

# EUGENE CITY GUARD.

L. L. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

## ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST.

A black ram running with a flock of sheep in the mountains near Delano, Cal., a short time since chased a bear, when brain ran up a tree and was killed by the herder.

Fred Douglas has a fortune of \$300,000, and there are said to be one hundred colored men in Washington who are worth \$25,000 or more.

An old horse at Beaver Falls, Penn., long noted for its slowness, suddenly became remarkably lively, and now is almost as frisky as a colt. There are some who think the animal has gone insane.

It is said that enough of salt underlies the city of Ithaca, N. Y., to supply the world for a century, and that a syndicate has been formed to build there the largest salt works in the State of New York.

The lower classes of the Italian people continue to emigrate in enormous numbers, and the Government is much alarmed. The number leaving Genoa last year was 101,200, as against 52,852 the previous year.

The Liverpool and Manchester Ship Canal, which is to cost \$30,000,000 and be built in seven years, will be dredged by German dredging machines, as the English contractor finds nothing in England to equal them.

Hawkinsville, Ga., is remarkably proud of Miss Annie McCormick because she can play two tunes on the piano and sing a third, all at once. It is said that "she can sit with her back to the instrument and play most beautifully."

Empress Elizabeth of Austria, having been forbidden to take equine exercise for some months, now amuses herself with a tricycle. It is whispered that Her Majesty also practices, when in the seclusion of her grounds, upon a bicycle.

A copper soda fountain exploded with a report as loud as a small cannon, in Baltimore the other day. A man named Tysinger had his leg badly lacerated by the top of the apparatus, and another named Barnes was knocked over by the steam of escaping soda.

A Charlotte Harbor, Fla., lady has a small green frog with his home in the calyx of a lily in her room. The little fellow is quite a pet and perches high on the pistil of the flower to receive his dinner, consisting of flies led to him from the point of a pin.

Swallows have been making their home in the chimneys of the First Ward School-house at Appleton, Wis., and when a fire was built in the stove the other day hosts of dead birds came tumbling down the chimney. Altogether 850 dead birds were picked up and removed in bushel baskets.

The ups and downs of a speculator's life were splendidly illustrated the other day in the case of a man in New York, who made \$42,000 in two days. He put \$50,000 with it to make \$450,000 in three days, and lost the entire sum in six hours. In the morning he lived in a palace. In the evening he was out looking for apartments.

Red canaries sell for \$5 apiece in the bird stores. They are said to be produced from the eggs of an ordinary canary that has been fed on cayenne pepper. The young birds also are kept on a red pepper diet until they are full grown and their plumage has become a settled and permanent red. Some doubt this story, but it is stuck to by all the bird dealers.

A very valuable insulating material, described in the Chronique Industrielle, has just been produced. It is composed of one part Greek pitch and two parts burnt plaster, by weight, the latter being pure gypsum, raised to high temperature and plunged in water. This mixture when hot is homogeneous, viscous paste, and can be applied by a brush or cast in molds; it is amber-colored, and possess the insulating properties of ebonite, and can be turned and polished. Its advantage is its endurance of great heat and moisture without injuring its insulating properties.

# PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

## MILITARY EXPEDITION.

Escaped Convict Killed. Fire in Los Angeles. Disastrous Collision at Sea.

## SEVEN MONTHS' FIRE RECORD.

### Mysterious Deaths.

George Friedenberg, a saloon-keeper was found dead in his saloon at San Francisco, having committed suicide by taking poison, because, it was alleged, of jealousy of his wife, Wm. C. Luders, a book-keeper, and W. H. Waldron, a printer, together with Friedenberg, had been drinking for several days. Luders was found on the streets, insensible from an overdose of morphine, the next day, and died at the hospital. Shortly afterward the body of Waldron was found in a hallway on Howard street. It is supposed he died from alcoholism. Coroner Stanton is nonplussed at the turn events have taken, as these two were the only witnesses he relied upon for the inquest on Friedenberg, and as Luders in conversation with the coroner said it would not be long before he would be laid beside Friedenberg, it is supposed he committed suicide, though no motive is apparent.

