Eugene City Business Directory.

BETTMAN, G.—Dry goods, clothing, groceries and general merchandise, southwest corner Willamette and Eighth streets.

BOOK STORE—One door south of the Astor House. A full stock of assorted box papers, plain and fancy.

CRAIN BROS.—Dealers in jewelry, watches, clocks and musical instruments, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

DORRIS, B. F.—Dealer in stoves and tinware, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

FRIENDLY, S. H.—Dealer in dry goods, clothing and general merchandise, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

GILL, J. P.—Physician, surgeon and druggist, postoffice, Willamete street, between Seventh and Eighth.

HENDRICKS, T. G.—Dealer in general merchandise, northwest corner Willamette and Ninth streets.

HODES, C.—Keeps on hand fine wines, liquors, cigars and a pool and billiard table, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

HORN, CHAS. M.—Gunsmith, rifles and shotguns, breech and muzzle loaders, for sale. Repairing done in the neatest style and warranted. Shop on Ninth street.

LUCKEY, J. S.—Watchmaker and jeweler, keeps a fine stock of goods in his line, Willamette street, in Ellsworth's drug store.

McCLAREN, JAMES—Choice wines, liquors and cigars, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

PATTERSON, A. S.—A fine stock of plain and fancy visiting cards.

PRESTON, WM.—Dealery in saddlery, harness, carriage trimmings, etc., Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

POST OFFICE—A new stock of standard school books just received at the post office.

RENSHAW, WM.—Wines, liquors and cigars of the best quality kept constantly on hand. The best billiard table in town.

J. W. MATLOCK. J. D. MATLOCK.

MATLOCK BROS.

SUCCESSORS TO

T. G. Hendricks.

Having purchased the store formerly owned by T. G. Hendricks, we take pleasure in informing the public that we will keep a well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes,

HATS, GROCERIES, NAILS,

Crockery and Tobaccos

In fact our stock will be found to be complete.

By honest and fair dealing we hope to be able to secure a liberal share of the public patronage.

Call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

We can always be found at the

OLD HENDRICKS CORNER,

Where we will take all kinds of Produce in exchange for goods.

MATLOCK BROS.

Feb. 29, 1884.

EUGENE MARBLE WORKS

Eugene City, Oregon.

Marble Headstones,

TOMBS,

MONUMENTS AND MARBLE WORK

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Furnished at the lowest market rates, and of the finest Marble. Give me a call and examine my work. Shop on Willammette, one door south of the GUARD office.

GUS HICKETHIER, Proprietor.

McClung & Johnson,

SUCCESSORS TO THE

LANE COUNTY MERCANTILE ASSOCIATION.

We would announce to the citizens of this county that having purchased the entire stock of merchandise of the Lane County Mercantile Association considerably below the original cost, and having added largely thereto by recent purchases for cash,

Our Stock is now Complete!

And second to none in this county. We cordially invite a careful examination of our stock, as we know we can give you satisfaction both in goods and prices.

Our Aim is to Sell the Best Goods for the Least Money.

Call and examine our goods and be convinced, even if you do not wish to purchase. We always take pleasure in showing goods and giving prices.

All kinds of Produce taken at Highest Market Rates

Liberal Discounts for Cash.

OPPOSITION

Is the Life of Trade!

SLOAN BROTHERS

Will do work cheaper than any other shop in town.

Horses Shod for $2 Cash

With new material all around. Resetting old shoes $1. All warranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on the Corner of 8th and Olive Sts.

Boot and Shoe Store.

A. HUNT, Proprietor.

Will hereafter keep a complete stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes!

BUTTON BOOTS,

Slippers, White and Black, Sandals,

FINE KID SHOES,

MEN'S AND BOY'S

BOOTS AND SHOES!

And in fact everything in the Boot and Shoe line, to which I intend to devote my especial attention.

MY GOODS ARE FIRST-CLASS!

And guaranteed as represented, and will be sold for the lowest prices that a good article can be afforded.

A. Hunt.

NOTICE!

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I hereby give notice that I am the sole owner of the **Patent Right** for Sinking and Driving Wells in Lane County, State of Oregon, and that said Right is protected by Letters Patent issued by the United States Government to Nelson W. Green, of Courtland County, State of New York. All persons who have driven wells or had them driven, without my permission, since the 21st day of Febuary, 1873, are liable to prosecution for infringement of said Right and are hereby notified to come forward and adjust the same.

