



COL. DONN PLATT.

A descendant of one of the early French settlers, his grandfather a distinguished officer of the Revolution, and his father a merchant and banker of Cincinnati, Donn Platt retains many of the characteristics of the Frenchman. A native of Ohio, he studied law, was admitted to the bar, and shortly after placed on the bench from which he was appointed to the diplomatic service at Paris by President Pierce. At the outbreak of our civil war he entered as a private, and soon after accepted a position on the staff of Gen. Robert C. Schenck, serving with honor through the war. In 1855 Col. Platt was elected from Logan county to the Ohio legislature, here he made himself obnoxious to the politicians by his advocacy of reform measures. Slightening of politics, with an experience that has since proved invaluable to him, he turned his attention to journalism. For three years Washington correspondent of The Cincinnati Commercial he supplied that paper with a letter a day during the sessions of congress. These letters were a tremendous success, the reason for which Col. Platt says was that "the American public longed for personalities and I catered to that taste. In Washington I found the cause of a cave of the winds, and the senate a propertious fog-bank. My holding a solemn old pump of a senator up to ridicule was as startling as it was delicious to the public."

At the end of his three years work as correspondent he joined with George Alfred Townsend in starting The Washington Capitol. Townsend shortly afterwards retired from the paper, as did Mr. Platt's time.

The Driver of Jay-Eye-See.



EDWIN D. RITHER.

This now famous jockey was brought up on the stock farm of Mr. Case, the owner of Jay-Eye-See, at Racine, Wisconsin. Though but thirty years of age he has already shown remarkable judgment as a trainer, and coolness and patience as a driver.

Not Too Proud.
(From Texas Siftings.)

A gentleman who owns a fine tract of cedar land not far from Austin, Tex., a few days ago told that some negroes were cutting down the timber, so he rode out to see about it. To his astonishment he found a wealthy white neighbor, with a team and wagon, hauling off the timber.

"Why, I am astonished, colonel," said the owner of the land. "I heard that a lot of negroes were stealing my timber and here I find you, a white man, cutting my timber. You ought to be ashamed of yourself."

"Well, to tell the truth," responded the other party, "I do hate to steal the timber like a darkey, but these cedar trees make such bulky fence rails that I concluded to drop all pride of race."

The Editor of The Irish World.



PATRICK FORD.

Patrick Ford began newspaper work as printers boy on Garrison's Liberator in Boston. He afterward published a paper in Charleston, S.C. With his present paper he wields a large influence among our citizens of Irish birth. He has raised funds as great as \$250,000 for various patriotic purposes. Mr. Ford is an extremely retiring disposition. He lives in Brooklyn, N.Y., and is not seen at the office of his paper in New York more than once a year.

Codfish Balls: Pick up very fine, one quart of codfish; soak it in water over night; the next morning put it in a saucepan. Slice as thin as possible one quart of raw potatoes; put on top of the fish with enough cold water to cover them; cook until the potatoes are done; put in a colander and drain off all the water. Mix and add two eggs, a little pepper and a lump of butter. Make into small balls, with the least possible flour, and drop into boiling lard.—Boston Budget.

The Hudson River ice crop will reach 4,000,000 tons this year, the largest ever known.—N. Y. Sun.

A new rifle capable of discharging three bullets at the same moment has been made in France.

WAR DECLARED!

Printers Strike at Last—Every Prospect that they will be Successful!

