

EUGENE CITY GUARD.

L. L. CAMPBELL, Proprietor. EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

A Mammoth California Tree for the World's Fair.

Several New Railroads Contemplated - An Aeronaut Falls From a Collapsed Balloon.

A half interest in the bonanza group of mines in the Harqua Hala district, 110 miles northwest of Phoenix, A. T., has been sold.

Halfmoon Bay and Pescadero are taking great interest in the proposed San Jose convention in the interest of a coast railroad.

Dr. C. C. Stratton, late of Oakland, has been elected Chancellor of the Willamette University at Salem, a position which was recently created.

The action sale of property belonging to the B. N. Holiday estate at Portland did not receive a bid to justify the administrator's approval of the sale.

The convention of the Southern California Editorial Association at Santa Barbara during the second week of July promises to be an enjoyable event.

A contract has been entered into to build a road from Merced to Okaloie. The road will be forty miles in length, and will open up a rich section of country.

The revenue cutter Corwin has sailed from San Francisco for Behring sea, where she will join the American fleet in protecting American seal and salmon fisheries.

The new steamer Norma has been launched on Upper 8 acre river. This boat will run between Huntington and the nearest point to the Seven Devils mining district.

At Milwaukie, near Portland, Daniel Harvey while laboring under a fit of insanity shot his mother, and then blew out his own brains. The mother lived but a few hours afterward.

The Bishop Register wants an Indian school in Owens valley, and says the Indians themselves appreciate the advantages of education and have themselves set up a school at Big Pine.

A big tree in the Mammoth forest, ninety-two miles east of Tulare, is being taken up for exhibition. The tree is ninety-nine feet in circumference. It is intended also for the Chicago World's Fair.

A rumor has gained credence at Olympia that the American book trust has bought up the houses outside the trust which secured contracts from the State, and that the trust won, bribery or no bribery.

A railroad company has been formed at Colfax, with a capital stock of \$1,500,000, for the purpose of constructing a road from Lewiston to Wheatlands, where it will tap the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern.

Native Daughters of the Golden West from all parts of California are at Santa Rosa attending the third annual session of the Grand Parlor of the Native Daughters of the Golden West. The delegates number 125.

The Governor of Montana has sent 1,000 stands of arms to Miles City. The Cheyennes are off the regular camp, and are shooting into settlers' houses and wantonly killing cattle. The people are greatly alarmed.

Articles have just been signed at Carson between Dobbin of California and Ben Rosenthal of Hawthorne, Nev., for a foot race on the 22d instant for \$3,000 a side, for 100 yards, Rosenthal to have nine feet the start.

Woodchoppers on the Umatilla river and Meacham creek report that the railroad tree business has cut quite a figure in the wood industry, and that next winter's supply in Pendleton is likely to be somewhat short in consequence thereof.

The Sacramento Bee learns from the best authority that the warehouse company at Antioch which filed articles of incorporation was organized in anti-anticipation of the coming of the Santa Fe road, which, it is confidently believed, will have a line to Antioch within two years.

At Okesdale, Wash., an aeronaut named Woolley made an ascension with a hot air balloon. When at an elevation of 3,000 feet the balloon collapsed, and Woolley was thrown into a tree top, falling from there to the ground. He was picked up insensible, with a broken arm and leg besides suffering other severe injuries.

At the request of Elwood Cooper of Santa Barbara a general meeting of the citizens of San Francisco has been called by the Produce Exchange to appoint five delegates to represent the city and county at the railroad convention, to be held in San Jose shortly, to mature some plan for the speedy organization and construction of a coast line of railway from San Francisco to Los Angeles.

A prominent dealer in San Francisco says that the miners' strike had not affected the market materially at the Wellington mines. The demand for house coal at this season of the year is light, and the demand has been filled. Several importers have loaded up with Wellington coal, and have been holding out for higher figures. These will probably be glad to let go at the present prices.

