"Yes'm. 'Maria ha a beau."

"Has been waitin' on her for six years."

"And I've been waitin' on him for the same length of time—waitin' for him to marry her." "Just so, ma'am."

"How long should a couple spark?"
"Well, that depends. It takes some folks a
long time to make up their minds."
"Isn't three years long enough?"
"I should think so."

'And I gave him six. I've been getting madder and madder for the last three months, and finally last night I couldn't hold in any longer. I went into the parlor and there h was, giggling and winking and loving around same as five years ago. There was Maria, simpering and cackling and acting like the same fool she allus was. Don't talk to me! A gal can bring a beau to time inside of two years if she's got any marry in her. You didn't fool away six years?'

"Nor I, either. Well, I stood it as long as I could, and when I went into the room says I to William, says I: 'William, you've sot and sot, and it's my duty as a mother to know if you intend to marry Maria.' Maria she give a screech, and William he turned flery red. But says I: 'If you love, why don't you marry? If you are hanging around here to pass away time you'd better skip!"

"Well, William coughed and gasped and stuttered around, and said he wanted to

write to his ma in Iowa.' 'Your ma in Iowa!' says I, feeling my dander climbing up. 'Mebbe you ain't weaned yet!'

up. 'Mebbe you ain't weaned yes.
"Then he says he couldn't be buildozed, and that one objection to marrying Maria was having me for a mother-in law. Then the cyclone broke loose. Also the whirlwind.



Then the cyclone broke loose.

Also two or three earthquakes. Inside of four minutes Maria had fainted, William was a wreck and we had upset the stove and broke three chairs. He came to and slipped out while I was holding camphor to Maria's nose, and I've heard to-day that he is after a warrant for me for assault with intent to kill. Can he get one?" "Yes'm."

"Can he do anything?"

"Well, you want a jury!"
"Sartin—sartin. I'll go before a jury and tell'em how he and Maria have sot and sot for 1,700 nights-how I've had to be soft on him-how I've poked up Maria to bring him to time-how I stood it and stood it until sunthin' had to break—how it has cost me \$200 for fuel and oil—how—but that's all. If they are men they can't find no verdict

"Well, I'll go home and wait. Maria lies there sighing and weeping, and there's the stove to put up and the chairs to mend, and William gets the warrant Pil let you the working classes, and in this kind of was latally shot by a Socialist names ow. His ma in Iowa! Pil let him know work nearly all the provinces have been that somebody's ma in Detroit is ...ive and kicking and allus on deck!"

Human Nature the Same in Russia. Pittsburg Chronicle.] Akonlina was stirring the satshi as Sasha

Petrovitch entered and tapped her gently under the chin. "Oh, 'tis you, Sasha Petrovitch!" "Yes, Akonlina. I come to bid you adieu."
"Adieu, Sasha! To the war! My heart

will break!" "No, my spring bird; no, no, my cherry redberry. You will be true to me?" "I will, Sasha. Forever!"

A month has elapsed, during which Sasha stopping bullets at Herat. Akonlina is aking kala chi, when Filka Orloff enters and tickles her gently right where Sasha Petrovitch left off.

'Akonlina, I have no one to bake me ka-

"I love Sasha." "I have no one to light my samovar."

"I love Sasha," "You shall be a lady." "I love Sasha."

"Your hands shall not touch water." "I love Sasha."

"I'll buy you a pair of roller skates!" 'Swear it?' "Akonlina, I swear!"

Then I'll write and tell Sasha Petrovitch that it is Orloff."

Amenities of the Wisconsin Legislature [Madison Journal]

"Mr. Speaker," said the gentleman from Rock (Mr. Norcross), "I would st ggest that the attention of the sergeant-at-arms be called to the fact that it is oppressively warm here."

The speaker called the sergeant's attention, as suggested, to the warmth of the chamber,

and the latter had a window on the north side lowered. "Mr. Speaker," said the gentleman from Kewaunee (Mr. Darbellay), who occupies a seat on the north side, "that window will have to be raised again, or I'll have to leave

my seat, for a heavy draught is blowing in "The speaker is in doubt what to do. One member calls for a window down and another for a window up," observed the presiding officer, whereupon the gentleman from Wood (Mr. Nash) arose, and, in the drawling tone

characteristic of him, said: "Mr. Speaker, I would suggest that a chunk of ice be given to the gentleman from Rock,

upon which to sit." "Mr. Speaker," retorted the gentleman from Rock quickly, "I would suggest that a chunk of ice be applied to the he ... of the gentleman from Wood."

