

ONE CHRISTMAS TIME.

WHAT CAME OF KILLING A RICH UNCLE. By MARK LEMON.

"Dance with me, Letty Green," said George Poynter, to a pretty girl with blue eyes and hair that shamed the...

"And I want to ask you a favor, Mrs. Green, and Letty a favor," said George, smiling slightly. Mrs. Green would grant it of course, and so would Letty, if she could.

More years had passed, and brought her change. George and Letty were together in a small book room in Mrs. Green's house, the windows open to the garden.

Uncle Silas had also procured a situation for George in the neighboring town of St. Gnats—merely a probationary situation, as clerk to a timber merchant.

rarely mentioned—Chauncey was a good natured, good for nothing, unsettled, amusing fellow, who contrived to live a gypsy kind of life on £20 a year, steadfastly refusing to encumber himself with any employment or to incur responsibilities more to (quote Chauncey) than his but would cover.

Chauncey had a favorite lounge in London, a tobaccoist's in an out of the way street in the neighborhood of St. Mary Axe.

Chauncey was about to leave the shop after one of his long sittings, when the younger lady said: "You won't see me again, I expect, Mr. Chauncey, I'm going to be married."

A hale old gentleman between 60 and 70, perhaps, was the next arrival. Having made some very confidential communication to the old pew opener, he was conducted, evidently in great trepidation, to the vestry, and there immured until the arrival of the tobacconist and family.

Miss Beadle was resigned, as became her to be at 31. With closed eyes and drooping head she leaned upon her mother's arm until, with pardonable confusion, she released her hand to put up her parasol as she drew near the altar.

George Poynter was waiting the arrival of his friend, Chauncey Gibbs. A glorious fire blazed within the grate; the table was spread to welcome the coming guest, for whose delectation a faultless mince-pie was browning in the oven.

Chauncey had assumed the stool of office at Mr. Baw's, and supplies of tobacco and tiffin beer were already secured for the welcome guest.

"I am glad you can give the morning to me, as I have some news for you that may, perhaps, surprise and annoy you." "Indeed!" replied George. "What is it?"

"I would not touch upon it lest night, although I think some immediate action should be taken by you or your friends," continued Chauncey, looking very serious.

"I am afraid, knowing the hands he has fallen into, that he won't have a will of his own when a few months have passed," said Chauncey. "I found out how the matter came about. Old Silas was very ill, and wouldn't have a doctor; but a Beadle, I call him—got at him, and then introduced his daughter as nurse. They first physicked him nearly to death, and then brought him round with bottled porter. They told the old fool they saved his life, and he believed it; and out of gratitude, and the want of a nurse, he proposed to Miss High-dried, and married her."

George spared his Letty and her mother any contest as to the decision to be made. He promised to obey Mrs. Green in all she required of him; but he promised, Letty also, when they had changed, nor that his love never should have place in his thoughts, that she could change one little thing for him. And as he held her in his beating heart—not for the last time, no!—he told her how he would strive to make a home for both—that their probation would be short if a brave resolution could only find the means to work with. And they would come—they always did; for had not they been promised by the one which could not lie?

but a good angel was already busy for their reunion. And such an angel—Chauncey Gibbs! "He won't write to old Silas!" Then I will," said Chauncey, half aloud, when George had left him. "He won't kill his uncle—an old fool! Then I will." He opened the long blade of his penknife and—tripped a quill which he found on George's desk.

There were paper and ink, as may be supposed, and there was also the ready writer, Chauncey, who began: "DEAR SIR—As my friend, Mr. George Poynter, is unfortunately suffering at this time from a severe blow in his chest—(That's perfectly true)—I have placed myself at his service; and although I shall not express myself as he would have done on the subject—(That's true again, I fancy)—I hope you will think what you have done must necessarily interfere, largely, if not entirely, with those expectations which you once or twice—(Shall I say promised? No)—encouraged me to entertain—(What would old George say to that?—) and though I descend from the clouds—(Good figure that!—) to the substratum of daily toil and permanent anxiety, I shall know that you are sitting happy at your domestic hearth, smoking the pipe of peace—(It wants something else to round off the sentence!—) and—(Oh, blow it!—) roasting the cradle.

