WOMAN'S WONDERFUL INFLUENCE.

Bill Nye Meets One Who Has Made Matrimony a Study.

[New York Mercury.]

"Woman wields a wonderful influence over man's destinies," said Woodtick William, the other day, as he breathed gently on a chunk of blossom rock and then wiped it carefully with the tail of his coat.

"Woman in most cases is gentle and long suffering, but if you observe her close for several consecutive weeks you will notice that she generally gets there with both feet.

"I've been quite a student of the female mind myself. I have, therefore, had a good deal of opportunity to compare the overedge man with the everedge women as regards ketchin' on in our great general farewell journey to the tomb.

"Woman has figgered a good deal in my own destinies. My first wife was a large, powerful woman, who married me before I hardly knew it. She married me down near Provost, in an early day. Her name was Lorena. The name didn't seem to suit her complexion and phizzeek as a general thing. It was like calling the fat woman in the museum Lily.

"Lorena was a woman of great strength of purpose. She was also strong in the wrists. Lorena was of foreign extraction, with far-away eyes and large, earnest red hands. You ought to have saw her preserve order during the hour for morning prayers. I had a hired man there in Utah, in them days, who was inclined to be a scoffer at our plain home-made style of religion. So I told Lorena that I was a little afraid that Orlando Whoopenkaugh would rise up suddenly while I was at prayer and spatter my thinker all over the cook stove, or create some other ruction that would cast a gloom over our devotions.

"Lorena said: 'Never mind, William. You are more successful in prayer, while I am more successful in disturbances. You go on with your petition, and I will preserve order.'

"Lorena saved my life once in a singular manner. Being a large, powerful woman, of course she no doubt preserved me from harm a great many times; but on this occasion it was a clear case.

"I was then sinking on the Coopon claim and had got the prospect shaft down a couple of hundred foot and was drifting for the side wall with indifferent success. We was working a day shift of six men, blasting, hysting and a little timbering. I was in charge of the crew and eastern capital was furnishing the ready John Davis, if you will allow me that low term.

"Lorena and me had been a little edgeways for several days owing to a little sassy remark made by her and a retort on my part in which I thoughtlessly alluded to her brother, who was at that time serving out a little term for life down at Canyon City, and who, if his life is still spared, is at it yet.

"If I wanted to make Lorena jump nine feet high and hollow, all I had to do was jest to allude in a jeering way to her family record. So she got madder and madder, till at last it ripened into open hostility, and about noon on the 13th day of September Lorena attacked me with a large butcher knife and drove me into the adjoining county.

She drove me into the adjoining county.

"She told me also that if I ever returned to Provost she would cut me in two right between the pancreas and the watch pocket and feed me to the hens.

"I thought if she felt that way about it I would not return. I felt so hurt and so grieved about it that I never stopped till I got to Omaha. Then I heard how Lorena, as a means in the hands of Providence, had saved my unprofitable life.

"When she got back to the house and had put away her butcher knife, a man came rushing in to tell her that the boys had struck a big pay streak of water, and that the whole crew in the Coopon was drowned, her husband among the rest.

"Then it dawned on Lorena how she had saved me, and for the first time in her life she burst into tears. People who saw her said her grief was terrible. Tears are sad enough when shed by a man, but when we see a strong woman bowed in grief, we shudder.

"No one who has never deserted his wife at her urgent request can fully realize the pain and anguish it costs. I have been married many times since, but the sensation is just the same to-day as it was the first time I ever deserted my wife.

"As I said, though, a woman has a wonderful influence over a man's whole life. If I had a chance to change the great social fabric any, though, I should ask woman to be more thoughtful of her husband, and, if possible, less severe. I would say to woman, be a man. Rise above these petty little tyrannical ways. Instead of asking your husband what he does with every cent you give him, learn to trust him. Teach him that you have confidence in him. Make him think you have, anyway, whether you have or not. Do not seek to get a whiff of his breath every ten minutes to see whether he has been drinking or not. If you keep doing that you will sock him into a drunkard's grave sure pop. He will at first lie about it, then he will use disinfectants for the breath, and then he will stay away till he gets over it. The timid young man says, 'Pass the gloves, please. I've got to get ready to go home pretty soon.' The man whose wife really has fun with him says, 'Well, boys, good night. I'm sorry for you.' Then he goes home.

