Boot and Shoe Store. A. HUNT, Proprietor.

Will hereafter keep a complete stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes! BUTTON BOOTS.

Slippers, White and Black, Sandals, FINE KID SHOES, MEN'S AND BOY'S

BOOTS AND SHOES!

And in fact everything in the Boot and Shoe line, to which I intend to devote my especial attention.

MY GOODS ARE FIRST-CLASS! And guaranteed as represented, and will be sold for the lowest prices that a good article can be afforded.

A. Hunt.

OPPOSITION Is the Life of Trade!

SLOAN BROTHERS

Will do work cheaper than any other shop

Horses Shod for \$2 Cash

With new material all around. Resetting old shoes \$1. All warranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on the Corner of 8th and Olive Str

SPORTSMAN'S EMPORIUM

C. M. HORN.

Practical Gunsmith CUNS, RIFLES.

Fishing Tackles and Material

Sewing Machines and Needles of All Kinds for Sali Repairing done in the neatest style and

Guns Loaned and Ammunition Furnished

Shop on Willamette St., opposite Postoffice.

Book and Stationery Store, Postoffice Building, Eugene City.

I have on hand and am constantly receiving an assortment of the best

SCHOOL & MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS

STATIONERY.

Blank Books, Portfolios, Cards, Wallets,

A. S. PATTERSON.

D. T. PRITCHARD, WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

Repairing of Watches and Clocks executed with punctuality and at a reasonable cost.

Willamette Street. Eugene City. Or.

B. F. DORRIS.

STOVES, RANGES,

Pumps, Pipes, Metals.

TINWARE

-AND-

House Furnishing Goods Generally.

WELLS DRIVEN PROMPTLY.

And Satisfaction Guaranteed.

WILLAMETTE STREET,

Eugene City, - - - - Oregon.

Central Market,



Fisher & Watkins

PROPRIETORS.

Will keep constantly on hand a full supply of

BEEF.

MUTTON, PORK AND VEAL

Which they will sell at the lowest market prices A fair share of the public patronage solicited

TO THE FARMERS:

We will pay the highest market price for fat cattle, hogs and sheep.

Shop on Willamette Street, EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

Meats delivered to any part of the city free of charge. junia

F. M. WILKINS.

Practical Druggist [§] Chemist

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Brushes, Paints, Glass, Olls, Leads, giving prices.

TOILET ARTICLES, Etc

Physicians' Prescriptions Compounded.

Honesty Rewarded. [New York Sun.]

"Can you help me a little!" asked a tramp. I am bungry, and can't get any work at

my trade. "What is your trade?" asked the gentle

"I am a glass worker." "What kind of a glass worker?"

"Beer glass worker."

"Here is a penny for your frankness."
"Thank you, sir," said the tramp, gratefully. "I'll put part of it in the bank."

Waterbury American: A truly western way of putting it is that of The Cleveland Press, when it says that "grasshoppers are becoming so bold in their numerical strength in Carroll county, that they now insult un protected females on the street after dark.

The Wedgewood "Silver" Pictures. [Leland's London Letter.]

So far as all the evidence goes it seems to show that somewhere between 1780 and 1800 two processes were known to and practiced by the shrewd manufacturing philosophers of Warwickshire and Staffordshire—one for copying paintings by a rapid and cheap mechanical operation, and one for producing pictures on silver plate or silvered paper by a photographic process.

Not Red, Yellow and Blue.

[Popular Science News.] It has been proved that all possible hu color may be obtained by mixing red, green and violet in various proportions; hence it is decided that these are the thre

Eugene City Business Directory

BETTMAN, G.—Dry goods, clothing, groceries and general merchandise, southwest corner Willamette and Eighth streets.

BOOK STORE-One door south of the Astor House. A full stock of assorted box papers, plain and fancy.

CRAIN BROS.—Dealers in jewelry, watches, clocks and musical instruments, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

DORRIS, B. F.-Dealer in stoves and tinware, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

FRIENDLY, S. H.—Dealer in dry goods, cloth-ing and general merchandisc, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

GILL, J. P.—Physician, surgeon and druggist, postoffice, Willamete street, between Seventh

HENDRICKS, T. G.—Dealer in general mer chandise, northwest corner Willamette and Ninth streets.

