

EASTERN ITEMS.

CANADIANS DON'T LIKE IMPORTED LABOR.

A Monument Erected—A Printing Office to Cost \$1,000,000—The Cronin Murder—Smallpox Increasing—Land-Tax Party

Smallpox is increasing at Minneapolis. Pittsburg is boiling and filtering its drinking water.

Foreign capitalists are buying New York real estate.

The Miller's National Association is in session at Milwaukee.

California sent 3,500,000 pounds of honey to Europe last year.

The Canadians are beginning to protest against imported labor.

Unlicensed saloons and breweries have to close up in Philadelphia.

Over fifteen inches of rain have fallen in Baltimore in two months.

South Dakota will bring into the Union an organized Land-tax party.

The Senate Committee on our relations with Canada, is at Minneapolis.

Developments in the Cronin murder are slowly coming to the surface.

A Kansas bride received a barrel of salt as one of her wedding presents.

A recent cold snap injured the cranberry crop in Plymouth county, Mass.

J. B. Wellington was shot by Dr. Stewart at Clay Center, Kan., last week.

Members of both parties are interested in the high-license movement in Baltimore.

At Helenwood, Tenn., the 11th, two murderers were taken from the jail and lynched.

The Grand army men will not obtain the rates hoped for their annual encampment.

S. E. Fields, a Georgia Senator, was killed by his stepson, at Dalton, Ga., on the 11th inst.

The Connecticut legislature has passed a bill forbidding the issue of free passes to legislators.

The tournament of the American Shooting Association, opened at Cincinnati on the 11th.

There has been a little breeze in New York over the cutting down of trees in the Central Park.

Miss Emma Bond of Taylorville, Ill., notoriety, has been married to Mr. Justus of Helper, Kan.

General Meade suggests that the old battle flags be hung around the pension building at Washington.

Two men guilty of murder, robbery and arson are reported to have been lynched near Knoxville, Tenn.

At Topeka, Kan., recently, Karl Hohmann, a wealthy farmer, strangled his wife and then hanged himself.

Friends of the late President Arthur have erected a handsome monument over his grave in Albany, N. Y.

A new underground light, operated by compressed air, is to be introduced in the zinc mines at Friedensville, Pa.

The merchants of Johnston, Pa., on the 12th, opened their places of business for the first time since the great flood.

"Another Pig in Clover" is the way a Missouri Democratic paper put it when a negro was appointed postmaster of the town.

Boone, Iowa, after an unsatisfactory experience with electricity for street lighting, now talks of establishing gas works.

The Interstate Railroad Association has reduced billon freight from Utah points to the Missouri river from \$15 to \$13 per ton.

Hatfield, Mass., is to have a big time on September 19th, that day being the 21th anniversary of the Indians attack on that town.

A number of the steel and iron manufacturing companies of New Jersey are said to be considering a removal to Chattanooga, Tenn.

The reported death of Cole Younger, the notorious outlaw, who is now in the Stillwater, Minn., penitentiary, is without foundation.

The temperance people of Maryland have determined to make a vigorous movement to procure the enactment of a High-license law.

At Pittsburg, Penn., lightning twisted a lad's head around to one side on his neck, and the doctors have thus far been unable to get it back again.

Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of the New York World, last week ordered plans at the Bureau of Printing for a 13-story printing office, to cost \$1,000,000.

The Wyoming Territorial Supreme court has decided that the owners of land may fence the same, even if so doing they inclose government or public land. This decision will be appealed.

Bonifacio Martinez, one of the most notorious desperadoes that ever infested the frontier counties of Texas and New Mexico, was arrested at Rio Grande City, Texas, on the 13th.

Ex-millionaire Nathan Corwith, of Chicago, died in poverty in that city on May 25th. He made his money in Chicago real estate and lost it all in a jump in an attempt to corner the lead market.

The new journal for colored people, printed and edited by colored men, which has just made its appearance in Charleston, S. C., starts off well. The editor proposes that social questions be kept entirely out of politics.

FOREIGN PLANNES.

English Ironmasters Rejoicing—A Rise of 30 P. Cent in Hotel Rates in Paris—A Secret Treaty.