Information for Parents.

For the information of parents, we beg to announce that the baseball season has begun. If a boy comes home late and refuses to get in the family wood on the plen of sickness, his side lost. If he 'talts his supper and says he must go and see a friend who is ill, he will stand watching. His side has won, and be dreams of the wealth and glory he will

win on a grand professional tour. Texas Siftings: Did a woman ever clean up a rented house when she moved out of it? and did she ever fail in 'pressing her opinion, ranging from mild vituperation to emphatic condemnation, of the borrid condition in which her predecessor had left the premises into which she p

BELGIAN WORKMEN.

The Life Led by Them-Their Virtues and

Vices-The Belgian Glass Industry. The exports of glassware from the small country of Belgium are equal in value to half the total product of the glass factories of the United States, which in 1880 aggregated \$21,154,000. There are at least seventy establishments in Belgium, employing over 12,-000 persons, who receive annually in wages 15,000,000 francs (\$3,000,000), being an average of 3 francs 45 centimes (about 70 cents) per day. The salaries in this industry are regarded in Belgium as excellent. Some of the hands earn as much as \$1.50, and even \$2, a day. In the glass works in the vicinity of this town-namely, that of Hal Saint Lambert-about 1,800 workers are employed. The first cutters are paid \$5 per week, second cutters \$4, the same as the polishers. The common laborers earn \$3 to \$3.50 per week. Apprentices are paid 20 cents a day. Over 300 women are engaged here. They are paid by the piece and can earn 40 to 45 cents per day. The estimates heretofore published in Consular reports, etc., of glass-workers' wages in Belgium have, in my opinion, been al-together too higo. The most complete and simplified statement is the one

250 days to the year. The Belgium workman lives principally upon 'rye bread, fat and vegeta-Fresh meat to him is a luxury only to be thought of upon special occasions. Sugar, milk and cheese are also luxuries. He drinks prodigious quantities of inferior coffee and bad rye brandy, which is very cheap. It must be admitted, however, that the Walloons are better fed than the Flemings. A great deal of existing misery can undoubtedly be traced to intemperance. Yet in spite of all this, by economy such as American workers have no conception of the better class of Belgian laborer not only provides for his family but sometimes saves enough to buy a little house, in which he lives. He wears generally trousers of cotton check, a red flannel shirt, over which is a cloth shirt, and which, joined to an ordinary vest, forms a kind of sleeved waistcoat, which serves for a working costume. He wears overalls to go to the shop or factory in. Wooden shoes are almost universally worn, costing from sixty to eighty centimes (twelve and a half to fifteen cents) a pair. They generally have a best suit for Sundays and fete days. Of underneath garments, both male and female workers are almost absolutely destitute, and they are rarely changed frequently enough for decency. In the matter of houses it would be necessary to distinguish between the country and the towns -between Flemish and Walloons. The houses of Belgian workmen are fairly well kept, though in this respect they do not rank with their neigh-bors, the Dutch. The furniture is gen-erally scanty and dilapidated, but well kept, if it happens that the wife does not work in the field or shop. When we take into consideration how many women are obliged to labor the same as men in the field, mine, workshop or factory, the wonder is that the homes are as decent as they are. Of late years numerous building societies have sought

engaged. The Belgian workmen, it has been truly said, are generally slow, but la-borious, patient and industrious. They are excellent in certain industries. Thus, the marble-cutters do their work admirably. The lace makers maintain the old reputation and the wood carvers and the furniture makers are not inferior to their ancestors, who exhibited consummate skill. Lavollee, who has made a careful study of their characteristics, thinks their greatest defect is natural apathy. Then, too, quality has been sacrificed to cheapness. There is a lack of finish in Belgian workmanship, especially when compared with that of France. Their greatest vice is drunkenness, and the consumption of alcohol has doubled in forty years. They, as we have seen, live poorly, are not particularly sober, and preserve the old customs and games, especially when they afford an excuse for getting drunk. In the evening the coffee-houses and taverns are crowded with men who pass the evening in smoking and drinking. Like the Germans and the French. all classes dance, and open-air balls and concerts form no inconsiderable part of their amusements. Shooting with a bow is also a diversion. Some of the most eminent writers on the social condition of the Belgian workman agree that the system of public charity, as organized, is unfavorable to the working classes and has a deleterious influence. They rely too much upon the thought of benevolence to aid those in want. Imagine 900,000 out of 5,500,-000 inhabitants of a country being placed upon the list to be publicly as-sisted! One out of every six of the population. It is enough to undermine the independence of any country, and the wonder is that the Belgians, under such a system, are, upon the whole, as industrious and thrifty as I have shown them to be in many of the manufacturing districts.—Liege (Belgium) Cor. Francisco Chronicle.

work nearly all the provinces have been

Study of Things.