For some time past it has been generally conceded that the firms who, in order to secure and hold their trade are obliged to resort to the system of sending drummers on the road, are not the firms for a business man to deal with, unless he is satisfied with seventy-five cents for a dollar. A business man (and printers and publishers are generally good business men) can readily understand that a traveler's expenses have to be paid, and out of the profits of his sales. A drummer's expenses average about ten dollars per day, when upon long trips of three and four months. That means simply ten per cent. added to price of your goods. The drummer figures in this way: He calls upon a publisher, who, we will say, wants a power press, and has made up his mind to buy the best, thinking (and rightly, too) that the best is, in the long run, the cheapest. He has decided upon a Campbell, or perhaps a Cottrell press (and couldn't have made a better choice), and figured carefully upon the freight, etc.—forgetting, of course, the drummer's ten per cent.; but the drummer doesn't forget it. He talks all round, nibbles first on one press and then upon another, until he at last finds a machine that may be \$100 or \$200 less in price than the publisher's choice, and finding that the publisher is not familiar with the price, make or working qualities of the press, he then exerts his entire chin-power upon eulogizing this power press. Perhaps it is a "Prouty"—it will grind out anything, from quartz to sausages, in three colors. The publisher orders a press—gets a quartz crusher; drummer makes ten days' expenses—hurries along to reach some pleasant loafing town—thinks he's smart—has not time to see this publisher next trip. In short, the drummer for second-class houses (for such are they) that will foist inferior type and machinery upon printers and publishers, under the plea that they are "cheap," knowing that they must get ten per cent. more than any other house, in order to pay the drummer aims to make his expenses by plausibly representing goods for what they are not, at a reduced price.

Now, there is a difference between this second-class firm's drummer and the first class. You take the largest house, for instance, in the business. They figure that they have four-fifths of all the trade; they make more sales, though on smaller margins; they are reliable; they don't lose customers; their aggregate profits are larger; they say, "We can afford to devote the profits of a portion of our business to securing new business, or to establishing a branch where it will be an accommodation and a help to our customers;" or, if the trade is limited and will not support a branch house, they can send out their traveler. The firm handles only the best type, presses and machinery in the world. Their traveler is required to sell only the best and always at one price. There is no chance for publishers being imposed upon if they are determined to buy the best. Then buy from the best firm in your line of business, and you will buy from PALMER & REY.

If you are located in Oregon or Washington Territory, buy from the Portland house, where you can purchase lower than the drummer can sell you by ten per cent.

RELIGIOUS AND EDUCATIONAL.

—Massachusetts has more than one hundred women serving on her school boards this year.

—There are now eighteen Chinese Sunday-schools in New York, ten in Brooklyn and one in Jersey City. They have about seven hundred members.—N. Y. Tribune.

—Although the Protestant population of Great Britain has increased by five hundred thousand since 1870, only two new churches have been built, and the few pastors are overburdened.

—Every part of the land should join in demanding laws preventing the employment of children until they have at least secured the benefit of a common-school education.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

—The enormous cathedral of Moscow, built to hold 10,000 persons, and at a cost of \$2,000,000, is just completed. It has taken fifty years to build it, and was intended to commemorate the defeat of Napoleon.

—An academy student at Norwich, Conn., purchased a cow eleven months ago as a means of helping him. It through the institution. She proved a good animal, and gave as high as twenty-two quarts a day. The milk given in eleven months represented a money value of \$320.—Hartford Post.

—Columbia College, having already gone so far as to permit women to study outside of college and recite to professors and tutors, a committee has just been appointed to consider whether or not an annex for the instruction of women, similar to that at Harvard, shall be created.—Current.

—San Francisco has a feminine Wilhelm Tell, who has outshot everything on the coast, and, having challenged Carver, Bogardus and others and received no response, now sighs for male shooters to conquer.—San Francisco Call.

—The editor of a Russian daily thus explained its semi-occasional appearance: "The paper is often in want of information, often in want of writers and in want of money, and sometimes when it has all these it is in want of readers."

LATE NEWS SUMMARY.

Foreign and Domestic.

New Mexico is guarding against Indian raids from Old Mexico.

Parliament has granted to Princess Beatrice an annuity of £30,000.

Garibaldi's sons will not publish the General's memoirs until 1883.

In Madrid nearly 5,000 people have been inoculated with cholera microbes.

Riel's sympathizers are collecting funds to supply him with counsel at his trial.

Minister Foster is investigating the cholera in Spain. He finds it a mild form.