### Disastrous Collision at Sea.

A dispatch received at the Merchant's Exchange at San Francisco, states that the British ship Earl Wemyss, which left for Cork, collided with the British ship Ardencaple, bound from Liverpool to Calcutta. The Wemyss, which sunk, carried 43,342 cents of wheat, valued at \$63,700, shipped by G. W. McNear. The Ardencaple was badly damaged. She put into Fernando Noronha, a small port on the coast of Brazil. A part of the crew of the Wemyss was saved.

### Shot by a Policeman.

Officer Whalen, of San Francisco, heard the cries of a man on the corner of Russ and Folsom streets. Running there he found Officer Glennon, with a pistol, standing over a man who was bleeding. On examination it was found that he had been shot by Officer Glennon in three places. He was taken to a hospital, where he lies in a critical condition. The cause of the shooting was not disclosed.

### Wholly Unknown.

An unknown man was found by a policeman before daybreak, lying in an insensible condition at the foot of a bank near the Union Iron Works, in San Francisco. He had fallen over the bank, which is twenty feet high, while drunk. At the receiving hospital his injuries were pronounced fatal. All the ribs on the left side were fractured, as was his right hip, and he had suffered contusion of the brain. Who the man is, is not known. There was nothing on him that would help to identify him.

### Escaped Convict Killed.

There have been frequent fires and robbery on Fowler Bros.' railroad, near Dutch Flat, Cal., causing heavy losses. Constable Ferguson and a party found a camp with three men in the brush. On seeing the officers two ran away and the third was killed. Henry Watters, one of the hunting party, was shot in the leg by one of his own party, but not much injured. The men are supposed to be escaped convicts.

### Fire in Los Angeles.

Fire gutted a two-story wooden building in East Los Angeles, owned by L. Stronmee. The lower portion was occupied as a tin shop and picture store, and the upper floor was used as a lodging house. The loss is estimated at \$2,500, partly insured. The interior of a three-story structure adjoining, owned by J. N. Abbott, was flooded, causing a loss of \$1,500, insured.

### Successful Military Expedition.

Capt. McConihe, commanding officer of the recent army expedition to Yaquina bay, rode into Portland and telegraphed the news of his arrival to Vancouver. The expedition, which consisted of two companies of infantry and a platoon of artillery, took a course southerly from here on the west side through Sheridan and the Grand Ronde Indian reservation to Nestucca bay. From this point an exploring party was fitted up with a pack train, and mounted upon mules, went down the coast to Yaquina bay. The captain, with the main command, came back east of the Coast mountains, and took their march through King's valley and along the route of the Yaquina river to Yaquina bay. From this point the whole command returned on the west side by a different route, having marched in all about 400 miles. They are now stationed about three miles up the river. "I am well pleased with the result of the expedition," said Capt. McConihe, "both in the advantages accruing to the troops from the marching experience, and the successful passage of the exploring party from Nestucca bay southward. There is no official record, so far as we know, of this route having been covered, though there are rumors in that direction, and it has been an open and interesting question whether such a trail could be found. We take no little satisfaction at the success of the enterprise. Most

of the passage was made along the beach, but several streams enter into the ocean, and the high and frequent promontories render the route difficult. The deep rivers were successfully swum by the mules, and a toilsome way picked over the rocky headlands. Such tramping expeditions are annually customary, and this is the only one this year."

### From Seattle.

Louis English, while at work digging a deep trench for a sewer at Seattle, W. T., was caught by a caving in and buried. His fellow-workmen dug him out in a half-dead condition. It is hardly expected he will survive internal injuries, resulting from the pressure he received.

### Poisoned by Canned Goods.

Three families have been poisoned by eating canned goods at San Diego, Cal. Four members of the family of W. F. Baltimore are prostrated, and Katie, the youngest daughter, is not expected to recover. Four members of the family of Capt. Charters and Mrs. Miller and her daughter, are also in a critical condition.

### Attempt to Wreck a Train.

An attempt was made to wreck the overland train near Los Angeles, Cal. The train reached a dark point near the outskirts of town, where the track is on an embankment. When the engineer saw something on the track he reversed the lever and put on the air brakes, but the cow-catcher struck the obstruction, which proved to be a telegraph pole, evidently laid across the track by some unknown persons.

