits, and I can cure any case of fits. I have cured many cases of fits, and I can cure any case of fits.

\$5.00 PER DAY will be paid to addresser J. F. Parker, 210 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

PENSION.

LAND AND INDIAN DEPENDENT CLAIMS. Special attention given to the above. Nathan Blackstone, 111 N. 3rd St., Portland, Ore. Reference furnished in any State. Blank and information free.

N. P. N. U. No. 377—S. F. N. U. No. 454

AMUSING LEGAL FREAKS.

SINGULAR CASES STRANGELY HANDLED IN LAW COURTS.

A Woman Considered as Personal Property and Valued at \$5,500—A Horse Brought Before the Bar—The Wrong Man Told Why He Was There.

To a Hocking county court belongs the remarkable distinction of passing upon a woman as personal property. The unique precedent was laid some twenty-five or thirty years ago, and before women's rights had progressed as far as they have since. A citizen of old Hocking married a young lady against the energetic protest of her father, and set up housekeeping on his own account. It was a case of "love in a cottage," as a matter of fact. During the temporary absence of the unsuspecting bridegroom the wife's father and brothers invaded her domicile and carried her off.

The despoiled husband repaired to a neighboring justice of the peace in search of law suited to the exigencies of the case. After a thorough investigation of Swan's Treatise and Cradleigh's Comable, it was unanimously decided by the justice and the constable and the desolate husband that the proper thing to do was to proceed by an action in replevin!

WOMAN AS PERSONAL PROPERTY. The papers were accordingly made out and the writ lodged in the hands of the constable, who proceeded at once to execute it, and replevined the woman from the custody of her father, who, though exceedingly irate, didn't feel like resisting the edict of the court. When it came to appraising the property and fixing the sworn value of a woman, the constable was rather perplexed, but the three freeholders whom he called in to act as appraisers solved the problem in a manner at once of hand and business like.

They sent for her husband, the plaintiff, and ascertained for him that he had expended the following sums of money upon his "property": License, 75 cents; justice's marriage fee, \$2.50; one new dress, 87 cents; one new bonnet, 37 cents. They furthermore decided that the woman was "perishable property," and her value was only to be estimated theoretically. Whereupon they fixed the value of her labor and services for the month at \$4, which they added to the other items, making \$8.50.

In due course of time the trial came off and the plaintiff duly and satisfactorily proved his ownership by producing his marriage certificate. The defendant could not get this evidence, and the plaintiff got judgment of restitution and 25 cents damages. His property was then restored to him in due and regular form, and the defendant was solemnly notified that his wife's return to his arms would be regarded as petty larceny and punished accordingly. The man and his wife are still living happily and contentedly together.

But Hocking county cannot lay claim to exclusiveness in "precedents." Over in her next door neighbor, Perry, a horse was restored to its rightful neighbor under a writ of habeas corpus issued by a justice of the peace.

A horse broke into B's pasture, whereupon B put it into his stable, locked the door and refused to give it up. A scoured the services of the celebrated Shep Tinker as his legal adviser. Shep knew that his client could not give the necessary bail in an action by replevin, so he decided to bring a different sort of an action.

With this intent he went before a justice of the peace in old Straitsville, and took out a writ of habeas corpus and literally "put the horse into court." Lawyer Saunders, the most brilliant practitioner at the Logan bar and long the prosecuting attorney of Hocking county, was called on the other side.

He didn't know the nature of the case until the constable made his return upon the writ.

"Why," exclaimed Mr. Saunders, with a look of blank astonishment, "this court can't issue such a writ and no court could issue one for a horse!" Shep was more than equal to the emergency.

"Your honor," he said, "a wise and just court can do anything that is laid down in the books. The writ of habeas corpus is recognized as sacred for centuries. To say that this court can't issue it is to say that it is ignorant of Magna Charta."

"But this court can issue it," interposed the justice, "and it has issued it already."

Mr. Saunders saw his mistake and appealed to the court for having doubted its ability to do anything it chose. It is needless to say that the horse was restored to its owner.

WHAT HIS BUSINESS WAS.

As funny a thing as ever occurred in a court happened at Napoleon, O., in 1839, before Judge Potter and a jury. A case was on trial, and an outsider seated himself on one of the benches at the far end of the panel of jurors, there being no other available seat. When the defendant's counsel arose to address the jury he scanned the face of each very closely, and naturally his gaze was directed to the furthest man from him, who didn't happen to be a juror at all. Glaring at him, he began:

"Gentlemen of the jury, I want to know what his business is with the plaintiff in the case (he was into court for? What is his business? What right has he here? What is he seeking for? Again I repeat, gentlemen of the jury, why is he here?"

