

THE EUGENE CITY GUARD.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1886.

State Taxes for 1886.

The Board of Commissioners appointed to levy state taxes has performed its labors. The Board is governed by the law passed at the regular session of 1885 and is required to ascertain by actual compilation the necessary expenses of the State Government for the next ensuing fiscal year, and is required to exhaust all the surplus on hand exceeding \$5,000. Under this law the Board has made the levy for 1886 and the levy as made by them for current expenses is one and nineteen-twentieths of a mill, for all State purpose and add one-tenth mill for the support of the State University and we have two and one-twentieth of a mill or one and one twentieth of a mill less than in 1885 under the same law. Under the law that existed prior to the act of 1885 the levy had been seven or eight mills, and in 1885 there was found to be a surplus in the treasury of \$500,000 the result of which was the extravagant appropriations of the regular and extra session of 1885. It is but just to say that the law under which our present State tax is levied was formulated and introduced by Hon L. Bilyeu of Lane county and through his efforts the law was enacted. The bill embodying the law was introduced into the House in the early part of the regular session and passed the House February 13, 1885, by a vote of 42 to 10, absent 8. Of those voting against the bill in the House there were 7 Republicans, and but 3 Democrats, and in the Senate there were 5 Republicans and but 2 Democrats voted against the bill. The law then under which our present very low rate of taxation for State purposes is levied is essentially a Democratic measure and is in keeping with the oft repeated declaration of the Democratic party, viz: No more revenue than is necessary to defray the expenses of government economically administered. The law has saved to the State in two years at least \$400,000 and has prevented the accumulation in the State Treasury of a large surplus and will no doubt prevent extravagant appropriations in the future.

The New York World's course toward President Cleveland is provoking the severest criticisms from the Democratic press of the country. There is not a Republican journal in the Union more persistent and vituperative in its denunciation of the President. If it were the hired organ of the Republican party it could not be more vindictive and mendacious in its assaults upon the Administration.—S. P. Examiner. The World is not a Democratic paper nor has it been for a year past. It is not even so much of a Democratic paper as the New York Times or Harper's Weekly is Republican. It openly supported the Republican State ticket in New York at the late election, and always has a kind word for any Republican but never for a Democrat. In face of the fact that the New York World has repeatedly declared that it is not a Democratic paper, certain benighted ignoramus or willful falsifiers, declare that it is and label its articles as Democratic. The amazing extent of the misinformation of some people is really remarkable.

The passage of the Inter-State Commerce bill at various times, the forfeiture of 100,000,000 acres of unearned railroad land, both by the Democratic House, the solid Democratic vote against coolie labor at all times and against allowing manufacturers to import pauper contract labor, besides the passage of eight laws asked for by the laboring people in the last House, show the Democratic record in National affairs. The Republicans have voted against all these measures, have voted in the Senate almost solid for Chinese naturalization, and in their House of Lords, to which Oregon Republicanism has contributed two railroad attorneys, they have strangled or emasculated the House acts to the last one. In every state in the Union in which the questions have been agitated the Democrats have opposed convict labor, store wages, etc., and the Republicans favored them. The record is too plain, too well known to deceive any one except children or fools.

The window glass manufacturers of the United States have combined and the price of window glass will go up with a rush. They will now make a handsome increase on their already large profits. Their workmen will not get a cent better wages, and the only way it will affect them will be to throw a large number out of employment, and raise the price of window glass to them if they should happen to want any.

There were seven Republican Aldermen on the New York Board of Aldermen in 1884. Every mother's son of them is now under indictment. That is a pretty crowd to expect anything good from.

If it had... The day after the November elections the New York Post, Independent Republican, declared that the Democrats had suffered a crushing defeat. After the returns had fully come in one week later, it somewhat changed as the following brief but pointed editorial would show:

"According to the vote of last Tuesday the electoral college would stand as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Dem., Rep. Lists states and electoral votes.

The full size of the electoral college is 401, and only 201 votes are required to elect. It will be seen that all of the doubtful States could be given to the Republicans, and still they would not have enough to elect their candidate."