HODES, C.—Keeps on hand fine wines, liquors, cigars and a pool and billiard table, Willam-ette street, between Eighth and Ninth. HORN, CHAS. M.—Gunsmith, rifles and shot-guns, breech and muzzle loaders, for sale. Repairing done in the neatest style and war-ranted. Shop on Ninth street,

LUCKEY, J. S.—Watchmaker and jeweler, keeps a fine stock of goods in his line, William-ette street, in Ellsworth's drug store.

McCLAREN, JAMES—Choice wines, liquors and cigars, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth. PATTERSON, A. S .- A fine stock of plain and

fancy visiting cards, PRESTON, WM.—Dealery in saddlery, harness, carriage trimmings, etc., Williamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

POST OFFICE-A new stock of standard school books just received at the post office, RENSHAW, WM.—Wines, liquors and cigars of the best quality kept constantly on hand. The best billiard table in town.

W. MATLOCK.

J. D. MATLOCK

MATLOCK BROS. SUCCESSORS TO

T. G. Hendricks.

Having purchased the store formerly owned by T. 6. Hendricks, we take pleasure in in-forming the public that we will keep a well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CONSISTING OF

Bry Coods, Boots, Shoes,

HATS, GROCERIES, NAILS,

Crockery and Tobaccos In fact our stock will be found to be complete.

By honest and fair dealing we hope to be able to secure a liberal share of the public patronage.

purchasing elsewhere We can always be found at the

and examine our stock and prices before

OLD HENDRICKS CORNER

Where we will take all kinds of Produce

MATLOCK BROS. Feb. 29, 1884.

McClung & Johnson,

SUCCESSORS TO THE

LANE COUNTY MERCANTILE ASSOCIATION.

We would announce to the citizens of this county that having purchased the entire stock of merchandise of the Lane County Mercantile Association considerably below the original cost and having added largely thereto by recent purchases for cash.

Our Stock is now Complete!

And second to none in this county. We cor-dially invite a careful examination of our stock, as we know we can give you satisfaction both in goods and prices

Our Aim is to Sell the Best Goods

for the Least Money.

Call and examine our goods and be con-vinced, even if you do not wish to purchase. We always take pleasure in showing goods and

All kinds of Produce taken at Highest Market Rates

Liberal Discounts for Cash.

LATE NEWS SUMMARY.

Foreign and Domestic. Cholera is increasing in Paris. Maud S. has lowered the trotting record

to 2:08%. A Chinese leper has been discovered at California's wine crop this year is esti-

mated at 15,000,000 gallons. A sunfish weighing 1800 pounds was caught off Wood Island, Mass.

Hog cholera is prevailing to an alarming extent in portions of Illinois.

It is reported that Osman Digna was killed in the last fight at Kassal, Riel has been sentenced to be hanged on the 16th of September, at Regina

John Moppin was taken from the Munro City (III.) jail by a mob and hanged. The Virginia Democrats have nominated General Fitz Hugh Lee for Governor.

By an explosion in a mine at Sheepskill Hollow Cut, Pa., five men were killed. At St. Louis five men were killed by sunstroke and two by lightning in one cay.

The Royal electric light factory at Mon-treal was destroyed by fire; loss, \$1,000,000 By a boiler explosion in a brewery at Peru, Ind., Marcellus Burtch was killed. Rev. Dr. Galusha Anderson, of Chicago, has been elected President of Vassar Col-

At Rising Sun, Ind., a dozen business houses and dwellings were burned to the

Prof. Adams, of Ithica, N. Y., has accepted the Presidency of Cornell Uni-The Scotch riflemen won by eight points the match for the challenge trophy at

In Florida oil is thrown into ponds and standing water to prevent mosquitoes from hatching.

Stanley Huntley, the well-known jour-nalist and author of the "Spoopendyke Papers," is dead. At Redwood Falls, Minn., Israel T. Alexander shot and killed Chas, Mowers, his father-in-law.

