# EUGENE CITY GUARD.

#### I. L. CAMPBELL, - . Proprietor.

#### EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

The Modern Lord Lovell. Lord Lovell he stood at his own front door, Seeking the bole for the key; His hat was wrecked and his trousers bore

A rent across either knee. When down came the beauteous Lady Jane In fair white draperce.

"Oh, where have you been, Lord Lovell?" she said:

"Oh, where have you been?" said she; "I have 1 ot closed an eye in bed, And the clock has just struck three.

Who has been standing you on your head In the ashbarrel, Perdee!"

"I am not drunk, Lady Shane," he said; "And so late it cannot be; The clock struck one as I enter-ed-

I heard it two times or three: It must be the salmon on which I fed Has been too many for ma."

"Go, tell your tale, Lord Lovell," she said, "To the maritime cavalree, Te your grandam of the hoary head-

To anyone but me. The door is not used to be open-ed

With a cigarette for a key." --Washington Star.

# BEES AND HONEY.

### How They Have Figured in the World's History.

The honey-bee has been an object of great interest from the very earliest ages; the most ancient historical records make frequent reference to it. "A little balm and a little honey" formed part of the present which Jacob sent into Egypt to Joseph in the time of the great famine. The "busy bee" figures also in Greek as well as Hebrew history. The little creature has given a name to many females of high degree. The Hebrew name of the bee (Deborah) was given to Rebecca's nurse, as also to that magnanimous prophetess whose courage and patriotism inspired the flagging zeal and waning energies of her dispirited countrymen. The Greek name of the bee (Melissa) was given to one of the daughters of Melissus, King of Crete. It was she who, with her sister Amalthaca, is fabled to have fed Jupiter with the milk of goats. She is said, also, to have first discovered the means of collecting honey from the stores of the bees, from which some ancient writers inferred that she not only bore the name, but that she was actually changed into a bee.

Another Greek story tells of a woman of Corinth, also bearing the name of Melissa, who, having been admitted to officiate in the festivals of Ceres, the goddess of agriculture, afterward refused to initiate others, and was torn to pieces for her disobedience, a swarm of bees being made to rise from her body. The old Greek name for the bee seems to have fallen into disuse in this country as a name given to females, though there can be no reason why its use should not be revived, for it is, at least, as melod ous as the Hebrew name of the same significance, still applied to mony a matron and maiden-a name which is expressive of honeyed sweetness, as also of unwearied energy and untiring industry. Those who have had personal knowledge and experience of bee-culture will bear out the remark that bees are not particular as to the size or the position of the home in which they choose to dwell, so that it suffices for them to carry on with security their wonderful operations. In their wild state, cavities of rocks and hollow trees are alike available; and in their domestic conditions they have no preference for a straw skep over a wooden box, nor for the wooden house over the straw castle. The bee, which, while under proper control and management, is one of man's best friends, proves, when assailed by him in any way, a terrible adversary. Allusion is made to this by Moses in his story of what befell the Israelites in their wilderness sojourn: "The Amorites came out against you. and chased you as bees do, and destroyed The strength and force of their you." sting is such as to enable them to pierce the skin of the horse and other large animals and kill them. Their ordinary speed when in flight, is from sixty to eighty miles an hour, and they have been known to fly past the windows of an express train when traveling at full speed in the same direction. Their manner of attack is to dash straight at the object aimed at; and commonly, when excited by the presence of some unknown spectator, and especially by the intermeddling of some undexterous or mischievous person, they will attack the face, aiming especially at the eyes. When, therefore, the thousands which inhabit a single hive are aroused by the sound of alarm, well understood by all the inmates, to repel an invader, they sally forth with a courage and determination which none can withstand, attacking their fors on every side with a fury it is impossible to resist. King David must have witnessed just such a scene, which he repro-duces in his description of the fierce attacks, the determined onslaughts of his bitter and unrelenting focs: "All nations compassed me about they compassed me about like bees." Somewhat recently, the mishap of a porter in handling a box of bees in transit by railway created an amusing and rather alarming scene at the station. There was a general stampede of passengers and officials flying in every direction, chased by the infuriated bees. It was only when some one, skilled in the management of bees, catching the queen and placing her in the box, restored confidence and quiet, for, flocking loyally to her standard, the whole colony returned to the case, which was in due time forwarded to its destination But even this was a small affair compared with what is related in ancient history of persons being driver from their habitations, and the inhab tants of an entire town being compelled to flee. before myriads of b es. Aelianus, who fourished about 200 A. D., gives an instance of this in one of his seventeen, books on animals, Mungo Park, too,

