

THE EUGENE CITY GUARD.

SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1887.

The War Flags.

When the civil war broke out there lived in Western New York three young men, brothers. One of them, a lawyer, just beginning to practice, was the sole support of his widowed mother and his sisters. These three young men at that time held a conference and decided that two of the brothers should volunteer and the third should stay at home and earn money to provide for the other members of the family. Accordingly these two brothers fought through the war in the Union army. Unfortunately, the young man who stayed at home was drafted, and he procured a substitute refusing to plead these facts which would have exempted him. Afterwards when New York State was reimbursing those who hired substitutes, this young man patriotically refused, to accept a cent.

This is Grover Cleveland's war record, and they who say that Cleveland was opposed to the Union in the time of the civil war are either ignorant of these facts, or they desire to ignore them, to spread misinformation, to aid in propagating sectional hatred, and to keep alive the discord between the sections.

For ourselves we know the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States are in full force, we know the laws of the United States are enforced in every corner of the land, we know that the Union of States is permanent and the public opinion of the Southern States is a unit in upholding these measures. We thought the war was fought to accomplish these things, but if Fairchild is right we are wrong. The grand object of the war, according to this authority was to capture a thousand square yards or so of bonding.

Fairchild was a Democrat before the war we are reminded. From that class have come the bitterest enemies the South ever had, who have cherished the quarrel because of the quarrel and not from principle, and to-day, they and their principles dominate the Republican party. They hounded Greeley to his grave, they made the last years of Sumner miserable, because he extended his hand in token of amity and union to his southern countrymen. Wendell Phillips died preaching the gospel of peace and denouncing the Republican party as the tool of monopolists who would enslave white and black.

Behind this hue and cry there is something hidden. It is not wholly because Sumner's proposition that since the objects of the war had been accomplished, it was time to become friends again, and that a generous act would be to return the Southern flags, is revived that the old war whoop is raised again. It is because Cleveland refused to sign the Independent Pension Bill. A late dispatch to the Oregonian says that several months ago "Gen. Fairchild prepared a circular which he afterwards sent to every post in the United States, calling for an expression of opinion on the pension question in such a way as to deal the President a savage rebuke."

It is twenty-two years ago and over since the war was ended.

There are other Cleverlands in Washington besides the President's family. The directory gives the names of ten Cleverlands, who are in various walks of life. Charles Cleveland is a clerk, Charles H. Cleveland belongs to the United States, Cynthia E. Cleveland is a clerk in the treasury department, David G. Cleveland is a waiter, Jane Cleveland is a servant in a house near the Capitol, Philip B. Cleveland has no given occupation, while Grover Cleveland appears in large letters as "President of the United States."

As for the flags themselves, the South would have received them in the manly spirit in which they were returned. Let the North keep them if she wants them. The peace and good will their return would hasten will come to this people in God's time and in God's way at last. The voice of the American people will be heard above the noisy protest of the hot-headed or cold-hearted when the day comes for the people to speak.—Atlanta Constitution.

A Washington dispatch of June 24th says: Representative Cripp, of Georgia, in an interview to-day said: "Our folks in the South," he said, "are all for Cleveland and the old flag. Not those battle flags, but the old flag of the Union. God knows we don't any battle flags. We are too busy to waste time in old fusties of that sort."

"May God pity the hand that wrote the order, may God pity the brain that conceived it, and may God pity the tongue that dictated it," is Gen. Fairchild's way of expressing his desire for the death of the President of the United States. If Fairchild thinks Cleveland ought to be killed, let him leave God out of the question and do his own assassinating.

The World says that Gen. Tuttle is a broken-down politician. The Evening Post calls him a liarskite. The Times has carefully considered the subject and sees no reason to recall its opinion that he is merely a plain, unvarnished, everyday sort of an ass.—Sedalia Times.

Gen. Fairchild is very dramatic in calling down curses upon the President and Gen. Drum, but he should be careful not to overdo the indignation act. There is not the slightest ground for tamut, and it is a poor sort of an American who cannot keep cool.—N. Y. World.

The George-McGlynn parade in New York City last Saturday evening, was not an imposing affair. Less than 5,000 men marched in the procession, 94,000 fewer than Mr. George had predicted.

Gov. Penoyer is always practical and to the point. His remark that it was a graceful act for Grant to return Lee's sword, it would be a graceful act to return the flags is the very gist of the matter.