The countryman imagined that the question had direct reference to himself, and when the lawyer paused to give due weight and emphasis to the question, he jumped to his feet and howled:

"What am I here for, you cross eyed cock of the walk? What am I seeking for in this here court? I'll tell you in short order, you weazen faced old son of a gun. I've been here three days a-waitin' for my fees, and nary a red kin I get. Pay me my witness fees, sir, and I'll git out of here immediately."

This unexpected oration brought down the house, and a lawyer never finished his able argument.

John H. Morrison practiced law many years ago at Findlay and all through that section of Ohio. He had some striking peculiarities, which were in the habit of cropping out in court. He was once trying a case before Judge Patrick Henry Goode and jury, and opened his side of the case as follows:

"May it please the court, by the perjury of witnesses, the ignorance of the jury and the connivance of the court, I expect to lose this case."

"What is that you say, Mr. Morrison?"

"That is all I have to say on that point, and the court will feel happier if I do not repeat what I have already said. From the looks of the jury I infer that they would rather not have heard it once."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Buenos Ayres.

Buenos Ayres, in the Argentine Republic, is now the largest city in South America, the census of 1887 giving it a population of 434,000.

An Albany reporter writes of "a quiet but effective wedding."

Even a cur may bark at his own gate.—Japanese Proverb.

A new albuminous power of 100 times the power of strychnine is extracted from the seeds of Abrus precatoria.

A BOOTBLACK'S CRITICISM.

Pointing Out a Defect in a Picture Which Escaped Public Attention.

Tom Nichol, the artist, tells the following story on himself, which is a pretty good one. It illustrates the well known fact that the best of us can learn something from fools and children. The story is as follows: On one occasion he had made a large crayon picture of a little child seated in a cart which was hitched to a large Newfoundland dog. It was a fine piece of work, and for some two weeks he showed it to the show window, where it attracted much attention, and many were the compliments showered upon the artist for his skill.

Some time after the picture had been taken down Mr. Nichol was seated in his studio when there came a timid rap at the door. He called out to the caller to come in, and there entered a little street urchin, who had often given the artist a shine, and who on the strength of such acquaintance used frequently to pay him a visit.

"Well, Tod," said Nichol, "what can I do for you today?"

The little 'rascal' hesitated a moment, and then, in a tone that plainly indicated the intensity of his desire, he said:

"Well, I thought I'd like ter see the pinter yer made o' that boy 'n' the dog in a wagon."

"All right," replied the artist, and crossing the room he where the picture stood, favor to the wall, he picked it up and placed it on an easel.

The boy stood and looked at it, with evident delight and pleasure depicted on his face. Suddenly, however, he turned, and with considerable embarrassment, as though he knew he was presuming, he said: "Mr. Nichol, it's 'n'andy, but you're made a mistake in it."

"What?" ejaculated the artist. "A mistake; where?"

"Why," said the boy, a little triumphantly, "you've forgot to put in any 'bolster' on the front axletree."

Nichol stopped and looked at the picture a moment, and sure enough the boy was right. The front end of the wagon bed was resting on nothing. He quickly seized crayon, put in the missing piece by merely making a deep shadow where he had left a high light, and the defect was remedied.

The urchin watched the process of correction, and then, after a critical and satisfied look at the picture, and remarking: "That's bully," he slung his kit over his shoulder and went out.

"The strangest thing, though," said Mr. Nichol, in telling the story, "is how that picture should have hung on exhibition for two weeks where it was admired and criticized by hundreds, and none of whom saw the blunder I had made, and that bootblack should discover it the minute he saw it. The point was, the boy was posted on all the points about a dog and wagon. It taught me a lesson I never need forget—that at almost any person can give you suggestions about something that are worth having."—Arkansas Traveler.

A Rural Districter.

The average New Yorker is likely to think of his friends in smaller cities as hardly equal to himself in keen business sagacity, but now and then somebody from a small town or even from a country shows himself in this quality quite worthy of the metropolis. A New Englander, who may be called Mr. Higgins, a man who stands six feet two in his stockings and is well proportioned, landed from a Sound steamer the other morning and was greeted with the familiar "Good morning, Mr. Higgins. I'm glad to see you here! But I'm afraid you don't remember me." The usual introduction and explanations followed, and then Mr. Higgins started with the stranger to "call on some friends."

After walking a few blocks they came into a small town, and here Mr. Higgins interrupted the flow of reminiscence by setting down his valise on the sidewalk and laying his overcoat upon it.

This surprised his companion, who asked: "What is the matter, Mr. Higgins? What are you going to do?"

"An' going," replied Mr. Higgins calmly, "to hitch a bunco stealer within an inch of his life."

But the New Yorker, who had no taste for sparring matches, had suddenly remembered an engagement in another part of the city.—New York Tribune.