All infringements in the future will be prosecuted.

I am prepared to drive Wells or will grant permission to others on application.

B. F. DORRIS.

SPORTSMAN'S EMPORIUM

CHARLES M. HORN,

Practical Gunsmith

DEALER IN

GUNS, RIFLES,

Fishing Tackles and Materials

Repairing done in the neatest style and warranted. Sewing Machines, Safes, Locks, etc., repaired.

Guns Loaned and Ammunition Furnished

Shop on Willamette St., opposite Postoffice.

Book and Stationery Store,

Postoffice Building, Eugene City.

I have on hand and am constantly receiving an assortment of the best

SCHOOL & MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS

STATIONERY,

Blank Books, Portfolios, Cards, Wallets,

BLANKS, ETC.

A. S. PATTERSON.

D. T. PRITCHARD,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

Repairing of Watches and Clocks executed with punctuality and at a reasonable cost.

Willamette Street, Eugene City, Or.

B. F. DORRIS,

DEALER IN

STOVES, RANGES,

Pumps, Pipes, Metals,

TINWARE

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods Generally,

WELLS DRIVEN PROMPTLY,

And Satisfaction Guaranteed.

WILLAMETTE STREET,

Eugene City, - - - - Oregon.

Central Market,

Fisher & Watkins

PROPRIETORS.

Will keep constantly on hand a full supply of

BEEF,

MUTTON, PORK AND VEAL,

Which they will sell at the lowest market prices.

A fair share of the public patronage solicited.

TO THE FARMERS:

We will pay the highest market price for fat cattle, hogs and sheep.

Shop on Willamette Street,

EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

Meats delivered to any part of the city free of charge. junl4

F. M. WILKINS.

Practical Druggist AND Chemist

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Brushes, Paints, Glass, Oils, Leads,

TOILET ARTICLES, Etc.

Physicians' Prescriptions Compounded.

The Machinery of the Alps.

The Alps constitute a great machine, which manufactures water out of snow and supples it to all Europe. Every year there falls on the Alps thirty-three feet of snow, most of it falling between the altitudes 7,600 and 8,000. This snow, light, opaque and enough, if piled on top of the Alps, to bury them three-fifths of a mile deep in the course of a century, is continually pressed down, formed into glacial ice, shoved through the valleys, melted into rivers and distributed to the four quarters of Europe by the machinery of the Alps. A cubic yard of snow weighs 187 pounds; when show is thawed and sinks into the glacial form, a cubic yard weighs nearly half a ton. When it becomes solid ice a cubic yard weighs nearly a ton. From the surface to the bottom of a glacier are to be observed all these gradations of snow, the light and opaque at top, the solid at bottom. Some of these glaciers are over 1,600 feet deep. The water which melts from them is estimated as equal to a height of ten feet a year. Their movement is generally downward, but occasionally they appear to shrink back and upward, only to renew their downward course at a subsequent period. In this way they advance slowly from the heights to the outlets of the valleys, sometimes as low down as 3,000 feet of altitude; this snail-like journey often requiring more than a century. A ladder which Saussure left in 1788 at the foot of the Aquille Noir, when he descended Mount Blanc, was found in 1832 at a distance of 4,757 yards below, a descent of eleven inches a day. A knapsack which fell into a crevasse of the glacier Talefre and was afterwards found below, traveled at the rate of fourteen inches a day. In 1820 a guide fell into the first crevasse that opened at the foot of Mount Blanc; in 1865 his body, recovered below, was found to have traveled at the rate of eighteen inches a day. In 1860 the body of a mountaineer, clad in the fashion of some former age, was delivered up at the foot of the Ahrenthal glacier in Austria. Tyndall found that the Mer de Glace traveled at the rate of thirteen inches a day in winter, and twenty-four inches in summer; Agassiz discovered that the center of the glacial stream moved faster than the sides; Charpentier ascertained that the stream had its eddies and whirlpools; Render asserted that it is impossiole to point out any phenomenon of rivers which was not to be observed in glaciers. Hence their importance to man. They are plastic streams, to be studied at leisure and with the view of applying their lessons to running streams. The glacial fields of the Alps cover no less than 1,177 square miles. The glaciers of Mount Blanc alone cover 109 square miles, and their mass is equal to 1,834,000,000 cubic yards, which represents a body of water equal to the whole discharge of the river Seine during nine years. There is machinery for you?—*Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.*

The Mosques of Algiers.