"Very few men have had the opportunities for observation in a matrimonial way that I have, William. You see, one man judges all the wives in Christendom by his'n. Another does ditto, and so it goes. But I have made matrimony a study. It has been a life work for me. Others have simply dabbled into it. I have studied all its phases and I am an expert. So I say to you that woman, in one way or another, either by strategy and winin' ways or by main strength and awkwardness, is absolutely sure to wield an all-red influence over poor, weak men, and as the grass grows and water runs, pardner, you will always find her presiding over man's destinies and his ducats. BILL NYE."

The Young Idea.

[Harper's Bazar.]

A little boy who was told that the tiny baby sister he was bending over had come from heaven, looked at her awhile, and then said, softly, "Please tell us all about heaven, baby, before you forget it."

THE MERCHANT.

A Sketch of the Rise and Progress of the Mercantile Profession.

Mr. Godfrey Morse, ex-President of the Common Council, read an essay before a large audience in the rooms of the Young Men's Hebrew Association, Sunday evening, on the "Rise and Progress of the Mercantile Profession." He said that in past ages one would not have spoken of the profession of the merchant. The invention of the mariner's compass, the doubling of the Cape of Good Hope, the discovery of America, the invention of steamboats, railways and telegraphy, are events which have had more influence on the material prosperity of mankind than any recorded in history. In ancient times, when nations were still barbarous, merchants were held in low esteem. We are told, for instance, that both in ancient Egypt and Hindostan the whole body of the people were divided into different castes or tribes, each of which was confined, from father to son, to a particular employment or class of employments. In both countries the caste of the priests held the highest rank, that of the soldier next, and in both countries the caste of the farmers and laborers was superior to the caste of the merchants and manufacturers. Historically speaking, Egypt was the earliest commercial nation, as well as the first in arts, letters and civilization. Their dominant caste, the priests, feared the spirit of liberty which the commercial contact with foreign nations always engenders, and encouraged the cultivation of the soil, while they frowned upon the enterprise of the trader and manufacturer. The inroads of the Arabs, and later of the Romans, broke the bars forged by the priests. Then the Egyptians became traders, and for many years enjoyed a successful mercantile career. Sodom, founded twenty-two hundred years before the Christian era, for upward of six centuries ruled the world through her commerce, and was followed by Tyre in a glorious career of trade. Carthage, for many years the formidable rival of Rome, had the sinews of strength in commerce. She fought her battles with mercenary soldiers, while her own citizens heaped up treasures by their industry and mercantile enterprise. In the ancient Greek republics commerce was deemed ignoble. The laws of Lycurgus proscribed it as tending to inequality of wealth; nor did the system of Solon give encouragement to trade. From contact with Asia the cultivation of commerce in Greece began. Corinth and the Greek colony of Syracuse became extremely rich from their commerce. There is little to be said of the Romans as a commercial people. They regarded it as an occupation only fit for slaves and freedmen, and thought it easier to reap from the industry of others than to work for themselves. War and gladiatorial contests were the haughty Romans' only honorable pastime. Occupations that did not contribute to conquests were despised. Her necessities finally made her maritime, but her citizens never became merchants. The crusades contributed largely to increase the wealth of the maritime cities of Italy—Genoa, Florence and Pisa. During the twelfth and thirteenth centuries the foreign [illegible] of the world is commerce—trade." It dominates everything. Stocks rise when trade is good, and stocks fall when it is stagnant. The happiness and prosperity of all mankind are affected by it; it is the pulse-beat by which the welfare of the nation is measured. The interests of the merchant sway kings to war and peace. Of all vocations that of the merchant's is now the most extensive, enlisting in its service the vast majority of civilized men, and rendering oftentimes the other professions its dependent stipendiaries. Indeed, from the most despised occupations in former days, it has risen to the foremost in power, usefulness and influence. In the words of Hallel: "The stone which the builders rejected is become the corner head stone."—*Boston Herald.*

Tea for Brainworkers.