Parents and teachers will do well to turn the thoughts of the young to the careful observation and study of particular things round about them. By calling attention to the robin that hops from limb to limb, one may lead a child to observe its plumage, its habits, its nest, its eggs. Its winter habits, etc., till. interest being aroused and powers of observation stimulated, the child becomes not only an ornithologist, but able to observe and reflect upon a hundred other things. So a flower, a stone, the sight of a star, may open the gate to vast and wonderfully entertaining realms of thought. Begin soon, that

"Liberty" after his mother, who was a beautiful woman. - N. Y. Herald.

LATE NEWS SUMMARY.

Pacific Coast, Eastern and Foreign. General McClellan bequeathed all his property to his wife.

H. B. Claffin, the wealthy New York merchant, is dead.

Seventy patients are being cared for at the Seattle hospital.

Smallpox is reported to exist in the tenement houses of New York.

Virginia gained 100 and Dokota 75 Postoffices during the past year. Wm. R. Morgan, a Constable, fell

dead from heart disease in a saloon at Phoenix, A. T. Henry Ward Beecher was recently

robbed in a street car of a gold watch valued at \$400. John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, in-tends to make a tour of Europe and

Australia next year. The railroads between New York and Chicago have formed a poel to

advance passenger rates. Apaches recently murdered Mrs. John T. Shy and her eleven-year-old son, near Deming, N. M.

Perry Adams, a well-known citizen, committed suicide with a gun at his home near Albany, Oregon.

given above, which would indicate that At Baltimore, Wm. E. Stone shot the average earnings of all classes of glass-workers are \$1 a day, counting his wife and then shot himself. Nine children thus became orphans.

The French Government has sanctioned the issue of treasury bonds to the amount of 45,000,000 francs. Four men lost their lives by a bridge

scaffold falling and precipitating them into the river at Keithsburg, Ill. Buffalo gnats during the past season killed 600 mules within a radius of ten

miles from Grenada, Mississippi,

The County Infirmary near Sandusky, Ohio, was partially destroyed by fire. Five women were burned to

Excavations recently made in an Indian mound in Coles county, Ill., developed the remains of 100 human

Prizes to the amount of \$1,500 will be given by the St. Louis Cotton and Wool Exchange for a sheep-shearing

At Boulder City, Montana, Jack Hart shot and killed William Pitts. Family troubles are said to have been the cause.

The remains of ex-Senator Sharon have been placed in Senator Jones' vault in Laurel Hill cemetery, San Francisco.

Rit Rarefield and his son William, while riding in a wagon were shot dead by persons in ambush near German, Texas, Edward Pressly, aged 80, and his sons Charles and Edward were mur-

dered by Robert Jones in Edgfield county, S. C. Three hundred cattlemen, delegates to the National Cattle Growers' Con-

vention at St. Louis, left Denver by special train. At Chicago, Policeman N.W. O'Brien to furnish more comfortable homes for was fatally shot by a Socialist named

olover, 14@15c; orchard grass, 16c; rye grass, 14@15c.

After January 1, 1886, war vessels word in 4 postal steamers, fitted with electric lights, may navigate the Suez anal at night.

While the miners were at work in the steamers were at work in t mitted suicide. and postal steamers, fitted with electric lights, may navigate the Suez canal at night.

the Colby iron mine at Bessemer, Wis., a large section of ore fell and crushed four men.

Emma Nevada, the song bird of the sage brush State, is entertaining large audiences in the Alcazar, San Francisco's new music hall.

Ten miners were suffocated in the Bull Domingo mine at Silver Cliff, Colorado. The disaster was caused by fire in the hoisting works.

Two Germans attempted to cross the river in a boat about a mile above Niagara Falls, but were drawn into the rapids and carried over the falls.

Louis Riel was hanged at Regina. At the request of the attending priests he declined to talk after mounting the scaffold, and bravely accepted his fate.