the African traveler, mentions a mod- principles, will restore honey to its wonted place in the domestic economy ern instance which took place near and if carefully studied and thriftily Dooproo: "We had no sooner unloaded and the cultivation of bees and managed, the cultivation of bees an the asses than some of the people, being he product of honey may be made to in search of honey, inopportunely dis-turbed a large swarm of bees. They form not only an important article of food and a considerable item of domescame out in immense numbers, and atic revenue, but an ample source of tacked men and beasts at the same unusement, and a means of recreation time. Luckily, most of the asses were healthful alike to body and mind.loose, and galloped up the valley; but hambers' Journal. the horses and people were very much stung, and obliged to scamper off in all directions.

In fact, for half an hour the bees

seemed to have put an end to our jour-

ney. In the even ng, when they be-

the morning the boat would begin the

stores and deposit them in their several

valued and even royal luxury, honey has

was it much, if any. less in request as a

healing medicine for both inward and

outward application. And though it

may have fallen somewhat into disuse

in these days, when many good things

are overlooked, and when the artific al

too often supplants the real, it may be

safely predicted that the wide and rapid

spread of bee-culture will induce a re-

turn to some of the wiser uses and

methods and forms of adaptation em-

ployed by our early forefathers, as well

developments of its wondrous powers.

lin was first made from honey, could

words are not unfrequently applied to

the same liquor; but that is not correct,

as they are dissimilar. Both, however,

as stimulate to new applications and

When and by whom mead or methor-

Nor

been used from the remotest ages.

of rendezvous.

## NOSES REMODELED.

A Berlin Surgeon Who Repairs and Re makes Noses of Every Description

came less troublesome and we could There are some people in this world venture to collect our cattle, we found many of them much stung and swelled who should carry their noses in a scalabout the head. Three asses were missbard, if for no other reason than to hide ing; one died in the evening, and anoththem from the public gaze. New er next morning. Our guide lost his Orleans is full of such people. Many horse, and many of the posole were much stung about the head and face." of them have knotty, lumpy, flat, The fierceness and unrelenting cruelty twisted and curly noses, which are a of the ancient Assyrians, and the terpositive humiliation to the owners and

ror with which their swarming multia source of much mortification to the tudes filled the inhabitants of the lands rest of mankind. But the ugh nosed they invaded, have caused them to be men and women need no longer suffer. likened to bees in their much-dreaded The hour of their deliverance from unattacks on such as have aroused their gainly beaks has come, and if they do anger; "And it shall come to pass in that day that the Lord shall hiss for the fly not haul out the artillery and fire a that is in the uttermost part of the rivers salute it is their own fault.

of Egypt, and for the bee that is in the A Berlin surgeon has discovered the land of Assyria. And they shall come, and shall rest all of them in the deso art of repairing and remodeling noses of all sizes and ages. He can take a late valleys, and in the holes of the nose shaped like an artichoke and by rocks, and upon all thorns, and upon his pecular method turn it into a leautiall bushes. The "hiss" was simply a ful and really classic snout. He bars call, in allusion to the note of the queen nothing. The fact of the matter is he bee, as she issues her royal mandate to invites the hideous and pays a prem'um her ever loyal subjects to prepare for for it. The man with a nose twisted action. It has also been supposed to like a gourd handle or a ram's horn is allude to a custom prevailing in very his pleasure. The man with no nose at ancient times in connection with the all is his delight and joy. all is his delight and joy. bee culture, or honey-raising in the neighborhood of rivers. During the

Th's Berlin surgeon, when he gets hold of a bad nose, puts chloroform undry season, a number of hives would be der it and then grasps it with a pair of placed on a flat-bottomed boat, in the bone forceps and smashes, cuts and charge of an attendant. Very early in knocks it into a pulp, and then he goes quietly to work, and, with the nasal day's voyage, gently gliding down the river, the bees sallying forth bone for a foundation, builds a nose that makes the gods weep with envy. with the sun to collect their golden and which is a real luxury to wipe and to blow.