Tea is unquestionably the drink for the brainworker. It is more refreshing, more restorative, more portable, less heating, more easily made, and—Brillat-Savarin is correct in affirming that a man would grow mad who drank one litre of strong coffee every day for three months continuously—it has the recommendation of being less deleterious. This is, perhaps, not the opinion of the coffee merchants, who are lamenting over their dwindling trade. Nor, we may well believe, has England taken to tea and cocoa in preference to coffee merely out of regard for the public health. Fashion, taste and convenience must be reckoned among the causes that account for the change.—*Boston Budget.*

—An exhibition of American apples in London attracts thousands of visitors.

LATE NEWS SUMMARY.

Pacific Coast, Eastern and Foreign.

Ex-United States Senator James T. Farley, died at his residence in Jackson, Cal.

Two hundred patents have been issued at Washington to polish low-grade coffee.

Nearly 2,000 delegates attended the Cattle and Horse Growers' Convention at Denver.

Ed. Alston, a prominent ranchman, was found dead with his throat cut at Bozeman, Montana.

William Ovesholtzer, a miller and farmer at Heppner, Oregon, was drowned at that place.

Wm. Curtier shot and killed Hines and John Nichols, during an altercation at Forest City, Arkansas.

President Cleveland will accept no invitations to dine from persons other than members of his Cabinet.

Queen Victoria has accepted the resignation of the Ministry, and summoned Gladstone to form a Cabinet.

The recent cold snap in Florida, damaged the fruit and farm interests of the State at least $2,000,000.

Two murderers, an Indian and a Mexican, were taken from jail and hanged by a mob at Susanville, Cal.

The Maryland Legislature has elected A. P. Gorman as United States Senator for six years from the 4th of March, 1887.

Congressman Joseph Rankin, of Manatowic, Wtsconsin, died at Washington of Bright's disease of the kidneys.

Malignant diptheria prevails to an alarming extent near Reading, Pa. Thirty deaths have occurred within a radius of five miles.

John Crain and Eugene Evans, both farmers living near Colfax, W. T., had a difficulty that resulted in Crain shooting and killing Evans.

The County Poor House at Jackson, Mich., was destroyed by fire, and five of the inmates, all over 60 years of age, perished in the flames.

Two sailors belonging to the crew of the steamer Ranger were drowned near Ensenda, Lower California, by the capsizing of a row-boat.

Detroit has 604 manufacturing establishments which employed 30,000 workmen last year, and turned out $64,611,000 worth of products.

Search has been continued without intermission at the Newberg coal shaft at Wheeling, W. Va., and twenty-nine bodies have been recovered.

Charles Clowes, a wealthy young married man, shot and killed a woman named Blanche Gray, and then suicided in a disreputable house in Chicago.

A bill has been brought in the French Chambers of Deputies to tax foreign workmen, and another bill to exclude them from employment under State contracts.

Five members of the Hansmeyer family at Tarentum, Pa., have died of trichiniosis. The lives of three remaining members of the family are despaired of.

The publishers of General Grant's "Memoirs" have sent Mrs. Grant a check for $250,000 as her share of the profits. January 27th was that lady's 60th birthday.

The city of Los Angeles, Cal., was recently visited by a destructive flood. About fifty houses were washed away or wrecked. A woman and a little girl were drowned.

The precious metal output of Oregon last year was $607,405, of which $12,000 was silver and the remainder gold; Washington, $109,050; Alaska, $251,000; Idaho, $4,423,356; Montana, $14,224,542.