Two Chinamen at Omaha have sued a paper of that city for damages. They claim \$1,000 as compensation for the charge that leprosy existed in their

laundry. A band of Indians roving near the town of Lake Valley, N. M., killed three Chinamen who conducted a vegetable farm on Numbers creek,

near that town. In the great balk-line billiard tourname at held at Chicago, in one game Vignaux, the French champion, scored an average of 75 points, it being the

largest on record. General John P. Hatch, Colonel of the Second Cavalry, has been relieved from command at Ft. Walla Walla, W. T. He will be finally retired from the army next January.

At Troy, N. Y., Fred. Townsend, aged 13, buried Willie McAllister, aged 5, in a bank of soft clay. The child remained thus imprisoned for twelve hours, and when found was dead.

A party of four girls and two boys went into the woods of Webster county, Ky., to gather nuts. They were assaulted by tramps, who nearly killed the lads and bore the young ladies to a thicket and murdered them all. Citizens who turned out in search identified and killed two of the tramps.

Mistaken for Consumption.

realms of thought. Begin soon, that observation and reflection may be early developed. It is a rare privilege to open fields of thought to the eager mind of childhood.—Golden Rule.

Bartholdi modeled his statue of Bartholdi modeled his statue of the consumption, all to no effect. Though they had a cough, felt pains in the lungs, were depressed, weak, with many other symptoms tending to that disease, yet these symptoms were all offsprings of a torpid and diseased liver. We could fill a volume with testimonals of thousands as offset of the consumption, all to no effect. Though they had a cough, felt pains in the lungs, were depressed, weak, with many other symptoms were all offsprings of a torpid and diseased liver. We could fill a volume with testimonals of thousands are offset pains in the lungs, were depressed, weak, with many other symptoms were all offsprings of a torpid and diseased liver.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Portland.

FLOUR-Per bbl. standard brands, \$1.25; others, \$2.25@3,25.
WHEAT—Fer ctl. valley, \$1.27\(\frac{1}{2}\)@1.30;
Walla Walla, \$1.17\(\frac{1}{2}\)@1.20.
BARLEY—Whole, \(\psi\) cental, \$1.17\(\frac{1}{2}\);
ground, \(\psi\) ton, \$24\(\psi\)25.
OATS—Choice milling, 35\(\psi\)28c; choice food, \$35\(\psi\)28c;

feed 336535c.

RYE-Per ct', \$1.50@2. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR-Per ctl, \$4.00. CORN MEAL-Per ctl. \$2.75@3. CRACKED WHEAT-Per ctl. \$3.

HOMINY—Per cti, \$4.50.

OATMEAL—Per cti, \$4.50.

OATMEAL—Per cti, \$3.25@3.50.

PEARL BARLEY—Per cti, \$5.00@6.00.

SPLIT PEAS—Per lb, 5c.

TAPIOCA—Per lb, 6jc.

SAGO-Per lb, 6c. VERMICELLI-Per lb, No. 1, \$1.15; No. \$1. BRAN-Per ton, \$14.

SHORTS—Per ton, \$16.
MIDDLINGS—Per ton, \$20@22.
CHOP—Per ton, 16@20.
HAY—Per ton, baled, \$7@9.
OIL CAKE MEAL—Per ton, \$32.50. HOPS-Per Ib, Oregon, 6@7c; Wash Ter, 6@7t.

BUTTER-Per B. fancy roll, 27 jc; inferior grade, 12; pickled, 13@20c. CHEESE-Per B, Oregon, 12@13c; Cali-

fornia, 12@13c. EGGS-Per doz, 30c. EGGS—Per doz, 30c.

DRIED FRUITS—Per lb, apples, quarters, sacks and boxes, 3½; do sliced, in sacks and boxes, 4½@5½; apricots., 15c blackberries, 14@15c; nectarines, 15c; peaches, haives unpeeled, 9@10½c; pears, quartered, 7½@9; pitted cherries, 20.@25c; pitted plums, California, 8@10c; do Oregon, 7½@3c; currants, 6½@7½; dates, 9@10c; figs, Smyrna, 10@20; California, 6@7; prunes, California, 7½@5; French, 10@22½; 2 urkish, 6½@7½; raisns, California London layers, \$2.50@3.25 \$ box; loose Muscutels, \$1.00; Seedless, \$ bx; loc; Sultana, 124c.