Allen G. Thurman has repeatedly endorsed the Administration, and is the contumacious Government in the great Bell telephone suit.

Robt. T. Lincoln when he was Secretary of War endorsed the plan to return the Confederate war flags.

It is believed that, ambitious as he is, Mr. Sherman would not now kiss a Southern baby.

Cresswell Items.
June 22, '87.
Frank Jackson paid Cottage Grove a visit last Monday.
Rob Robinson returned from Eastern Oregon last week.
Nash Inoy intends burning his brick kiln before long.
Hattie Dersham paid Goshen a visit last Sunday.
James Bedford of Cottage Grove was in town last Monday.
Frank Porter and John Tait of Eugene, passed through town last Sunday.
Ves Veatch of Cottage, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. T. O. Martin, returned home last Sunday.
Kate has learned to play the fiddle; that's the only way she can draw a bean.
JUMPING JACK.

Rev. Charles Stone, Beecher's nephew, is most likely to be chosen his eloquent uncle's successor at Plymouth church. He has had an adventurous youth, having run off to sea and served before the mast.

Dexter Pickings.

June 24, '87.

The festive grouse still hooteth. Haying has begun in earnest in this vicinity.

The Lost creek bridge is nearing completion. Mr. W. M. Miller was over from Mohawk recently.

Mr. J. W. Parks' school closes on the 1st of July.

The M. E. camp meeting began yesterday on the river below Hyland's.

We understand that Mr. Geo. Whitbeck will soon leave for Silver Lake.

Wild blackberries are said to be quite plentiful on the river this season.

Rev. S. Jenkins is announced to preach at Trent the 2nd Sunday in July.

Miss Ida Parvin and Ross Matthews visited in Eugene Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. C. L. Williams and family intend moving to Silver Lake in a few days.

E. C. and H. C. Morgan and Thos. Graham went to Windberry this week.

Miss Hannah Johnson has been visiting in Eugene during the past two weeks.

Some from here attended the commencement exercises at the University last week.

Mr. A. N. Miller and family left yesterday for Harney valley, where they will reside for a time.

Capt. Backus this week had iron pulleys cast at Eugene for his ferry, the old wooden ones having worn out.

Mr. Ross Matthews' term of school closes to-day. He has been quite successful with the school and is well liked.

Mr. Robt. Williams has been quite ill for the past few weeks, but we are pleased to state that he is reported as improving.

Mr. A. N. Miller has leased his farm to his son-in-law, Mr. C. M. Hamilton, who has moved with his family to the same.

Dr. Lamb, of W. T., was here recently seeking a location. A good physician would do well to locate in this part of the country.

Miss Clyde Barbre will return this week from the Big Prairie, where she has been wielding the rod for the past three months.

Mr. W. D. Meador and Mr. Joel Adlington spent Tuesday night in Eugene. While there Mr. Adlington purchased a brand new wagon.

Purchasing new wagons seems to have become a common craze in this vicinity; W. H. McCall and Wheeler have each also new wagons.

Miss Adith Messenger, of Springfield, has been visiting friends here during the past two weeks. She will return to Springfield to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Barbre went to Turner last week on a visit to relatives and to attend camp meeting at that place. They returned yesterday.

Mr. W. H. McCall came in last week from Silver Lake, where he spent the winter. He will return shortly with his family to Silver Lake, where they expect to make their future home.

E. C. Morgan and C. L. Williams arrived here the latter part of last week from Silver Lake, having been working in the saw mill at that place during the winter and spring.

Mr. J. A. Briggs, of Pondleton, is visiting relatives here this week. He will return to his home the first of next week accompanied by his sister-in-law, Miss Nora Gilley, who goes on a visit to her sister.

The recent rainfall has insured a large yield of grain throughout this part of the country. The average, of course, is not large, but we hope to produce enough for home consumption and to help supply the demand of the market.

Use Ho.

Is the War Over?

Portland Sunday Welcome.

It does not appear to be true, as has been so often said, that "those who did the fighting are the quickest to extend to the defeated Confederates the hand of fraternity and forgiveness," if we are to judge by the way the war spirit is kept alive among the members of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Perhaps these soldiers who pretend to believe in the union of hearts, as well as in the union of States, forget that no less a champion of freedom to the slaves than Charles Sumner, did all in power at the close of the war to hide the traces of the internecine strife and have the battle flags of the defeated returned to them.