Neal Thornton, the desperado who mur-dered Policeman Daniel Sheehan at Joplin, Mo., was lynched. A 12-year-old boy named Jos, Dawson, living near Mt. Meridian, Ind., committed

suicide by hanging. Seven negroes were killed and three wounded by a car thrown from the track at Sunance, Georgia.

Miss Margaret Mills, of Stateville, N. C., died from strangulation, her false teeth having fallen into her throat. The Western Union Telegraph Company has subscribed \$5000 toward the fund for

a monument to General Grant. About thirty Mexicans are reported to have been killed by bands of hostile Indians on the Texas frontier.

Sir Moses Monteflore, whose hundredth birthday was celebrated in all parts of the world a few months ago, is dead. Bill How shot and killed M. L. Lee and his son at a ranch thirty miles southeast of Fort Reno How escaped to Texas. Subscriptions to the extent of \$20,000 have already been given in Chicago toward an equestrian statue to General Grant in

that city. Ex-Governor Leland Stanford, of Cali-fornia, has given \$2,000,000 to the Leonard Case School of Applied Sciences at Cleve-

land, Ohio. It is reported in London that El Mehdi offered to ransom General Gordon for \$250,000, but the English Cabinet declined to pay that sum.

At Omaha 200 barrels of alcohol spirits in the Willew Springs Distillery exploded, destroying the building and killing a man named Woodward. The number of eggs shipped from Europe to the United States each summer, prin-cipally from Antwerp and Hamburg, is

reported at 20,000,000.

Two families numbering seven persons were swept away while attempting to ford the Walnut river near Douglas, Kansas. All were drowned save one.

In a collision on the Grand Trunk Rail-road, near London, Ontario, George Mc-Fadden, a locomotive engineer, was killed, and several persons injured. A rowboat containing three young men was run down at Newberg, N. Y., by the barge Charles Spear, and David McWalker and John E. Tuttle were drowned.

The barn of Solomon Kinsel, near Marion, N. C., was destroyed by lightning. A negro named Carter, his wife and child, taking refuge in the barn, were killed.

In a recent battle between the Govern-ment forces and the revolutionists in the United States of Colombia, 1000 men and seven Government generals were slain.

During a storm at Wilmington, Del., the Diamond State Iron Company's rolling mill collapsed, killing George Eley and Wilbur Jones. Other workmen were in-

Mrs. Sanford Flurry, of Greenfield, Ind., set a can of gasoline upon a hot stove, and the fluid exploded and burned her 18-months-old daughter to death. The lady

was also badly burned. At Bainbridge, Ga., fifty masked men battered down the jail doors and took out Thomas Brantley, hanged him and per-forated him with bullets. He had been arrested for wife-beating.

D. A. Bowman, of Miami, Texas, was taken from jail by citizens and given 99 lashes with a heavy buggy whip, each stroke drawing blood. He had assaulted his wife with a fence paling.

In the contest for the league base ball championship the Chicago nine still maintains the lead, with the New York, Providence, Philadelphia and St. Louis clubs following in the order named. A life-boat containing fifteen men, which

started from Yarmouth, England, to rescue the crew of a wrecked brigantine, capsized before reaching its destination and eight of the crew were drowned. Sixty criminals sentenced to exile in Siberia, while on the way thither from

Moscow, began a desperate fight for lib-erty. Twenty were shot dead and thirty escaped. Two soldiers were wounded. A passenger train on the Georgia Pacific Railroad fell through the trestle at Musca-tine station. Mark Smith, a train hand, and William Berry, engineer, were fatally injured, and two men had their legs

Near Charleston, Ill., Miss Nettie Sells. aged 16, was on a horse with her 4 year-old brother. The little fellow fell off, and in trying to get down to him the young lady alighted with her heels on his breast,

An unknown person placed dynamite in a shock of grain on Mr. Dearderff's farm near Wabash, Ind., and when run through a threshing machine an explosion occurred which fatally injured Mr. Deardorff and wounded several other persons. The gallantry of an engineer named George Murphy saved the lives of a num-ber of passengers on the West Jersey Rail-

road near Atlantic City. The train ran off

killing him instantly.

the track, but the engineer stack to his post, checking the speed of the train, but sacrificing his own life in so doing. post, checking the speed of the train, but sacrificing his own life in so doing.