On one side of the place, toward the sea, stands one of the most beautiful of their mosques. The artist, a Genoese architect, was put to death immediately after he had finished this work, for daring to put it into the form of a Greek cross. Of the many mosques that were to be found here in 1830 the French have left but three; the most ancient, called the Grand mosque, was built about the year 1000. Its exterior presents a pretty effect of color, from the blue tiles in the minaret and under the roof. The interior is divided into naves by large columns, which are connected by the horseshoe arch. These columns are covered with matting as far as one can reach; the floor also is matted, over which rich Persian rugs are laid. The mosque has little furniture, the pulpit, the hanging lamps, and a niche in the side of the wall, marking the direction of Mecca. The chief inconvenience in visiting these mosques is the necessity of taking off one's shoes. I always made my visits on Friday, which is their Sunday, for it is an impressive sight to see them at their devotions. They sit cross-legged on their rugs, with their faces toward the east, every now and then bowing their foreheads to the ground, while a low, wailing chant is murmured throughout the congregation. The Arab has an added dignity when he enters the mosque; it is the only place where he does not feel in subjection. It is a fortunate thing for the community that the rules for ablution before prayer are strictly carried out; the Mohammedan washes his head, arms, and bare legs at the fountain by the entrance of the court, with the heartiness of devotion.

A part of the Grand mosque is used for a court of justice. A little side room is reserved for women witnesses, who speak through a small grating; their testimony is ordinarily in cases of divorce, to prove the ill-treatment of wives. A divorce is more easily obtained here than in any place in the United States.—*Chicago Times.*

Them's Vittles.

A select circle are smiling over one of the incidents in the bridal tour of a wealthy Detroit widower who wedded a second wife some time ago and started for the Pacific Coast on a jaunt. The couple had taken their seats on the train here when a big negro came into the coach with a bushel basket full of something and covered with a sheet and placed it on the seat in front. As the bridegroom seemed to know all about it, the bride whispered:

"What on earth have you got there?"

"Vittles!" was the prompt reply.

"Vit—why—how——?"

"Them's vittles to last us on the trip! You don't s'pose we can go seven or eight days without eating, do you?"

"An' de odder two baskets am in de baggage ca', sah," added then egro, as he waved his hand and backed to the door.—*Detroit Free Press.*

—A physician in one of the large charitable institutions of New England devoted to the cure of bodily infirmities told an attendant to note the number of patients who expressed thanks for their recovery. The result was that out of three thousand patients whom he attended in a given time only three expressed any gratitude to the physicians who were instrumental in restoring them to health.—*Boston Journal.*

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Dynamiters are abroad in France.

Cholera has appeared at Buenos Ayres.

The Chinese are still blocking Kelung.

The French have captured the Chinese gunboat Feihoo.

Mr. Astor, United States Minister to Rome, has resigned.

China will not consent to even temporary occupation of Formosa.

The Pekin court has countermanded its order to send troops to Tonquin.

One of El Mahdi's chiefs is marching against Dongola with 12,000 men.

The Tribunal in Paris has condemned Patti to pay the costs of her divorce suit.

The Traiquen and Victoria Railroad in Chili is being rapidly pushed to completion.

Sanford, the American delegate to the west African conference, has arrived at Berlin.

The schooner Laveclar capsized near Pilgrims, Can., last week, drowning seven persons.

The steamship Weiland, Hamburg to New York, is aground off Wittenberg, Germany.

Two Chinese ironclads are preparing at Shanghai to break the French fleet at Formosa Island.

The English government has sent 200 tons of torpedoes to protect coaling stations in China.

A deserter from Berber reports that the garrison is without powder and the town nearly without food.

Bennett, the absconding cashier of the Italian bank, of Lima, Peru, has been arrested at Guayaquil.

Spartali & Co., merchants, at No. 25 Old Broad street, London, have failed, with liabilities at $2,500,000.

There were twelve persons killed and twenty wounded in a railway collision at Hanan, Germany, recently.

The corporation in the city of Limerick, Ireland, have refused to pay any attention to the writ for extra police.

Twelve of the leaders in the recent riots at Pertadoun have been imprisoned. The other men were discharged.

General Wolseley left Dongola in the Pinnace last week to inspect the depots and hasten the advance of troops.

It is reported that an Irish organization in England has sent a large sum of money to aid the cause of the Crofters.

An injunction has been granted in London restraining Miss Devey from publishing Lord Lytton's letters to his wife.

