

EUGENE CITY GUARD.

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A TREACHEROUS FRIEND.

He is Quite Young and Small, But It Costs Much to Keep Him.

We have got a little friend at our house; at least he came to us as a friend and we ought not to distrust him, though at times we are sorely tempted to doubt his sincerity. He is expensive, too, for one so small, and costs us almost as much to keep him as it would a grown-up man. Still we shelter him and treat him as one of the family and he is always with us. He never goes out by himself, being too small. He is but a trifle over two years old and has not got his first tooth. Even at his tender age his hands often point to treachery and deceit, and sometimes we think he is a spy and tool for the people who induced us to take him. What is still stranger he has a friend, a rough-looking man, who comes to see him once a month with religious regularity. Although he never leaves our house from one year's end to another this man seems to know him better than we do, and to him only will he unobscure himself. When this mysterious man comes they are busy and want more light, but that is only for a moment and then it may become as dark as Hades for all they care. They never talk out loud.

But our little friend is intelligent. He has a bright, clear face, and he always keeps it, as well as his hands, free from dirt, although he is invariably in the dirtiest part of the house.

We have on several occasions accused him of tattling to this mysterious friend and of telling him untruthful stories about us, but he neither admits nor denies it. He is not dumb by any means, but exceedingly mum. He is easy to please, never complains of the cold, and always seems to have plenty of covering at night, though he has so little blood that I think he would freeze up tight at thirty degrees below zero.

Once or twice we thought we would send him away because we believed he was a traitor, but he is a great comfort to us and we have kept him. He was perfectly willing to go. He has one bad habit—he gets full, and then when the mysterious friend comes to see him they have trouble between them. He does not drink whisky. He takes nothing but water, and takes it straight. But even when full of that usually harmless liquid he is awfully disagreeable to every body.

The people who sent him to us have never been near our house since he came. They are not our friends, that we know, and we think that through the medium of this mysterious man our little friend beats us out of about three dollars a month.

He is our gas meter.—Chicago Tribune.

HE STOOD THE TEST.

How a Lover Made His Sweetheart Believe He Would Die for Her.

A Woodward avenue dentist received a call the other morning from a couple whom he soon had reasons to believe were lovers. The girl had an aching tooth, and as they entered the office the young man said: "Now, darling, the worst is over. Just take a seat and it will be out in a minute."

"Oh! I don't," she gasped. "But I'm afraid it will."

"It can't. I'd have it pulled in a minute if it ached."

"Oh, yes, I would."

"Has she got a bad tooth?" asked the dentist.

"Yes, sir. It has ached for a week, and I've just succeeded in getting her down here. Come, darling, have it out."

"Oh! I can't."

"But you must."

"I can't stand the hurt."

"Hurt? Now, then, I'll have one pulled just to show you that it doesn't hurt."

He took a seat, leaned back and opened his mouth, and the dentist seemed to be selecting a tooth to seize with his forceps, when the girl protested:

"Hold on! The test is sufficient! He has proved his devotion. Get out, Harry, and I'll have it pulled."

She took the chair, had the tooth drawn without a groan, and as she went out she was saying to the young man:

"Now I can believe you when you declare you would die for me."

And yet every tooth in his head was false.—Detroit Free Press.

HOW SOUNDS TRAVEL.

Noises That Can Be Heard Plainly at Great Distances.

The report of a cannon travels very far, because it communicates a vibration to the soil.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Los Angeles Chinese Vegetable Dealers Forming a Trust.

Interesting Paragraphs Concerning the States of California, Oregon and Washington.

Bozeman, Mont., is to start a temperance paper.

Stockton has a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Wild geese are going northward. This is one month later than usual.

The 300 Chinese vegetable dealers at Los Angeles are said to be forming a trust to control the business.

Three Angora goats owned by Mr. Hickathier of Drain, Or., were sheared recently, whose fleeces weighed 135 pounds.

Lieutenant Seth Karr, an Englishman, has started to explore the headwaters of several Alaskan streams where white men have never been.

The Marshall Monument Commissioners have decided to have the unveiling of the statue at the grave of J. W. Marshall, the gold discoverer, take place May 3.