Recently the wife of Abe Deuser, a wealthy, eccentric German farmer living near Bloomington, Illinois, sued him for divorce, and had him enjoined from disposing of his property. This so incensed him that he drove all his stock, including horses worth \$2,000, into his barn, and, setting fire to it, burned the whole thing to the ground. He is missing, and is believed to have purposely perished in the flames.

MARKEL REPORTS.

Portland.

FLOUR—Per bbl, [standard brands, 4.25; others, \$3@3.75. WHEAT—Per ctl. valley, \$1.17½@1.20; Walla Walla, \$1.124@1.15.

BARLEY — Whole, \$\psi\$ ctl, 90c@\$1.00;

ground, \$\psi\$ ton, \$24@25.

OATS—Choice milling, 35@38c; choice

eed, 308.50c, RYE—Per ct¹, \$1.50@2, CORN MEAL—Per cti, \$2.50@3, HOMINY—Per cti, \$4.50, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Per cti, \$2.50

PEARL BARLEY-Per lb, 41@5c. OATMEAL-Per fb, 31@37c. MIDDLINGS-Per ton, \$18@20. BRAN—Per ton, \$11@12. CHOP—Per ton, 16@20. HAY—Per ton, \$7@9. HOPS—Per lb, 7@84c. BEANS—Per cti, pea, \$2.58@\$2.75; small whites, \$2.50@2.75; bayos, \$3.50@3.75; lima, \$3.55; mink, \$3.5

\$3,25; pink, \$3. BUTTER-Per B, fancy roll, 20c; inferior grade, 12; pickled, 15@20c. CHEESE-Per lb, Oregon, 12@13c; Cali-

CHEESE—Per lb, Oregon, 12g13c; California, 12g13c.

EGGS—Per doz, 15c.

DRIED FRUITS—Per lb, apples, 4@5½c; pitted plums, California, 11c; do Oregon, 10c; peaches, halves unpeeled, 11½c; blackberries, 14g15c; prunes, California, 7½@8c; raisins, \$2.25@3.50 \(\neq \) bx.

RICE—China, No. 1, \(\neq \) bi, 7c.

Sandwich Islands, No. 1, \(\neq \) lb, 7c.

Sandwich Islands, No. 1, \$\psi\$ 15, 7c.

VEGETABLES—Beets, \$1; cabbage, \$2

@2.25; cauliflower, \$\psi\$ doz, \$1.25@1.50; ceiery, \$\psi\$ doz, \$0c@\$1; cucumbers, \$\psi\$ box, \$1.50; green corn, \$\psi\$ doz, 10c; green peas, \$\psi\$ 15, 4@5c; jonions, new, 2c; rhubarb, 3c; tomatocs, \$\psi\$ box, \$1@1.50,

POTATOES—New, \$\psi\$ 16, 1c.

POULTRY—Chickens, \$\psi\$ doz, spring, \$2.50@3; old \$3\psi\$ 3.50; ducks, \$5\psi\$ geese, \$1\psi\$ 15, 10; turkeys, \$\psi\$ 16, 10@124c.

6@7.50; turkeys, \$ lb, 10@12\c. HAMS-Per lb, 11@13\c. BACON-Per lb, 64@10. LARD-Oregon, 11@112; Eastern, 11@

PICKLES-Per 5-gal keg, \$1.50. SUGARS-Quote bbls: Cube, 72; dry gmnulated, 72c; fine crushed, 8c; golden 6ic. HONEY-Extracted, 7ic; comb, 14c.

HONEY—Extracted, 74c; comb, 14c. COFFEE—Per B, Guatemala, 13½; Costa Bica, 12½c; Old Government Java, 18c. TEAS—Young Myson, 25@65c; Japan, 22@55c; Ocolong, 18g55c. CANNED GOODS—Tomatoes, # doz, \$1; vegetables, # doz, \$1@1.50; salmon, 1.1b tins, # doz, \$1.25; jams and jellies, # doz, \$1.90.