The Shah is in Berlin. The average rise in hotel rates in Paris is 30 per cent.

Two-fifths of the House of Commons are binationalists.

Gladstone spoke at a Liberal meeting at Weymouth, last week.

Mrs. Mackay and her daughter, the Princess of Colonna, are in Paris.

The president of Paraguay now wants to spend \$50,000 to encourage European emigration.

An interesting long-distance telephone experiment is about to be tried between London and Paris.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria has requested the Shah of Persia to postpone his visit to Vienna.

The Duke of Portland was married in London last week to Miss Dallas Yorke, a Lincolnshire beauty.

A confirmation dress was recently described by a French fashion paper as extremely "coquetish."

A new agricultural machine distributes manure and insecticides, and sows grain by means of an air blast.

The death of the author of "Don Quixote" is still religiously commemorated by his countrymen.

Advices from Japan report the burning of 1000 houses and the loss of many lives on May 3d, at Yokoto.

It is proposed to keep the Paris exposition open for a year with the exception of the three winter months.

The deepest artesian well in Russia open with a depth of 2000 feet. The sinking operations took two years.

In 1888 the Italians residing in France numbered almost half a million, having increased 75,000 from the previous year.

The Russian government proposes to take steps for rendering the rivers of Siberia navigable and connecting them by canals.

The Vatican has decided that the astronomical observatory is to be begun at once, at an estimated cost of 1,000,000 francs.

The prospects of the Icelanders are so bright this season that it is thought the flow of emigrants from the island will be stopped.

General Boulanger's second daughter is to be married to a son of the Countess of Bar, sister-in-law of the ex-king of Naples.

The American Methodist Mission has arrived, it is stated, at Tschomburi, on the Upper Congo, where it is forming a station.

English ironmasters are rejoicing over the discovery of new sources of supply for Bessemer ores in Spain and Swedish Lapland.

The German Crown Prince the day received a little roan pony as a gift from his great-grandmother, Empress August.

The Queen does not approve of Edward's courtship of his cousin, Princess Victoria, but she has vetoed the match.

It is estimated that 400 native killed in a recent fight in Zanzibar, the bulk of the party destroyed below the British Isles.

Miss Jane Colleen, the first elected County Councillor in England, is barely thirty-five years old, her hair is snowy white.

A circular has been issued to prefects instructing them to use their influence to prevent skilled laborers from leaving the country.

Several tribes in Morocco have rebelled against the Sultan. The rebels have made prisoners of a number of officers and threaten to kill them.

The riding habit and hat of the German Empress at the grand review in honor of King Humbert were white and Gaiabourgh, respectively.

Andrew Carnegie has forwarded \$25 as his subscription for the flags which are to be unfurled from the field of Bankburn on the 29th of June.

London is declared more crowded than Paris. It is difficult to get a bed anywhere. American visitors overrun the hotels waiting for the Derby.

Bellini's piano, on which he composed his earliest opera, has just been found in the possession of a lady at Catania, whose husband bought it for £1 10s.

Fourteen thousand girls are attending the London School Board Cookery centers. Still further facilities for increasing this number are now being made.

Consumption in the German Army is greatly dreaded by the authorities, since the recent Parisian Medical Congress pronounced that the disease was contagious.

The agitation in connection with the scheme for improving the condition of the people of the West Highlands and islands of Scotland continue and intensify.

The Berlin Conference met last week for the last time. It has been settled that the election of the natives will be held soon after Malietoa has been reinstated.

The agrarian agitation, which is a result of the widespread misery in the agricultural districts of Italy, has now spread to several provinces, and particularly to Lombardy.

A report from Sumatra states that the volcanic crater on the west coast of the island, which has been quiet for several centuries, was active during the middle of February.

Bankruptcy in England ranks next to a high crime. If a member of Parliament loses his property and is adjudicated a bankrupt, he at once loses his seat in that august body.

Don Jose Zorrill, called the Spanish Victor Hugo, is to be crowned Poet Laureate of Spain at his approaching sixtieth birthday. The ceremony is to take place at the Alhambra Palace.