RICE—China, No. 1, \$5½; de No. 2, \$5½; Sandwich Islands, No. 1, \$7 B, 6c; Japan,

Sant 15. Gie ≠ 15. BEANS—Per ctl, pea, \$2.08@\$2.50; small whites, \$2.00 ± 2.50; bayes, \$2.00@2.50; lima, \$3.25; pink, \$2.00. Beats, \$1, cabbage, \$1.

\$3.25; pink, \$2.00.

VEGETABLES—Beets, \$1; cabbage, \$1
@1.50; cauliflower, \$\mathscr{V}\$ doz, \$00c@\\$1.00; squash, \$\mathscr{V}\$ box, \$1.25; cucumbers, \$\mathscr{V}\$ box, 75c; green corn, \$\mathscr{V}\$ doz, 12\mathscr{V}\$; sweet potatoes, \$\mathscr{V}\$ lb, 14c; onious, new, 1\mathscr{V}\$; turnips, \$\mathscr{V}\$ lb, 1c; tennatoes, \$\mathscr{V}\$ box, \$1.50c@\\$1.75.

POTATOES—Per, sack 25c@\\$30c.

POULTRY—Chickens, \$\mathscr{V}\$ doz, spring, \$1.75c@\\$2.75; old \$2.75c@\\$3.50; ducks, \$4.90; greese, \$06c@\\$7.50; turkeys, \$\mathscr{V}\$ lb, 10c@\\$12\mathscr{V}\$c.

HAMS—Per lb, Eastern, 13c@\\$1\mathscr{V}\$c; Oregon, 12c.

egon, 12c. BACON-Per lb. Oregon sides, 9c; de shoulders, 74. LARD—Per lb, Oregon, 8; Eastern, 8@ 102. PICKLES-Per 5-gal keg, \$1.10; bbls, \$

gal., 34@324. SUGARS—Quote bbis: Cube, 94; dry granulated, 940; fine crushed, 94c; golden C, 8c.

C. Sc.
HONEY—Extracted, 6c; comb, 12c.§
COFFEE—Per lb, Guatemala, 12₃; Costa
Rica, 12c§; Old Govarnment Java, 18c; Rio,
124@13c; Salvado, 10½c; Mocha, 22½@25;

125@13c; Salvado, 105c; Mocha, 225@25; Kona, 18c.
TEAS—Young Myson, 25@65c; Japan, 12@55c; Occiong, 15.265c; Gunpowder and Imperial, 25@65c.
SYRUP—California refinery is quoted at 375c in bbis, 525c in kegs and 1-gal. tins 625.
CANKED GOODS—Salmon, 1-lb tins, \$\tilde{\psi}\$ dox, \$\tilde{\psi}\$ dox.

doz, \$1.25; oysters, 2-B tins, \$\varphi\$ doz, \$2.15 (e2.75; 1-B tins, \$1.20\tins, \$1.75 \varphi\$ doz, lobsters, 1-B tins, \$\varphi\$ doz, \$1.75; clams, 2-B tins, \$\varphi\$ doz, \$2\tins, \$\varphi\$ doz, \$1.75; clams, 2-B tins, \$\varphi\$ doz, \$2\tins, \$\varphi\$ doz, \$0.25\tins, \$\varphi\$ doz, \$1.80; vegetables, \$\varphi\$ doz, \$1.60; for \$\varphi\$ doz, \$\var

FRESM FRUIT—Apples, Oregon, new, \$\psi\ box, 50c\(\pi\)75; bananas, \$\psi\ boxe, 50c\(\pi\)75; bananas, \$\psi\ boxe, 50c\(\pi\)75; bananas, \$\psi\ boxe, 50c\(\pi\)75c.

FRESM FRUIT—Apples, Oregon, new, \$\psi\ box, 50c\(\pi\)75c.

FRESM FRUIT—Apples, Oregon, new, \$\psi\ box, 50c\(\pi\)75c. doz, \$1@1.50,

SEEDS-Per B, timothy, 64c; 14m15c; or hard grass, 16c; rye

NUTS—California almonds, # 100 lb sks, 18½c; Brazil, 1°c; chestnuts, 18@20c; cocoanuts, 86@8; fliberts, 14c; hickory, 10c; peanuts, 9@12½c; pecan, 14c; California wal-

nuts, 11c. HIDES—Dry, 16@17c; salted, 6@7. TALLOW-Clear color and hard, 4@4je # lb; prime, 4jc.