A maiden lady aged 40 years, worth $3,000,000, recently married a penniles youth of 22, at Los Angeles, Cal. The marriage created a sensation at St. Louis, Mo., where the bride was for many years a society leader.

In a recent inquest at London a physician testified that the practice to which young mothers are addicted of lying over their infants at night, caused the death of about 500 children a year in London alone.

A number of Chinese have begun suit in the United States Circuit Court against the city of Eureka, Cal., to recover $132,000 damages, for loss of property sustained by their expulsion from that city some time ago.

The new English House of Commons contains 112 lawyers, 60 manufacturers, 42 merchants, 35 journalists, 25 bankers, 24 brewers and 21 shipowners. Not more than 40 out of 670 members are of the distinctly aristocratic class.

Seven brothers living in Hiekory county, Mo., were induced by a stranger to invest all their money in a mythical silver mine in Nevada,. Upon learning that they had been imposed upon, all became violently insane, and have been placed in an asylum.

A party of nine cowboys visited the town of Burlington, Texas. After becoming crazed with liquor, they succeeded in terrorizing the populace durthe entire night, riding up and down the principal streets, firing into windows and acting like savages. They defied the authorities, but Deputy Sheriff Cole, with a posse, succeeded about daylight in driving the ruffians from town, killing four of their number and five horses in a running fight.

How to Deal with Diarrhœa.

This complaint is a sign of disordered liver and should be attacked at the source of the disease. Avoid violent purgatives, swallow no chalk mixture or other constipating preparation. Take Simmons Liver Regulator which will remove the irritating humors that produce the disease, correct the acidity of the stomach and produce regularity of the bowels, alike free from laxity or costiveness.

PRODUCE MARKET

Portland.

FLOUR—Per bbl, standard brands, $4.00; others, $2.25@3.75.

WHEAT—Per ctl, valley, $1.20@1.22½. Walla Walla, $1.10@1.12½.

BARLEY—Whole, ℔ cental, $1.17½; ground, ℔ ton, $24@25.

OATS—Choice milling, 40@42c; choice feed, 37@38c.

RYE—Per ctl, $1.12½@1.25.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Per ctl, $4.00@5.00.

CORN MEAL—Per ctl, $2.25@3.

CRACKED WHEAT—Per ctl, $3.

HOMINY—Per ctl, $4.00.

OATMEAL—Per ctl, $3.25@3.50.

PEARL BARLEY—Per ctl, $5.00@6.00.

SPLIT PEAS—Per lb, 4c.

TAPIOCA—Per lb, 6½c.

SAGO—Per lb, 6c.

VERMICELLI—Per lb, No. 1, $1.25; No. 2, 90c.

BRAN—Per ton, $13@14.

SHORTS—Per ton, $15@16.

MIDDLINGS—Per ton, $20@22.

CHOP—Per ton, 18.50@20.

HAY—Per ton, baled, $7@9.

OIL CAKE MEAL—Per ton, $32.50.

HOPS—Per lb, Oregon, nominal; Wash. Ter., do.

BUTTER—Per lb, fancy roll, 32½c; inferior grade, 12; pickled, 15@20c.

CHEESE—Per lb, Oregon, 12@13c; California, 12@13c.

EGGS—Per doz, 22½@25c.

DRIED FRUITS—Per lb, apples, quarters, sacks and boxes, 3½; do sliced, in sacks and boxes, 3@4; apricots, 15c; blackberries, 14@15c; nectarines, 14c; peaches, halves unpeeled, 9@10½c; pears, quartered, 7½@9; pitted cherries, 17½c; pitted plums, California, 8@10c; do Oregon, 7½@8c; currants, 7@8; dates, 9@10c; figs, Smyrna, 10½@20; California, 8; prunes, California, 7½@8; French, 10@12½; Turkish, 6½@7½; raisins, California London layers, $2.75@3.50 ℔ box; loose Muscatels, $2.25; Seedless, ℔ lb, 12c; Sultana, 12½c.