Ex-Secretary of State Frelinghuysen died at his home in Newark, N. J., May 20th.

A cyclone in Rooke county, Kansas, injured fifty people and destroyed \$50,000 worth of property.

Henry Guest was lynched at New Straitsville, Ohio, for shooting a man named Henry Auer.

The London Tower dynamite fiends have been convicted and sentenced to penal servitude for life.

In a duel at Rolling Fork, Miss., May 22d, F. S. Shelton Circuit Clerk of Sharkey county, was fatally shot.

Twenty-five per cent of the cattle and sheep in the upper countries of Virginia have died from a mysterious disease.

The Afghans now desire that England shall revenge their defeat by the Russians or indemnify the Ameer for her losses.

Men who whistled Prof. Odium to jump off the Brooklyn bridge are being arrested on a charge of participating in murder.

Mrs. Pauline Kruse, convicted of bigamy in San Francisco, was sentenced to San Quentin for three years, and to pay a fine of \$500.

The commander of the Norfolk Navy Yard has prohibited the laborers from discussing politics under penalty of dismissal.

A magnificent bronze statue of Frank P. Blair was recently unveiled in Forest Park, St. Louis, in the presence of 15,000 people.

The English Government will send a medical mission to Spain to test the results of a micro system of inoculation with cholera microbes.

J. B. Russell, of Cuthbert, Georgia, killed his two sons, and then shot himself three times. The trouble was caused by financial difficulties.

Wade E. Hampton, nephew of Senator Hampton, has been sentenced to one year in the Page county (Iowa) jail for the robbing of registered letters.

Smallpox has spread so rapidly in Montreal that it has got beyond the control of the Board of Health. It is in all portions of the city and is epidemic.

Fred Douglass has created a sensation in Washington by renting a pew in Dr. Sunderland's church immediately in front of President Cleveland's pew.

Admiral Jewett telegraphs from Panama that an additional force of 500 Colombians have arrived there to protect the isthmus from the insurgents.

It is declared at Ottawa that Riel is an American citizen, and that he voted and took an active part in the Territorial election in Montana two years ago.

George Hicks, a railroad of Indianapolis, killed himself by taking morphine. He left a letter giving his body to the surgeons for dissecting purposes.

Samuel C. Null, a religious enthusiast, died at Farmer City, Ill., from the effects of a forty days' fast. He was the editor of a paper called the Spirit of the Truth.

At Troy, N. Y., May 17, William McCormick, aged 25, cut his young wife's throat and supplemented the terrible deed by cutting his own throat. The man will die.

The Canadian Government has sent three financiers to England to borrow \$20,000,000. The public debt of Canada, funded and floating, is near \$300,000,000.

An evicted farmer in Ireland visited the bailiff who had ejected him, piled him with liquor until stone drunk, and then held him over a fire until he was fatally burned.

In Pike county, Ky., Mount Clark was endeavoring to escape with Frank Stratton's sister. A difficulty ensued in which Clark was shot and Stratton stabbed. Both men will die.

The Minneapolis flouring mills are shutting down for lack of orders. Two of them, with an aggregate daily capacity of 2,000 barrels, have closed, and others are expected to follow.

At Gloster, Mass., a party of railroad laborers took Will Sims, a negro laborer, from the calaboose and hung him to a stringer of the railroad bridge. He had murdered a negro woman.

William Husman, a prominent German citizen of Quincy, Ill., got on a spree and was arrested and taken to the station. During the night he adjusted his suspenders in the cell and hung himself.

The Grand Jury at Washington, D. C., found an indictment against Butler M. Stone, son of Senator Mahone, for assault with intent to kill Albert Willis, a colored waiter at Weicker's hotel, last February.

Victor Hugo died at Paris, May 22. It is said that he bequeathed his manuscripts to France, and that he left it to the Republic to select a burial place for his remains, and to decide as to the form of his funeral.