A workman at the Treadwell mine in Alaska, with a hot iron attempted to thaw ice out of a drill-hole, but put the iron into the wrong hole and found giant powder. He is in a critical condition.

President Manuel of the Santa Fe road is said to be about to arrange for a line of transpacific steamers to meet his road at San Diego. Important developments in the Santa Fe system are expected.

The Secretary of the Interior has transmitted to the House a bill proposed to be introduced, prepared by the Territorial Educational Board of Alaska, providing for compulsory education in that Territory.

Pio Pico, the last Mexican Governor of California, now nearly 90 years of age, is a paper, and has been notified to leave his old homestead. Nothing remains of the great wealth this old man once possessed.

The Carson Appeal, the leading Republican paper of Nevada, advocates an open road in 1892 of all the States west of the Missouri river if a free coinage bill is not passed during the present session of Congress.

The Oregon Railway Extension Company, which is backed by the Union Pacific Company, will file at Olympia, Wash., supplementary articles authorizing it to build about 3000 miles of line in the Northwest.

E. Powers, a switchman, was killed in the railroad yard at Lathrop, Cal., one day last week. He endeavored to step on the front end of the engine, but missed his footing, went under and was terribly injured.

Attorney-General of the United States Miller has been making strong efforts to have the prosecution of Beecher, ex-Congressman of the port at Port Townsend, dismissed. Miller believes Beecher was politically persecuted.

The case of Nagle vs. Comstock at Sacramento has been dismissed at the solicitation of ex-Mayor Gregory, who said he would not accept the office of Mayor, even if the recount showed that he had defeated Comstock.

The water in the Bear Valley reservoir, one of the large artificial lakes in the world, and which supplies water to irrigate thousands of acres of the best land in San Bernardino county, is to be lowered to forty feet, that being a perfectly safe point.

The Senate act granting the right of way to railroad companies over lands belonging to the State and the Senate act providing for bringing navigable streams outside the line of navigable waters are to be returned to the Secretary of State by the Governor of Washington.

Helena, Mont., chose a Democratic Mayor and City Treasurer by 50 and 100 majority. The Republican elect one police magistrate and two aldermen out of eight. The city went 400 for the Republican party at the State election. There were dissensions among the Republicans.

Governor Waterman of California has issued a requisition on Governor Penney of Oregon for the arrest and delivery of G. H. Tread, a fugitive from justice, charged with embezzlement in San Francisco. Detective John Coffey was appointed agent of the State, and has started for Oregon.

At San Francisco M. Cleary is practicing for his coming match with Schaefer. The forfeit money of \$1,000 a side is deposited in San Francisco, and the stake money will be put up on May 4. The match is for \$2,000 a side at straight billiards. Schaefer to discount Mr. Cleary. It will last three nights, 1,000 points played each night.

News from Victoria, B. C., states that the catch of the salmon fleet up to April 1 was: Minnie, 225; Mollie Adams, 208; Black Diamond, 203; Ariel, 198; Triumph, 182; Maggie Mc, 183; Beatrice, 147; Sapphire, 130; Adele, 92; W. P. Sayward, 60; Letitia, 48; Teresa, 52; Juanita, 42; City of San Diego, 22; Penelope, 18; Mary Taylor, 16; Ollie Alger, 14.

Articles of incorporation have just been filed with the Secretary of State of the Kings River Storage and Irrigation Company, which has appropriated 500,000 miners' inches of water. It is proposed to build an immense dam for storage purposes near Kings River canyon where all the surplus and flood water will be held and the waters belonging to the canal companies let pass.

Mart Manson and Sig Johnson, two Swedes, while unloading a barge of lumber on the banks of the Duwamish river, eight miles from Seattle, were drowned, and their bodies have not yet been recovered. Manson fell into the water accidentally, and Johnson heroically plunged in to save him. The swell current carried both away from the barge, and they sank in full sight of a dozen workmen. Neither of the drowned men had been in this country very long, and were unmarried.