Nan Francisco. FLOUR-Extra, \$4.50@5.00 # bbl; super-

fine, \$2.75@3.50.
WHEAT—No. 1 shipping, \$1.45@1.474
\$\psi\$ ctl; {No. 2, \$1.40@1.424; Milling, \$1.50@
1.524. 1.035. BARLEY-No. 1 feed, \$1.40; brewing, \$1.45601.50. OATS — Milling and Surprise, \$1.306; 1.46 # ctl; Feed, No. 1, \$1.22461.25; No. 2,

\$1.15@1.17j. CORN — Yellow, \$1.22j # ctl; white, CORN — Yellow, \$1.224 \$\psi\$ cti; white, \$1.15\psi 1.17i.

RYE — \$1.27\psi 1.30 \$\psi\$ ctl.

HOPS—7\psi 10c \$\psi\$ lb.

HAY — Barley, \$10\psi 11.50 \$\psi\$ ton; alfalfa, \$9\psi 11.50; wheat, \$13\psi 16.

STRAW — 70\psi 6 \$\psi\$ bale,

ONIONS—Per cti, 80\psi 90c.

POTATOES-Early rose, 25@45c; rivereds, 35c@50c; sweets, 40c@60.

BEANS—Small white, \$1.60@1.80 \$\vec{v}\$ ctl; pea, \$1.70@1.90; pink, \$1.35@1.45; red, \$1.50; payes, \$1.60@1.90; butter, \$1@1.35; limas, \$2.00@2.25.

HONEY - Comb. 6@12}e ₩ 16 fer best grades; strained, 5@55c. CHEESE California, 5@10c # lb.

O. & C. R. B. TIME TABLE. Mail Train worth, 9:41 A. M. Mail train south, 2:04 P. M.

OFFICE HOURS, EUGENE CITY POSTOFFICE General Delivery, from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M. Money Order, from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M. Register, from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M. Mails for north close at 9:15 A. M. Mails for south close at 1:30 P. M. Mails for Franklin close at 7 A. M. Monday

and Thursday.

Mails for Mabel close at 7 a. M. Monday and Mails for Cartwright close 7 A. M. Monday.

SOCIETIES.

EUGENE LODGE NO. 11, A. F. AND A. M. Meets first and third Wednesdays in each

S PENCER BUTTE LODGE NO. 9, L. O. G. F. Meets every Tuesday evening. WIMAWHALA ENCAMPMENT NO. 6, Meets on the second and fourth Wednes-

days in each month.

EUGENE LODGE NO. 15, A. O. U. W. Meets at Masonic Hall the second and fourth fridays in each month M. W. L Meets at Masonic Hall tourth fridays in each month

J. M. GEARY POST NO. 40, G. A. R. MEETS days of each month. By order. COMMANDER. ORDER OF CHOSEN FRIENDS. MEETS

O the first and third Saturday evenings at Masonic Hall. By order of G. C. BUTTE LODGE NO. 387, L. O. G. T. MEETS every Saturday night in Odd Fellows Hall. W. C. T.

a volume with testimonials of thousands so afflicted, who were permanently cured by taking Simmons Liver Regulator.

Leading Star Band of Hope. Meets to at the C. P. Church every Sunday afternoon at 230. Visitors made welcome.

BETTMAN, G. Dry goods, clothing, groceries and general merchandise, southwest corner. Willamette and Eighth streets

BOOK STORE—One door south of the Astor House. A full stock of assorted box papers, plain and fancy.

CPAIN BROS.—Dealers in jewelry, watches, clocks and musical instruments, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth. DORRIS, B. F.-Dealer in stoves and tinware,

Willamette street, between Seventh

FRIENDLY, S. H.—Dealer in dry goods, clothing and general merchandise, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth. GILL, J. P.—Physician and surgeon, Willam-ette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

HODES, C.—Keeps on hand fine wines, liquors, cigars and a pool and billiard table, Willam-ette street, between Eighth and Ninth, HORN, CHAS, M.—Gunsmith, rifles and shot-guns, breech and muzzle loaders, for sale, Repairing done in the neatest style and war-ranted. Shop on Ninth street.

LUCKEY, J. S.—Watchmaker and jeweler, keeps a fine stock of goods in his line, Willam-ette street, in Elisworth's drug store. McCLAREN, JAMES—Choice wines, liquors and cigars, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth,

PATTERSON, A. S.-A fine stock of plain and fancy visiting eards.