\$1.40.
TROPICAL FRUIT—Oranges, \$2.50@
2.50 \$\varphi\$ box; Limes, \$1.25; Lemons, \$3.50@
\$11 \$\varphi\$ box; Bananas, \$3\varphi 4; Cocoanuts,
\$6\varphi 8; apples, \$\varphi\$ box, \$1.25.
SEEDS—Per lb, timothy, 5\varphi 6c; red
clover, 14\varphi 15c; orchard grass, 16c; rye grass, 14@15c. WOOL—Valley, 10@15c; Eastern Oregon, 10@15c. SALT—Liverpool, \$16@20 \$\times ton. HIDES—Dry, 14@15c; salted, 6@7. TALLOW—Clear color and hard, 4@4\fo

1b; prime, 44c. San Francisco.

BAGS-Calcutta wheat bags, 47@5c. FLOUR-Extra, \$4.00@5.00 # bbl; superfine, \$2,50@3,50,

BARLEY - No. 1 feed, \$1.20; brewing, \$1.25@1.374. OATS—Feed, \$1.05@1.121 #ctl; Surprise and choice milling, \$1.35@1.40; Black. \$1.10(41.15. CORN—Large yellow, \$1.15@1.20 \$\text{ctl}; small yellow, \$1.20@1224.; white, \$1.15@

RYE-\$1.274@1.30 \$\varphi\$ ctl.

GROUND BARLEY-\$26\tilde{2}28 \$\varphi\$ ton.

MIDDLINGS-\$19.50\tilde{2}21.50 \$\varphi\$ ton.

CRACKED CORN-\$28\tilde{3}20 \$\varphi\$ ton. BRAN-\$14@15 of ton. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR-Per lb, 3c. CORNMEAL—Per th, 21@34c. HOPS—4@8c # th. HAY—Barley, \$7@10 # ton; alfalfa, \$10 @12; wheat, \$10@14.

912; wheat, \$10@14. STRAW—55c@65c # bale, ONIONS—New, 75c@1.25 # ctl. POTATOES—Early rose, new, 40@75c; cerless, 65@75c; Garnet Chile, 60@65c. BEANS—Small white, \$1.25@1.75 \$\varphi\$ ctl; pea, \$1.50@1.75; pink, \$1.40@1.45; red, \$1.65; bayes, \$2.60@2.60; butter, \$1@1.25; limas, \$1.50@1.65.

\$1.30@1.00.

SEEDS—Yellow mustard, 2½@2½c # fb; brown mustard, 2½@3c; alfalfa, \$17½@20c; canary, 3½@4c; hemp, 3½@32c; flax, 2½@2½c; rape, 2½@2½c; timothy, 5½@6c.

DRIED PEAS—Green, \$3@3.50 # ctl; Marrowfat, 3c.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, 50@60e ♥ ctl;
tomatoes, 10@50c ♥ box; green corn.l ♥
box, 50c@\$1.00; rhubarb, 50c@75c ♥ box;

FRUIT—Apples, 3\coolsigle 1 \psi box; lemons, Sicily, \$5.50\colsigle 50; Los Angeles, 75\colsigle 61.50; bananas, \$2\circ 3.50 \psi bunch; Mexican limes, \$10\colsigle 11.00 \psi box; California do, \$1.00\colsigle \$1.55 \psi box; Los Angeles oranges, \$1\colsigle 150; strawberries, \$2\circ 3 \psi chest; plums, \psi bskt, 10\circ 20c; watermelons, \$6\circ 12.50 \psi 100; currants, \$2.50\circ 3 \psi chest; raspberries, \$3\circ 6.00 \psi chest; peaches, 25\circ 40c \psi

100; currants, \$2.50@3 # chest; raspberries, \$3@6.00 # chest; peaches, 25@40c # box; blackberries, \$2.00@3.00 # chest; grapes, 50c@31.25 # box.