RICE—China, No. 1, $5½; do No. 2, $5½; Sandwich Islands, No. 1, ℔ lb, 5½c; Japan, 5½c ℔ lb.

BEANS—Per cental, pea, $2.50; small whites, $2.25; bayos, $2.25; lima, $3.00; pink, $2.25.

VEGETABLES—Beets, $1; cabbage, $2; carrots, 50c; cauliflower, ℔ doz, $1.00@1.25; celery, ℔ doz., 75c; sweet potatoes, ℔ lb., 2½c; onions, new, 1½@1½c; turnips, ℔ lb, 1c; spinach, ℔ sack, 40@50c.

POTATOES—Per, sack 40@60c.

POULTRY—Chickens, ℔ doz, spring, $1.50@2.00; old, $2.50@3.00; ducks, $4.00; geese, $6@7.50; turkeys, ℔ lb, nominal, 10@12c.

HAMS—Per lb, Eastern, 12½@14½c; Oregon, 11@12c.

BACON—Per lb, Oregon sides, 8@8½c; do shoulders, 7@7½.

LARD—Per lb, Oregon, 8; Eastern, 9@10c.

PICKLES—Per 5-gal keg, $1.00; bbls, ℔ gal., 20c.

SUGARS—Quote bbls: Cube, 7¾; dry granulated, 7½c; fine crushed, 8c; golden C, 6c.

COFFEE—Per lb, Guatemala, 12½; Costa Rica, 10@11½c; Old Government Java, 18@20c; Rio, 12½@13c; Salvado, 10½c; Mocha, 22½@25; Kona, 18c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, 25@65c; Japan, 12@55c; Oolong, 15@65c; Gunpowder and Imperial, 25@65c.

SYRUP—California refinery is quoted at 42½c in bbls, 52½c in kegs and 1-gal. tins 62½.

CANNED GOODS—Salmon, 1-lb tins, ℔ doz, $1.15; oysters, 2-lb tins, ℔ doz, $2.25; 1-lb tins, $1.40 ℔ doz; lobsters, 1-lb tins, ℔ doz, $1.90; clams, 2-lb tins, ℔ doz, $2@2.65; mackerel, 5-lb tins, ℔ doz, $8.50@8.75; fruits, ℔ doz tins, $1.75@2.50; jams and jellies, ℔ doz, $1.90; vegetables, ℔ doz, $1@1.50.

HONEY—Extracted, 6c; comb, 16c.

FRESH FRUIT—Apples, Oregon, new, ℔ box, 50c@75; bananas, ℔ bunch, $3@4; cranberries, Western, $11.00@12.00 ℔ bbl; Cape Cod, ℔ bbl, $9@12; Lemons, Sicily, ℔ box, $7@7.50; Limes, ℔ 100, $1.25; pineapples, ℔ doz, $8.00; pears, ℔ box, 75@$1.

SEEDS—Per lb, timothy, 5c; red clover, 11@15c; orchard grass, 16c; rye grass, 14@15c.

WOOL—Eastern Oregon, spring clip, 12@16c ℔ lb; fall clip, 10@14. Valley Oregon, spring clip, 16@18c; lambs' and fall, 14@16c.

SALT—Carmen Island, ℔ ton, $15@17; Liverpool, ℔ ton, $16@19; 5-lb bags for table, 4½@5c.

NUTS—California almonds, ℔ 100 lb sks, 15c; Brazil, 12½c; chestnuts, 18@20c; cocoanuts, $6@7.50; filberts, 14c; hickory, 10c; peanuts, 9@12½c; pecans, 14c; California walnuts, 9@9½c.

HIDES—Dry, 16@17c; salted, 6@7.

San Francisco.

FLOUR—Extra, $4.50@4.75 ℔ bbl; superfine, $2.75@3.50.

WHEAT—No. 1 shipping, $1.35@1.36¼ ℔ ctl; No. 2, $1.30@1.32½; Milling, $1.38½@1.40.

BARLEY—No. 1 feed, $1.27½@1.32½; brewing, $1.35@1.45.