hives, which they commonly know by some mark. The innumerable flowers This discovery is going to be a blessng to the human race, for the reason on the banks of the rivers offered them a fine harvest-field. At the approach of that he is willing to impart to his brother professionals the knowledge he has evening the well-known whistle or "hiss" of the care-taker-a decent gained concerning noses, and to make them the beneficiaries of his art. This imitation of the queen's own callgenerosity on his part leads us to bewould bring them back to their hives in lieve that a good deal of ugliness now multitudes, when the boat would be existing in the human family will be depaddled back to the farm or other place stroyed. For instance, the society girl with a pug nose tilted up at the end, As an article of food, and as a much-

and which causes her to look as if she were constantly smelling a boneyard or garbage barrel, can have it transormed into a proboseis as delicate and as captivating as that worn by the hand--ome girl whose likeness is imprinted on our silver dollar. The person with short nose can have it properly and artistically elongated; the long nose can be judic ously curtailed, and the fat and warty nose treated in such a manner as to make it appear thin and muscular.

The greatest benefit to be derived from the discovery, however, is the fact that it will make the men of to-day braver and readier than they are to battle for their personal rights, for the reason that if they get into a fight and their noses are mashed, they can go off and put, not be easily determined. The two them in dock and have them repaired at small cost. A broken nose will not amount to much more than a broken walking-stick, and the dudes careful of are made from honey, sometimes also their good looks will be happy.

from the refuse or washings of the It is the one ambition of the Berlin comb. Queen Elizabeth had such fond- surgeon's life to secure the job of putess for metheglin as to prescribe care- | t ng a decent nose on the Duke of Cumfully how it should be made and with beriand. The Duke was born without a nose, and a scrub doctor, who preflavored. In Wales, it long continued tended to know all about such things, made him a nasal organ out of flesh cut ous beneficial properties have from his aristocratic arm. been quaintly set forth in a letter ad-tunately, how ver, for the D Unfortunately, however, for the Duke, his nose looks like a huge red tumor, which wabbles from one side to the oth-(born 1594), brother of Thomas How- er when he walks, and trembles and oscillates in the wind as if it were a and Bristol. The uniqueness of the clump of jelly. The Berlin nose-maker says that he can remove the one-horse affair from the face of the Duke and build h m a royal smeller that will stand up against a forty-mile gale as stiff as the bowsprit of a Dutch ironclad. He will guarantee it not to flop. shake or to become loose in its fastenngs, and, therefore, we advise the Duke to take advantage of the opporunity and get a beak with some back-bone to it, -N, O, States,

## FOREIGN GOSSIP.

-The Russian empire contains 884 pen tentiary establishments.

-Hand-looms for weaving cloths for bathing costumes, and other useful purposes, the latest English novelty.

-The town of Verden, in Germany, has just celebrated the eleven hundredth anniversary of the completion of its cathedral.

-The Burmese have a popular drink, says an English temperance missionary. which will dissolve an English rifle ball in thirty minutes.

-The largest crystal of alum ever produced, weighing over eight tons, has been sent to the Edinburgh International Exhibition from the Manchester and Goole alum works.

-Dr. Dissaud, house surgeon of the Children's Hospital at Paris, performed four operations for croup in three days, and on the sixth day died of the malady, which he had taken from his patients.

-A noted English clergyman now traveling in the East is said to have rewarded his dragoman so liberally that that worthy was enabled on the strength of it to purchase an additional wife. Afterward the ecclesiastic discovered that he had aided and abetted his servant in polygamy.

-Houghton Hall, the home of the Walpoles for four hundred years, which is situated in a favorite part of Norfolk. England, was sold at auction for \$1,000,-000 on July 22. The purchaser got the ground and surrounding woods, in-cluding four entire villages, thirteen farms with residences and several church livings. Sir J. Ellis is the new lord of the ancient seat.

-The dandelion is the fashionable flower now in Paris. French tulle-bonnets are now adorned with them; the Parisian dudes wear them in their buttonholes, as well as the grooms and coachmen, who share them in turn with the horses. Large bunches of these modest blossoms wave defiantly from the arched necks of the French "high-steppers.