It seems to us there is a great deal of pretense on the part of many northern soldiers in their protestations of peace on earth and good will toward their Southern brothers. They apparently need but the slightest friction to excite them to the most bellicose resolutions.

The new South holds out its hands in vain when every attempt to bury the dead past is met with a wild war-whoop by the Grand Army of the Republic. Such behavior on the part of the brave veterans who preserved our nation betrays insincerity—it is ungenerous, unmanly and un-American.

There is no doubt that Cleveland's interference with the battle flags was impolitic, creating, as it did, a bitterness of feeling against him that cannot be wiped out by revoking the order, still we incline to the belief that the row was raised to unnecessary dimensions, and that Fairchild's theatrical course was ridiculous, creating the suspicion that he had been drinking.

If it be true that the soldiers of the North and South really want to obliterate the stains of the civil strife, why not call a grand meeting of the survivors and in a grand bonfire burn all the battle flags, both Northern and Southern and thus consume all animosities.

General Tuttle, who desires to insult the President at St. Louis, says he is opposed to holding the Grand Army Encampment in Missouri or any other "rebel State." This utterance causes the Chicago Herald to remark that Iowa, of which State Tuttle is Department Commander, sent fewer soldiers to the Union Army than did either Missouri or Kentucky. The record of enlistment on the three years standard is as follows:

Kentucky..... 70,832
Missouri..... 86,530
Iowa..... 68,630

So, if Kentucky and Missouri furnished many recruits to the Rebellion, they also sent large quotas of men to put it down.

A RIVER OF INK.—A small river of true ink with which letters have been written, is one of the natural curiosities of Algiers. It is formed by the union of two rivulets, one of which is very strongly impregnated with iron while the other has imbued galle acid from a peat marsh through which it passes.

It is now discovered that the reapportionment bill passed by the last legislature makes no provision for Wallawa county, leaving it entirely without representation. The bill creating the new county was passed before the reapportionment, hence the clause in which it provides that Wallawa shall have one representative, and Union one representative is repealed.

The Mill Co. has purchased the woolen mill formerly owned by Wm. Skilton.

GRAND

CELEBRATION

—OF THE—

111th Anniversary

—OF—

AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE

—AT—

EUGENE CITY, OREGON,

—ON—

Monday, July 4, '87.

A Salute of 38 Guns at Sunrise.

Officers of the Day.

PRESIDENT—HON. T. G. HENDRICKS.
VICE PRESIDENTS—A. G. HOVEY, E. B. LUCKEY, GEO. B. DORRIS, E. P. COLEMAN, C. W. WASHBURN, JOHN KELLY, R. M. VEATCH, GEO. L. GILFRY, A. N. GREEN.

ORATOR.....HON. GEO. H. WILLIAMS
READER.....S. W. CONDON
CHAPLAIN.....REV. G. A. MCKINLEY
MARSHAL.....HON. GEO. S. WASHBURN
AIDS—J. M. HENDRICKS, G. R. CHRISTMAN, H. J. DAY, GEO. C. SWIFT.
DARWIN BRISTOW.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

The procession will form in front of the Court House at 10 o'clock A. M. sharp as follows:

- 1—Firemen Cornet Band.
- 2—Officers of the Day.
- 3—Mayor and members of City Council.
- 4—Company "C," Oregon State Militia.
- 5—Eugene Hose Team.
- 6—Eugene Hook & Ladder Company.
- 7—Eugene Engine Company.
- 8—Eugene Independent Hose Team.
- 9—Representations of the States by 38 Ladies on horseback.
- 10—Pioneers of '46.
- 11—Citizens in carriages and on horseback.

ROUTE OF PROCESSION.

The procession will march south on Oak street to Eleventh, thence west to Willamette, thence north to Seventh, thence west to Olive, thence south to Eighth, thence to Court House Square.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

- 1—Music by the Band.
- 2—Prayer by Chaplain.
- 3—Music by Band.
- 4—Reading of the Declaration of Independence.
- 5—Music by Band.
- 6—Oration.
- 7—Music by band.

BASKET DINNER IN THE CITY PARK

In the afternoon there will be among other exercises, a

PRIZE BABY SHOW.

TWO HOSE RACES.

GLASS BALL SHOOTING.

WHEELBARROW AND SACK RACES.

PLUG UGLIES,

and other amusements on the grounds.

HOSE TEAMS—WET TEST.