In Paulding county, Ga., Mrs. Simpson, while fishing on Pumpkinvine creek, got a bite and attempted to pull the fish out, but the order was reversed and the fish pulled her into the water and she was drowned.

The steamship City of Berlin, with 1300 passengers on board, recently struck an iceberg in a dense fog near Newfoundland. This caused serious damage. Many tons of ice fell upon the forecastle deck, breaking it through and going down into the hold.

Violent storms have prevailed throughout Hungary and Roumania during the past few days and snow has fallen to a great depth in many regions, while hurricanes accompanied by hail killed growing crops and destroyed villages. Many farmers are reported killed.

Dispatches to the Hudson Bay Company announce that several of their most important posts north of the Saskatchewan have been destroyed and plundered by Indians. All the goods were carried away or burned, and the officers and people were turned adrift to starve.

The Superintendents of the United States Mints at San Francisco, New Orleans and Philadelphia have been authorized to purchase mutilated and uncirculated United States silver coin of standard fineness at the rate of 98 cents per ounce, when presented in sums of \$5 and upward.

Prof. Enoch Martin, a prominent citizen of Monroe county, Ohio, committed suicide at his home near Sunfish by laying down in a pond containing but eighteen inches of water. Mr. Martin's father hung himself a few years ago, and his brother, Ransom Martin, cut his throat with a razor a few days ago.

A fire on Sixth street, Cincinnati, May 21st, caused the death of fifty-seven persons. When the fire was subdued so that the firemen could enter they found fifty dead bodies lying in a heap on the fifth floor and one on the fourth. There were six who jumped from the windows and were killed, and one man after saving the lives of two women by letting down a rope from the roof, was himself killed by the burning of the same rope before he reached the ground. The fire originated by the explosion of a gasoline stove.

MARKET REPORTS.

Portland.

WHEAT—Per cwt. valley, \$1.30@1.32; Walla Walla, \$1.35@1.37.
FLOUR—Per bbl. standard brands, \$3.50; superfine, \$2.50@2.75; country brands, \$4@4.25.
BEANS—Per cwt. small whites, \$2.50; bayos, \$2.50; pinks, \$2.50; butter, \$2.50.
BUTTER—Per lb. choice dairy, 25¢@25¢; country store, 10¢@15¢; Eastern, 22¢.
CHEESE—Per lb. choice local, 12¢@14¢; imported, 12¢@15¢.
DRIED FRUITS—Per cwt. Apples, 50¢@55¢; plums, 60¢@65¢; prunes, 80¢@85¢; peaches, 13¢; raisins, \$2.25 @ 2.50.
EGGS—Per doz, 12¢.
LARD—Per lb. lard, 11¢; tins, Eastern, 11¢; tins, Oregon, 11¢.
OAT MEAL—Common, \$3.50 @ cwt.
HOMINY—Per cwt, \$3.75.
CRACKED WHEAT—Per cwt, \$3.
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Per cwt, \$3.75.
RYE FLOUR—Per cwt, \$4.
RICE—Island, \$3.50; China, mixed, \$4.75.
VEGETABLES—Cabbage, 2¢; onions, 4¢ @ 5¢; carrots, 50¢ @ sack; turnips, 50¢; beets, 50¢.

CANNED GOODS—Tomatoes, 24-lb cans 7¢ doz, 45¢ @ \$1, gallons, \$2.75; pea fruits, assorted, \$1.50, gallons, \$3.75; green corn, \$1.25 @ 1.50.
COFFEE—Per lb. Guatemala, green, 11¢ @ 12¢; Costa Rica, 12¢; old Government Java, 20¢.

POTATOES—Quota in bushels: Garnet chills, 15¢; early rose, 15¢; Burbank seedlings, 27¢; peerless, 15¢.
POULTRY—Chickens, 7¢ doz, \$4 @ 4.50; ducks, \$5@6; geese, \$6@8; turkeys, 7¢ lb, 10¢ @ 12¢.