The twenty-second annual session of the Grand Lodge of California, Knights of Pythias, has just opened at San Francisco, January 1, 1870, there were fifteen lodges in the State, with a membership of over 1,300, and in 1880 the State had 110 lodges, with not less than 7,000 members. A fund of \$80,000 is on hand and invested, and a flourishing endowment and uniform rank. From reports from last year's session it appears that 161 lodges in the State were then existing and represented, and that six new lodges had been organized. The total membership on January 1, 1889, for the State of California was 10,171, and it is exceedingly probable the present session will report a membership for the first day of the current year of not less than 12,000. There are 166 lodges to be represented at the present session.

A stand-off. Applicant—a stand for the hand of your daughter. Parent—Have you any prospects for the future? "None whatever."

"She hasn't any, either. Take her, my boy, and be happy. Bless you both."—Texas Siftings.

There has been an appeal made by High Church and Catholic priests to their ecclesiastical congregations to boycott Sarah Bernhardt while in London as a punishment for what they call her blasphemy in reading the part of the Virgin Mary.

EASTERN ITEMS.

An Outbreak of Cholera Reported in Illinois.

The Burlington and Missouri to Build a Road from Cheyenne to Deadwood.

The Boston Evening Traveler has been sold.

Philadelphia will build another theater this year.

Meyer Grant favors burning New York city garbage.

The Equitable Bank at New York is to close its doors.

Polygamous Mormons are said to be leaving Utah.

Pittsburg is scourged by an epidemic of black measles.

Chicago is to have a new hotel fourteen stories high.

The Illinois House of Representatives has passed an anti-trust bill.

Antonio de Navarro and Mary Anderson will be married in London.

New York dealers have advanced the price of ice to \$5 a ton wholesale.

The mining population of Eastern Pennsylvania is in great distress.

The school-book lobby is accused of attempted bribery at Des Moines.

The total number of licensed places to sell liquor in New York city is 7,787.

Clarkson, First Assistant Postmaster General, is to retire on the 1st of June.

Colonel Winslow Judson, a prominent railroad man at St. Joseph, Mo., is dead.

The public debt was reduced during March at the rate of about \$379,000 a day.

Starvation is reported among the Indians on the Pend d'Oreille reservation.

The Illinois Legislature will be called in special session to deal with the World's Fair.

An ice trust has been formed by Chicago dealers and prices have been advanced.

The meeting of Union Pacific called for April 30 is to settle trackage rights with various roads.

It is said that farmers of Woodford county, Ill., are much alarmed by the outbreak of cholera.

Jefferson Medical College, graduated 220 doctors, and the Hallemeann College graduated sixty-six.

The school-book trust, it is reported, will cut prices May 1 one-quarter on a horizontal reduction.

Should the eight-hour law for clerks go into effect the employees of the New York postoffice will number 3,000.

Clarence P. Wickoff, a clerk in Fuller & Fuller's drug house in Chicago, has been detected stealing goods.

The town of Natick, Mass., has voted \$1,000 toward the fund for erecting a bronze statue of Henry Wilson.

Cows will be no longer allowed to run about the streets of New York. The Board of Health has issued the decree.

The estimated expense for collecting customs at the port of Canton for the year ending June 30, 1891, is \$34,022.50.

Sugar was used as fuel by the steamer Polytesian of the Allen line on her last trip, the supply of coal having run short.

A Pittsburg paper ventures the opinion that the number of illicit drinking houses is no greater in that county now than during the era of low license.

The American Education Association will award it prize of \$250 for an essay under 25,000 words, on the "State and Local Taxation of Personal Property in the United States" next December.

The wholesale merchants of Richmond are pushing their business into the Southern States and regard the outlook as favorable.

Nearly all of the United States Rolling Stock Company's plant at Bessemer, Ala., has been destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$300,000.

A committee of Chicagoans are now considering the feasibility of getting from Genoa the horse in which Columbus was born for exhibition at the Fair.

Edward Happy, the son of a rich Louisville, Ky., merchant, has been lost in the Big Horn mountains, three weeks and is believed to have perished.