Electric Conveniences.

One of the ingenious members of the New York Electrical club has designed a door opener which relieves the disgusted traveler or visitor from the necessity of shoving a heavy mass of wood with his hands, or of wearing out the toes of his boots in kicking it back.

A metallic plate set in the floor a foot from the threshold is marked "door opener." The caller opens the door, the same style of peaceful street car horse tread upon the clumsy iron switch plates which now ornament every street where this style of locomotion is in vogue.

The plate yields a quarter inch to the pressure of the foot and forms a circuit, which immediately starts a tiny electric motor, that in turn opens the door, despite door spring, air valve or counterweight. The moment the visitor passes in the plate is thrown back by a coiled spring to its former position, the circuit is broken and the door closes itself with or without a resonant bang, as may be desired.

With swing doors the plate is inset on both sides of the portal. With double church doors two pairs of plates are arranged so that the section can connect or disconnect each pair. When the plates are connected the worshiper's foot opens both doors, but when disconnected only one.—Philadelphia Times.

Taming a Bird.

No creature is more jealous or sensitive than a bird, says Olive Thorne Miller in The Home Maker. It is easy, however, to win the heart of almost any bird, and without starting him or making him think he has mastered you. Simply talk to him a good deal. Place his cage near you on your desk or work table, and retain his choicest dainties to give to him with your own fingers. Let him know that he can never have that particular thing unless he takes it from you, and he will soon learn. If you are patient and do not desert him by fixing your eyes upon him. After this you may readily take it from his lips; and then when you let him out of his cage, after the first excitement is over, he will come to you, especially if you have a call you have accustomed him to, and accept the dainties from you while free. As soon as he becomes really convinced that you will not hurt him, or try to catch him, or interfere in any way with his liberty, he will give you to his boundless curiosity about you; he will pull your hair, pick at your eyes and give you as much of his company as you desire.

A Novel Costume.

A New York society woman had a ball dress made of white satin which had before making been run through the press of one of the great dailies, so that her costume was the news of the day. She won the prize for the most novel costume.—Chicago Herald.

Forests and Rainfall.

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An English Invention.

An Englishman has invented a brake by which any person in a compartment car can turn a lever and stop the train. As the car moves a white disc will appear outside of the compartment to notify the conductor in which carriage the brake has been used.—Boston Budget.

NAGARA'S RIVAL.

WONDROUSLY BEAUTIFUL SHOSHONE AND SALMON FALLS.

A River Running in a Channel Which Looks Like the Grave of a Volcano Bobbed Its Head—An Enticing Scene Poetically Painted.

The lava beds of Idaho are a marked feature of that territory. Starting near the eastern boundary they extend southwesterly for a long distance, and are from about 300 to 900 feet in depth. This mass was once a river of molten fire, the making of which must have succeeded a convulsion of nature more terrible than any ever witnessed by mortals, and long years must have passed before the awful fiery mass was cooled. To the east of the source of this lava flow the Snake river bursts out of the hills, becoming almost at once a sovereign river, and flowing at first southwesterly and then bending westerly, cuts through the lava fields nearly in the center of the territory, reckoned from east to west, and about forty miles north of its southern border, and flowing thence with great curves merges finally with the Columbia.

The chief waterways of the continent, and here and there taking on pictures of great beauty. On the Snake there are several falls. The American falls, a few miles west of Pocatello, are beautiful. Some sixty miles below are the Twin falls, where the river, divided into two nearly equal parts, falls 120 feet. They are grand. Three miles further on, and nearly due south, and twenty-six miles away from the town of Shoshone, on the Oregon Short Line railroad, are the Shoshone falls, and a few miles further on the Salmon falls.

THE FALLS AND THE TRAIN. Not anywhere else was there such a scene; never anywhere else was so beautiful a picture hung in so rude a frame; never anywhere else on a background so forbidding and weird were so many glories clustered. Around and beyond there is nothing but the desert, scenery of the most dreary description. But here, in the midst of the wilderness, there are the Shoshone and Despair.

Away back in remote ages, over the withered breast of the desert, a river of fire 100 miles wide and 400 miles long was turned. As the fiery mass cooled, it red and the lava flows, and then cooled an indescribably blasted and forbidding face. But while this river of fire was in flow a river of water was fighting its way across it, or has since made the war and forged out for itself a channel through the mass.

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AN ILLUSTRATION

Of the value of extensive and judicious advertising of any article of undoubted merit is found in the remarkable success of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., which has almost been phenomenal, even in this age of great enterprises.