Hose companies of 12 men to run 150 yards to hydrant and attach, run line of hose 300 feet from hydrant and get water. All couplings made to the full and pipe screwed on. Hose to be reeled on cart in one continuous line and all couplings to be made to the full.

PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS

—OF—

Harvesters

—AND—

Binders,

Should not Fail to Remember that

The New Improved Light and Easy Running

EMPIRE TWINE BINDER

Had no Superior in the Harvest Field of 1886.

Its record was unsurpassed, and wherever sold they have been Universally Regarded and Recognized as the

Standard of Merit

Among the Family of Self Binding Harvesters.

The Empire is the Cheapest Machine for the Farmer to buy, as it does Better Work for a Much Greater Length of Time, and at Much Less Expense than Any Other.

No matter What the Conditions of Grain, it never fails to do Perfect Work.

—CALL AT—

BRISTOW & CRAIG'S,
Seventh Street, Eugene City,
—And Examine the Empire Light Steel Frame Folding Twine Binder.—

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS EVER

—SEEN IN—

EUGENE CITY!!

—AND AT THE—

Cheapest Prices.

—IS ON SALE AT—

Matlock's NEW Store

WIND IS CHEAP!

But the people don't want that article. What they do want are honest goods at honest prices, and that is just what the People can get

BY GOING TO G. BETTMAN'S!

We shall not take up you time with a Long string of nonsense about the best, The cheapest, and the handsomest line of Goods in Lane county, but we do want To ask you in a friendly way to come to See us. If we don't sell you real live Bargains you are at liberty to use our Heads for foot balls.

WE WANT WOOL

And don't you forget that we will pay You all the market will stand. The Same is true as to other kinds of Country produce. Briefly Yours,

G BETTMAN.

To be governed by State Association rules. Price—\$15.00.

DRY TEST.

Hose companies of 12 men to run 150 yards to hydrant, attach and lay 300 feet of hose; hose to be reeled on cart in one continuous line and all couplings made to the full. Time to be called when the pipe is screwed on and strikes the ground. Price—\$10.00.

Grand Display of Fireworks

From SKINNER'S BUTTE will take place in the evening.

The Committee have spared no pains or money to make this feature of the exercises a Grand Success.

The Committee will give a

Grand Ball

in the evening at the Eugene Opera House.

Reduced Railroad Fare.

Tickets can be procured to Eugene and return from Roseburg and Albany and all intermediate points at 40 per cent. off regular rates. Tickets good from July 3d to 5th inclusive.

L. N. RONKY,
H. J. DAY,
J. M. ARBANS,
S. H. FRIENDLY,
W. R. WALKER,
Committee.

WOOL! WOOL!!

S. H. Friendly

Will pay the Highest Market Price for all Wool offered.

CALL BEFORE YOU SELL.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, OR., June 20, 1887.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or Clerk of the County Court of Lane County, Or., at Eugene City, Or., on Saturday, Aug. 6, 1887, viz: David M. Baker, Homestead Entry No. 3507 for the Lots 1 and 2, Sec. 4, Tp. 21 S., R. 2 West, W. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: J. C. Wallace, H. M. Wallace, A. F. Johnson, Allen Kirk, all of Cottage Grove, Lane Co., Or.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

NOTICE.

In re application of W. S. Johns, for a pardon:

Notice is hereby given, that the above named W. S. Johns, will on the 28th day of July, 1887, apply to the Governor of the State of Oregon at Salem, Or., for a pardon of and for the crime of burglary, charged to have been committed in the county of Lane in the State of Oregon on the 20th day of April, 1886, and of which he was convicted in the circuit court of the State of Oregon for Lane county at the November term thereof on the 6th day of November, 1886, and by the court sentenced, on the 11th day of November, 1886 to three years in the penitentiary of the State of Oregon.

W. S. JOHNS,
per L. H. MONTAGNE,
his attorney.

A fine line of silk plushes in all shades and grades at F B Dunn's.

Hot and cold baths every day in the week at Jerry Hon's barber shop.

You can purchase Waltham watches at J O Watts' from \$10 and upwards.

If you want hardware at reasonable prices call at the store of Pritchett & Forkner.

Sterling Hill keeps in stock an excellent assortment of good readable works. Give him a call.

Goldsmith pays for beaver \$2 to \$3.50 per pound.

Mink and coon, 15 to 50 cts.

Fisher and otter, \$2 to \$6.