"I remain, dear sir, "Your affectionate nephew, "For GEORGE POYNTER." Chauncey paused. "It won't do to sign my name, or Mrs. C. will remember it. Yes—I have it—they never heard the name of C. Gibbs." Having sealed and directed his letter, Chauncey proceeded to post it.

"You're heard of the great success to our townsmen, George Poynter," I suppose," said Chauncey. "No! Well, perhaps it was hardly to be expected, seeing what a retiring fellow he is." "What is it?" asked Mr. Golding. "He is a young man for whom I have the greatest respect. I shall be glad to hear of any good fortune to him."

"How, my dear sir?" asked Mr. Golding. "We are always glad to secure a good client." "And with such wealth!" said Chauncey. "You allow shares in the St. Gnats Junction to-morrow, do you not?" "Yes," replied the banker; "and the applications exceed anything I ever knew; the shares will be five or six premium before to-morrow is over."

"Oh, nothing, I want nothing; and you may rely upon my secrecy." Mr. Golding pressed Chauncey's hand, and thanked him for the friendly suggestion. Mr. Golding had but one confidant, Mr. Baxter, who at that moment entered the bank, and was announced as being there.

—and could get it, but I'd like the man. You know Capt. Ranger—of course you must," said Baxter, with emphasis. "Chauncey did not and would not know Capt. Ranger."

"He is a troublesome fellow, and I should be glad if he would leave the place," said Mr. Baxter. "If Mr. Poynter will buy he shall have the preference." Chauncey saw no objection to that, and promised to speak to his friend if Mr. Baxter would make the offer in writing; but £3,000, he thought, would be the utmost that Mr. Poynter could give for a house.

Mr. Baxter paused, and as they were opposite the house he invited Chauncey in. Chauncey gave him a letter to Mr. Poynter, containing an unconditional offer of Prospect House for £3,000. Chauncey carefully put away the letter and bade Mr. Baxter good day.

"Four thousand pounds!" exclaimed Mr. Baw. "And not one shilling less," said Chauncey firmly. "The house is worth it as it stands; but compute its value to Captain Ranger, and it is cheap at any money."

Chauncey could be a man of business when he pleased, and he was now in a business mood. He therefore trotted off the angry captain to an attorney's, made the transfer, and secured a prospective £1,600 for his friend George by killing his uncle.

Chauncey undertook to deliver the letter, and to use his influence with his friend to make the only acknowledgment he could for such disinterested generosity. Poor George was very ill at ease when his friend Chauncey returned, and as first was disposed to be angry at what he felt to be his inconsiderate rillery.

JACK TAR'S CHRISTMAS.

The remarks of the Chinese sailor enlisted aboard a United States man-of-war, "Mellie Christmas, me no salary he!" as he came down from the foretopmast yard, where he had been lending a hand to furl the remnant of a topsail, blown almost to ribbons by the fierce winter's gale that was howling one Christmas morning, and began blowing on his frost-bitten fingers and rubbing them in the snow which covered the vessel's deck, is a very good exposition of the practical side of our universal Christian holiday, as frequently seen by the hardy toilers of the sea. Stern necessity sometimes demands that the work must be done and the ship made safe and snug before Jack Tar can think of bean soup or Christmas pudding and other fixings, and not infrequently, as the sea remembers nothing and pays no homage to customs, no matter how ancient, imagination of a grand banquet can alone be relied upon to appease the appetite; as "hot water and spoons" are very apt to be about all that can be obtained in the way of a square meal, and even the luxury of the hot water is often omitted, as the tossing, restless ship, lurching about from side to side, makes it impossible to keep anything on top of the galley stove, if, indeed, it be a practicable thing to keep up the fires at all. In such a case the end of discontent, so to speak, must be represented, the song gives it, by the starboard side of an old sloop's cabin.