Mrs. Thomas Tennant, cowhided Miss Ricks at Salt Lake on the 9th. Mrs. Tennant had just returned from Europe and found her husband had transferred his affections during her absence.

A French fisherman who was reported lost, and whose property was divided up, returned all right after an absence of two years, but the French Courts held that he is dead, and he has got to take a new name and be somebody else.

The body of a dead man was found three miles west of Sacramento, in Yolo county, on the 9th. He had letters from Los Angeles on his person. His name is believed to be Milo Hayes. He is supposed to have been murdered by traps.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

A CONCERT AT THE MORMON TABERNACLE, SALT LAKE.

Experimenting in Mines—Mold on Grape Vines—Fire-Damp Explosion—A Ferry Boat Sunk—A Murderer Arrested—Notes.

Anaheim complains of many burglaries. Merced's popular drink is buttermilk on ice.

Travel over the Oregon road is very heavy. The Tehama Board of Trade has chosen officers for the ensuing year.

George Hahn suicided at Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, last week. A new postoffice has been established at Valle Vista, San Diego county.

T. D. Featherly, a cigarmaker at Butte, M. T., committed suicide on the 9th. Mold has appeared on the grape vines in some parts of Sonoma county.

The jury in the Hilldred stage-robbery case at Fresno has failed to agree. John Fitzmaurice, a native of Vallejo, was drowned at Portland last week.

C. G. Harrel, 60 years of age, was drowned at Vancouver, W. T., last week. William A. Martin was drowned in San Francisco, last week, while bathing.

Henry's stable and six horses at Fresno were burned on the 8th by an incendiary. The jewelry store of T. R. Redfield, at North Yakima, was burglarized on the 12th.

Irrigated alfalfa land in Tehama county turned off sixteen tons of hay to the acre last year. The annual encampment of the Sons of Veterans began at Sacramento the 10th inst.

O'Connor defeated Lee in a race on Salt Lake, on the 9th inst. The water was rough. The amount raised in San Francisco for the Johnston and Seattle sufferers is \$80,000.

John Pilot, an official of the South Pacific Coast Road, died at San Jose last week of apoplexy. Seven horses and mules and a calf were burned in the quartermaster's corral at Fort Selden, N. M., the 9th.

Bob Campbell, or "Three-fingered Jack," killed Hugh Boyd, near Acton, Los Angeles county, on the 8th. The ferry boat plying across the upper Columbia river at Wenatche, drifted on some rocks on the 9th and was sunk.

C. E. Jones, the proprietor of a shooting gallery on Catalina Island, accidentally killed Miss Eva Book, recently. William Lubreck, who killed Thomas Jones at Nevada, recently, has been acquitted.

Mary Ann Loup, aged five years, while asleep on the banks of the creek at Alviso, fell into the water and was drowned. The work of clearing away the debris of the burnt district in Seattle, preparatory to rebuilding the city, is being pushed as rapidly as possible.

A cave-in occurred in the Pioche Consolidated Company's Raymond & Elv mine, at Pioche, Nev., in which David Davis lost his life. The political guillotine took from the penitentiary at New Mexico the heads of eight old employees, on the 8th. Santa Fe people were surprised.

W. H. Mills, of Los Angeles, Cal., attempted to build a house in the middle of one of the main streets of the city, but was stopped by the police. One of the party of the Oak-Villard combination while at Tacoma, said that the Union Pacific route is to go to Tacoma over the Northern Pacific track.

An explosion of fire-damp did much damage in the Carbonado coal mine, near Tacoma, W. T., on the 10th. A miner named David Evans was killed. The annual election of directors and officers of the California Central and Southern Railroad Companies, comes off on the 18th inst., at Los Angeles.

Lieut. Frank Reeves Heath, U. S. N., one of the survivors of the wrecked man-of-war Vandalla, died at the Mare Island naval hospital, San Francisco, 12th inst. Twenty-two cases of insanity have been brought before the Judge at Tacoma since last March, and half of the cases are of persons who came from the East.