-The director of the Boulaq Museum, of Cairo. Egypt, has just discovered a mummy of extraordinary value. It is that of Rameses III. Although forty centuries have passed over this dead body, the face is in an excellent state of preservation. It is that of an intelligent and refined man, but the expression of power and will is less pronounced. The month is very large, and the teeth are all in good order. The royal corpse will be renovated and set in good order: it will then be exposed in the Boulaq Museum, where everybody can look and wonder.

-Statisticians estimate that in France one-half the population live upon agri-culture, one-quarter live by various manufacturing industries, one-tenth by commerce, four-hundredths by the liberal professions, and six-hundred hs are rentiers of various kinds. There are 9,176,000 agriculturists who are proprietors of the land they work. In the mines, quarries and more important manufactories there are employed 1,130,000 persons, while the lesser in-dustries employ 6,033,000. There are 789,000 bankers, brokers and wholesale merchants, 1,895,000 retail dealers, and 1,164,000 hotel-keepers. The government and commercial employes number 86,000 persons.

# THE GOLD OF BOURE.

#### Rich Treasures Found on the West Coast of Africa of Natives.

1 roy named Verbulo and Royale, were p cally renowned for their power of

durance. After an all day's run they v. re as fresh and lively as at early norning, when all the others hung head and lowered tail, and seemed anxious or nothing save to regain their kennels. in the boar pack there were one hundred and twenty dogs, all perfectly trained. The comical little beagles, twenty in number, used for hunting the roe, were carried away by the Duke to England. But he took only one horse-a favor-ite pony-with him. It is odd that the pack of stag hounds, put up at the modest price of eight thousand francs, did

not find a purchaser, and the dogs were dispersed in all directions. The old Condes were famous for their torchlight hunts, and the Duc d'Aumale now and then gave one, which left a bewildering and fairylike impression on the spectator not inured to field sports, and usually got him so knocked about that he was glad to return to town and seek out his physician early the next day. It is said that the Duke's hunting parties were decidedly more splendid than those given at Complegne when the imperial court was there in the early days of the second empire. Now the De Salvertes, the De Berteux, the De Chazelies, the d'Hedouvilles, the De Beauregards, the De Lubersacs, the De La Rochefoucaulds, the De La Maussayes, the Seules, the Gold-schmidts, the Beuquots, the Fleurys, the De MacMahons and the Rouhers

CHEATING IN GEMS.

The Cunning Workmanship of the Invent-

The invention of what are called

'doublets'' in diamond dealing can be

traced back for centuries. One mode

of getting up false stones has been de-

scribed by Jerome Cardan, who has

ventor, one Zocolino. This person's

purpose; covering this with a trans-

parent glue with which he had mixed

the necessary coloring material, so as to be like the finest specimen of the

gem he intended to forge, he carefully

fixed on the flake of stone, and con-

cealed the joiling of the two so. deftly

by careful setting as to make pur-chasers fancy that his gems were not only genuine, but really finer than

those of other jewelers. For a time Zo-colino flourished, and was enabled by

means of his cunning workmanship to

deceive the cleverest lapidaries; but de-

tection came at last, and put an end to

his fraudulent practices in gem-making.

It may be mentioned as a warning to travelers that the Singhalese at Colombo

are experts in such frauds, and fre-

quently persuade persons to purchase

cleverly set up doublets, or pieces of rock crystal cut and polished. Doublets

in many cases, especially when both

parts are really diamonds, are some-

what difficult to detect even by men

or of the "Doublet" Diamond.

Lane Seminary, is now perma Lane Seminary, is now perma-gaged as a missionary among a trymen here. The prospect church exclusively for Chinas formed soon.—N. Y. Witnes will have to keep up the reputation of gentlemanly sport in France without the courteous and generous Duc d'Aumale to help them.-Boston Journal.

-The phrase in a recent school lessons, "One soweth other reapeth," occasioned as plexity to the little girl who it, "One seweth, and another a The meaning of her curious in was clear enough, but, like the ers to a good many sermons in to "grasp the connection"-0 tionalist.