DRIED FRUIT—Sun-dried apples, 1½c @ 1½ for quarters and 2½c for sliced; Alden & Plummer, 5½@5c; pears, sliced, 5@5½c; whole, 3½c; plums, pitted, 7½@8½c; do unpitted, 1½g.2c; peaches, unpecied, 7½g.8c; peeled, 1½c; apricots, 9c; German prunes, 4c; French do, 5c; nectarines, 9c; blackberries, 10c; California Figs, 2@5c; California raisins, \$1@1.50 for loose and \$1.75 @2 for layers; London do, \$2@2.25.

NUTS—California almonds, 7@8c # the NUTS-California almonds, 7@8c ₩ 15 for hard shell and 11@13c for soft; peanuts.

tor hard shell and 116/13c for soft; peanuts, 4@45c; California walnuts, 7@85c; pecan, 12@13c; filberts, 14c; Brazil, 10c; hickory, 7@9; cocoanuts, \$5@5.50 \$100.

HONEY—Comb, 6@10c \$15 for best grades; candied, 4½@5c; extracted, 4@55c.

LARD—California, tins, 10-Ds, 8@85c; 5-B tins, 84@5c.

5-lb tins, 81@9c.

BUTTER—Fresh roll, fancy dairy, 20@
22c & lb; good to choice, 17@19c; common
to fair, 17@18c; inferior store grades, 12@
14c; pickle roll, choice new, 22gc.
EGGS—18@21c & dozen for California;

EGGS—18@21c \(\psi\) dozen for California; Eastern, 14\(\psi\) 16c.

POULTRY—Geese, \(\psi\) 1.25\(\mathred{\omega}\) 1.75 \(\psi\) pair; ducks, \(\psi\) 3.24.80 \(\psi\) dozen; hens, \(\psi\) 5.00\(\mathred{\omega}\) 7.00; broilers, \(\psi\) 2.09\(\mathred{\omega}\) 3.50; turkeys, live, 15\(\mathrea\) 616c \(\psi\) h for hens and 16\(\mathrea\) 16\(\mathrea\) corase, \(\psi\) 10\(\mathrea\) 2.50 \(\psi\) ton; California, fine, \(\psi\) 14\(\mathrea\) 616; do, coarse, \(\psi\) 10\(\mathrea\) 14\(\mathrea\) 616; dry collow.

HIDES—Dry. \(\psi\) h, usual selection. 16\(\mathrea\) 16\(\mathrea\); dry calf, 20c; salted steers, 50 to 55\(\mathrea\) 58.8c.

SUGAR—Dry granulated, 6\(\mathrea\); extra

steers, 30 to 55 hs. 8c.

SUGAR—Dry granulated, 6½c; extra
fine cubes, 7c; fine crushed, 7c; powdered, 7c; extra fine powdered, 8c

SYRUP—American refinery is quoted
at 30c in bbis, 32½c in hf bbis, 37½c in 5-gal
kegs, and 47½c in 1-gal tims.

WOOL—San Joaquin, 11@14c # h;
cheice northern, 18@20c,

cited over a personal encounter in Rotten Row between Lord Lonsdale and Sir George Chetwynd, which is said to have grown out of their rivalry for the favor of Mrs. Langtry. A child of N. C. Wood, of Mattoon, Ill.

KEEPING OLD BILLS.

Catacombs of the National Capitol Where Records are Filed.

[Washington Critic.] It is not generally known that every bill, every report, every executive communication-in short, everything that comes before congress-is preserved in the original. But this is the fact.

There is a place devoted to the preservation of these relies, and a man specially charged with preserving them. The room is a succession of iron corridors, one above the other, lined with receptacles for holding large volumes. Commencing on the roof of the house, the records run downwards in chronological order. The books are of all sizes down to about forty years ago, when they assume uniformity. They are all leather-covered, and are strongly bound. Inside of them are thick leaves upon which bills, reports and other congressional documents are pasted in the original. Every kind of paper is there The history of the improvement in paper manufacture can be traced in these volumes from the first session of the Continental congress down to the