Information has been received that Elijah Smith and associates have ordered the construction of a standard gauge railroad to connect Coos bay with the Coquille river, in the Coquille valley, which has heretofore been partially isolated because of the difficulty of crossing the bar at the mouth of the river, and by means of this railroad to secure connection with a weekly steamship service to San Francisco. The ultimate destination of this road at the eastern and western ends has not been definitely determined.

The steamer Moonlight has arrived at San Francisco from the North with a cargo of lumber. The Moonlight was recently built in Oregon for the purpose of testing the worth and expediency of a system of steam propulsion by means of gasoline. The tonnage of the steamer is about seventy-five. She was fitted out with a novel engine and apparatus for burning the whole set in action by the use of gasoline. Previous experiments on lighter crafts propelled by naphtha have been uniformly successful, and it was thought that gasoline would work even better still. When fairly out on the voyage it developed that the experiment was a failure. The engine failed to work, and got out of gear. The result is to establish the fact that gasoline on a steamer is not so serviceable as was supposed of any great tonnage. The Moonlight had to abandon her engines, and reached port under sail.

EASTERN ITEMS.

Downs Lowers the Harvard Running Record.

General Torres Says Mexico Will Demand That the Filibusters Be Punished.

New Jersey is now the fifteenth State to adopt ballot reform.

It is proposed to secure \$500,000 for a public library in Philadelphia.

Kansas railroad assessments for taxation were increased \$350,000 last year.

General Francis A. Walker has been confirmed as Park Commissioner of Boston.

The next general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will be held in Omaha in 1892.

Eastern capitalists are trying to obtain a concession for large smelting works near Monterey, Mexico.

The Riverside and Oswego Mills Company of Providence, R. I., has been reorganized by the creditors.

The Mormons—non-polygamists—have established a church in Brush Creek, Highland county, O., with fifty members.

The Western railroads have restored the passenger rates on the basis in effect prior to the recent opening of the rate war.

Al Hayman has contracted with Bronson Howard for a new way. The piece will not be finished until season after next.

The Western Union B. of Company, with \$15,000,000 capital, has been incorporated at Denver. It is a gigantic telegraph trust.

The builders' and laborers' strike at Toronto is over for five years, an agreement covering that period having been reached.

The collections of internal revenue for the month of May amounted to \$16,837,772, a sum larger than for any month since 1870.

A banking company has been organized at Indianapolis with a capital of \$5,000,000. It expects to control the business in the West.

In Boston there is a well-defined demand that the advertisements in street cars shall give way to quotations from good authors.

Secretary Windom has made a favorable report on the customs administrative bill, and it will probably be approved by the President.

Seven of the principal breweries and malthouses at Chicago have been absorbed by the Chicago Brewing and Malting Company.

The syndicate to build ships on the Delaware is said to be the most substantial concern of the kind ever organized in this country.

Downs has lowered the Harvard running record for half and quarter mile runs, and proposes to beat the world's record before leaving college.

According to a dispatch from London \$2,000,000 was expended in May in the United States by a British syndicate in the purchase of breweries.

As a result of a test just completed the naval authorities report that the great dry dock at the Norfolk navy yard is not in the least injured as reported.

Mexico has abolished its antiquated and irregular system of currency and adopted a complete decimal scheme similar to that of the United States.

The high-licensing law, which has been in effect in Baltimore for a month, has proved so satisfactory that there is talk of doubling the present fee of \$50.

There is a clear majority for the lottery in the House of the Louisiana Legislature, but the requisite two-thirds to overcome Governor Nicholl's veto is wanting.

The farmers of Berks county, Pa., are complaining about the ravages of the Hessian fly and the appearance of rust on the wheat. All crops look backward.

Mrs. Grant says there is no possibility of the removal of the remains of General Grant from Riverside park to Geneva, where a statue of Grant is soon to be placed.

New York has passed a bill creating "eight female inspectors of factories," and the bachelor Governor of the State is all torn up. There are 310 applicants for the places.