-One of the latest " books" to circulate in China's nese version of the "Pilgin published in detail the method of the ingress." The little volume is in with pictures drawn and earn way of working was to procure a thin Chinese artists. In these China flake of a very inferior and cheap expears in Chinese costume, and ample of the stone he desired to "im-prove," choosing those which had little dents are depicted in a garbin ample of the stone he desired to "imthe people for whom the book color, and might in consequence be ded. procured at a nominal price. As a bottom for his "make-up" he took a bit of crystal which he had shaped to his

-The chief inspector of shirt Tagamog, Russia, has issued a forbidding girls frequenting is nasium and other scholaste m ments in this district from were kind of unbecoming tashional stays, corsets, bustles, pads, high boots, tall hats, etc., and the part the girls are said to be very pleased with this order.

-Not long before his disatra ure at the time of the Grant at crash, George I. Seney, of Ser had indorsed scholarships at he leyan University to the amounted 000. When he failed it wastain granted that the institution will this sum. A few days ago the m received from Mr. Seney a checkly full amount of the principal of a endowment .- N. Y. Mail.

## WIT AND WISDOM.

nd

-Judgment, lumber and boile need to be seasoned before using. adelphia Call.

who have had great experience in the -True worth shines they's outer man as the light frame gem and jewel trades. Often, when these gems have been set in a cluster, it hed on surrounding objects-Min Chroniele. -The man who tries to detenis measure of his own duty by their of another misses the true stanks together. -- Western Christian Am -Homely girls who don't be that kissing will cure freckles on ally try the experiment just to consuperstitious young men that the -It was said of a mean school who took city boarders, that he fill guests on the parts of speech. It certainly cannibalism to feed his he ers on their mother tongue-la -We beg to suggest to the post novel writers that it is foolish to m sent the sun as kissing so many a rivers, mount, ins and the like man where pretty girls are so pleath they are in America.-Burlington I Press. -We should not halt between opinions, or regret a choice after made. A good maxim is that of all writer who said: "Never worth" what can be undone, but go to " and undo it; nor over what can sel undone, because it can not beundon -N. Y. Mail. -"Why did General Washing cross the Delaware on the ice during storm of an awful night?" ssiel 'eacher of her young class in his "I reckon," piped a small voice a swer, "it was because he wanted at on the other side."-Church Press -- \*\*Is your son studying the guages?" inquired the visitor db Bently, whose son George is at ear "O, yes," Mrs. Bently replied: "" only yesterday that he writ how money to buy a German student# and a French clock."-N. Y. Sus - Mrs. Bullion - I'm afraid, Ann, that you are inclined to been agant. Mary Ann-Me is it? Set. misthaken. Mrs. Bullion-You bur many candles. Mary Ann-Me a candles, is it? Divil a wan. Me a ion-Everybody notices it; even beau. I passed the kitchen when was here last night, and I'm at heard him say something about taper waste. - The Rambler.

RELIGIOUS AND EDUCA

-The First Colored Baptist of Nashville, Tenn., has a house, with a membership eff

-Every other college boy this year is credited with the of becoming a "leading Chicago Tribune.

-The one essential part of tion of a lady or gentleman to President Eliot, of Harre fined and accurate use

tongue. -Bishop Riley paid \$35.96 Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Mexico, and same property has a value of \$

so great has been the increase -The Canadian brethran a beyond the Methodists of this to their contributions for missi cording to the statement of b they have for several year is aging one dollar per member

Times. --President Elliot, of Harvein remarks: "I recognize bei a acquisition as an essential a education of a lady or per-namely, an accurate and real the mother tongue."

-New York City has an schools for the Chinese. Mrs formerly under the care of b

what a variety of herbs it should be to be held in high esteem; and its varidressed to Cliffe, the historian, by the learned Welshman, Rev. James Howells ells, some time Bishop of Gloucest r communication is the apology for its quotation in full:

quotation in full: StR-To inaugurate a new and jovial new year unto you, I send you a morning's draught namely, a bottle of methesia). Neither Sir Jonn Burleycorn nor Bacchus hath any thing to do with it; but it is the pure jnice of the bee, the laborious bee, and king of insects. The Druids and the old Britis. bards were wont to take a carouse hereof before they entered into their specu-lations and if you do so when your inney labors with any thinz, it will do you no hurt, and I know your fancy to be very good Bat this drink aiways carries a kind of state with it, for it must be attended with abrown tossi; nor will it admit of but one good draucht, and that in the morning. It mole, it will keep a hum ding in the head, and so speak much of the house it came from, I mean the brow, as I gave a caution elsewhere; and be-cause the bottle might make more haste, have made it go upon these (poetic) feet: J. H. T. C. Solutem et Annum Platonicum.