PRESTON, WM.—Dealery in saddlery, har-ness, carriage trimmings, etc., Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth. POST OFFICE-A new stock of standard school books just received at the post office. RENSHAW & ABRAMS-Wines, liquors and cigars of the best quality kept constantly on hand. The best billiard table in town.

RHINEHART, J. B.—House, sign and carriage painter. Work guaranteed first-class. Stock sold at lower rates than by anyone in Eugene.

DR. A. W. PRATHER

OFFICE SOUTH SIDE NINTH STREET. Calls promptly attended to night or day Chronic diseases a specialty.

W. V. HENDERSON DENTIST.

Has resumed practice, with My operations will be first-class and charge reasonable.

Old patrons as well as new ones are invited to call.

DR. L. F. JONES,

Physician and Surgeon.

WILL ATTEND TO PROFESSIONAL calls day or night.

OFFICE—Up stairs in Hays' brick; or can be found at E. R. Luckey & Co's drug store, Office hours: 9 to 12 m., 1 to 4 p. m., 6 to 8 p. m.

DR. J. C. GRAY. DENTIST.

OFFICE OVER GRANGE STORE, ALL Laughing gas administered for painless ex-traction of teeth.

DR. W. C. SHELBREDE DENTIST.

Justice of the Peace. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE-TOWN LOTS and farms, Collections promptly attended to. RESIDENCE—Corner Eleventh and High Sta. Eugene City, Oregon

St. Charles Hotel WELLS DRIVEN PROMPTLY,

EUGENE CITY, OREGON,

W. H. WATKINS, Proprietor.

New and Experienced Management. Eugene City, Oregon. Charges Moderate.

SUCCESSOR TO

T. G. Hendricks.

Having purchased the store formerly owned by T. G. Hendricks, I take pleasure in in-forming the public that I will keep a well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes,

HATS, GROCERIES, NAILS, -AND-

TOBACCOS.

n fact our stock will be found to be complete.

By honest and fair dealing T hope to be able to secure a liberal share of the public patronage.

Call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing eisewhere.

I can always be found at the

OLD HENDRICKS CORNER. Where I will take all kinds of Produce

J. D. MATLOCK.

Eugene City Business Directory. Boot and Shoe Store. A. HUNT, Proprietor.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes! BUTTON, BOOTS.

Slippers, White and Black, Sandals, FINE KID SHOES,

MEN'S AND BOY'S BOOTS AND SHOES!

And in fact everything in the Boot and Shoe line, to which I intend to devote my especial attention.

MY COODS ARE FIRST-CLASS!

And guaranteed as represented, and will be sold for the lowest prices that a good article can be afforded.

A. Hunt.

OPPOSITION Is the Life of Trade!

SLOAN BROTHERS

Will do work cheaper than any other shop

Horses Shod for \$2 Cash

With new material all around. Resetting old shoes \$1. All warranted to

Shop on the Corner of 8th and Olive Sts

SPORTSMAN'S EMPORIUM

C. M. HORN.

Practical Gunsmith DEALER IN

CUNS, RIFLES. Fishing Tackle and Materials Sewing Machines and Needles of All Kinds For Sale Repairing done in the neatest style and

warranted. Guns Loaned and Ammunition Furnished Shop on Willamette Street, opposite Postoffice.

Book and Stationery Store, Postoffice Building, Eugene City.

I have on hand and am constantly receiving SCHOOL & MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS

STATIONERY. Blank Books, Portfolios, Cards, Wallets,

BLANKS, ETC.

A. S. PATTERSON.

D. T. PRITCHARD.

Repairing of Watches and Clocks executed with punctuality and at a

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

Willamette Street, Eugene City, Or. B. F. DORRIS.

DEALER IN STOVES, RANGES,

TINWARE House Furnishing Goods Generally.

Pumps, Pipes, Metals,

And Satisfaction Guaranteed. WILLAMETTE STREET,

MATLOCK, Central Market,

Fisher & Watkins

PROPRIETORS.

Will keep constantly on hand a full supply of BEEF.

MUTTON, PORK AND VEAL, Which they will sell at the lowest

A fair share of the public patronage solicited TO THE FARMERS: We will pay the highest market price for fat cattle, hogs and sheep.

Shop on Willamette Street, EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

F. M. WILKINS. Practical Druggist & Chemist

Meats delivered to any part of the city free

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Brushes, Paints, Glass, Oils, Leads

TOILET ARTICLES, Etc.

Physicians' Prescriptions Compounds