An inventor by the name of A. Davis has completed plans for an elevated electric railroad for Montreal, and has secured patents for the distinguishing features of the system.

During last year 257 people lost their lives by railroad accidents in Cook county, Ill., and of this number nearly all were killed at grade crossings within the present limits of Chicago.

The Secretary of the Interior has denied the note on filed on behalf of Emma J. Gonzales for a review of the department's decision of March 24 in the case against the town's office of Flagstaff, A. T.

The Rhode Island Senate passed a bill extending the provisions of the Australian system to municipal elections, but the House failed to reach the bill before adjournment, and it therefore goes over to the next session.

The total gross exchanges of the country for the last year, as shown by dispatches from the leading clearing houses in the United States and Canada, were \$1,468,178,808, an increase of 37.7 per cent. as compared with the corresponding week last year.

It is rumored at Chicago that heavy stock-yard holders, seeing the ultimate removal of the yards from the heart of the city, are not only willing but anxious that the English syndicate should purchase them. The small holders are trying to prevent a sale.

Seven wise women, at the suggestion of Miss Anthony, have incorporated themselves into a new organization at Washington, D. C., under the name of "The Womophilists," the particular business and object of which organization is the education of women in political science, art, literature and physical culture.

A special to the San Francisco Chronicle from Ensenada, Lower California, gives an interview with General Torres, Governor of the peninsula. Governor Torres says he has been in constant cipher communication with Mexican Government since the disclosure were made and has sent a full report substantiating all that has been published. He says the Mexican Government has decided to demand that the United States punish Walter O. Smith, Augustus Merrill, Randolph Worden, Edward Hill, Frederick Hall and others for their part in the conspiracy. Torres will soon send the government proofs that an English corporation was undoubtedly guilty of complicity.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Hatred of the Jews Rampant in France.

Immense Fields of Ice Reported in the Atlantic Ocean, Making Navigation Dangerous.

The London Times advocates the buying out of French interests in Newfoundland.

Philip Bright, the youngest son of the late John Bright, has become a Home Ruler.

The Somali tribes in Africa are warring, and the Sultan of Zanzibar has sent troops to the scene.

Immense fields of ice are still encountered in the Atlantic, making navigation somewhat dangerous.

The main telegraph wires in London run through the subways in which the gas pipes and sewers are placed.

Stanley and Miss Tennant personally obtained a license from the Archbishop of Canterbury to marry on July 12.

England's "cliff railway," said to be the steepest in the world, was opened a short time ago at Lynton, North Devon.

Dr. Seward Webb and Cornelius Vanderbilt were robbed between Paris and Calais. Their losses were quite heavy.

Phra Phirog Song Knam has again started a rebellion at Chienmai in Northern Siam. It will probably result in failure.

It is announced that the Prince and Princess of Wales will attend the wedding of Henry M. Stanley and Miss Tennant.

The cathedral at Strasburg is to be lighted with electricity. It is the first church in Germany to be thus illuminated.

At Biorette, France, a revolt of the inmates of a mad-house was only quelled by drenching the unfortunate people with water.

What will be one of the longest telephone cables in existence is proposed by the Spanish Government in connecting Porto Rico and Cuba with Spain.

The Swiss Bundesrath has decided that extradition shall be granted for criminal offenses only, and not in cases of political, military or fiscal offenses.

It will soon be proposed that the members of Parliament should be made to print and distribute their bills before they introduce them at their own expense.

Over 1,100 workmen are now engaged on the Congo railroad. Four hundred of them come from Zanzibar, and the others are mostly Kroolboys from the Iberian coast.

According to the Freisinnige Zeitung Prince Bismarck appealed to the Emperor Frederick to intervene in his favor during the crisis which led to his resignation.

An English statistician figures out 633,000,000 gallons as the precise amount of the wine product of France for the year 1889. Its pecuniary value is something over \$200,000,000.