Gifts of \$1,000,000 have been made to the McGill University at Montreal. A woman's branch is to be erected and a school of architecture and science added.

The Burlington and Missouri road will build a new line from the crossing of the Cheyenne river in Wyoming to Deadwood, S. D. The extension is 100 miles long.

Governor Campbell of Ohio, Congressman Dabell and Andrew Carnegie will be the principal speakers at the Scotch-Irish Congress to be held at Pittsburg in May.

The Baltimore Flour and Corn Exchange will receive no official quotation hereafter from the Chicago market, which has discontinued them in an effort to close up the bucket shops.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Stanley, the Explorer, Leaves Africa for Belgium.

M. Heriot, Proprietor of the Paris Louvre, Sent to the Insane Asylum for Relatives.

Stanley has left Cairo for Brussels.

Bismarck has been granted a pension of \$6,750.

A French exhibition will be opened in London in May.

A German newspaper says the Czar has fainting fits.

The laborers on the Cunard dock, Liverpool, have struck.

The India wheat crop is only 75 per cent of the average.

Edward Lloyd, publisher of the London Daily Chronicle, is dead.

The rumors of the repeal of the German sugar duty are without foundation.

Nansen's preparations for the exploration of Greenland are nearly completed.

Seven hundred porters have been engaged for the Emin expedition into Africa.

The cotton-planting undertaking in the State of Coahuila, Mexico, is proving successful.

Emin Pasha has entered the service of Germany in Africa at a salary of £1,000 a year.

Owing to a meat famine in Berlin the restaurants of that city have raised the price of meat 23 per cent.

The Duke of Bedford has spent £100,000 in trying to make cranation popular in England, but thus far without success.

Two Japanese officials are on their way to Japan from Berlin with a plan to establish a telephone line 100 miles long in Japan.

A clerk named Bunk has been sentenced for three months' imprisonment for attempting to extort money from Bismarck.

Inquiry into the municipal finances of Rome reveals a state of bankruptcy exceeding the worst. Numerous failures are anticipated.

The increasing and apparently incredible destitution of the Princess of Wales has become a source of great annoyance to the royal family.

The Sultan of Turkey, yielding to the advice of England, has decided to have the Kurds in Armenia repressed by the Turkish garrisons.

The Queen of England will be god-mother to the new girl in the Duke of Portland's family, and the child will be called Victoria Dorothy.

Mme. Tshirikova, who was reported to have been excited for a letter to the Czar, is now at Penza in the Caucasus and is under strict police watch.

The Federal Princes of the German Empire are not pleased with the Emperor, who rejects their counsel and is disposed to do just as he pleases.

Attorney-General Martin has consented to remain in the Manitoba Cabinet. It is believed Premier Greenway will soon resign and Martin will succeed him.

The Belgium Anti-Slavery Society has decided to send expeditions to Africa for the purpose of protecting the natives in certain districts against Arab slave raids.

It is stated Kaiser Wilhelm charged Major Liebert with the latter's departure for Zanzibar to use every effort to induce Emin to enter the German service.

American dentists are the only ones with which the crowned teeth of Continental Europe will associate. The Czar's American dentist is going to make him a new set.

People at Middlesborough, England, are excited over the alleged discovery of petroleum in the ground beneath them. Experimental borings are being made to a depth of 2,000 feet.

Australia is sending to England a new contract whose value is said to be of exceptional richness and power. Her name is Helen Rowe, and she has been a great favorite in Melbourne.

The Russian Government has prohibited the circulation in Russia of Hutton's novel "By Order of the Czar" because it deals with recent events in connection with nihilism and Semitism.

The Government of Denmark has erected fifty telegraph stations, chiefly on the west coast of Jut and, for the use of fishermen, who are thus able to communicate with the fish dealers at a distance.

The Guinness Trust, representing Sir Edward Guinness, has selected several sites in London for the erection of dwellings for the working classes, which are to differ from the famous houses in that they will be let only to the poorest class of laborers and that the rent will be almost nominal.

It is reported that the French Government has ordered a census of the German residents in the suburbs of Paris. It is understood that the step has been taken so that German residents without means of subsistence may be sent to Germany.