The mammoth stramer Great Eastern has sailed from England for New Orleans, with European exhibits for the exposition.

Bullion from Holland to the amount of £60,000 was purchased in London in open market, last week, for shipment to America.

The Quebec Central Railway is blockaded by the recent snow storm. The sleighing in Canada is now good and the weather is cold.

The continued cold weather in France is exercising a favorable effect on cholera mortality, which does not exceed one in 3,600.

Frederick J. Allen, Vice-President of the Young Ireland Society, charged with treason felony, has been committed at Dublin for trial.

The steamer Etna, which left Hamburg recently for New York, has put into Queenstown, with her main shaft and machinery damaged.

A Panama dispatch says: Peace has been restored in Cundinamarica and Santander, owing to the active intervention of the federal government.

General Wolseley has received a letter from General Gordon, dated November 4th, saying he has heard of the murder of Stewart and others.

Victor Guichard, aged 81, senior member of the French Chamber of Deputies, died last week while conversing with colleagues at the Palais Bourbon.

Cali and other towns in the southern states of Colombia last week felt the most severe shock of earthquake that has been experienced for three years.

Another attack was made by rebels on Suakim last week, which was promptly repulsed, and Egyptian cavalry is now in pursuit of the flying enemy.

Final returns from the recent election for the second chamber of the states general of Holland show that 44 anti-liberals and 42 liberals are returned.

The Swiss government forbids railway cars from Paris to cross the frontier until the passengers have been subjected to thorough medical inspection.

Dispatches from Admiral Courbet, dated Kelung, admit numerous losses to landing parties. It is believed that the Chinese have infected their buildings.

The carpenters and sailmakers' shops in the dock of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, at Bremerhaven, were destroyed by fire last week.

Of the eight arrests made at Rostov, Russia, some are of the aristocracy. Many ladies have been arrested. They are charged with being concerned in Nihilist plots.

The inhabitants of Kharagh revolted recently and killed the Governor, and pillaged an Armenian village. Many Armenians fled for refuge into the Russian territory.

Shares in Anglo-American Cable Company have advanced in London. Rumors are afloat there to the effect that there is some difficulty in the working of the Bennett-Mackay cable.

The Duchy of Schleswig, recently wrested from Denmarck by Germany, is in a state of ferment over the law originating with Bismarck, forbidding any of the people from speaking the Danish language.

Papers in Madeira state that the treaty with the United States provides that sugars to the number of 16 will be admitted by America free of duty, but that tobacco from the Antilles will be subject to a moderate duty.

Sir George Bawen, Governor of Hong Kong, has been ordered by telegraph by the English government to refuse permission to any French men-of-war to refit or ship contraband or war stores within the limits of that colony.

It is estimated that the revenue in Germany for the year has decreased 200,000,000 marks, and the expenditures have increasd 22,000,000 marks. The deficit will be met by an increase of the contributions of the various German states.

A protectionist league has been formed in Paris, whose purposes it will be to oppose the proposed duties on food imports. Milne, Minister of Agriculture, is in favor of duty of two franks per cental on cereals instead of four francs as proposed.

Subscriptions to the fund, which is being raised for the widow of the late A. M. Sullivan, M. P., come in slowly, notwithstanding the magnanimous offer made by William O'Brien to divert all sums intended for his assistance to the scandal trials for that purpose.

DOMESTIC TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Henry Irving will not play at San Francisco.

Boston is taking precautions against cholera.

Butte City, M. T., is being worked by burglars.

William H. Vanderbilt and family are in Detroit.

Canal boats in the East are tying up for the winter.

The iron trade is very quiet in all departments.

The Swaim courtmartial is in session at Washington.

J. A. Greene, a reformed gambler, is dying at Philadelphia.

Pension payments of the present month amount to $13,000,000.

Hard times are being experienced all through Pennsylvania.

The Colton land case is now being argued at San Francisco.

One hundred and four Mormons arrived in New York last week.

John Dargie, aged 54, committed suicide at Oakland, Cal., last week.

New York banks now hold $37,484,000 in excess of legal requirements.

There will be a civil service examination at San Francisco, December 11th.

T. B. Howd, of Beveredge, N. Y. a prominent Mason, is dead, aged 74.

The South American Commission held sessions in San Francisco last week.

The long drouth in North Carolina has drained all streams to small proportions.

The Washington monument at Washington is rapidly approaching completion.