Why should the people of the U. S. pay 500 men in Louisiana \$50,000,000 to grow sugar cane, or why should 500 men in Pennsylvania charge the producer \$150,000,000 per annum to manufacture iron. It is unjust in both cases, and the duty should be lowered. The men who raise wheat, corn, etc., who buy these articles at double their value, it will be remembered, seek their markets in foreign countries compete with any labor in the world, and pay immensely more for what they buy, at the same time that he pays more wages to his employes. The tax is exorbitant and if the duty were reduced from 40 to 20 per cent. (17 per cent. is the entire cost of labor in manufactured articles) it would be equivalent to raising the purchasing power of a bushel of wheat to 75 cents. The farmer we think should get a part of what he makes. The home market promised the farmer has not come yet and the U. S. sends away more farm produce by a thousand per cent, than 25 years ago and is compelled to, and the manufacturers of the United States have not increased at as great a rate as before 1860.

Chairman Huston of the Indiana Republican State Committee owns a dog for which he boasted in a public speech he paid \$4 a week board. Mr. Huston also owns a hose factory where a large number of working girls are employed. He pays them six cents a dozen for putting toes on socks. At this useful occupation a majority of them are able to make 18 cents a day or \$1 08 a week. Mr. Huston thinks that if a dog can live from Monday morning till Sunday night on what can be purchased for \$4, a working girl can subsist for the same length of time on what can be purchased for \$1 08. This gentleman is an ardent Republican and an enthusiastic advocate of a protective tariff, "because it shuts out the fruits of foreign pauper labor," and keeps American labor where working people can live on just a quarter of what it takes to maintain a dog.

Two weeks ago Saturday, at the dinner given by Commissioner Webb, of Washington, to President Cleveland, the illness of Justice Carter caused thirteen guests to sit at the same table. President Cleveland was superstitious about it, so Mr. Webb sent for his son to make the number fourteen. On the same night Mr. Steve Elkins gave a dinner to Mr. Blaine in New York City. The absence of one of the invited brought thirteen diners to the table and the deficiency was made up by a draft on Mr. Elkin's family. This may be regarded as a singular coincidence.

The idea that there is any poverty in the United States is simply ridiculous. The great Republican tariff is still in force, and we have read a million of times in Republican papers that the tariff makes good times and wages, and any one saying the American workingman is not prosperous under that tariff, should be spotted as a fool especially if he has for years chanted the praises of the tariff in raising wages.

Mr Henry George is the ladies' candidate for the Mayoralty of New York. The Woman's Rights party in New York is said to number 100,000 members, which is rather more than the strength of the Republican party in that city; and at a convention of its principal representatives, recently held in Chickering Hall, it was unanimously decided to support Mr. George.—London St. James Gazette.

Not the last favor of the year was the election of a Democratic Governor in Oregon. This was one of the signal blessings that Gov. Moody did not tell about in his Thanksgiving Proclamation, but we remembered it all the same.

U S Attorney Benton, who was suspended from office in Missouri, for making political speeches, has been reinstated by the president, on the ground that he merely talked to his neighbors, but was not on the stump, neglecting his business to make political speeches.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, OREGON, Nov 8th, 1886. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or Clerk of the County Court of Lane County, Oregon, at Eugene City, Oregon, on Saturday, Dec. 18th, 1886, viz: John M. Cantrell, Homestead Entry No 4,145 for the S W 1/4 of S E 1/4, Section 21, and N W 1/4 of N E 1/4, Sec 28, Tp 16 S, R 6 West, W. M.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, OR., November 2, 1886. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U S Land Office, at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, December 22, 1886, viz: Onslow Young, Homestead Entry No 4094, for the lots No 2, 3 and 4, N W 1/4 of S E 1/4, and N E 1/4 of S W 1/4, Sec 8, Tp 18 S, R 10 West, W. M.