London Fire Department statistics show that although tower fires have increased greatly in number they are far less damaging than formerly, owing to the improvements in the apparatus for suppressing them.

British merchants are beginning to complain seriously of the decay of the ivory trade, since year after year the supply brought to the African coast has been diminishing until the price has risen to an unprecedented figure.

The United States Consular Agent at Charleroi, Belgium, is accused of having systemically undervalued merchandise exported from his district to this country. This official is not an American, but a native Belgian.

M. Heriot, the owner of the big store called the Louvre in Paris, was sent to the insane asylum by his relatives because he insisted upon giving \$1,000,000, which he could readily afford to lose, to founding an orphanage for soldiers' children.

A new canal will be immediately constructed to connect the waters of Detroit bay, Puget sound and Hood's canal. No use of engineering has been talked of that will prove of such gigantic importance to the future welfare of the State as this simple accomplishment. The new city of Detroit is situated at the head of the canal, and is destined to become an important city of Puget sound.

The beautiful and fast steamer City of Detroit, with first-class accommodations for 273 passengers, has just been launched, and will ply between the new city of Detroit and Puget sound points.

PORTLAND MARKET.

No complaints are heard about the general state of business in all lines which, when spring does arrive, will be exceedingly brisk. The sole exception seems to be a want of real estate, which are proving a disappointment to the brokers, but hopes are freely entertained that the season will yet be one of the best on record.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Agricultural Implements, Breaking Plow, Broad Cast Seeders, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Flour, Barley, Oats, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Vegetables Fresh, Asparagus, Cabbages, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Poultry, Chickens, Ducks, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Fresh Fruits, Apples, Lemons, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Grain, Barley, Oats, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Dairy Produce, Butter, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Flour, Portland patent roller, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Grass Seeds, Timothy, etc.

RESIDUE FRAGMENTS.

Silk articles should not be kept folded in white papers, as the chloride of lime used in bleaching the paper will injure the color of the silk.

Apple-Cream: Stew some apples, leaving the quarters whole. Skim them out in a dish, and with an egg-beater whip one cup of sweet cream and one cup of sugar, and pour over the apples.

To Cure Jacon: For a brine for fifty pounds of meat take three and a half pounds of salt, two pounds of brown sugar, ten ounces of saltpetre, and water sufficient to cover the meat. Roll the brine until all scum has risen, and still and cool. Pack the meat loosely, and pour the brine over it. Let it remain six weeks, and it is ready to smoke.

Neapolitan Cream: Boil half a pint of milk, the yolks of four eggs, and two table-spoonsful of sugar. Let cool. Cut up three ounces of preserved ginger. Decorate a mold with candied fruit. Stir an ounce of gelatine, melted, in half a pint of whipped cream, add to the custard, and mix in the ginger preserves. Pour into the mold, set on ice; when ready to serve, turn out on a glass dish.

—Tanke Blade. —If you could once make up your mind never to undertake more work of any sort than you can carry on calmly, quietly, without hurry or flurry, and the instant you feel yourself growing nervous, would stop and take breath; you would find this simple, common-sense rule doing for you what no prayers or tears could ever accomplish.—Elizabeth Prentiss.

—Sausages without cases: Chop five six pounds of pork having about twice as much lean as fat, add three ounces of fine salt, and pepper and sage to taste. Mix the seasoning well through the meat, pack as firmly as possible in stone jars and keep well covered in a cool place. As wanted, form into flat cakes with the hand and fry to a nice brown. To keep them during the winter or longer, fry as above, pack in jars and cover with hot lard. Keep well covered.

—Rolled Fish: Take some fillets of any white fish, wash in salt and water, wipe them carefully and place on a board or any flat surface and sprinkle each one with salt, pepper, sage, minced parsley and cracker crumbs, and the last thing add small pieces of butter; roll the fillets up and secure them with a string or skewer; lay them on very thin slices of pork in a baking pan, add half a cupful of water, cover the fish with a buttered paper and bake half or three-quarters of an hour; prepare some toast, butter it well, and place each roll on a slice; sprinkle with lemon juice and dried parsley, and serve with drawn butter.—Boston Herald.