Edinburgh, Glasgow and Dundee, Scotland, are now in telephonic communication, provided by a new trunk line 100 miles long, which is conveyed under the Tay by a cable two and one-half miles long.

A London dispatch says: An anti-Semite riot has occurred at Loholak in Lithuania, which is inhabited mostly by Jews. A majority of the houses were wrecked. Many persons were seriously wounded.

Scientific farming in Italy is to be undertaken this year by a company owning a capital of \$20,000,000. If the operations prove successful, the old woodland now pulled by oxen, which has held the field since an era before the Roman Caesars, will probably have to go.

There have been revolts in the gold mines of Siberia belonging to the Russian millionaire Basilevski & Bartaschoff, miners. The miners were goaded to desperation by starvation wages and maltreatment. Two superintendents were killed and many buildings destroyed.

Dr. Hinzpeter, the German Emperor's former tutor, who was named as a possible successor of Bismarck, has been for some years absorbed in a scheme to reform Prussia by corralling them on a farm in the midst of a Westphalian desert.

The latest comparison between the armies of France and Germany place the former ahead numerically, while the latter is preparing to close the gap with the aid of the recent law. France could mobilize at the present time 775,000 trained soldiers more than Germany.

A famine prevails in the Soudan, and thousands are dying from starvation. Relief has been given in every district that could be reached by the government, but in places in the interior, which were beyond the control of the government, the people are without help. Around Suakin 2,000 persons are fed daily. The failure of crops for successive years, added to other causes, has led to the present intense distress.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times, doubtless Blooritz, says that the anti-Jewish movement in France is so intense that a man, who gave him the information himself, was hired by a furious anti-Semite for the purpose of assassinating an American Jew, Dr. Cornelius Herz (once member of the San Francisco Board of Health), representative of the United States at the Paris Electric Exhibition. This man had seen in the Figaro an advertisement for one capable of accepting any mission. He applied, and in an interview with the advertiser he received an offer of 5,000 francs if he would murder Dr. Herz.

The St. James Gazette in an article on the negotiations now being carried on by England and Germany relative to the territory in Africa says a probable settlement will be reached by the terms of which the Germans will evacuate Witul and abandon their claims to the territory behind Witul. The Gazette further says the line will be drawn across Victoria Nyansa, one degree south of the equator, to the eastern boundary of the Congo State. All the disputed territory north of this line will be British and all south of it German. The actions of Dr. Peters and the treaties he has made with the native chiefs will be expressly disavowed at Berlin.

DISTURBANCE OF THE HEART.

Heart disease is like an assassin, which creeps upon you in the dark and strikes you when unawares. Therefore, do not overlook any uneasiness in the region of the heart or disturbance in its action, but at once take Dr. FLEMING'S KIDNEY, Descriptive treatise with each bottle; or address Mack Drug Co., N. Y.

PORTLAND MARKET.

The latest weather bulletin complains of the want of rain in many counties of the State, especially along the valley, to insure a bountiful harvest, but in the event of no more falling a fair yield will be gathered. A shortage of wheat all over the world would be a blessing to every farmer, since it would cause it to rise in value. Preparations are being made to handle the next crop, and in this we must expect very keen competition from the export, especially from Seattle, whose grain merchants intend straining every nerve to have a grain fleet sail for Europe.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Table listing agricultural implements and their prices: Breaking Plow, Broadcast Seeders, Binding Twine, Grain Drills, Gang Plow, Osborne's Mowers, Reapers, Combined Mowers and Wood Saws, Droppers, Steel-frame self-binding Harvesters, Railroad Barrows, Iron wheels, Railroad Barrows, wood wheels, Solid Plow, Road Plow, Solid Steel Scrapers, Steel Plow Barrows, Spring Wagons, Sulky Plows, Walking Plows, Wagons, all makes.

RABS.