PROVISIONS—Hams, 7¢ lb, 11¢ @ 13¢; bacon, 10¢ @ 12¢.
PICKLES—Per keg, \$1.25 @ 1.40.
SALT—Liverpool, \$16 @ 20 @ ton.
SUGARS—Quota bbls: (A) patent cube; 7¢; (A) crushed, 7¢; dry granulated, 7¢; golden C, 5¢; extra powdered, 7¢ @ 8¢.

SEEDS—Wholesale to farmers 7¢ cwt, red clover, \$15; alfalfa, \$18; white clover, \$35; alsike, \$32; timothy, prime, \$7.50; Kentucky blue grass, extra clean, \$18; perennial ryegrass, \$15; red top, \$12; orchard grass, \$18; rye black, \$2; bone meal, 7¢ ton, \$35; bone phosphates, \$45.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Lemons, 80¢ @ 9.25 @ case; banana, \$1.00; coconuts, 5¢; oranges, \$1.75 @ 2.50 @ 100.
BRAN—Per ton, \$12 @ 14.
MIDDINGS—Per ton, \$20 @ 25.
GROUND BARLEY—Per ton \$21 @ 23.
OATS—Choice milling, 40¢; choice feed, 32¢ @ 34¢.

HAY—Per ton, \$6.50 @ 11.
HOPS—Per lb, 5¢ @ 6¢.
WOOL—Valley, 10¢ @ 18¢; eastern Oregon, 10¢ @ 17¢.

GRAIN BAGS—Per lb. Calcutta, 4¢; Hides—Dry, 10¢; salted, 6¢ @ 7¢.
BROOMS—Per doz, \$2.25 @ 3.50.

San Francisco.

BAGS—Calcutta wheat bags, 5¢.
FLOUR—Extra, \$1.25 @ 5.00 @ bbl; superfine, \$2.75 @ 3.75.
WHEAT—No. 1 shipping, \$1.42 @ 1.45 @ cwt; No. 2, \$1.37 @ 1.40; Milling, \$1.45 @ 1.50.

BARLEY—No. 1 feed, \$1.25; brewing, \$1.35 for No. 1; No. 2, \$1.30.
OATS—Feed, \$1.15 @ 1.35 @ cwt; Surprise and choice milling, \$1.40 @ 1.55; Black, \$1.10 @ 1.20.

CORN—Large yellow, \$1.25 @ 1.30 @ cwt; small, yellow, \$1.35 @ 1.40; white, \$1.35 @ 1.40.
RICE—\$1.20 @ 1.25 @ cwt.
GROUND BARLEY—\$7.50 @ 20 @ ton.
MIDDINGS—\$20 @ 22 @ ton.
CRACKED CORN—\$28 @ 30 @ ton.
BRAN—\$15.50 @ 16.50 @ ton.

BUCKWHEAT—\$1.25 @ 1.50 @ cwt.
CORNMEAL—Feed, \$2.50 @ 3.00 @ ton.
HOPS—4¢ @ 6¢ @ lb.
HAY—Barley, 8¢ @ 12 @ ton; alfalfa, \$10 @ 12 @ ton; wheat, \$16 @ 18 @ bale.

STRAW—\$3 @ 5 @ bale.
ONIONS—New, \$2.25 @ 2.75 @ cwt.
POTATOES—Early rose, old, 80¢ @ \$1.20 new, 75¢ @ 1.25; Chile garnet, 35¢; Peerless, 45¢ @ 50¢; Burbank seedlings, 45¢ @ 75¢; Petalums, 35¢.

BEANS—Small white, \$1.50 @ 2.12 @ cwt; pea, \$2 @ 2.25; pink, \$1.45 @ 1.55; red, \$2 @ 2.25; bayos, \$2.25 @ 2.75; butter, \$1 @ 1.35; lima, \$1.50 @ 1.90.