### Seven Months' Fire Record.

Following is the fire record of Portland, Or., from January 1 to August 31, as taken from the record of the fire commissioners: During the month of January there were twenty-two alarms. The total loss was \$4,224 65, on buildings \$1,408 15, contents \$2,816 50; total amount insured for \$10,700, on buildings \$4,600, contents \$6,100; total insurance paid \$3,649 65, on buildings \$1,208 15, on contents \$2,441 50. During February there were six alarms. Total loss \$558, on buildings \$105, contents \$453; total amount insured for \$850, buildings \$100, contents \$750; total insurance paid \$388 25, buildings \$55, contents \$333 25. During March there were nineteen alarms; loss, \$10,355 05; buildings \$2,166 05; contents \$8,189. Insurance, \$22,775; buildings, \$19,895; contents, \$2,900. Insurance paid, \$1,855 05; buildings, \$1,166 05; contents, \$689. During April there were eleven alarms. Loss, \$2,446 76; buildings, \$796 75; contents, \$1,650. Insurance, \$11,500; buildings, \$1,500; contents, \$10,000. Insurance paid, \$1,546 76. During May there were fourteen alarms. Loss, \$2,550 75; buildings \$1,898 75; contents, \$652. Insurance, \$2,900; buildings, \$1,400; contents, \$1,500. Insurance paid on buildings, \$1,098 75; contents, \$352. During June there were two alarms. Loss, \$100. Insurance none. During July there were thirteen alarms. For this month the losses and insurance are not reported. During August there were fifteen alarms. For this month also there is no record of the amount of losses and insurance.

# TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

### A Heavy Embezzlement.

It was definitely learned that the embezzlement of Joseph Breed, assistant cashier of the Harford (Conn.) National Bank, who recently committed suicide, would aggregate \$108,500 instead of \$22,000 as first reported. The estate of Daniel Goodwin loses \$86,000. The large Shultas estate, of which Breed was custodian, is intact. The examination of the bank is finished, and not a dollar is missing. Breed lost the money in stock speculation.

### Dynamiters at Work.

For the fourth time Cutler, Ind., was the scene of a terrific explosion. Dynamite was placed under the post-office, and that structure literally blown to atoms. A large quantity of dynamite was found under a hotel with matches half burned. A strong gale undoubtedly extinguished the match.

### Death from Hydrophobia.

Two horses died at Scorro, N. M., in the agony of hydrophobia, having been bitten by a mad dog. A yearling calf died of the same disease, having been bitten by the same dog. A child recently died here from the same cause in horrible agony. Several more show signs of hydrophobia, and it is thought they will die.

### Killed His Wife and Children.

Near Columbus, Ind., James Ford, a farmer while suffering from delirium caused by fever, sprang from his bed and made an attack upon his wife and two children. He seized a chair and killed the youngest child and his wife, and his 10-year-old boy was so badly injured that he died.

### A Verdect of Guilty.

Judge Schroder of Cincinnati, ordered the jury to return a verdict of guilty, in the case of Ives and Stagner, two very prominent New York financiers, in the trial in which they are charged with embezzling some millions of securities of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. R.

### A Wife's Punishment.

Mrs. Lena Schreiner, who poured kerosene on her husband while he was drunk, and set him on fire, pleaded guilty to a charge of murder at Chi-

cago. With her baby on her knee, she listened stolidly while the judge pronounced a sentence of ten years in the penitentiary. The judge said that in fixing the sentence he had taken into consideration the fact that Schreiner was a wife-beater of the most brutal variety.

### A Scout Commits Suicide.

Senor Florence Luz, a wealthy ranchman of Sonora, and famous for a quarter of a century as an Indian scout for the United States and Mexican troops, committed suicide by shooting himself near San Lazaro, A. T.

### A Deadly Duel.

A sanguinary duel took place at San Felipe de Sabinas, Texas. Losira Amador, captain of the Contias Guards, a body of mounted custom house inspectors, and Graciana Cautan, one of the state rangers, had had trouble and a grudge existed between them. Meeting in San Felipe de Sabinas, they drew pistols simultaneously and began shooting. Amador fell dead at the second or third shot and his opponent, Cautan, died within four hours from the effect of wounds received from his own antagonist.