Governor Crosby, in his annual report, estimates the population of Montana at 84,000.

A. D. January, Deputy Treasurer of California, is a defaulter to the amount of $39,000.

Duncan C. Ross challenges any man in the world to wrestle for from $5,000 to $10,000.

Secretary McCulloch is busily engaged in the preparation of his annual report to Congress.

The steamships Donan and Umbra last week brought to New York $1,000,000 in gold coin.

There were 9,000 delegates to the Cattlemen's Convention, which met at St. Louis last week.

Tom Walling defeated Billy Lynn in a six-round prize fight at Merced, Cal., the other day.

Blaine and Cleveland have been invited to attend the opening of the New Orleans exposition.

Six children were terribly burned by the explosion of a barrel of rosin at Chicago the other day.

General Schofield, Commander of the Division of the Missouri, has sent in his annual report.

John Clark, a wool dealer of Boston, Mass., failed last week. The liabilities are unknown.

New Yorkers care little for Italian opera, and Colonel Mapleson is much disgusted on that account.

The Secretary of the Treasury has received a petition showing the dangers of importing old rags.

The Oskosh, Wis., insane asylum caught fire last week, but was extinguished before any damage was done.

Ayers Hart was shot and killed by John Peete near Grenada, Mass., not long since, through mistake.

E. J. Bennett, formerly a lawyer of Albany, N. Y., suicided at Dallas, Texas, the other day. Cause unknown.

The New York *Times* says Mayor Edison's order prohibiting hard glove encounters is likely to prove fruitless.

Paul Dana, son of the editor of the New York *Sun*, and Miss M. B. Duncan were recently married in New York.

Stephen Wiles has been found guilty at Helena, M. T., of smuggling goods from Canada into the United States.

The President has decided to appoint Deputy Commissioner of Pensions Clark to succeed Commissioner Dudley.

Three mills of the Tocrat Manufacturing Company, at Woonsocket, R. I., shut down last week for an indefinite period.

Con. Murphy and a band of outlaws are in possession of a small island near Helena, M. T., and defy the authorities.

A railway accident in Texas not long since was the cause of the death of ten passengers, and fifteen wounded.

George Montague has been elected President of the Second National Bank, New York, in place of the defaulter, John C. Eno.

The large glass works of James Bedford, at Wilmington, Del., was destroyed by fire the other evening. The loss is unknown, but is large.

An Elizabeth, Pa., dispatch says: The great strike at the lower pool ended last week, the miners accepting the two and a half cent rate.

Rev. William Deane, who has been a missionary to China and India the past sixty years, has arrived in New York on a visit to his son.

The net result in money for Sullivan's ten minutes fight with Laflin at New York the other day was $5,320. The total receipts were $6,509.

The New York *Financial Chronicle* reports an increase of the earnings of twenty-one railroads during October, and decreased earnings of forty others.

General G. Beauregard has paid $400,000 for a twenty years' lease of the Ouchita coal mines, near Hot Springs, Ark. Developments show an ample coal field.

The Eureka Cottonseed Oil Mills at Arkansas City, Ark., were destroyed by fire last week. Loss, $200,000. The superintendent and two engineers were fatally injured.

Three hundred furnace hands and miners of the Shenandoah Iron Works, Harrisonburg, Va., went on a strike last week, owing to the failure to pay two months arrears of wages.

The postponement of the New Orleans Exposition from December 1st to 16th was owing to the inability of President Arthur to officiate at the opening ceremonial before the latter date.

A cut down of from 5 to 10 per cent is to go into effect soon at the Amoskego, Stark, Armory, Langdon and Manchester corporations, at Manchester, N. H. This will affect 10,000 operatives.

John Adams, Henry Ward, Davy Pigeon, each aged 12 years, and Burt James, aged 16, have been arrested at New Lisbon, Wis., at the instance of the secret service of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company, charged with having placed obstructions upon the track of that road near New Lisbon recently.

PORTLAND MARKET REPORT.

FLOUR—Fancy extra, ₱ bbl. $4.25; superfine, $3.00; country brands, $2.75.

WHEAT—There is no improvement manifest, private cables continuing to report sales difficult at half prices. In San Francisco advices report a better demand for late deliveries. Our own market is in continued dull trading at old price. Shippers have first wants well provided against, and are steadily buying against later needs.

We quote: Good to choice, ₱ 100 lbs., $1.02½@1.05; good valley, $1.10 @ 1.12½; Walla Walla, $1.02½@1.05.