Organized a few years ago to manufacture a new and more perfect remedy than had ever been produced, a laxative with original and attractive features, prepared from delicious fruits and health giving purgants, one which would be pleasant and refreshing to the taste, as well as really beneficial to the system, the management very wisely concluded to advertise the leading newspapers throughout the United States to make known to the public the merits of the new remedy, Syrup of Figs. As happens with every valuable remedy, cheap imitations are being offered to the public, but with the general diffusion of knowledge it is becoming more difficult each day to impose on the public. Health is too important to be trifled with, and reputable druggists will not attempt to deceive the public as they all know that Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., Louisville, Ky., New York, N. Y. Do not accept any cheap, non-advertised imitations if offered.

A philosopher is a man who can feel as easy over his own troubles as he does over his neighbor's. There are no philosophers.

HOW DO YOU ACCOUNT

For the Miserable Failures Under the "Old" Practice of Medicine?—Because It Is All Guesswork.

FRIDAY HARBOR, March 18, 1890.

Dr. J. Eugene Jordan, Seattle, Wash.—DEAR SIR: I wish to add my testimony to the many other successful cures which you have performed with your Histogenetic System of Medicine. I was very sick with pneumonia—sick unto death they said—when your agent, Capt. J. Edwards of Lewis Island, who was stopping at my hotel, came to see me and told me that he could cure me. I commenced to take your medicine, which the agent always carries with him, and in a few days I was able to get up and about the house, and have been steadily improving ever since. The sixth day I was able to get out of doors, and I think another week of your treatment will make a new man of me.

Please print this to let all sufferers know that they need not suffer any longer if they only take your Histogenetic Medicine. With a feeling of thankfulness that by your valuable discovery of the science of medicine you are able to relieve much suffering and for the unremitting care of your agent, Capt. Edwards, I remain, sir, very truly yours,

Proprietor San Juan Hotel, Friday Harbor, San Juan county, Wash.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of March, 1890.

J. L. FARNSWORTH, Justice of the Peace.

Dr. Jordan's office is at the residence of ex-Mayor Yesler, Third and James.

Consultation and prescriptions absolutely FREE.

Send for free book explaining the Histogenetic system.

CAUTION. The Histogenetic Medicines are sold in but one agency in each town. The label around the bottles bears the following inscription: "Dr. J. Eugene Jordan's Histogenetic Medicine." Every other device is a fraud.

Hojack (to his wife)—If you're waking, call me early. Mrs. Hojack: If I'm not waking, I suppose I can call you, too, as usual.

Dr. Wallace Ely has removed his office to 213 Powell street, San Francisco, Cal., where he continues to give special attention to Kidneys, Bladder, Prostate Glands, and all the various troubles of the Urinary and Biliary Systems treated according to the latest approved method. Most cases can be treated in a few days. Correspondence daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. WALLACE ELY, M. D., 213 Powell street, four doors from Geary street, San Francisco, Cal.

Why is a pretty girl like a bank note? Because they both have a new value.

DISORDERS WHICH AFFECT THE KIDNEYS

Are among the most formidable known. Diabetes, Bright's disease, gravel and other complaints of the urinary organs are not ordinarily cured in any cases, but they may be cured by timely medication. A useful stimulant of the urinary apparatus has been found in Hojacker's Biliter, a medicine which not only relieves the requisite stimulus when they become inactive, but increases their vigor and sensitive power. By increasing the activity of the kidneys and bladder this medicine has the additional effect of expelling from the blood impurities which it is the peculiar office of these organs to eliminate and pass off. The Biliter is also a purifier and strengthener of the bowels, and its use counteracts the tendency to constipation, and sustains a tendency to premature decay, and sustains a tendency to premature decay, and sustains a tendency to premature decay.

The Chicagoans are complaining of cold street cars. They ought to insure hot passengers.

Did you ever go within a mile of a soap factory? If so, you know what material they make soap of. Dobbins' Electric Soap factory is as free from odor as a chair factory. Try it once. Ask your grocer for it.

Take no imitation. It is estimated that a man walks half a mile in putting on a stiff collar.

HOW THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by using Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Prop., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKER, RYAN & MARY, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it 25 cents.

Required of a Doctor.

Dr. W. F. Kier says: Of all the professions, I think the medical must be the most exacting. No one has any idea of the amount of work a physician of any practice must perform, and the strain he must be under. In the first place, he never knows whether he is going to get a night's sleep or not, unless he simply makes a rule that he will not take it unless it is very urgent. Then, when he gets up in the morning, he finds a half dozen or two dozen calls from all directions, which, in a large city like St. Louis, means a great deal of traveling. Starting out on these, he returns for office hours, works without a spare minute there, and then is out again. Then comes dinner, more office hours, another round of calls, and night office hours again, the day being filled up from early until late without allowing a moment's pleasure, or even relaxation. Such a physician should never invite company, to entertain them, unless it is of friends who will not feel bad if they have to dine alone.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Largest Known Flower.