Table listing rabs and their prices: Barriaps, 40 in, 7; Java, 40 in, 7; Barriaps, 60 in, 11; Gunnes, 2x30, 10; Potato Bags, net cash, 56.6; Wool, 4 lb, 35; Wheat Sacks, spot, net cash, 74; Wheat Sacks, extra, second-hand, 64.

COFFEES.

Table listing coffees and their prices: Guatemala, 1/2 lb, 22 @ 24; Java, 1/2 lb, 22 @ 24; No. 1 Costa Rica, 1/2 lb, 22 @ 24; No. 2 Costa Rica, 1/2 lb, 22 @ 24; Salvador, 1/2 lb, 22 @ 24; Guatemala, 1/2 lb, 22 @ 24; Roasted Mocha, 1/2 lb, 35 @ 37.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

Table listing dairy products and their prices: Butter, Oregon fancy creamery, 25; Choice dairy, 20; Common, 18 @ 20; Fickel, California, 18 @ 20; Eastern fancy creamery, 18 @ 21; California fresh roll, 18 @ 21; Cheese, New California, 11 @ 12 1/2; Oregon skims and old, 12 @ 13; Swiss, domestic, 15 @ 16; Young America, Or., 14.

EGGS.

Table listing eggs and their prices: Oregon, 1/2 doz, 22 1/2; Eastern, 1/2 doz, 22.

FEED.

Table listing feed and their prices: Bran, 1/2 ton, 17 @ 18 1/2; Ground barley, 1/2 ton, 18 @ 19; Mill Chop, 1/2 ton, 22 @ 23 1/2; Oil Cake Meal, 1/2 ton, 27 @ 28 1/2; Shorts, 1/2 ton, 19 @ 20 1/2.

FLOUR.

Table listing flour and their prices: Portland patent roller, 3 7/8; Salem patent roller, 3 7/8; Dayton patent roller, 3 6/8; Cascadia patent roller, 3 6/8; Country brands, 3 5/8; McMinnville, 3 5/8; White Lily, 3 5/8; Graham, 3 5/8; Rye flour, 4 5/8.

LUMBER—ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Table listing lumber and their prices: Rough, 12 @ 13; No. 1 sheathing, 13 @ 14; No. 2 sheathing, 13 @ 14; No. 3 sheathing, 13 @ 14; Clear rousing, 20 @ 21; Clear P. 4S, 25 @ 26; No. 1 flooring, 25 @ 26; No. 2 flooring, 25 @ 26; Stepping, 25 @ 26.

POULTRY.

Table listing poultry and their prices: Chickens, large young, 1/2 doz, 5 5/8; Chickens, broilers, 4 5/8 @ 5 1/2; Chickens, old, 6 00 @ 6 25; Ducks, 1/2 doz, 6 00 @ 7 00; Eggs, young, 1/2 doz, 8 00 @ 9 00; Turkeys, young, 1/2 doz, 20.

SALT.

Table listing salt and their prices: 200-lb bags, 1/2 ton, 17 00; 100-lb bags, 1/2 ton, 17 00; Ground Rock, 30-lb bags, 1/2 ton, 12 50.

SEEDS.

Table listing seeds and their prices: Timothy, 1/2 ton, 6 1/2 @ 6 3/4; Orchard Grass, 1/2 ton, 11 @ 12; Red Top, 1/2 ton, 9 @ 10; Blue Grass, 1/2 ton, 12 @ 14; Mixed Eye Grass, 1/2 ton, 14 @ 16; Italian Rye Grass, 1/2 ton, 9 @ 11; Australian Rye Grass, 1/2 ton, 7 @ 9; Mesquite, 1/2 ton, 7 @ 10; Millet, 1/2 ton, 8 @ 10; Kangaroo Millet, 1/2 ton, 6 @ 8; Mixed Lawn Grass, 1/2 ton, 12 @ 15; Clover Seeds, 1/2 ton, 10 @ 11 1/2; Red Clover, 1/2 ton, 15 @ 17; White Clover, 1/2 ton, 15 @ 17; Alsike Clover, 1/2 ton, 15 @ 17; Miscellaneous, 1/2 ton, 10 @ 11.