OATS—Milling and Surprise, $1.35@1.40 ℔ ctl; Feed, No. 1, $1.22½@1.25; No. 2, $1.17@1.22½.

CORN—Yellow, $1.15@1.17½ ℔ ctl; white, $1.15@1.17½.

RYE—$1.25@1.27½ ℔ ctl.

HOPS—7@9c ℔ lb.

HAY—Clover, $10@11.00 ℔ ton; alfalfa, $10@13; wheat, $12.50@15.50.

STRAW—60c@.5c ℔ bale.

ONIONS—Per ctl, 75@$1.05.

BEANS—Small white, $1.65@1.90 ℔ ctl; pea, $1.65@1.90; pink, $1.20@1.30; red, $1.25@1.30; bayos, $1.30@1.45; butter, $1.10@1.30; limas, $2.50@2.75.

POTATOES—Early rose, 35@45c; river reds, 30c@45c; sweets, 35c@60.

HONEY—Comb, 10@13c ℔ lb for best grades; strained, 5½@5½c.

O. & C. R. R. TIME TABLE.

Mail Train north, 9:41 A. M.
Mail train south, 1:04 P. M.

OFFICE HOURS, EUGENE CITY POSTOFFICE.

General Delivery, from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M.
Money Order, from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Register, from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Mails for north close at 9:15 A. M.
Mails for south close at 1:30 P. M.
Mails for Franklin close at 7 A. M. Monday and Thursday.
Mails for Mabel close at 7 A. M. Monday and Thursday.
Mails for Cartwright close 7 A. M. Monday.

SOCIETIES.

EUGENE LODGE NO. 11, A. F. AND A. M. Meets first and third Wednesdays in each month.

SPENCER BUTTE LODGE NO. 9, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening.

WIMAWHALA ENCAMPMENT NO. 6. Meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays in each month.

EUGENE LODGE NO. 15, A. O. U. W. Meets at Masonic Hall the second and fourth Fridays in each month. M. W.

J. M. GEARY POST NO. 40, G. A. R. MEETS at Masonic Hall the first and third Fridays of each month. By order. COMMANDER.

ORDER OF CHOSEN FRIENDS. MEETS the first and third Saturday evenings at Masonic Hall. By order of G. C.

BUTTE LODGE NO. 367, I. O. G. T. MEETS every Saturday night in Odd Fellows' Hall. W. C. T.

LEADING STAR BAND OF HOPE. MEETS at the C. P. Church every Sunday afternoon at 3:30. Visitors made welcome.

Eugene City Business Directory.

BETTMAN, G.—Dry goods, clothing, groceries and general merchandise, southwest corner, Willamette and Eighth streets

BOOK STORE—One door south of the Astor House. A full stock of assorted box papers, plain and fancy.

CRAIN BROS.—Dealers in jewelry, watches, clocks and musical instruments, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

DORRIS, B. F.—Dealer in stoves and tinware, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

FRIENDLY, S. H.—Dealer in dry goods, clothing and general merchandise, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

GILL, J. P.—Physician and surgeon, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

HODES, C.—Keeps on hand fine wines, liquors, cigars and a pool and billiard table, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

HORN, CHAS. M.—Gunsmith, rifles and shotguns, breech and muzzle loaders, for sale. Repairing done in the neatest style and warranted. Shop on Ninth street.

LUCKEY, J. S.—Watchmaker and jeweler, keeps a fine stock of goods in his line, Willamette street, in Ellsworth's drug store.

McCLAREN, JAMES—Choice wines, liquors and cigars, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

PATTERSON, A. S.—A fine stock of plain and fancy visiting cards.

POST OFFICE—A new stock of standard school books just received at the post office.

RENSHAW & ABRAMS—Wines, liquors and cigars of the best quality kept constantly on hand. The best billiard table in town.

RHINEHART, J. B.—House, sign and carriage painter. Work guaranteed first-class. Stock sold at lower rates than by anyone in Eugene.