### Accident on the Wabash.

A passenger train on the Wabash road, near Fairmont, Ill., was wrecked by a collision with a freight. An unknown man stealing a ride was killed, and the engineer and postal clerk are badly injured.

### Accidentally Killed.

John Payne met death in Pine canyon, near Fillmore, Utah. He was taking home a load of lumber, and in some way he was thrown under the wagon, the wheels passing over him, crushing his skull and breaking bones in his body.

### "Met Death in the Clouds."

A large silk balloon, its car deserted and drifting, was captured on Cumberland hill, R. I., where it had caught among the trees. The address, "Carl Myers, Mohawk, N. Y.," was found on it, and a bit of a Buffalo newspaper was pinned to the basket, on which was pencilled "Met our death in the clouds."

### Killed his Brother-in-law.

Alexander Malock and George Turner, prominent farmers of Shelby county, Ala., and brothers-in-law, settled a feud by a duel. They met in the public road and fired five shots each. Turner was mortally wounded. Malock escaped.

### Three Mexicans Murdered.

The bodies of three Mexicans who were mysteriously murdered at a way station near Pueblo, Colo., were found. There is no clue to the murderer but it was doubtless for the purpose of robbery.

### A Millionaire Pardoned.

The board of pardons of Pennsylvania has granted a pardon to Milton Weston, the Chicago millionaire who is serving a five years' sentence in the Western penitentiary for contributory murder in the death of a man named Haymaker during a fight between employees of the two men over possession of a piece of land in Western Pennsylvania about four years ago.

### A Woman's Terrible Encounter.

At North Baltimore, Ohio, Mrs. H. C. Moyer went to the stable to feed a horse, when she was accosted by a man who demanded her money. A struggle ensued, and the woman finally escaped with nearly all of her clothing torn from her person. Going to the house she encountered another man who was ransacking the house. Picking up a gun she fired at the fellow, but missed him. She was then knocked down and beaten so badly that she will probably die. The thieves secured \$200 and escaped.

An agitation is going on in India against the slaughter of cows for food for the soldiers. It is pointed out that it takes over 125,000 cows every year to feed the soldiers, and that the Hindoos themselves very rarely touch meat, living upon rice, vegetables and milk. Once even the poorest could have all the milk he wanted for his babies and himself, but now it is impossible for the villagers to get milk even for infants whose mothers' breasts have failed, and the failure of the breasts is due chiefly, also, to the lack of cow's milk. Thousands of children die on this account yearly.

The bones of our soldiers who fell in Egypt are arriving in this country to be used as manure. A vessel with a cargo of bones reached Aberdeen. The captain said the bones, principally of the camel and giraffe, while being shipped at Alexandria were found to include a number of perfect skeletons. These he rejected, though the cargo is supposed to have contained a quantity of separate human bones. The natives visit the battle-fields and dig up the remains of English soldiers.—London Christian World.

The new clock placed in the tower of the Glasgow University is a tremendous affair. The main wheels of the striking and quarter trains are twenty inches in diameter. The weight of the hammer that strikes the hours is one hundred and twenty pounds, and it is lifted ten inches. There is an automatic apparatus attached to the clock which stops the quarter peals at night and starts them in the morning. The pendulum is of zinc and iron, to counteract influences of temperature. The bob of the pendulum is cylindrical, and weighs three hundred pounds, and the beat is one and one-half seconds.

# AGRICULTURAL.

## DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF FARMERS AND STOCKMEN.

The sheep must have a dry location at night. Dampness is fatal to sheep, being the cause of distemper, while wet pasture fields conduce to foot-rot.

A half-bred ewe, bred to a Shropshire ram is reported from England dropping six well matured lambs at one birth. Another produced four lambs and two others triplets.

Sheep eat so many different kinds of plants which horses and cattle refuse that the addition of a sheep, by keeping down those plants which other stock refuse, really increases the product of the pasture.

The vessels carrying frozen muttons from Australia are said to be taking out their refrigerators to abandon the business, while the South American trade is preparing for an increase in the same line.