CADY.

Table listing cady and their prices: Flax, 4 1/2 @ 5; Hemp, 5 1/2 @ 6; Rape, California, 3 1/2 @ 4.

VEGETABLES (FRESH).

Table listing vegetables and their prices: Asparagus, 1/2 lb, 6 @ 8; Cabbage, 1/2 doz, 2 @ 3; Cauliflower, 1/2 doz, 1 40 @ 1 50; Carrots, 1/2 sk, 1 00; Canned Corn, 1/2 doz, 15 @ 18; Celery, 1/2 doz, 20 @ 25; Cucumbers, 1/2 doz, 7 @ 8; Green Peas, 6; Lettuce, 1/2 doz, 20; Onions, 1/2 doz, 5 @ 6; Potatoes, 1/2 doz, 2 @ 3; Potatoes, sweets, 1/2 doz, 2 @ 3; Radishes, 1/2 doz, 20; Rhubarb, 1/2 doz, 5; Spinach, 1/2 doz, 10; Turnips, per sk, 1 75.

WOOL.

Table listing wool and their prices: Eastern Oregon—According to shrinkage, 10 @ 15; Spruce clip, 17 @ 20; Unimpa, 1/2 lb, 18 @ 20; Unimpa, lambs' wool, 10 @ 14.

FRESH FRUITS.

Table listing fresh fruits and their prices: Apples, 2 @ 3 @ 4; Bananas, 1/2 bunch, 2 @ 3 @ 4; Cherries, California, 1 @ 1 1/2 @ 1 50; Lemons, California, 1/2 box, 3 @ 4 @ 5; Lemons, Sicily, 1/2 box, new, 6 @ 7; Limes, 1/2 cwt, 1 50; Oranges, Riverides, 4 @ 5; Oranges, Seedless, 4 @ 5 @ 6; Oranges, Navels, 5 @ 6; Oranges, Ma Block, 5 @ 6; Strawberries, 1/2 lb, 6 @ 7.

L. H. Leach of Vancouver, Wash., a leading member of the Board of Education of Washington State, has made the announcement to the Board at Olympia that he has been offered \$5,000 as a bribe to bring about a reconsideration of the text-book adoption and lay it before the Board.

A PASSIONATE PIG.

His Singular Affection for a Man and Revenge Upon Her Slayer. The large, blooded Poland-China boar Rob Roy III, owned in the town of Wayne, east of Lake Keuka, has more than a local reputation, not only for his breeding but for the fierceness of his nature. He is of enormous size. With the exception of his owner, he will permit no one to come near him, and the only other living thing for was a hen he ever had any friendship for was a domestic hen, which has been his inseparable companion and at most inseparable companion for a year. The big hog has the run of half an acre of ground, and he has rooted that over and over again, for apparently no other purpose than to provide the hen with worms and other insects, without her having to take the trouble to scratch for them herself.

The hog and the hen could be seen any day in the enclosure, making the rounds of the inclosure, the hog turning up the ground with his great snout, and the hen standing ready to seize the worm or bug the rooting revealed. The hog would watch the hen as she scratched in the upturned dirt for insects, the old fellow grunting contentedly the while, and apparently having no object in life but to root for the hen. When she had gone through one rooting of soil the boar would plow up another one, and keep on until the hen's appetite was satisfied. Then Rob Roy III would stretch himself in the sun for a nap, and the hen would either wallow in the dust by his side or perch on his body somewhere and wait for her big admirer to wake up.