W. V. HENDERSON,

DENTIST.

HAS RESUMED PRACTICE, WITH office in Hays' brick.

My operations will be first-class and charges reasonable.

Old patrons as well as new ones are invited to call.

DR. L. F. JONES,

Physician and Surgeon.

WILL ATTEND TO PROFESSIONAL calls day or night.

OFFICE—Up stairs in Hays' brick; or can be found at E. R. Luckey & Co's drug store. Office hours: 9 to 12 M., 1 to 4 P. M., 6 to 8 P. M.

DR. J. C. GRAY,

DENTIST.

OFFICE OVER GRANGE STORE. ALL work warranted.

Laughing gas administered for painless extraction of teeth.

DR. W. C. SHELBREDE,

DENTIST.

IS NOW PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN Cottage Grove. He performs all operations in mechanical and surgical dentistry. All work warranted and satisfaction guaranteed.

GEO. W. KINSEY,

Justice of the Peace.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—TOWN LOTS and farms. Collections promptly attended to.

RESIDENCE—Corner Eleventh and High Sts., Eugene City, Oregon.

St. Charles Hotel

EUGENE CITY, OREGON,

W. H. WATKINS, Proprietor.

New and Experienced Management. Charges Moderate.

J. D. MATLOCK,

SUCCESSOR TO

T. G. Hendricks.

Having purchased the store formerly owned by T. G. Hendricks, I take pleasure in informing the public that I will keep a well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes,

HATS, GROCERIES, NAILS,

—AND—

TOBACCOS.

n fact our stock will be found to be complete.

By honest and fair dealing I hope to be able to secure a liberal share of the public patronage.

Call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

I can always be found at the

OLD HENDRICKS CORNER,

Where I will take all kinds of Produce in exchange for goods.

J. D. MATLOCK.

Feb. 29, 1884.

Boot and Shoe Store.

A. HUNT, Proprietor.

Will hereafter keep a complete stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes!

BUTTON BOOTS,

Slippers, White and Black, Sandals,

FINE KID SHOES,

MEN'S AND BOY'S

BOOTS AND SHOES!

And in fact everything in the Boot and Shoe line, to which I intend to devote my especial attention.

MY GOODS ARE FIRST-CLASS!

And guaranteed as represented, and will be sold for the lowest prices that a good article can be afforded.

A. Hunt.

OPPOSITION

Is the Life of Trade!

SLOAN BROTHERS

Will do work cheaper than any other shop in town.

Horses Shod for $2 Cash

With new material all around. Resetting old shoes $1. All warranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on the Corner of 8th and Olive Sts

SPORTSMAN'S EMPORIUM

C. M. HORN,

Practical Gunsmith

DEALER IN

GUNS, RIFLES,

Fishing Tackle and Materials

Sewing Machines and Needles of All Kinds For Sale

Repairing done in the neatest style and warranted.

Guns Loaned and Ammunition Furnished

Shop on Willamette Street, opposite Postoffice.

Book and Stationery Store,

Postoffice Building, Eugene City.

I have on hand and am constantly receiving an assortment of the best

SCHOOL & MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS

STATIONERY,

Blank Books, Portfolios, Cards, Wallets,

BLANKS, ETC.

A. S. PATTERSON.

D. T. PRITCHARD,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

Repairing of Watches and Clocks executed with punctuality and at a reasonable cost.

Willamette Street, Eugene City, Or.

B. F. DORRIS,

DEALER IN

STOVES, RANGES,

Pumps, Pipes, Metals,

TINWARE

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods Generally.

WELLS DRIVEN PROMPTLY,

And Satisfaction Guaranteed.

WILLAMETTE STREET,

Eugene City, - - - - Oregon.

Central Market,

Fisher & Watkins

PROPRIETORS.

Will keep constantly on hand a full supply of

BEEF,

MUTTON, PORK AND VEAL,

Which they will sell at the lowest market prices.

A fair share of the public patronage solicited

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