FISH—Extra Pacific codfish, whole, in c, 6c, boneless, in bxs, 7@7½c ₱ lb; domestic salmon, hf bbls, $3.50@4.00, bbls, $8@7.50, 1-lb. cans, ₱ doz., $1.30; mackerel, No. 1, ₱ kit, $2.50, No. 2, $1.00@2.25, No. 1, hf bbls., $10.00, No. 2, $8.50; herrings, salted, hf bbls., $4, dried, 10-lb. bxs., 19c.

BUTTER—Per lb, choice dairy, 27½@30c; country store, 20c; eastern, 25c.

SYRUPS—California refinery [s], ₱ gal., bbls., 62½c, kgs., 55c, cs., gal. tins, 65c; Eastern, bbls., ₱ gal., 55c, kgs, 60c, cs., 65c

HIDES AND BAGS—Hides, dry, sound, 15@16c ₱ lb, culls, one-third less; salt hides, heavy plump, 8c, light weights, 7c; kips and calf, 8c, sheep pelts, just shorn, 10c, two months wool, 20c, lambskins, 10@20c, tallow, 6c; burlaps, 40 in. 8c, 45 in., 8½c, 60 in., 15c; twine, flour, 35 @40c, wheat, 35c, fleece, 12@13c; gunnies, 15@18c, wheat sacks, 7½@7½c;

BEANS—Small white, $3; bayos, $3.50; pinks, $4, and butters, $4.50.

BARLEY—Brewing, ₱ 100 lbs., $1.10@1.20; feed, $1.10; ground, $25.00.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, ₱ lb, 1½c; turnips, ₱ sck, $1@1.50; carrots, $1@1.50, beets, $1@1.50; onions, ₱ lb, 1@1½c; parsnips, ₱ sck, $1@1.25; tomatoes, ₱ lb, 2c.

EGGS—₱ doz., 35c.

LARD—Steady with free stocks. We quote: Oregon, kegs, ₱ lb., 12½c; tins, 13c; Eastern, small tins, 12½c.

RICE—Sandwich Islands, No. 1, ₱ lb., 5½@6c; China mixed, 4@4½c; China No. 1, 6c; Rangeon, 5½c.

FRUITS—Prunes, Hungarian, ₱ lb., 8@12½c; raisins (new), ₱ bx., $1.50@2.00, hf bxs., $2.00@2.25, qr bxs., $2.25@2.50, 8th bxs., $2.25@2.50; currants, Zante, ₱ lb. in bxs, 8@9c; citron, ₱ lb in drums, 30@35c; almonds, Marseilles, ₱ lb., 15@18c, Lanc, 20c; walnuts, Chili, 10@11c, California, 11@12c.

SUGARS—Golden C, in bbls, ₱ lb, 7⅛c, in hf bbls., 7⅜c; refined D, bbls., —, nf bbls., —; dry granulated, bbls., 9⅛c, hf bbls., 9⅜c; crushed, bbls., 9⅜c; fine crushed, bbls., 10, hf bbls., 10c; cube, bbls, 9⅝c, hf bbls, 10c; islands, No. 1, kgs, 7c, bgs., 7c.

OATS—Quote 30@35c, with sales made within the range. Good to choice feed are sold quite freely.

HONEY—In comb, ₱ lb., 18c; strained in 5 gal., 8c ₱ lb; 1-gal. tins, ₱ doz, $13.00; half-gal., $7.50.

CHEESE—Per lb Oregon choice local, 16c; imported, 14c.

RYE—Nominal, ₱ 100 lbs., $1.00@1.50.

HOPS—10@16c ₱ lb.

PROVISIONS—The market shows no change from last week. Values are steady and unchanged.

We quote bacon, 14@14½c; hams, 16½c; shoulders, 9@11c; eastern hams, 15@16c; eastern bacon, 14c.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, machine-cured, ₱ lb., 6@8c, sun-cured, 7@10c; peaches, machine-cured, in boxes, 12@14c; prunes, German, in boxes, ₱ lb., 8@10c; plums, sun-cured, pitless, 8@10c, machine-cured, 8@10c; pears, machine-cured, @19 12c; sun-cured, 7@9c; figs, California, 25-lb, bx., 8c; Smyrna, 18@20c.

POTATOES—The surplus is being reduced by shipments, but prices indicate no improvement. Quote 20@25c ₱ bushel.