J. H. T. C. Salutem et Annum Platonicum. The juice of bees, not Bacchus, here behold, Which Br tish bards were wont to quaff of old: The berries of the grape with furies swell, But in the honeycomb the graces dwell [

This alludes to a saying which the Turks have, that there lurks a devil in every berry of the vine So I wish you contially as to me an auspit ions and joyful new year, be cause you know I am, etc.

Metheglin is no doubt a healthy beverage, containing an admixture of milk. Pallus Romulus, when he was a hundred years old, told Julius Casar that he had preserved the vigor of his mind and body by taking metheglin inwardly, and using oil outwardly. Metheglin and mead may be made very strong. and, of course, they both contain some amount of alcohol. In Virgil's days metheglin was used to qualify wine when harsh. He writes of

Huge beavy honeycombs, of golden juice, Not only sweet, but pure, and fit for use; To allay the strength and hardness of the

wine, And with old Bacchus new methegiln join.

Mead or metheglin was the nectar of the Scandinavian nations, which they expected to drink in Heaven, us ng the skulls of their enemies as goblets. Thus we read in Penrose's Carousal of Odia:

Fill the honeyed beverage high;

Fill the honcyed beverage high; Fill the skulls, 'tis Odin's cry? Heard ye not the power(ni call, Thundering through the vanited hall? Fill the meathe, and spread the beard, Vassais of the gristy jord — The feast begins, the skull mess round, Laughter shouts—the shouts resound.

In England at the present time, mead,

ike many other old and excellent domestic compounds, has passed almost entirely out of use. In very few houses could it now be found. Here and there in a farmhouse where old customs linger, it may still be had; and it is still used for colds and other complaints. both in the case of men and eattle.

The revival of bee-keeping and the conduct of the enterprise on scientific

## A DESPERATE MAN.

#### How an Editor Came Mighty Near Getting Into a Fuss With Him.

Hostetter McGinnis is an arrant coward, but at the same time he is very boastful. Meeting Gilbooly, he said:

"Bill Snort came mighty near getting into a fuss this morning."

"With whom?"

"With me. I tell you he had a pretty close call."

"What was it all about?"

"Well, you see last week there was a piece in Snort's paper about me having stolen a hog in Cameron County. The article went on to say that a red-hot stove wouldn't be safe if I was around. and it seemed to me that it was a sorter reflection on my honesty."

"Yes, I read the article. It was rather personal."

Jess so. Well, I thought I'd call on the editor and ask him what he meant, if I could find him in.' "Did you find him in?"

"Yes, he was in; so I asked him if he

meant to impeach my honesty. What do you suppose he said?"

"I've no idea."

"He said I d dn't have any honesty to impeach, and with that he hit me in the eve with his fist. I happened to notice that there was a pistol on the desk and as quick as I ghtning I grabbed it." "Did you shoot him?"

"No: I just grabbed the pistol to keep him from shooting me with it. As soon as I got hold of it I darted out the door. He took after me, but couldn't overtake me. What do you suppose Snort has done now? He has come out in his paper and charged me with stealing the pistol, when I only took it to keep him larned reckless in what he says and hurt.

"Yes: he'll stump his toe running after you."-Texus Siftings.

The genuine pioneer loves a certain condition of life and elements of danger, without which living is to him an empty void. He is contented in his lonely cabin until half a dozen neighbors gather within as many miles, and then he feels he must move on to get more room and have game undisturbed by advancing civilization. So the hardy gold-hunter finds that modern machinery and crowded claims with business methods have stripped California of its romance and spirit of adventure, and he looks for new fields where unadulterated adventure, wildness of scene and plenty of shining dust or the lovely nuggets can be found. Prosaic law and order have too much sway in Australia, and he naturally turns to the wonders of the dark continent, from which come whispers of piles of the longed-for metal, and surrounded with ough of danger and uncertainty to suit even the morbid thirst of a monomaniac. His dreams point to the goldfields of Boure, some six hundred m les rom the west coast of Africa, at Free-