ALL ABOUT WARTS.

Though in Themselves Harmless, They Should Be Promptly Removed.

Beneath the epidermal, or outer layer of the skin, the tissue is thrown up into little mounds or cones, called papillae. Into these run the small blood-vessels and the sensitive nerve-endings. Sometimes one of these papillae takes on an abnormal growth, which projects above the level of the surrounding skin, and is known as a wart.

Since the enlarged papillae may have one of various shapes, the wart may be pointed, or round, or flattened, and may be attached to the skin by a base which is broad, or by a small pedicle. Sometimes the papilla is branched, and then the wart appears to be split.

In what is known as the "seed wart," which is very broad and fissured in various directions, there is a series of branches of the underlying papilla, each branch being covered with its layer of epidermis.

Warts grow generally upon the face and hands, but no part of the body is exempt from them. They are seen most frequently in the young and the very old, persons of middle-age being less frequently attacked.

Sometimes a crop will appear all at once, almost in a night, and they may disappear with equal suddenness. The reason for such appearance and disappearance is rarely known, but the fact has given rise to a wide-spread but baseless superstition that warts may be charmed away.

No one cause can be given for the appearance of warts, but probably local irritation has something to do with it in many cases. It is a popular idea that they are contagious, and certainly there are facts which seem to point that way; but what the nature of this contagion is, if there is any, is yet to be discovered. Warts rarely appear singly, and may reach enormous numbers as well as large proportions.

Though in themselves all warts are harmless, it is undoubtedly true that they are sometimes the starting-points for cancerous disease. This is more likely to occur when the wart is unduly rubbed or irritated.

The commonest treatment is by the use of some form of mild caustic. Rather more satisfactory, however, is the treatment by surgical procedures, either by the knife or the sharp scraping spoon. The process, whatever it is, must be a thorough one, for if the papilla is not entirely removed, the growth will speedily recur.—Youth's Companion.

Washington Dress-Makers.

In with the well-known and well-dressed people of Washington who make the round of Cabinet calls on Wednesday afternoons there often appears solitary ones, and groups of women, who seem to be a little uneasy and out of their sphere at times, and to know no one nor any thing of their surroundings. In such a group a caller the other day discerned her seamstress, and asking who the others were she was answered: "O, we are all the business. We've come to see the styles. I can get more by going round to the receptions one afternoon than by studying a dozen fashion books. I can see all the nicest house dresses and street dresses, and know just how they are made."—N. Y. World.

A Pretty Oblong Pillow.

Make two oblong cushions, each 11 1/2 inches long and 8 inches wide when finished. Cover the outside of each with plain or figured plush and the underside with some contrasting shade of China silk or satin. Sew across the middle a Fasten four brass rings, covered with crocheted silk, to the opposite corners of the cushions and tie together with two full bows of ribbon. Suspen over the back of a chair, allowing one cushion to fall in front and the other behind. If plain plush is used, the effect is heightened by working the words: "Rest thee on this mossy pillow," or other appropriate words in graceful letters across the front of the cushion.—Farm and Home.

WIVES AND HUSBANDS.

Statistics of Marital Cruelty Collected by a Pennsylvania Official.

An exception to the usual dullness of public documents is found in the report of the Commissioner of Labor on marriages and divorces for 1889. This can be said of only a portion of the volume, for a part of it is devoted to the reproduction of the laws of the various States relating to marriage and divorces, and there is nothing more devoid of interest to the average reader than a book of statutes, unless it be a treatise on theology.

That portion of the volume, however, which treats of the peculiar kinds of cruelty practiced by 45,751 husbands against their wives and 6,122 wives against their husbands is of consuming interest. One woman was granted a divorce because her husband persisted in coming home at ten o'clock at night and keeping her awake talking. This was called mental cruelty, and the court agreed with her. Another woman secured a divorce because her husband cut off her bangs by force, and still another because her wife refused to cut his toe nails. One wife's feelings were lacerated to the point of legal separation because her husband would not wash himself,