SEEDS—Yellow mustard, 2¢ @ 3¢ @ lb; brown mustard, 3¢ @ 4¢; alfalfa, \$17 @ 18 @ ton; canary, 3¢ @ 4¢; hemp, 3¢ @ 4¢; flax, 2¢ @ 2.25; rape, 2¢ @ 2.25; timothy, 5¢ @ 6¢.
DRIED PEAS—Green, 3¢ @ 3.50 @ cwt; Marrowfat, 3¢.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, 75¢ @ cwt; turnips, 50¢ @ 60¢; beets, 40¢ @ 50¢; parsnips, \$1; carrots, 40¢ @ 50¢; green peas, 40¢ @ 50¢; tomatoes, \$1.50 @ 2.00 @ box.

FRUIT—Apples, 75¢ @ \$1 @ box; lemons, 5¢ @ 7¢; limes, 5¢ @ 7¢; oranges, 5¢ @ 7¢; Mexican limes, \$10.50 @ 11 @ box; California do, 50¢ @ \$1 for small boxes; Los Angeles oranges, \$11 @ 13; strawberries, 3¢ @ 4¢; chest, cherries, 25¢ @ 30¢ @ drawer; gooseberries, 5¢ @ 8¢ @ lb; currants, 35¢ @ 50¢ @ drawer.

DRIED FRUIT—Sun-dried apples, 1¢ @ 1.25 for quarters and 2¢ for sliced; Alden & Plummer, 5¢ @ 6¢; pears, sliced, 5¢ @ 6¢; whole, 4¢; plums, pitted, 7¢ @ 8¢; do unpitted, 1¢ @ 2¢; peaches, unpitted, 7¢ @ 8¢; peeled, 13¢; apricots, 9¢; German prunes, 4¢; French do, 5¢; nectarines, 9¢; blackberries, 10¢; California figs, 2¢ @ 5¢; California raisins, \$1 @ 1.50 for loose and \$1.75 @ 2 for layers; London do, \$2 @ 2.25.

NUTS—California almonds, 7¢ @ 8¢ @ lb for hard shell and 11¢ @ 13¢ for soft; peanuts, 4¢ @ 4.4¢; California walnuts, 7¢ @ 8¢; pecan, 12¢ @ 13¢; filberts, 14¢; Brazil, 10¢; hickory, 7¢ @ 8¢; coconuts, 5¢ @ 10¢.

HONEY—Comb, 6¢ @ 9¢ @ lb for best grade; candied, 4¢ @ 5¢; extracted, 4¢ @ 5¢. BEESWAX—25¢ @ 27¢ @ lb for yellow.

LARD—California, tins, 10-lbs, 8¢ @ 9¢; 5-lb tins, 9¢ @ 9.5¢.
BUTTER—Fresh roll, fancy dairy, 18¢ @ 19¢ @ lb; good to choice, 17¢ @ 18¢; common to fair, 16¢ @ 17¢; inferior store grades, 12¢ @ 14¢; pickle roll, choice new, 20¢.

CHEESE—California, 7¢ @ 11¢ @ lb; New York Cream, 10¢ @ 17¢.
EGGS—15¢ @ 17¢ @ dozen for California; Eastern, 16¢ @ 16.5¢.

POULTRY—Geese, \$1.25 @ 1.50 @ pair for old and \$1.75 @ 2.25 for young; ducks, \$5 @ 5.25 @ dozen for old and \$5 @ 6.50 for young; hens, \$5 @ 7; old roosters, \$5 @ 6; young, 7¢ @ 10¢; broilers, \$5 @ 6; turkeys, live, 17¢ @ 18¢ @ lb for heavy and 15¢ @ 16¢ for gobblers.

SALT—Liverpool, 15¢ @ 22.50 @ ton; California, fine, \$14 @ 16 @ do, coarse, \$10 @ 12.
HIDES—Dry, 7¢ @ 18; dry calf, 20¢; salted steers, 50 to 55¢ @ lb.

TALLOW—Good, 5¢ @ 6¢ @ lb.
WOOL—San Joaquin, 11¢ @ 14¢ @ lb; choice northern, 18¢ @ 20¢.