Christmas away from home is, however, always kept in some way or another, even under such adverse circumstances as those mentioned; a little something to warm him up is quietly given to the half-frozen man by some kindhearted officer as he comes down from aloft, and before drinking he manages, as a rule, to pull off his cap and to say "Merry Christmas," which is about all the circumstances of the case will admit of. Wind and weather permitting, however, the absolutely necessary things are done, and the Christmas dinner is only as sumptuous as the paymaster's stores will permit, or the foresight of the mess enterer in laying in something extra before the ship left port has provided. The ration gives more or less variety of things that put up to keep during the cruise, but Jack prefers the things that are not made to keep, and being proverbially improvident, the day generally finds him depending on plum duff as the grand piece of resistance, and no matter how much of the resistance there may be about the compound the relish with which it disappears is proof sufficient of its ability to take the place of other possibly more digestible articles. The bags containing the sailors' personal effects are piled up and the men given an opportunity to overhaul their clothing, write letters or do whatever the lines of the ship will admit. Smoking is permitted outside the daily regulation hours, and everything is done to make the men as comfortable as the day as much of a holiday as possible, having, of course, due regard for the handling of the vessel.

When, however, the ships are in port, and it happens to be one where there is a good market, all that it affords is brought off to grace the board, and the scene presented on the berth deck of one of our men-of-war on such occasions is lively and picturesque in the extreme. The mess tables are screened off with canvas and bunting, and very often evergreens are used to complete the ornamentation, each mess vying with the others to see which can make the prettiest show. An extra dollar or two is usually served out, "to put in the mess," the aggregate sum making great possibilities in the way of procuring the good things which are not found in the daily ration. The tin pot, pan and spoon which form Jack's cover are made to shine like polished silver, the mess cooking taking a pride in getting the brightest of polishes for the occasion. Some more stylish, though perhaps less thrifty, messes, get crockery from shore, which sets off the table very prettily, and possibly to some of them seems more homelike and gives an air of paying a little more attention to the observances of the day; one might say, I suppose, a little better relish, perhaps, to the feast. But whoever knew of a sailor's not being ready for a good square meal at any hour of the day?

One who has watched the rush for the hatchway when the order "pipe to dinner" is given, is quite apt to be convinced that Jack's "stomach" is as sharp as a shark's, and that "never was a finer condition for feeding" at any one time more than at any other. When every preparation has been made for dinner and the winds set forth, the officers, as a general rule, invited to inspect, and very often to sample, the good things; the captain of the vessel generally grants the request for a bottle of beer or light wine apiece, and in fact most any reasonable departure from the ordinary daily customs is allowed. In the afternoon, if the request is made, a large liberty party goes ashore, and is permitted to remain away from the vessel until the following morning. Boat racing is frequently the amusement, especially if there are foreign vessels in the same port, and great is the excitement in the international contests. Prizes are offered, and as many boats are entered as can be spared from the different ships. Water tournaments, catamaran races and various other aquatic sports are indulged in, as Christmas is not always in the winter season, much of a vessel's cruising being done in the southern hemisphere, and the 25th of December often finds the thermometer so high that a plunge in the briny is an immense relief.

The great evening amusement is a minstrel or variety show, which brings out an amusing display of talent that one would hardly believe possible until he had witnessed some of the character pieces or listen to the fine singing often heard in a ship's company. The original jokes, which very often spare nobody, from the cabin windows to the hawse poles, are always amusing, and serve for many a day after to hurl at the head of the poor unfortunate whose peculiarities have been sufficiently pronounced to catch the ever ready eye or ear of the humorist, who has them carefully stowed away until some occasion as this gives him a chance to unmercifully bring them forth. When "pipe down" comes, the verdict is that, although away from home, relatives and the conventionalities of the holiday season that one's earlier years have been accustomed to, the day has been what the morning greeting intends it should be—a merry Christmas.

The Boston Dictator. Next Barber (in Boston barber shop)—"Boss—Ven you say ager 'next sheet' I discharge you at noon. Ve no say sheets, ve say shentimen.—New York Sun.