C. F. HYD COMBINATION WIRE AND PICKET FENCE.

Improved Combination, Patented May 22, 1883. No. 277,877. Wir and Picket Farm Fence and Machine for its Manufacture. The Cheapest and Most Perfect Fence in Use. Pig Tight, Horse High, Cattle Strong; STEEL & WOOD INTERWOVEN.

We use from six to eight wires interwoven solidly, with from forty to fifty fine light wooden slats to the rod, thus producing a fence that will hold all stock, from the smallest pig to the largest beast. It is the most durable fence made, as the slats are in a vertical position, clear of the ground. There are no bars to cut or maim stock or tear the wool from your sheep. It is as visible to the eye as a board fence and ten times as strong. It will stand a side pressure of from 12,000 to 15,000 pounds.

It is woven or manufactured on the posts. One man and a boy can build from 40 to 60 rods in a day. Farmers can build their own fences and use material that would otherwise be lost or used as fuel, and thus save from \$100 to \$150 per mile.

We can refer to thousands of farmers in Kansas, Iowa and Missouri who are using our fence. We feel great pleasure in presenting this fence to the farmers of Lane County, filling as it does a want long felt. Being practical farmers we know what we say. Farm and Precinct Rights—Geo. M. MILLER, EUGENE CITY. D. R. LAKIN, General Agent, Eugene.

J. DAVIS, Merchant Tailor.

HAS OPENED A SHOP ON NINTH Street opposite the Star Bakery, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work offered in his line. A large stock of Fine Cloths on hand for customers to select from. One of our specialties is the cutting and making of Ladies Cloaks. Repairing and cleaning done promptly. Satisfaction guaranteed. Eugene, Nov. 6, 1886. Jf

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned administrator (with will annexed) of the estate of Andrew J. Doak deceased, has filed his account for final settlement in the above named estate, in the County Court of Lane County, Oregon, and Monday, the 31 day of January, 1887, at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day has been set for the hearing of objections and the settlement of said estate. THURSTON M. DOAK, Administrator. BILEY & COLLIER, Attorneys.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, OREGON, November 2, 1886. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U S Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, December 22, 1886, viz: Charles F Cox, Homestead Entry No 4585, for the S W 1/4 of N E 1/4, and N 1/2 of S E 1/4 Sec 19, and lot No 5, Sec 20, Tp 18 S, R 11 West, W. M.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned, G. R. Chrisman, W. S. Chrisman and N. P. Chrisman have been by the County Court of Lane County, Oregon, duly appointed administrators of the estate of C. E. Chrisman deceased and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same duly verified to said administrators at the law office of Bilyeu & Collier, over First National Bank in Eugene City, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice. Dated October 16th, 1886. G. R. CHRISMAN, W. S. CHRISMAN, N. P. CHRISMAN, Administrators. L. BILYEU AND W. R. BILYEU, Attorneys.

REGON PACIFIC RAILROAD ONLY POPULAR ROUTE EVER ILLUSTRATED RANGES

Fast Time! Sure Connection! New Equipment! 225 MILES SHORTER! 20 HOURS LESS TIME! Accommodations unsurpassed, for comfort and Safety!—Fares and Freight MUCH LESS than by any other route between all points in Willamette Valley and San Francisco. ONLY ROUTE VIA YAQUINA BAY, —TO— San Francisco.

DAILY PASSENGER TRAINS (Except Sundays) Leave Corvallis at 2 P. M. Leave Yaquina at 7:10 A. M. Oregon and California Westside trains connect at Corvallis. THE OREGON IMPROVEMENT CO'S AT Steamship "YAQUINA CITY" sails

Table with 2 columns: FROM YAQUINA, FROM SAN FRANCISCO. Lists departure dates for Oct and Nov.



Storage! Storage! —Farmers are hereby notified that—

S. H. FRIENDLY'S WAREHOUSE

Adjoining The O. and C. R. Depot Is Now Open For the Storage of Hops! Oats! Wool! & Barley!

THE GROCERY S. H. FRIENDLY'S Groceries, Crockery, Willow Ware, Wood and Groceries.