James Killbuff, a slate roofer, fell from the roof of the big hotel at Portland, last week, a distance of seventy-five feet, and singular to relate, escaped with his life. The Los Angeles Supervisors have resolved to pay from the county treasury the expense of introducing more Australian lady-bugs to fight the scale on fruit trees.

W. W. Rice, while running a mining machine on the foothills back of Dinuba, Tulare, was arrested last week on a charge of committing murder in Lincoln county, Ill. At the closing exercises of St. Helen's Hall Seminary for Young Ladies, held at Portland, Miss Ella Hirsch and Miss May Goldsmith, of that city, graduated with high honors.

The ship Hagarstown arrived at San Diego on the 9th, from Newcastle, 119 days out, with coal for Spreckels Bros. The ship is almost without rigging, having been in two hurricanes. A dissonant cave-in took place at Wilkesbarre, Pa., last week, in the coal mines of Hallenbeck & Hoffman situated under a thickly settled portion of the city. One of the principal thoroughfares of the city is filled with crevices, from which gas escapes in large volumes.

A "poor man with a large family" was written from Philadelphia to the Superintendent of prisons at Albany, N. Y., offering to be a victim to science by testing the efficiency of the apparatus to cause death by electricity, provided that \$5000 is paid to his family in case the experiment succeeds.

HOME AND FARM.

Stock Feed—The Potato Beetle—How to Destroy Crab Grass—Roots for Feeding—Roadside Trees.

One of the essentials of soil is a fertile soil. Every farm ought to have its experimental patch.

A rod of barbed wire, in place of a box, protects trees against horses and small boys. Thin out all surplus plants in the hotbeds if they are crowded, and those remaining will become more stocky. The last seed may be left open during the day at this season.

The best food for making hens lay is a pound of lean meat, chopped fine, given three times a week to a flock of twenty hens. But very little grain is required at this season. Corn Pudding: Two cups of canned corn, one pint of milk, two eggs, salt to taste. Beat the eggs until very light, add the other ingredients; put the mixture in a buttered pudding dish, and bake about forty minutes.

The fall colt can be turned on the pasture, and will cost but little. A mess of guilt and wickedness, he is a Hagen in faithfulness, and, if need be, in stern wrath. And he is on guard at the gates of the Fatherland.

Bismarck, as every body knows, is not an orator—I nearly said, thank God, he is no orator. His speech has been likened to a forest stream which rumbles over stones and roots. The comparison is somewhat poor. I think I know a better, though a rather technical one—namely, his speech is like quicksilver drawn out. Take a drop of quicksilver containing some lead or zinc, put on a pane of glass and hold it slantingly. The drop swells and rolls, but presently it stops. becomes thinner and longer, remains immovable for a moment, gathers new strength to flow, becomes thin once again, and so forth. Thus it is with the Chancellor's words; first half a sentence comes out, then he hesitates, stops, or utters a short inarticulate sound, and goes on again. It is evident that to speak is a physical exertion, but even when he is in first-rate form he does not talk fluently.

But on closer observation the reason appears very soon. The form of his speech is improvised on the spur of the moment, but, unlike many fluent speakers, he does not use the first expression which may come to his mind, but while he is uttering the first half of a sentence he is thinking how to shape the second half in order to express exactly what he wishes to say. If he makes a joke or a slight observation he speaks quickly and without hesitation, but as soon as he returns to the serious treatment of a political subject this painfully-accurate expression, the result of mental work, becomes again apparent, which shows that he endeavors not to say a syllable which he can not reconcile with his responsible position. This is the reason why his speeches concerning foreign policy, read like official diplomatic documents, every word is carefully considered.

His voice is peculiar, high-pitched and not very powerful. It has been called a thin voice, but this only expresses one of its qualities. Another is that it is so remarkably young for a man of his age to possess such a voice. If one does not see him while he is speaking it is difficult to believe that it is not a young Lieutenant of twenty-eight who is speaking (which, by the way, is rather a pity, since the snarl and the drawl of the German Lieutenant is detestable). But put in connection with this quality it can sound extremely soft and fluttering, and I should not be surprised if in former years, when he was Ambassador, some of his personal successes had been due just to this timbre of his voice.—Cologne Gazette.