Southdown rams are the best for crossing on small native breeds in order to produce excellent mutton. The ewes from such crosses should be mated with Oxford or Shropshire rams if larger size be desired.

The Indiana Farmer is authority for the statement that the Shropshires have grown more rapidly in popular favor than almost any other mutton breed of sheep, especially in the central Western States.

An English farmer, writing of feeding ensilage to his flock of five hundred sheep, says that they did better on it than on any other food, and last year his 480 lambs not one died, and his ewes did better than usual.

The way to build up the sheep industry is to weed out the flocks, go for greater capacity for mutton, and increase in the individual, and put a small flock on every farm, where they will pay their way, even if wool isn't worth a cent a pound.

The points to be observed in putting up wool are, not to fold the fleece too tightly as to destroy its elasticity; not to try to sell twine for wool, and to exclude all tags, leg wool and all foreign matter from the interior of the fleece.

The business of raising lambs for early spring marketing is yearly assuming greater proportions in New York and New England. To meet with the greatest success it is found important to select ewes for dams that are large milkers, and to so feed them as to keep a liberal flow of milk long continued.

There is always an uncertainty regarding the temperature for churning. While from 62 to 65 deg. is usually accepted as the proper temperature, the milk from some cow produces cream that requires as high as 67 deg. to form butter. On each dairy farm practical handling of the milk only can determine how best to churn for first-class butter.

To get the cream quickly from milk, as soon as it is drawn from the cow reduce its temperature to about 45 deg. and keep it there, and in four or five hours all the cream will rise. The cream will be perfectly sweet, and the skim milk will be of a very superior quality. If the cream is to be made into butter, it should be kept at a temperature of about 65 deg. and churned at a temperature of from 55 to 60 degrees.

The idea that any method of feeding turnips to cows, either just before or just after milking, will save the next mess from being flavored, is a popular mistake. Heating the milk will cause the flavor of the turnip to evaporate so that it will not affect the butter made from it. But there are objections to this. The butter from milk thus treated will be soft, and the milk, if used as food, will have a counteracting effect which it did not before possess.

If hens are confined in somewhat narrow limits there is a great advantage in having two runs to be used alternately through the season. If possible these should be arranged so that a one-horse plow can be introduced and the ground be plowed or dragged over every time a change in quarters is made. A few sowings of oats, dragged in will keep the fowls busy scratching for the grain, and what escapes them and grows will be worth even more for green food.

The competition among market gardeners is now so great that early vegetables for outdoor planting are offered by them cheaper than most farmers can grow the few they may require. Send an inquiry to any leading market gardener, and the writer will be surprised to learn how cheaply tomato, cabbage, lettuce and other plants are furnished to those ordering by the quantity. It is often better and cheaper for farmers to buy these than to try to grow them, with the poor facilities that most can command.

# MARKET REPORT.

## RELIABLE QUOTATIONS CAREFULLY RE- VISED EVERY WEEK.

WHEAT—Valley, \$1 30@1 35; Walla Walla, \$1 20@1 24.

BARLEY—Whole, \$1 10@1 15; ground, per ton, \$25 00@27 50.

OATS—Milling, 32@34c.; feed, @45c.

HAY—Baled, \$10@13.

SEED—Blue Grass, 14@16c.; Timothy, 9@10c.; Red Clover, 14@16c.

FLOUR—Patent Roller, \$4 Country Brand, \$3 75.

EGGS—Per doz, 25c.

BUTTER—Fancy roll, per pound 25c.; pickled, 20@25c.; inferior grade, 15@25c.

CHEESE—Eastern, 16@20c.; Oregon, 14@16c.; California, 14c.

VEGETABLES—Beets, per bushel \$1 50; cabbage, per lb., 2@; carrots, per lb., \$1 25; lettuce, per doz, 20c.; onions, \$1 00; potatoes, per 100 lb., 40@50c.; radishes, per doz., 12@15c.; rhubarb, per lb., 6c.

HONEY—In comb, per lb., 12c.; strained, 5 gal. tins, per lb., 8c.