own or at Sierra Leone. The chief city is Sego, from which ome wonderful stories of the riches and treasures, mostly gold, belonging o the royal family of the land. Within this city is said to be a small house, constantly guarded, which is filled with the gold gathered by the different chiefs during the past two hundred years. The object of the French invasion of the country was said to be the possession of he wealth thus gathered in a pile. The country is wild and hilly and full of mines of gold, the metal being found b th in the hills and on the plains. The natives have only a very indefinite idea. of the extent and importance of the deposits, but when yards or houses are swept the dirt is saved and found to contain particles of gold dust. The amount, of course, varies, but some is discovered in the washing in nearly every case of this kind. What incentive to tidy appearances in the rooms of a dwelling it must be when the housewife knows that it is paying dust she is gathering and sure of rewarding her with a fair amount of pin money. The native method of mining gold is very crude The native and simple. After the ground is dug up the women put it in calabashes and wash it carefully, when the particles of gold are precipitated to the bottom of the vessel and then collected with infinite care. If intended to be sold or go out of the country it is melted and made into twisted rings. Gold dust is the currency of Boure,

and probably that is the only political division in the interior of the dark continent that uses it for that purpose. For convenience in exchange it is put in rom shoot ng me with it. Snort is too small quills that are handy to carry and serve to establish a standard of value in loes, and some of these days he'll get a general way, but for more particular purposes all traders are provided with small scales, which are made by the natives and very accurately adjusted. The has been found on examination that at least one of the stones is made of paste.

or is perhaps a doublet. A rather curious story went the round of the press some years ago. when, on the death of a lady of title, it was found that more than one-third of the family d amonds were compose of false stones. These imitations had been so beautifully exe cuted that none but the cleverest dealers were able to detect them, while in nothing in it .- Chicago Tribun the case of some of the stones it was not till their specific gravity had been tested that a decision could be arrived at. It has been found on examination, we believe, that necklaces of so-called real diamonds have often contained Budget. twenty per cent. of doublets or other stones of questionable quality. Respectable dealers in jewelry maintain that it is the public who are to blame for the production of false jewels. knowing well enough that genuine gems could not be given at the prices offered for them. Reta l jewelers are not seldom deceived themselves, not

being, perhaps, so well versed in the technical knowledge incidental to their trade as they ought to be. Tradesmen of repute, however, are exceedingly careful in their selection of stock, no gem being offered for sale unless it is known to be genuine.-Chambers' Journal.

# SUCCESS WITH FOWLS.

#### How to Make the Egg Business One of Profit and Pleasure.

Success with fowls, kept exclusively for their eggs, is gained only by constant care for their cleanliness and comfort. They must have a variety of food, a good, large run, with opportunity to exercise, or be forced to take exercise in scratching for their feed, as upon a floor covered with chaffed straw. They may be kept safely in flocks of seventy to one hundred, but the larger the flock the more danger there is from disease and from thieves. The free use of carbolic acid is a great safeguard. It may be applied in sawdust or clay, the dry material being moistened by the carbolic acid thoroughly stirred into it. The less of the carbolic acid that is used the better, provided every particle of sawdust or of dry clay has its quota. This disinfectant thus prepared, may be used in the nests, in the dusting box, upon the floors, under the roosts, etc. It is fatal alike to parasites and to tendency to disease in most cases. It can not be depended upon in dirty houses.

for fermenting manure, receiving fresh additions constantly, will overpower almost any disinfectant that could be safely used. By spading or plowing up a portion

of the runs frequently, fowls gat healthful exercise and find a few grab and worms, and with breeds of fowlwhich are active by nature, exercismeans eggs, and incidentally, perfer health. - American Agriculturist

#### Judge Lake's Opinion.

A well-known lawyer once came a room where Judge Lake and send others were seated. He was not in good temper, and they asked him

"Well, I defended a fellow for m der. He was convicted. I took him the Supreme Court, back again, 102 Supreme Court again, and the Sume Court confirmed the judgment and pa him ten years. I charged him in thousand dollars. Lake, do you un that was too much?"

"Well," said Judge Lake. he might have been convicted for les -San Francisco Chronicle.