FEED, Etc.—Corn meal, ₱ 100 lbs., $3.00 buckwheat, $5.25@5.50; oat meal, $4.25; cracked wheat, $3.50; bran, ₱ ton $16.00@18.00; shorts, $18.00, middlings, fine, $25.00; hay, baled, $11.00, chop, $22.50; oil cake meal, $35.00.

WOOL—Valley, 12@16c; Eastern Oregon, 12@17c.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

FLOUR—Trade is fairly active at steady rates.

We quote: San Francisco extra, best, at $4.25@4.80; medium, $3.50@4.00; shipping superfine, $2.50@3.50.

BARLEY—In the sample market there is very little of interest to note. The tables at the Produce Exchange present a goodly array of offerings, but buyers do not respond with any particular degree of promptness, and business is not of specially active character. Feed descriptions of the better grades sell at a range of 90@97½c while poor qualities are neglected at 80@85c ₱ ctl. In Brewing there is an easier feeling, and prices seem to be shaping more in favor of buyers. Quotable at 95@1.07½ ₱ ctl. Bidding at the close is represented by the following table:

No. 1 Feed—	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	$0 91	$0 91½
Seller 4 days	91½	91¾
Buyer season	1 08½	1 08¾
Seller season	91¾	92
Buyer 1884	95¾	96¼
Seller 1884	92	92½
December	83	95

SEEDS—Brown mustard, $2.50@3.00; yellow, $2.00@2.25; canary, 4@5c; hemp, 3½@3¾c; rape, 2½@3c; timothy, 5½@6c, alfalfa, 10c ₱ lb.; flax, $2.50@2.75 ₱ ctl.

POTATOES—We quote wharf rates: Early rose, 55@70c; garnet chile, 60@65c; peerless, 65@80c ₱ ctl.

ONIONS—Quotable at 40@65c ₱ ctl.

BRAN—The spot market is quotable at $17.50@18.50 per ton.

GROUND BARLEY—Quotable at $21.00 @22.00 ₱ ton.

BUCKWHEAT—Quotable at $1.75@1.80 ₱ ctl.

DRIED PEAS—Green, $2.25; niles, $1.75; blackeye, $2.00 ₱ ctl.

STRAW—Quotable at 50@60c ₱ bale.

HONEY—Extracted, 6@7c ₱ lb for choice; comb, 8@10c; extracted, 4@5c.

WHEAT—Although the movement is not quick, still there is considerable grain changing hands. If sales were forced in any way, there would likely be a fall in values, though not to any heavy extent. As it is, shippers keep the market fairly cleaned up of offerings of the better qualities, paying from $1.22½ to $1.25 ₱ ctl, the latter being a full figure. Millers will give a small advance, say, $1.26½@1.27½ ₱ ctl for selected parcels. Bidding was as follows:

No. 1 White—	Bid.	Asked.
Buyer season	$1 25	$1 25½
Buyer season, city	1 26	——
Buyer 1884	1 26½	1 27½
Buyer 1884, city	1 27½	1 28½

BAGS AND BAGGING—We quote best quality Calcutta wheat bags, standard size and weight, at 5½@6½c for spot lots; San Quentin factory make, 5¾; California Jute Mill make, 6½@7c; potato gunnies, 10½@11½c; wool bags, 30@40c apiece; Burlap cloth, 6¾c for 40 inch.

CHEESE—California, 10@13c.

CORNMEAL—Millers quote feed at $30 @32 ₱ ton; fine kinds, for the table, in large or small packages, 3c ₱ lb.

BUTTER—Good to choice roll, ₱ lb., 32½@35c; fair, 15@18c; firkin, 20@21c; eastern, 14@18c.

BEESWAX—This article finds poor custom. Quotable at 25@30c ₱ lb.

CORN—California yellow is quotable at $1.40@1.45 for large, and $1.45@1.50 for small; white, $1.40@1.45; Nebraska, white, $1.45@1.47½ ₱ ctl.

HIDES—Dry, ₱ lb. usual selection, 16½@17c; dry kip, 16½@17c; dry calf, 19@20c; salted steers, 50 to 55lbs, 7@7½c.

WOOL—Mendocino, 18@20c, ₱ lb.; Humboldt, 18@23c; San Joaquin, 10@15c; eastern Oregon, 15@19c.

LARD—California, 10-lb. tins, 9½@10c; Eastern, 12@12½c for tierces, and 12½@12¾c ₱ lb for pails.