There is no color on the horse which is so in demand for the scores. There is seldom any coat so silky or responds so quickly as the sorrel. But more important still, there is seldom any horse with such sound feet and limbs, or possessing the endurance of the sorrel.

When cultivating the ground to destroy the potato beetle, a few inches deep will suffice. One inch of soil, kept fine, on the top, will serve as a mulch, and in pulverizing it the grass and weeds will be killed. Never let the ground become hard and crusty if there is a probability of a dry season.

Should cheese puff up during curing it shows that the gas is generating too fast and the room has been too warm. The cheese thus puffed up should be removed to a cooler place, and, as a last resort, should be pricked to allow the gas to escape. A good cheese may be spoiled by not receiving good attention while curing.

Glaced Beef: Set the beef that has been kept from the soup to place in a moderate oven for about an hour, taking care to baste the surface once in a while with the broth and some condensed beef bouillon; drain on a dish, take off the fat, strain and reduce the liquid to the consistency of a demi-glace sauce with a little more broth and two half-pints of tomato sauce. Put some mashed potatoes on a round platter, set the beef in the middle, pour some of the sauce over, and serve.

Butter or string beans, if cooked and placed according to these directions, are delicious. Wash them and steam them until they are tender, but not soft; put them into a jar and pour hot vinegar over them; sweeten the vinegar and season highly with cinnamon. Another way equally excellent, but which gives a different flavor to the pickles, is to boil them in salted water until tender; then pour over them the hot vinegar which has been sweetened, and in addition the cinnamon has a liberal allowance of pepper; cayenne or black may be used.

Every farmer should himself understand grafting, and be able particularly to do it. The art is simple and easily learned, and it is always pay the farmer to do all the large jobs of grafting that he has to do, since his own time may be worth more at something else. But it is the little jobs, the setting of half a dozen grafts not worth sending for a professional grafter to do, that thus are neglected from year to year, simply because no one is at hand to do the work. Professional grafters make good wages and set grafts so much alike. Most of them have an assistant who saws off the limb to be grafted, while the grafter sets the scion to the cleft which he makes and covers the wound to exclude air. This and connecting the scion with the other wood of the branch is all the art there is in grafting.

Trees by Roadside: There is two sides to the roadside question. They are ornamental, but in early spring they often shade the road so as to keep it muddy after places more exposed to sun and air have dried up. Besides, the trees are often in the way of needed road improvements, and it is hard to get around or remove them. Then if grain or root crops are grown in adjoining fields their roots draw their moisture from so long a distance that the crop near the fence is not worth cultivating. A row of trees planted close enough to the line to make a fence of advantage to a farmer in one crop more than enough to build an excellent fence. So whether trees should be planted by the roadside must be considered in connection with the further question whether in after years the farmer or his sons can afford the expense of keeping up the ornament.

Roots for Late Feeding: The white turnip becomes pithy early in the winter, and it is, besides, objectionable for milk cows on account of the unpleasant flavor it gives milk and butter made from feeding it. Swedish turnips or rutabagas are better keepers, but are open to the same objection as other turnips on account of their flavor. The best root for spring use is the mangold wurtzel. It is a coarse root, not quite so rich as the smaller varieties used in winter, but yielding enough to make more than make up the difference. Mangolds are best kept in pits out of doors, but covered closely to prevent any frost reaching them, as they are more easily injured than turnips.

BISMARCK OF TO-DAY.

His Personal Appearance and His Ability as an Orator.

Bismarck has grown old during the last few years, his mustache is white as snow, and his walk less erect than in former years, but the power of his face and the might of his eyes live still the same as they did ten years ago.

When he sits down it is as if he was on guard, his sword laid across his knees, as formerly old Hagen used to sit, and though he is no Hagen in guilt and wickedness, he is a Hagen in faithfulness, and, if need be, in stern wrath. And he is on guard at the gates of the Fatherland.