SUGAR—Dry granulated, 6¢; extra fine cubes, 6¢; fine crushed, 6¢; powdered, 6¢; extra fine powdered, 7¢.

SYRUP—American refinery is quoted at 30¢ in bbls, 32¢ in hf bbls, 37¢ in 5-gal kegs, and 47¢ in 1-gal tins.

A terrible disease is prevailing in Jones county, Iowa, which causes death in a few minutes. The patient is at first taken with a slight sore throat; the soreness then goes to the lungs and from there to the spine, when death ensues. The disease entirely baffles the skill of physicians.

May 19th, Prof. Odium leaped from the Brooklyn bridge into the river, a distance of 135 feet, dying shortly after being taken from the water. He was 31 seconds in the air before striking the water. He was formerly professor in a swimming-bath at Washington, but lately has been clerk in the Willard hotel. It has been his ambition to jump from Brooklyn bridge. He was unmarried, 33 years of age, and a man of good habits.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—New South Wales produced 35,220,640 pounds of sugar last year.

—Professor Bain says that "the possession of a spot of land is the most powerful of all known motives to industry."

—A picture of Abraham Lincoln worth \$2,000 has stood boxed up in a dark and dingy corner of the Capitol at Albany for over four years.—Albany Journal.

—The New York police recently arrested a professional beggar who, when "at home," lived luxuriously in elegantly furnished apartments.—N. Y. Mail.

—The mean duration of life in France, which was twenty-nine at the close of the eighteenth century, and thirty-nine from 1817-1831, increased to forty from 1840-1859, thanks to the progress of sanitary science.

—The aggregate number of ear-ri-cans of peaches shipped out of Delaware from 1867 to 1884 was 58,063, the greatest year being 1875, with 9,072 car-loads, and the smallest 1881, with only 78. A car-load is 550 baskets. The bulk of the crop is shipped by vessel to Baltimore. During the past year evaporators have been erected throughout Delaware and Maryland, which are both profitable in themselves and useful in preventing glut in the market. The crop for 1885 promises in both States to be large.

Eugene City Business Directory.

BETTMAN, G.—Dry goods, clothing, groceries and general merchandise, southwest corner Willamette and Eighth streets.

BOOK STORE—One door south of the Astor House. A full stock of assorted box papers, plain and fancy.

CRAIN BROS.—Dealers in jewelry, watches, clocks and musical instruments, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

DORRIS, B. F.—Dealer in stoves and tinware, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

FRIENDLY, S. H.—Dealer in dry goods, clothing and general merchandise, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

GILL, J. P.—Physician, surgeon and druggist, southeast corner of Willamette and Ninth streets.

HENDRICKS, T. G.—Dealer in general merchandise, northwest corner Willamette and Ninth streets.

HODES, C.—Keeps on hand fine wines, liquors, cigars and a pool and billiard table, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

HORN, CHAS. M.—Gunsmith, rifles and shot-guns, breech and muzzle loaders, for sale. Repairing done in the nearest style and warranted. Shop on Ninth street.

LUCKRY, J. S.—Watchmaker and jeweler, keeps a fine stock of goods in his line, Willamette street, in Ellsworth's drug store.

McCLAREN, JAMES—Choice wines, liquors and cigars, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

PATTERSON, A. S.—A fine stock of plain and fancy visiting cards.

PRESTON, WM.—Dealers in saddlery, harness, carriage trimmings, etc., Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

POST OFFICE—A new stock of standard school books just received at the post office.

RENSHAW, WM.—Wines, liquors and cigars of the best quality kept constantly on hand. The best billiard table in town.

W. MATLOCK. J. D. MATLOCK.

MATLOCK BROS.

SUCCESSORS TO
T. G. Hendricks.

Having purchased the store formerly owned by T. G. Hendricks, we take pleasure in informing the public that we will keep a well selected stock of