present day.
It is noted, too, in delving among these old tomes that the later ones are better prepared than those preceding them. For instance, there is evident slovenliness in the volumes of the first congress. Improvement goes o as the dates become more recent. But very little is missing in this vast collection. The first and second congresses are not complete, and there is a somewhat bad break in the continuity of the records in the years just before the British

burned the capitol. The break was caused by fire and by the British taking away some of the volumes. There are a number of vol-umes on hand which show the effects of British depredations. They are charred and their contents smoked and covered with dirt. But not a word is there in them that cannot be read. Thus from the date of the first meeting of congress there is an almost unbroken collection in the original of all matters that came before that body. In later years a great deal of ingenuity has been shown in making the edges of the contents of the leather-backed volumes as smooth as those of any first-class publication.

The ingenuity is the more apparent when it is remembered that all sizes and kinds of paper are used in preparing bills for introduction, and in writing reports and other matters pertaining to congressional business. The originals, when ordered to be printed, go to the government printing office, but strict care is always taken that they are returned. The printer's marks are to be seen on many of the papers.

For the past thirty years these volumes have been prepared by an old gentleman who is now nearly 70 years of age. He has a room in the tasement

of the capitol set apart for his own use.

There he locks himself up and gives a

receipt for the documents which are

sent to him. He then arranges them in his books in regular order. When he has finished a volume he turns it over to the proper official and gets a receipt. The volume then goes to the place set apart for such records. One would not think that there would be much inquiry for what is contained in the dust-covered old books; but there is. There is hardly a day but that somebody wants to get a copy of an original document of years and years ago. They are always accommodated. The old gentleman who prepares the iginal matter for p

servation is but

prepared. Valuable Woods from India.

charge of the iron corridors says that he does not see the old man more than two

or three times a year, when he appears to hand over the volumes that he has

[Foreign Letter.] Immense quantities of woods are annually sent from India to England, to be manufactured into furniture. One of the most highly valued of these, and universally used, is the toon wood, which is light, soft and red, having no heartwood; is not eaten by ants, and is door panels and carving. Chickerasi or beautiful satin luster, seasons and works well, and is employed for furniture and and tool handles, but its more general use is prevented by its great hardness, weight, and the consequent difficulty of working it. Kandebwood is light-red shining, cross-grained and moderately

Physiology of Fainting.

hard.

[Harper's Magazine.] A timid person sees, perchance, some accident in which human life is possibly sacrificed, or the sensibilities are otherwise shocked. His feelings over- I find that the most effective way of pushing come him, and he faints. How are we to explain it! Let us see what takes

The impression upon the brain made by the organ of sight creates (through the agency of special centers in the or-gan of the mind) an influence upon the heart and the blood-vessels of the brain. This results in a decrease in the amount of blood sent to the brain, and causes a loss of consciousness.

In the same way persons become dizzy when looking at a water-fall, or from a height, through the effects of the organs of sight upon the brain.

Soap Trees in Florida [Chicago Times.]

There are a number of soap trees growing in Tallahassee. They are pro-lific fruiters, the berries being about the size of an ordinary marble, having a Aristocratic circles in London are ex yellowish, soapy appearance, with a hard black seed, from which the trees are propagated. People in Tallahassee boil the fruit to make soap, but in China, Japan and other tropical countries the berries are used as a substitute for soap just as they are taken from the

> leading English medical journal to cause the death of 150,000 persons per year.

> The thousands of finger rings worn in this country are estimated to be worth

Patent medicines are estimated by a

Author of Four Hundred Play



DION BOUCICAULT. This exceedingly versatile play-writer w born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1822. Educated for the profession of civil engineer his leaning was toward a dramatic career, his first play "London Assurance," being produced when he was but 19. This was followed by a succession of successful plays, which have not been equalled since the days of Shake-speare. Mr. Boucleault can not only write a play, but he will compose the music, design the costumes, make sketches for the scenery, devise the machinery for producing the mechanical stage effects, manage the theatre and act the principal character himself. He keeps a room at Delmonico's, New York, the year round, and is busy there now getting up a collection of his plays with a view to their publication.

House Cleaning in Heaven.