POULTRY—Chickens, per doz., \$4 00@6 00; ducks, per doz., 4@6 00; geese, \$6 00@8 00; turkeys, per lb., 12c.

PROVISIONS—Oregon hams, 12c. per lb.; Eastern, 13@14c.; Eastern breakfast bacon, 12c. per lb.; Oregon 10@12c.; Eastern lard, 10@11c. per lb.; Oregon, 10c.

GREEN FRUITS—Apples, 10@15c.; Sliced lemons, \$6 00@8 00; California, \$3 50@5 00; Naval oranges, \$6 00; Riverside, \$4 00; Mission mean, \$4 25.

DRIED FRUITS—Sun dried apples, 7@; machine dried, 10@11c.; pitless plums, 13c.; Raisins, 10@14c.; peaches, 12@14c.; raisins, \$2 40@2 50.

WOOL—Valley, 17@18c.; Eastern Oregon, 9@15c.

HIDES—Dry beef hides, \$3 00@4 00; culs, 6@7c.; kip and calf, \$3 00@4 00; Mairrain, 10@12c.; tallow, 9@10c.

LUMBER—Rough, per M, \$10 00@12 00; edged, per M, \$12 00; T. and S. sheathing, per M, \$18 00; No. 2 ceiling, per M, \$18 00; No. 2 rustic, per M, \$18 00; clear rough, per M, \$20 00; clear 2 S, per M, \$22 50; No. 1 flooring, per M, \$22 50; No. 1 ceiling, per M, \$22 50; No. 1 rustic, per M, \$22 50; stepping, per M, \$25 00; cut 2 S, 50 inches wide, extra, \$1 00; length 40 to 50, extra, \$2 00; lengths 30 to 40, extra, \$4 00; 1 1/2 lath, per M, \$3 10; 1 1/4 lath, per M, \$2 50.

BEANS—Quote small whites, \$4 00@5 00; bayos, \$3; butter, \$4 00; Limas, \$4 50 per cental.

COFFEE—Quote Salvador, Rio, Costa Rica, 18@20c.; Rio, 18@20c.; Java, 27c.; Arbuckle's roasted, 27c.

MEAT—Beef, wholesale, 2 1/2@3 1/2; dressed, 6c.; sheep, 3c.; dressed, 4c.; hogs, dressed, 8@9c.; veal, 5@7c.

SALT—Liverpool grades of the quoted \$18, \$19 and \$20 for the sizes; stock salt, \$10.

PICKLES—Kegs quoted steady at \$1 35.

SUGAR—Prices for barrels; Golden C, 64c.; extra C, 62c.; dry granulated, 70c.; crushed, fine crushed, cube powdered, 73c.; extra C, 64c.; and boxes, 4c. higher.

—There are about twice as many women as men in Yucatan, notwithstanding the fact the whole system of the country seems to be constructed for the especial benefit of the masculine third of the community. —The old Hohenzollern course, King no King was to be succeeded by his eldest son and the heir was to have some malformation or damaged health has been broken, and even the most superstitious have begun to doubt the spell. —Favored subjects of the Shah of Persia are permitted, as a special mark of esteem, to be present when the Shah has a tooth pulled, while all persons who would really enjoy the spectacle—those suspected of being unfriendly to him—are cruelly excluded. —A magnificent engineering work of the fifth century, which had been partially destroyed, has been restored in Ceylon. It is an irrigating reservoir covering an area of 4,425 acres, and about seven square miles, from which water is taken to smaller distribution tanks more than fifty miles away. —The great donjon tower of the Castle of Nagoya, Japan, is surmounted by two golden dolphins over 200 years old, each valued at \$80,000. One was sent to the Vienna Exposition of 1874 and was lost at sea. But some months after they fished it up, and again glittered from its lofty gable, the pride of Nagoya. —An improved method of oiling the waters has been patented in Germany. A rocket, to which is attached a cylinder filled with oil, can be thrown with accuracy from the ship, and when it explodes the oil is scattered where it is wanted. By the explosion of five rockets at a distance of 1,300 to 1,500 feet from a ship a space of 1,500 to 2,000 square feet of water was covered with oil, and the water were at once smoothed.