Best Assorted Stock

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of James Stormont, deceased; and all persons holding claims against the said estate are hereby required to present the same to her at her residence within six months from this date. October 18, 1886. AMANDA STORMONT, Administratrix. JOSHUA J. WALTON, Att'y for Estate.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, OREGON, October 20th, 1886. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the County Court of Lane County, Or, at Eugene City, Oregon, on Saturday, December 11, 1886, viz: Jean Morgan, Pre-emption D S No 5373, for the S W 1/4 of N W 1/4, and lots No 1 and 2, Sec 18, and lots No 1 and 2 Sec 22, Tp 18 S, R 12 West W. M.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT J. W. Cherry was appointed administrator of the estate of Fred Dudley, deceased, by the County Court of Lane County, Oregon. All persons having claims against the said estate will please present the same to the said administrator, at his place of business, in Eugene City Oregon, within six months from the date hereof. Dated October 23, 1886. J. W. CHERRY, Administrator. J. J. WALTON, Att'y.

GEO. F. CRAW, POSTOFFICE Cigar Store, Eugene City, Oregon.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned, Executor of the estate of John Grubbs, deceased, has filed his account for final settlement in the County Court of Lane County, and that the 1st Monday in January, 1887, has been set for final hearing of the same. October 23, 1886. F. H. GRUBBS, JOSHUA J. WALTON, Att'y. Executor.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS EVER SEEN IN—

EUGENE CITY!! —AND AT THE— Cheapest Prices.

—IS ON SALE AT— Matlock's NEW Store

FOUND! FOUND!!

That the CHEAPEST place to buy Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Etc.

—IS AT— FRIENDLY'S.

P. S. Have also just received from New York City a large invoice of LADIES' CLOAKS, DOLMANS, WRAPS and DRESS GOODS.

HEAR MY ANNOUNCEMENT.

I will devote this Fall to Glory and Small Profits.

Any man woman or child having a dollar to spend can save ten cents of it by calling on me this season. I will carry a mammoth stock of everything complete in my line, and will guarantee to you, my friend, that I will save you a money. Give me a call and see for yourselves. "Deeds are Mightier than Words." G. BETTMAN, At the Old I. X. L. Stand.

AT SPRINGFIELD, PENGRA, WHEELER & CO.

Continue to Exchange Merchandise of all Kinds at the Lowest Cash Prices for Cash or Merchandise. Produce of any kind at the Highest Cash Prices Give them a trade

AT SPRINGFIELD, PENGRA, WHEELER & CO.

Continue to furnish Lumber, Lath and Shingles to order at the lowest current rates, delivered to the Mills, on board cars, or at Eugene City. Leave your orders with J. M. Hendricks, Agent at Eugene City, or send to the Mills direct.

AT SPRINGFIELD, PENGRA, WHEELER & CO.

Continue to pay the highest price in Cash for wheat at their Mill, and to furnish flour and feed at the Lowest market rates for Cash. Special attention to Exchange and Custom Grinding. —TAKE THEM A GRIST.—

Brick! Brick! Brick! B. F. DORRIS.

BEST QUALITY OF BRICK KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND. Will exchange brick for all kinds of farm produce. Kiln and residence at Wallis Butte, two miles West of Eugene. Brick delivered immediately on receipt of order. A. V. Peters, Agent, Eugene. INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT. I HAVE SOME VERY DESIRABLE Farms, Improved and Unimproved, property for sale, on easy terms. Property Rented and Rents Collected. The Insurance Companies I represent are among the Oldest and most Reliable, and the PROMPT and EQUITABLE adjustment of all losses STAND SECOND TO NONE. A share of your patronage is solicited. Office up-stairs, over the Grange Store. B. F. DORRIS.

Miss E. J. Lowry, DRESSMAKING AND SEWING.

TWEN YEARS EXPERIENCE IN IOWA. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Shop—in lower story of Winter's gallery, Willamette street. A good farm for raising stock or grain for sale on reasonable terms. Inquire of A. A. King, 4 miles north-east of Eugene.

SURVEYING. LINES ESTABLISHED. L. BILYEU and W. R. BILYEU, County Surveyors.