[Somerville Journal.] "Do they have house-cleaning days in heaven, mar" a little Somerville girl in-quired the other day. "Why, certainly not, dear; what put that into your head?" cause the angels sweep, don't they f' "What gave you such a notion as that?" "Pa did. He said you were a spectacle in a Mother Hubbard that would make the angels sweep."

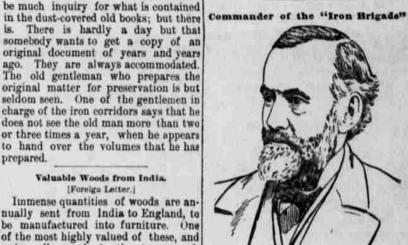
> "How's Your Family?" [The San Franciscan.]

It is now the time of year when the sym-It is now the time or year when affection-pathetic politician takes the voter affection-ately by the hand and says, "How's your ately by the hand and says, "How's your Particularly effervescent can dates get so in the habit of this thing that by the time the campaign is over they have to wear a muzzle to keep them from saying "How's your family?" to the lamp posts and brie-a-brae and shop windows. In fact, although it is early in the season, I know one very bad case already. He was passing on the street when he encountered his son, a young lad. Grasping the boy's hand in a mechanically cheerful manner, he asked:

"How's your family?"

"All well except the old man," answered the dutiful, "and he'll be better in Novem-Receipe for an Eye-Opener. [New York Mail and Express.] "Eliza," said the fine old Irish gentleman to his dutiful spouse, as he awakened with an impression that while at Coney Island the night before he had inadvertently ex-changed heads with the elephant—"Eliza. get me a tumbler, and put into it about a quarter of a pint of whisky and a few drops of bitters and a spoonful of water—a tea-spoonful, mind—and I'll see if I can take it.

And, Eliza, if I can't, make me!



adapted not only for furniture, but for of Fond du las Wisconsin, was born in New York state in 1827. Soon after his admitchickrassi wood is another sort of great industrial value. It is a large tree, with bark of reddish brown and deeply cracked, the heartwood hard, varying from yellowish to reddish brown, with a beautiful satin laster, seasons and works. Soon atter as admittance to the bar he settled at Fond du lac, wisconsin, where he has since resided. He entered the army of of the Union in 1861 as a captain, commanded the "Iron brigade," and retired in 1864 a brigadier general. In 1867 he was elected state senator and has represented Wisconsin several times in congress. His speech at the late Democratic National convention wherein he said, "We carving. Nagasar wood has dark-red heartwood, extremely hard; it is used for building, for bridges, gun stocks, has had such far reaching effects in the preshas had such far reaching effects in the present canvass that his portrait will be of con-

siderable interest.

An Undertaker's Enterprise. [Chicago Herald,] "Does your trade come to you without solicitation?" asked a reporter of an undertaker, "or is there a good deal of competi-

"There is more competition," he replied, "than you suppose. It has to be done, I owever, very quietly, so as not to give offense. the business is with young men who are society men. I have three in my employ who are great favorites in swell clubs. I furnish them dress suits on extra occasions, and, although they never carry the concern's cards or openly so licit trade, they are shrewd enough to advertise us in their way before the frolic is over. Many a good customer has been made for the business in a round dance. It's just like every other business; as I said before, it has to be pushed; but it has to be done quietly. I'll tell you something if you don't give me away."

Then he took down a big book and showed

me several orders for certain costly caskets.

and under these orders were the names of

several prominent people in Chicago, hom I know to be alive and in good health.

"I have secured them in advance," he said,

"It may seem strange to you, but with me it's

As I was leaving the proprietor asked me

to call again, and to remember him if I wanted anything in his line. Could Get Along.

[Chicago Tribune.] When David Tod was governor of Ohio a Columbus dentist once came to him and said: "Governor Tod, why do you not spell said: "Governor Tod, why do you not spell your name with two d's! I spell my name that way, and I find on examination of genealogical records that the most eminent members of the Tod family spelled their names Todd." "Well, you see," said the governor very gravely, "the Almighty gets along with one d in His name and I believe I can get along with one d in mine."