The hen always took her place on the edge of the boar's snout trough when his feed was poured in, and picked out those morsels as his nosing about the trough brought to the surface. A week ago another pig was turned into Rob Roy's inclosure, and the big hog tolerated her presence. She fed at the same trough with him, and all went well until Saturday. The domestic hen perched herself as usual on the edge of the trough at feed time. The new pig did not approve of this, and with a quick and savage movement caught the hen by the neck and bit it in two before she could squawk. For a moment Rob Roy turned his head and gazed at the futuring and pirouetting of the bleeding and headless body of his friend. Then he made one rush upon the domestic's slayer, and before his owner, who had been a witness of the hen's taking off, could interfere, Rob Roy had torn the pig's pig so frightfully with his long tusks that she died in a few minutes.—Hammondsport Cor. N. Y. Sun.

NAMES OF THE STATES.

Some Are of Indian Origin, and Others Are English or French.

Maine was so called as early as 1638, from Maine, in France, of which Henrietta Maria, Queen of England, was at that time proprietor. New Hampshire was the name given to the territory given by the Plymouth Company to Captain John Mason, by patent, November 7, 1630, with reference to the patentee, who was Governor of Portsmouth, in Hampshire, England. Vermont was so called by the inhabitants in their declaration of independence, January 16, 1777, from the French verb, green, and mount, mountain. Massachusetts, from a tribe of Indians in the neighborhood of Boston—the tribe is thought to have derived its name from the Blue Hills of Milton.

"I have learned," says Roger Williams, "that Massachusetts was so called from the Blue Hills." Rhode Island was named in 1644, in reference to the Island of Rhodes, in the Mediterranean. Connecticut was so called from the Indian name of its principal river; New York in reference to the Duke of York and Albany, to whom this territory was granted. Pennsylvania was named in 1681, after William Penn; Delaware in 1783, from Delaware Bay, on which it lies, and which received its name from Lord de la War, who died in this bay; Maryland, in honor of Henrietta Maria, Queen of Charles I, in his patent to Lord Baltimore, June 30, 1633; Virginia was named in 1584, after Elizabeth, the virgin Queen of England; Carolina by the French in 1654, in honor of King Charles IX. of France; Georgia in 1732, in honor of King George III.; Alabama in 1817, from the principal river; Mississippi in 1800, from its western boundary. Mississippi is said to denote Ki, whole river; that is, the river formed by the union of many Louisiana, so called in honor of Louis XVI. of France; Tennessee, in 1796, from its principal river. The word Tennessee is said to signify a curved spoon. Kentucky in 1783, from its principal river; Illinois in 1809, from its principal river. The word is said to signify the river of men. Indiana in 1802, from American Indians; Ohio in 1802, from its southern boundary; Missouri in 1820, from its principal river. Michigan was named in 1800 from the lake on its borders; Arkansas in 1819, from its principal river. Florida was so called by Juan Ponce de Leon in 1521, because he discovered on Easter Sunday. In Spanish, Pascua Florida.—Christian at Wisdom.

WIT AND WISDOM.

—He that accuses all mankind of corruption ought to remember that he is sure to convict only one.

—When a young man is running down in health he should wind up some of his bad habits.—N. O. Playmate.

—Often the man who does not know his own mind has escaped a very disagreeable acquaintance.—Terre Haute Express.

—Coolness and absence of heat and indignity, indicate fine qualities. A gentleman makes no noise; a lady is serene.—Emerson.

—It takes a small boy to see the imperfections in an old man, and an old man to see the faults in a boy.—Aitchison Globe.

—There is no surer mark of the absence of the highest moral and intellectual qualities than a cold reception of excellence.

—Reason can not show itself more responsible than to cease reasoning on things that are above reasoning.—Sir Philip Sidney.

—It may be remarked, for the comfort of honest poverty, that avarice reigns most in those who have but few good qualities to recommend them.

The Usual Description.

"Is the fellow what you would call a fast man?" "He certainly is fast in every respect but one."

"What is the exception?" "The matter of paying his debts."—Chicago Times.

—The value of a pack of hounds is revealed by the sale of one recognized as among the finest in England for three thousand guineas.

MODERN FAIRY TALES.