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The bare Archeological Treasure Recently Found in England. A discovery of extreme archeological interest has been made upon the Barton section of the Manchester Ship canal. On Wednesday, while the excavators were at work in what is known as the "Salt Eye" cutting, the consistency of a demi-glace sauce with a little more broth and two half-pints of tomato sauce. Put some mashed potatoes on a round platter, set the beef in the middle, pour some of the sauce over, and serve.

Butter or string beans, if cooked and placed according to these directions, are delicious. Wash them and steam them until they are tender, but not soft; put them into a jar and pour hot vinegar over them; sweeten the vinegar and season highly with cinnamon. Another way equally excellent, but which gives a different flavor to the pickles, is to boil them in salted water until tender; then pour over them the hot vinegar which has been sweetened, and in addition the cinnamon has a liberal allowance of pepper; cayenne or black may be used.

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Great Changes Wrought in Their Habits

Enter the Influence of Education. The city of Algiers, the capital of the great French province of Algeria, in Northern Africa, has so mild a climate that snow is almost unknown.

The average temperature in January is fifty-four degrees; palm-trees grow freely in the gardens and suburbs, and the country has a tropical aspect. No little excitement was produced, therefore, when one day last winter there fell snow enough to cover the ground. The last such snow-fall had taken place in 1861, so that none of the younger people of the country had ever seen any thing of the kind.

The sensation was so great, indeed, that all the schools were closed, and the pupils, rushing out, were heard to make such remarks as these: "Look! It is raining cotton!" "Let's get some, and take it home and save it!"

The boys gathered masses of the fleecy snow to keep for a curiosity, and were astonished to see it turn into water in their hands. The boys of Algeria are a strange race. Most of them are Arabs, whose speech was brought hundreds of years ago from Arabia. They are Mussulmans in religion; if they go to their own Arab schools, called zawyas, they are taught little except to recite verses from the Koran. They are for the most part bright and merry, much like other boys among themselves, but inclined to be grave and suspicious in the presence of foreigners.

Girls are seldom admitted to the Arab schools, and they do not go, except rarely, to the French schools. They are usually married at an age when American girls are still playing with dolls. A good proportion of the Arab boys attend the French schools, and in some of the towns all the Arab children speak and write French.

There is, however, a race of people in Algeria who are much more eager to learn than the Arabs. They are the Kabyles, who, although Mussulmans in religion, some scientists believe to belong to the same race as the inhabitants of Southern Europe. They are mostly farmers and mountaineers, and are very industrious; they are eager to learn, and send all their girls and boys to school wherever schools are founded. Among them are some strange colonies descended from the ancient Romans, and still calling themselves Romans, or "Rami."

The Algerian Jews, too, who are descended from the Jews whom the Spaniards banished from their country, pay much attention to the instruction of their children. Under the influence of education great changes are taking place in the character of the population of Algeria, which, at the beginning of the present century, was almost entirely Mussulman, and practically unevilsized. Now, although there are not quite half a million Europeans in the country, more than a million people speak the French language.

Algeria, moreover, is but a part of the French domain in Africa. There are French colonies here and there around the whole northern half of the continent, and nearly all Northwestern Africa, including Tunis, Algeria, Senegal and a great part of the Western Sudan, promises to become French eventually.

The French flag has been carried as far into the interior of Africa as Timbuctoo, which, not many years ago, was a synonym for all that was strange, far away and inaccessible.—Youth's Companion.

AN EXPLORER'S RUN.

He Says It Pays to Keep on the Right Side of the O. D. Ladies.

When Dr. Finsch landed in Astrolabe Bay, New Guinea, a while ago, he went with an escort of sailors a short distance inland, where he found buried in the forest a large village. The party was accompanied by some of the village men whose acquaintance they had cultivated at the shore. The women, however, were none the less frightened at the strange appearance of the visitors, and most of them ran off into the woods. A few old women, however, who had been brave enough to face the strangers, were rewarded with presents, and through their efforts the other women were soon induced to return.

Dr. Finsch says that throughout his explorations he took particular pains to ingratiate himself with the old women. He often found that they wielded important influence, and their good will was very helpful. He admits that he did not always find it a particularly agreeable task to win the favor of the older women, for they are not fair to look